DBMS ANS

SLIP 1:-

```
Q1)
CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE_DATA (
  Empid NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  Empname VARCHAR2(15),
  Manager_id NUMBER,
  Dept_id NUMBER,
  Salary NUMBER
);
-- Insert 5 meaningful records
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE_DATA (Empid, Empname, Manager_id, Dept_id, Salary) VALUES
(101, 'John', 201, 10, 50000),
(102, 'Sara', 202, 20, 60000),
(103, 'Sam', 201, 10, 55000),
(104, 'Sophia', 203, 30, 60000),
(105, 'Steve', 202, 20, 50000);
Q2)
    SELECT Empname, Dept_name
     FROM EMPLOYEE_DATA E
     JOIN DEPARTMENT D ON E.Dept_id = D.Dept_id;
В
       SELECT Empname
       FROM EMPLOYEE_DATA
       WHERE Empname LIKE 'S%';
С
       ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEE_DATA
       ADD Phone VARCHAR2(15);
```

```
D
       SELECT Empname, Salary
       FROM EMPLOYEE_DATA
       WHERE Salary IN (
       SELECT Salary
       FROM EMPLOYEE_DATA
       GROUP BY Salary
        HAVING COUNT(*) > 1
        );
SLIP 2:-
Q1)
CREATE TABLE STUDENT (
  Rollno NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  Fname VARCHAR2(15),
  Lname VARCHAR2(15),
  Course_name VARCHAR2(15) NOT NULL,
  Major VARCHAR2(15),
  Email_id VARCHAR2(15)
);
-- Insert 5 meaningful records
INSERT INTO STUDENT (Rollno, Fname, Lname, Course_name, Major, Email_id) VALUES
(1, 'John', 'Doe', 'BSCIT', 'Computer Science', 'john.doe@gmail.com'),
(2, 'Sara', 'Smith', 'BSC', 'Physics', 'sara.smith@yahoo.co.in'),
(3, 'Steve', 'Rogers', 'BSCIT', 'Information Technology', 'steve.rogers@gmail.com'),
(4, 'Sophia', 'Williams', 'BSC', 'Mathematics', 'sophia.williams@yahoo.co.in'),
(5, 'Emily', 'Davis', 'BSCIT', 'Computer Science', 'emily.davis@hotmail.com');
```

```
Q2)
Α
       SELECT COUNT(*) AS Total_Students_BSCIT
       FROM STUDENT
       WHERE Course_name = 'BSCIT';
В
       SELECT Course_name, COUNT(*) AS Total_Students
       FROM STUDENT
       GROUP BY Course_name;
С
       SELECT DISTINCT Course_name
       FROM STUDENT
       WHERE Course_name <> 'BSC';
D
       SELECT Fname, Lname, Email_id
       FROM STUDENT
       WHERE Email_id LIKE '%@yahoo.co.in';
SLIP 3:-
Q1)
CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER (
  Custid NUMBER(4) PRIMARY KEY,
  Lname VARCHAR2(15),
  Fname VARCHAR2(15),
 Area VARCHAR2(10),
  Phone NUMBER(8)
);
-- Insert 5 meaningful records into CUSTOMER table
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER (Custid, Lname, Fname, Area, Phone) VALUES
(1001, 'Smith', 'John', 'NYC', 12345678),
(1002, 'Doe', 'Jane', 'LA', 87654321),
```

```
(1003, 'Brown', 'Emily', 'SF', 12348765),
(1004, 'Wilson', 'Alex', 'TX', 87651234),
(1005, 'Davis', 'Sophia', 'NYC', 34567812);
CREATE TABLE MOVIE (
  Mvno NUMBER(2) PRIMARY KEY,
  Title VARCHAR2(25),
  Type VARCHAR2(10),
  Star VARCHAR2(25),
  Price NUMBER(8,2)
);
-- Insert 5 meaningful records into MOVIE table
INSERT INTO MOVIE (Mvno, Title, Type, Star, Price) VALUES
(1, 'Inception', 'Sci-Fi', 'Leonardo DiCaprio', 15.50),
(2, 'Titanic', 'Drama', 'Kate Winslet', 12.00),
(3, 'The Avengers', 'Action', 'Robert Downey Jr.', 18.00),
(4, 'The Godfather', 'Drama', 'Marlon Brando', 10.00),
(5, 'Star Wars', 'Sci-Fi', 'Harrison Ford', 14.00);
Q2)
Α
       SELECT C.Fname, C.Lname
       FROM CUSTOMER C
       JOIN MOVIE M ON C.Custid = M.Mvno
       WHERE M.Type = 'Drama';
В
       SELECT C.Fname, C.Lname, M.Title
       FROM CUSTOMER C
       JOIN MOVIE M ON C.Custid = M.Mvno;
С
       SELECT Fname, Lname
       FROM CUSTOMER
       WHERE Fname LIKE 'A%';
```

```
D
       ALTER TABLE CUSTOMER
       ADD Age NUMBER(3);
SLIP 4:-
Q1)
CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE_DATA (
  Empid NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  Empname VARCHAR2(15),
  Manager_id NUMBER,
  Dept_id NUMBER,
  Salary NUMBER
);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE_DATA (Empid, Empname, Manager_id, Dept_id, Salary) VALUES
(1, 'John Doe', 2, 101, 50000),
(2, 'Jane Smith', NULL, 102, 60000),
(3, 'Sam Brown', 2, 101, 55000),
(4, 'Sue Green', 1, 103, 70000),
(5, 'Tom White', 3, 102, 65000);
CREATE TABLE DEPT (
  Dept_id VARCHAR2(15) PRIMARY KEY,
  Dept_name VARCHAR2(15)
);
INSERT INTO DEPT (Dept_id, Dept_name) VALUES
('101', 'HR'),
('102', 'Finance'),
('103', 'IT'),
('104', 'Marketing'),
('105', 'Sales');
```

```
Q2)
Α
       SELECT e1.Empname AS Employee, e2.Empname AS Manager
       FROM EMPLOYEE_DATA e1
       LEFT JOIN EMPLOYEE_DATA e2 ON e1.Manager_id = e2.Empid;
В
       SELECT Empname
       FROM EMPLOYEE_DATA
       WHERE Empname LIKE 'S%';
С
       ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEE_DATA
       ADD Hiredate DATE;
D
       SELECT Empname
       FROM EMPLOYEE_DATA
       WHERE (Dept_id, Salary) IN (
       SELECT Dept_id, MAX(Salary)
       FROM EMPLOYEE_DATA
       GROUP BY Dept_id
       );
SLIP 5:-
Q1)
CREATE TABLE STUDENT (
  Rollno NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  Fname VARCHAR2(15),
  Lname VARCHAR2(15),
  Course_Id VARCHAR2(15),
  Major VARCHAR2(15),
 Age NUMBER
);
INSERT INTO STUDENT (Rollno, Fname, Lname, Course_Id, Major, Age) VALUES
(1, 'John', 'Doe', 'C101', 'CS', 20),
(2, 'Jane', 'Smith', 'C102', 'Math', 22),
(3, 'Sam', 'Brown', 'C103', 'Physics', 21),
```

```
(4, 'Sue', 'Green', 'C104', 'Chemistry', 23),
(5, 'Tom', 'White', 'C105', 'Biology', 24);
CREATE TABLE COURSES (
  Course_id VARCHAR2(15) PRIMARY KEY,
  Course_name VARCHAR2(15),
  Archive VARCHAR2(15)
);
INSERT INTO COURSES (Course_id, Course_name, Archive) VALUES
('C101', 'Computer Science', 'No'),
('C102', 'Mathematics', 'No'),
('C103', 'Physics', 'No'),
('C104', 'Chemistry', 'No'),
('C105', 'Biology', 'No');
Q2)
Α
       SELECT c.Course_name, s.Fname, s.Rollno
       FROM STUDENT s
       JOIN COURSES c ON s.Course_Id = c.Course_id
       WHERE s.Age > 25;
В
       SELECT c.Course_name, COUNT(s.Rollno) AS Total_Students
       FROM STUDENT s
       JOIN COURSES c ON s.Course_Id = c.Course_id
       WHERE c.Course_name != 'BSCIT'
       GROUP BY c.Course_name;
С
       SELECT s.*
       FROM STUDENT s
       JOIN COURSES c ON s.Course_Id = c.Course_id
       WHERE c.Course_name LIKE 'B%';
```

SLIP 6:-

```
Q1)
CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER (
  Custid NUMBER(4) PRIMARY KEY,
  Lname VARCHAR2(15),
  Fname VARCHAR2(15),
  Area VARCHAR2(10),
  Phone NUMBER(8)
);
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER (Custid, Lname, Fname, Area, Phone) VALUES
(1, 'Doe', 'John', 'Downtown', 12345678),
(2, 'Smith', 'Jane', 'Uptown', 23456789),
(3, 'Brown', 'Sam', 'Midtown', 34567890),
(4, 'Green', 'Sue', 'Suburb', 45678901),
(5, 'White', 'Tom', 'Riverside', 56789012);
CREATE TABLE MOVIE (
  Mvno NUMBER(2) PRIMARY KEY,
  Title VARCHAR2(25),
  Type VARCHAR2(10),
  Star VARCHAR2(25),
  Price NUMBER(8,2)
);
INSERT INTO MOVIE (Mvno, Title, Type, Star, Price) VALUES
(1, 'Inception', 'Sci-Fi', 'Leonardo DiCaprio', 150.00),
(2, 'Titanic', 'Romance', 'Leonardo DiCaprio', 200.00),
(3, 'The Matrix', 'Action', 'Keanu Reeves', 180.00),
(4, 'Interstellar', 'Sci-Fi', 'Matthew McConaughey', 170.00),
(5, 'The Shining', 'Horror', 'Jack Nicholson', 160.00);
```

```
CREATE TABLE INVOICE (
  Invno NUMBER(4) PRIMARY KEY,
  Mvno NUMBER(2),
  Custid NUMBER(4),
  Issuedate DATE
);
INSERT INTO INVOICE (Invno, Mvno, Custid, Issuedate) VALUES
(1, 1, 1, TO_DATE('2024-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(2, 2, 2, TO_DATE('2024-02-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(3, 3, 3, TO_DATE('2024-03-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(4, 4, 4, TO_DATE('2024-04-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(5, 5, 5, TO_DATE('2024-05-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'));
Q2)
Α
       SELECT c.Fname, c.Lname
       FROM CUSTOMER c
       JOIN INVOICE i ON c.Custid = i.Custid
       GROUP BY c.Fname, c.Lname
       HAVING COUNT(i.Invno) > 5;
В
       SELECT c.Fname, c.Lname, m.Star
       FROM CUSTOMER c
       JOIN INVOICE i ON c.Custid = i.Custid
       JOIN MOVIE m ON i.Mvno = m.Mvno
       WHERE m.Title = 'Mr.';
С
       SELECT m.Mvno, m.Title, m.Type
       FROM MOVIE m
       WHERE m.Star LIKE 'H%';
D
       SELECT Title
       FROM MOVIE
       WHERE Type != 'Horror';
```

SLIP 7:-

```
Q1)
CREATE TABLE EMP (
  Empno NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  Ename VARCHAR2(15),
  HireDate DATE,
  Deptno NUMBER NOT NULL,
  Gender VARCHAR2(10),
  Salary NUMBER,
  Commission NUMBER
);
INSERT INTO EMP (Empno, Ename, HireDate, Deptno, Gender, Salary, Commission) VALUES
(1, 'John Doe', TO DATE('2022-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 101, 'M', 30000, 5000),
(2, 'Jane Smith', TO DATE('2022-02-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 102, 'F', 35000, 7000),
(3, 'Sam Brown', TO DATE('2022-03-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 103, 'M', 25000, 3000),
(4, 'Sue Green', TO DATE('2022-04-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 104, 'F', 40000, 8000),
(5, 'Tom White', TO DATE('2022-05-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 105, 'M', 45000, 9000),
(6, 'Alice Blue', TO DATE('2022-06-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 101, 'F', 32000, 6000),
(7, 'Bob Black', TO_DATE('2022-07-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 102, 'M', 37000, 7500),
(8, 'Charlie Red', TO_DATE('2022-08-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 103, 'M', 27000, 3500),
(9, 'Diana Yellow', TO_DATE('2022-09-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 104, 'F', 42000, 8500),
(10, 'Eve Purple', TO_DATE('2022-10-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 105, 'F', 46000, 9500),
(11, 'Frank Orange', TO_DATE('2022-11-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 101, 'M', 33000, 6500),
(12, 'Grace Pink', TO_DATE('2022-12-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 102, 'F', 38000, 8000),
(13, 'Hank Gray', TO_DATE('2023-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 103, 'M', 28000, 4000),
(14, 'Ivy Cyan', TO_DATE('2023-02-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 104, 'F', 43000, 9000),
(15, 'Jack Brown', TO_DATE('2023-03-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 105, 'M', 47000, 10000);
```

```
Q2)
Α
       SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT Deptno) AS UniqueDepartments
       FROM EMP;
В
       SELECT Deptno, SUM(Salary) AS TotalSalary
       FROM EMP
       GROUP BY Deptno
       HAVING SUM(Salary) > 20000;
С
       SELECT Ename
       FROM EMP
       WHERE Salary NOT BETWEEN 10000 AND 20000;
SLIP 8:-
Q1)
CREATE TABLE Emp (
  Empno NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  Ename VARCHAR2(15),
  HireDate DATE,
  DOB DATE,
  Manager_id NUMBER,
  Deptno NUMBER NOT NULL,
  Gender VARCHAR2(10),
  Salary NUMBER,
 Commission NUMBER
);
INSERT INTO Emp (Empno, Ename, HireDate, DOB, Manager_id, Deptno, Gender, Salary, Commission)
VALUES
(1, 'John Doe', TO_DATE('2015-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_DATE('1985-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 101,
10, 'M', 50000, 5000),
(2, 'Jane Smith', TO_DATE('2016-02-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_DATE('1986-02-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 102,
20, 'F', 60000, 6000),
```

```
103, 30, 'M', 55000, 5500),
(4, 'Sue Green', TO_DATE('2018-04-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_DATE('1988-04-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 104,
40, 'F', 70000, 7000),
(5, 'Tom White', TO_DATE('2019-05-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_DATE('1989-05-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 105,
50, 'M', 65000, 6500);
Q2)
Α
       SELECT Manager id, COUNT(Empno) AS TotalEmployees
       FROM Emp
       GROUP BY Manager id;
В
       SELECT Ename, FLOOR(MONTHS BETWEEN(SYSDATE, DOB) / 12) AS Age
       FROM Emp;
С
       SELECT Ename
       FROM Emp
       WHERE HireDate > TO_DATE('2010-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD');
SLIP 9:-
Q1)
CREATE TABLE Customer (
  Product id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  Product_name VARCHAR2(25),
  Company_name VARCHAR2(25),
  Unit_price NUMBER,
  Quantity NUMBER
);
INSERT INTO Customer (Product_id, Product_name, Company_name, Unit_price, Quantity) VALUES
(1, 'Laptop', 'TechCorp', 1000, 50),
(2, 'Smartphone', 'MobileInc', 500, 200),
(3, 'Tablet', 'GadgetCo', 300, 150),
(4, 'Headphones', 'SoundTech', 100, 300),
```

(3, 'Sam Brown', TO_DATE('2017-03-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_DATE('1987-03-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),

```
(5, 'Smartwatch', 'WearableTech', 200, 100);
CREATE TABLE Order_product (
  Order_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  Product_id NUMBER,
  Total_units NUMBER,
  Total_cost NUMBER,
  Customer_name VARCHAR2(25)
);
INSERT INTO Order_product (Order_id, Product_id, Total_units, Total_cost, Customer_name) VALUES
(1, 1, 5, 5000, 'Alice'),
(2, 2, 10, 5000, 'Bob'),
(3, 3, 7, 2100, 'Charlie'),
(4, 4, 15, 1500, 'Diana'),
(5, 5, 3, 600, 'Eve');
Q2)
Α
       SELECT *
       FROM Customer
       WHERE Product_id NOT IN (SELECT Product_id FROM Order_product);
В
       SELECT Product_name
       FROM Customer
       WHERE Unit price = (SELECT MIN(Unit price) FROM Customer);
С
       SELECT *
       FROM Customer
       WHERE Unit price = (SELECT MAX(Unit price) FROM Customer);
D
       SELECT Customer_name
       FROM Order product
       WHERE Product_id IN (SELECT Product_id FROM Order_product GROUP BY Product_id
       HAVING COUNT(*) > 1);
```

SLIP 10:-

```
Q1)
CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE (
  ID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  LAST_NAME VARCHAR2(25),
  FIRST_NAME VARCHAR2(25),
  userid VARCHAR2(25),
  SALARY NUMBER
);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE (ID, LAST_NAME, FIRST_NAME, userid, SALARY) VALUES
(1, 'Patel', 'Ralph', 'rpatel', 895),
(2, 'Barcis', 'Ben', 'bbarcis', 860),
(3, 'Dini', 'Betty', 'bdini', 1100),
(4, 'Newman', 'Chad', 'cnewman', 750),
(5, 'Ropeburn',' Audrey',' aropebur',1550);
Q2)
Α
       UPDATE EMPLOYEE
       SET LAST_NAME = 'Dreper'
       WHERE ID = 3;
В
       DELETE FROM EMPLOYEE
       WHERE FIRST_NAME = 'Betty' AND LAST_NAME = 'Dancs';
С
       UPDATE EMPLOYEE
       SET SALARY = 1000
       WHERE SALARY < 900;
D
       CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEES2 AS
       SELECT ID AS EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, SALARY, DEPARTMENT_ID
       FROM EMPLOYEE;
```

```
Ε
       ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEE
        DROP COLUMN FIRST_NAME;
        DESC EMPLOYEE;
SLIP 11:-
Q1)
CREATE TABLE Customer (
  custid NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  cname VARCHAR2(25),
  ccity VARCHAR2(25),
  cphone VARCHAR2(15),
  title VARCHAR2(25)
);
INSERT INTO Customer (custid, cname, ccity, cphone, title) VALUES
(1, 'Alice', 'New York', '1234567890', 'Ms.'),
(2, 'Bob', 'Los Angeles', '2345678901', 'Mr.'),
(3, 'Charlie', 'Chicago', '3456789012', 'Mr.'),
(4, 'Diana', 'Houston', '4567890123', 'Ms.'),
(5, 'Eve', 'Phoenix', '5678901234', 'Ms.'),
(6, 'Frank', 'Philadelphia', '6789012345', 'Mr.'),
(7, 'Grace', 'San Antonio', '7890123456', 'Ms.'),
(8, 'Hank', 'San Diego', '8901234567', 'Mr.'),
(9, 'lvy', 'Dallas', '9012345678', 'Ms.'),
(10, 'Jack', 'San Jose', '0123456789', 'Mr.');
CREATE TABLE Movie (
  movieno NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  movietype VARCHAR2(25),
  actor VARCHAR2(25),
```

```
director VARCHAR2(25)
);
INSERT INTO Movie (movieno, movietype, actor, director) VALUES
(1, 'Action', 'Tom Cruise', 'Christopher McQuarrie'),
(2, 'Drama', 'Leonardo DiCaprio', 'Martin Scorsese'),
(3, 'Comedy', 'Jim Carrey', 'Peter Farrelly'),
(4, 'Horror', 'Jamie Lee Curtis', 'John Carpenter'),
(5, 'Sci-Fi', 'Keanu Reeves', 'Lana Wachowski'),
(6, 'Romance', 'Ryan Gosling', 'Damien Chazelle'),
(7, 'Thriller', 'Jake Gyllenhaal', 'Denis Villeneuve'),
(8, 'Fantasy', 'Daniel Radcliffe', 'David Yates'),
(9, 'Adventure', 'Harrison Ford', 'Steven Spielberg'),
(10, 'Animation', 'Tom Hanks', 'John Lasseter');
CREATE TABLE Invoice (
  custid NUMBER,
  movieno NUMBER,
  returndate DATE,
  FOREIGN KEY (custid) REFERENCES Customer(custid),
  FOREIGN KEY (movieno) REFERENCES Movie(movieno)
);
INSERT INTO Invoice (custid, movieno, returndate) VALUES
(1, 1, TO_DATE('2024-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(2, 2, TO_DATE('2024-02-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(3, 3, TO_DATE('2024-03-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(4, 4, TO_DATE('2024-04-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(5, 5, TO_DATE('2024-05-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(6, 6, TO_DATE('2024-06-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(7, 7, TO_DATE('2024-07-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
```

```
(8, 8, TO_DATE('2024-08-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(9, 9, TO_DATE('2024-09-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')),
(10, 10, TO_DATE('2024-10-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'));
1)
       SELECT DISTINCT movietype
       FROM Movie;
2)
       SELECT MAX(Unit_price) AS max_price, MIN(Unit_price) AS min_price
       FROM Movie;
3)
       SELECT title
       FROM Movie
       WHERE actor LIKE 'M%';
4)
       SELECT title
       FROM Movie
       WHERE Unit_price > 150;
5)
       SELECT movietype, COUNT(*) AS number_of_movies
       FROM Movie
       GROUP BY movietype;
Q2)
DECLARE
  num1 NUMBER := 10;
  num2 NUMBER := 20;
  sum NUMBER;
BEGIN
  sum := num1 + num2;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The sum of ' || num1 || ' and ' || num2 || ' is: ' || sum);
END;
```

SLIP 12:-

```
CREATE TABLE Emp (
  Empld INT PRIMARY KEY,
  EName VARCHAR(50),
  Compld INT,
  Salary DECIMAL(10, 2),
  JoinDate DATE
);
INSERT INTO Emp (EmpId, EName, CompId, Salary, JoinDate) VALUES
(1, 'Raj', 101, 50000, '2004-01-15'),
(2, 'Radha', 101, 60000, '2004-01-20'),
(3, 'Gupta', 102, 55000, '2003-12-10'),
(4, 'Amit', 103, 45000, '2005-02-25'),
(5, 'Sita', 104, 70000, '2004-01-05');
CREATE TABLE Company (
  Compld INT PRIMARY KEY,
  CompName VARCHAR(50),
  Year INT,
  City VARCHAR(50)
);
INSERT INTO Company (Compld, CompName, Year, City) VALUES
(101, 'TechCorp', 2000, 'Mumbai'),
(102, 'InnovateLtd', 2001, 'Delhi'),
(103, 'FutureTech', 2002, 'Bangalore'),
(104, 'NextGen', 2003, 'Hyderabad');
CREATE TABLE Department (
  did INT PRIMARY KEY,
  dname VARCHAR(50),
  darea VARCHAR(50)
```

```
INSERT INTO Department (did, dname, darea) VALUES
(1, 'HR', 'Recruitment'),
(2, 'IT', 'Development'),
(3, 'Finance', 'Accounting'),
(4, 'Marketing', 'Sales');
1)
       UPDATE Emp
       SET Salary = (SELECT Salary FROM Emp WHERE EName = 'Radha' AND Compld = (SELECT
       Compld FROM Emp WHERE EName = 'Raj'))
       WHERE EName = 'Raj';
2)
       SELECT Gender, COUNT(*) AS Count
       FROM Emp
       WHERE JoinDate BETWEEN '2004-01-01' AND '2004-01-31'
       GROUP BY Gender;
3)
       SELECT City, COUNT(*) AS TotalCompanies
       FROM Company
       GROUP BY City;
4)
       SELECT EName, JoinDate, Salary
       FROM Emp
       WHERE Salary = (SELECT Salary FROM Emp WHERE EName = 'Gupta');
5)
       SELECT EName, Salary
       FROM Emp
       ORDER BY Salary DESC
       OFFSET 2 ROWS FETCH NEXT 1 ROW ONLY;
```

);

```
Q2)
DECLARE
  num NUMBER := &input_number;
BEGIN
  IF num > 0 THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The number ' || num || ' is positive.');
  ELSIF num < 0 THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The number ' || num || ' is negative.');
  ELSE
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The number ' || num || ' is zero.');
  END IF;
END;
SLIP 13:-
Q1)
CREATE TABLE Employee (
  Empld INT PRIMARY KEY,
  EName VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  Compld INT,
  Salary DECIMAL(10, 2) CHECK (Salary > 0),
  JoinDate DATE,
  Gender VARCHAR(10) CHECK (Gender IN ('Male', 'Female')),
  DeptNo INT,
  UNIQUE (EName, Compld)
);
INSERT INTO Employee (Empld, EName, Compld, Salary, JoinDate, Gender, DeptNo) VALUES
(1, 'John Doe', 101, 50000, '2020-01-15', 'Male', 1),
(2, 'Jane Smith', 102, 60000, '2020-02-20', 'Female', 2),
(3, 'Alice Johnson', 103, 55000, '2020-03-25', 'Female', 3),
(4, 'Bob Brown', 104, 45000, '2020-04-30', 'Male', 4),
```

```
(5, 'Charlie Davis', 105, 70000, '2020-05-05', 'Male', 5),
(6, 'Diana Evans', 106, 80000, '2020-06-10', 'Female', 6),
(7, 'Eve Foster', 107, 75000, '2020-07-15', 'Female', 7),
(8, 'Frank Green', 108, 65000, '2020-08-20', 'Male', 8),
(9, 'Grace Harris', 109, 60000, '2020-09-25', 'Female', 9),
(10, 'Hank Irving', 110, 55000, '2020-10-30', 'Male', 10),
(11, 'Ivy Johnson', 111, 50000, '2020-11-05', 'Female', 11),
(12, 'Jack King', 112, 45000, '2020-12-10', 'Male', 12),
(13, 'Karen Lee', 113, 40000, '2021-01-15', 'Female', 13),
(14, 'Leo Martin', 114, 35000, '2021-02-20', 'Male', 14),
(15, 'Mona Nelson', 115, 30000, '2021-03-25', 'Female', 15);
Q2)
DECLARE
  score NUMBER := &input_score;
  result VARCHAR2(20);
BEGIN
  result := CASE
    WHEN score >= 90 THEN 'Excellent'
    WHEN score >= 75 THEN 'Very Good'
    WHEN score >= 60 THEN 'Good'
    WHEN score >= 50 THEN 'Pass'
    ELSE 'Fail'
  END;
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('The result is: ' | | result);
END;
```

SLIP 14:-

```
Q1)
CREATE TABLE product_details (
  product_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  product_name VARCHAR(50),
  quantity INT,
  price DECIMAL(10, 2)
);
INSERT INTO product_details (product_id, product_name, quantity, price) VALUES
(1001, 'book', 50, 900),
(1002, 'pen drive', 130, 900),
(1003, 'headphone', 100, 2000),
(1004, 'DVD', 20, 300),
(1005, 'speaker', 60, 2400);
CREATE TABLE sale_details (
  sale_no INT PRIMARY KEY,
  product_id INT,
  quantity INT,
  price DECIMAL(10, 2),
  customer_name VARCHAR(50),
  FOREIGN KEY (product_id) REFERENCES product_details(product_id)
);
INSERT INTO sale_details (sale_no, product_id, quantity, price, customer_name) VALUES
(2001, 1001, 50, 900, 'savni'),
(2002, 1004, 10, 300, 'savni'),
(2003, 1003, 120, 2000, 'savni'),
(2004, 1005, 420, 2400, 'harsh'),
(2005, 1002, 40, 900, 'Akash');
```

```
<u>Inner join</u>
SELECT p.product_id, p.product_name, s.quantity, s.price, s.customer_name
FROM product_details p
INNER JOIN sale_details s ON p.product_id = s.product_id;
Outer join
SELECT p.product_id, p.product_name, s.quantity, s.price, s.customer_name
FROM product_details p
LEFT JOIN sale_details s ON p.product_id = s.product_id
UNION
SELECT p.product_id, p.product_name, s.quantity, s.price, s.customer_name
FROM product_details p
RIGHT JOIN sale_details s ON p.product_id = s.product_id;
Q2)
DECLARE
 i NUMBER;
BEGIN
  FOR i IN 1..10 LOOP
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('5 * ' || i || ' = ' || 5 * i);
  END LOOP;
END;
/
SLIP 15:-
Q1)
CREATE TABLE Employee (
  Emp_no INT PRIMARY KEY,
  First_name VARCHAR(50),
  Last_name VARCHAR(50),
  City VARCHAR(50),
  Salary DECIMAL(10, 2)
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Employee (Emp_no, First_name, Last_name, City, Salary) VALUES
(1001, 'Vasant', 'Powar', 'Pune', 15000),
(1002, 'Seema', 'Kharat', 'Mumbai', 25000),
(1003, 'Nitin', 'Pawar', 'Pune', 20000),
(1004, 'Swati', 'Jadhav', 'Mumbai', 25000),
(1005, 'Swaraj', 'Sawant', 'Nagpur', 28000);
AGGREGATE FUN
SELECT City, AVG(Salary) AS Avg_Salary, SUM(Salary) AS Total_Salary, MAX(Salary) AS Max_Salary,
MIN(Salary) AS Min_Salary
FROM Employee
GROUP BY City;
Q2)
CREATE TABLE product_details (
  product_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  product_name VARCHAR(50),
  quantity INT,
  price DECIMAL(10, 2)
);
INSERT INTO product_details (product_id, product_name, quantity, price) VALUES
(1001, 'pendrive', 100, 900),
(1002, 'harddisk', 200, 4000),
(1003, 'headphone', 1000, 15000),
(1004, 'DVD', 20, 1000),
(1005, 'speaker', 600, 2400);
CREATE TABLE sales (
  sale_no INT PRIMARY KEY,
  product_id INT,
```

```
quantity INT,
price DECIMAL(10, 2),
customer_name VARCHAR(50),
FOREIGN KEY (product_id) REFERENCES product_details(product_id)
);
INSERT INTO sales (sale_no, product_id, quantity, price, customer_name) VALUES (2001, 1001, 50, 900, 'savni'),
(2002, 1004, 10, 1000, 'savni'),
(2003, 1003, 120, 15000, 'savni'),
(2004, 1005, 420, 2400, 'harsh'),
(2005, 1002, 40, 4000, 'Akash');

AGGREGATE FUN USING CLAUSE
SELECT product_id, SUM(quantity) AS Total_Quantity, AVG(price) AS Avg_Price
FROM sales
```

GROUP BY product_id;