



THE
LANGUAGE
NETWORK



GERMAN B2



German is spoken by more than 120 million people in Austria, Germany, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Switzerland and in parts of Belgium, Northern Italy and Eastern France. It is a key language in the European Union and the new economies of Central and Eastern Europe. Even abroad, the German language seems to be in great demand. In addition, German belongs to the ten most popular languages in the world and that is why they also got an entry in the Guinness Book of World Records of 2006.

German and English have more in common than you might think. Words like “Kindergarten” or “Strudel” for example, mean the same in English and German. But there are some words that are a bit tricky. Those words are called false friends: words that are similar in the German and English language, but mean something different.

In the world's largest and strongest economic area, the European Union, German is by far the most spoken native language. Knowing German creates business opportunities. Germans are innovators. India is one of their growing markets and the reason why German is in demand and will continue to be.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR GERMAN LEARNERS

1. *If you have a flair for teaching, you can try as a German teacher* in School, Lecturer in Colleges and Universities, Corporate trainer in various enterprises, Online teaching classes, and German faculty in any Institute.
2. One of the most attractive career opportunities you can secure as a German language learner is *translation and interpretation*. If you are proficient in your translation and interpretation skills, translation service providers will be eager to snap you up once they see your CV.
3. *Germans are world leaders in engineering*. Almost everyone in Germany – who is skilled and willing to work – has work today.
4. With roughly 10% of all global travel, *Germans are the most widespread travelers*. You can work as *a tour guide for German-speaking tourists*, especially if you are the type that loves the outdoors.
5. Apart from working as a tour guide, you can also benefit from working in one of the many *hospitality management centers*. You can work as an *executive in the guest relations department* of travel companies, large hotels, event centers, and more. The sector is always in search of the best minds.
6. Who says you have to spend a fortune to get a decent education? *Tuition is free in most universities*. Some institutions charge around €500 a semester. And there's no sacrifice in quality that comes with that. Many German universities are in the world's top 100.

GERMAN B2.1

MAIN TOPICS

You will learn to understand the basic idea of challenging texts. You will be able to communicate spontaneously and without problems with native speakers of German.

- School, Training
- Interpersonal relations
- Living and renting
- Travel, trouble on vacation & complaint letters
- Cultural differences in professional life
- Europe and the Germans
- Small talk

GRAMMAR

You will be taught a few unknown structures with regard to German grammar, instead the grammar you have already learned at B1 level, will be intensified.

- Modal verbs
- Past tense of the verbs: perfect /-preteritum / past perfect
- Declination of adjectives
- Indicators of space: prepositions of two cases
- The passive
- Verbs with prepositional case
- N – Declination
- Causal and effect indicators: weil, denn, deshalb, so...dass etc.



GERMAN B2.2

MAIN TOPICS

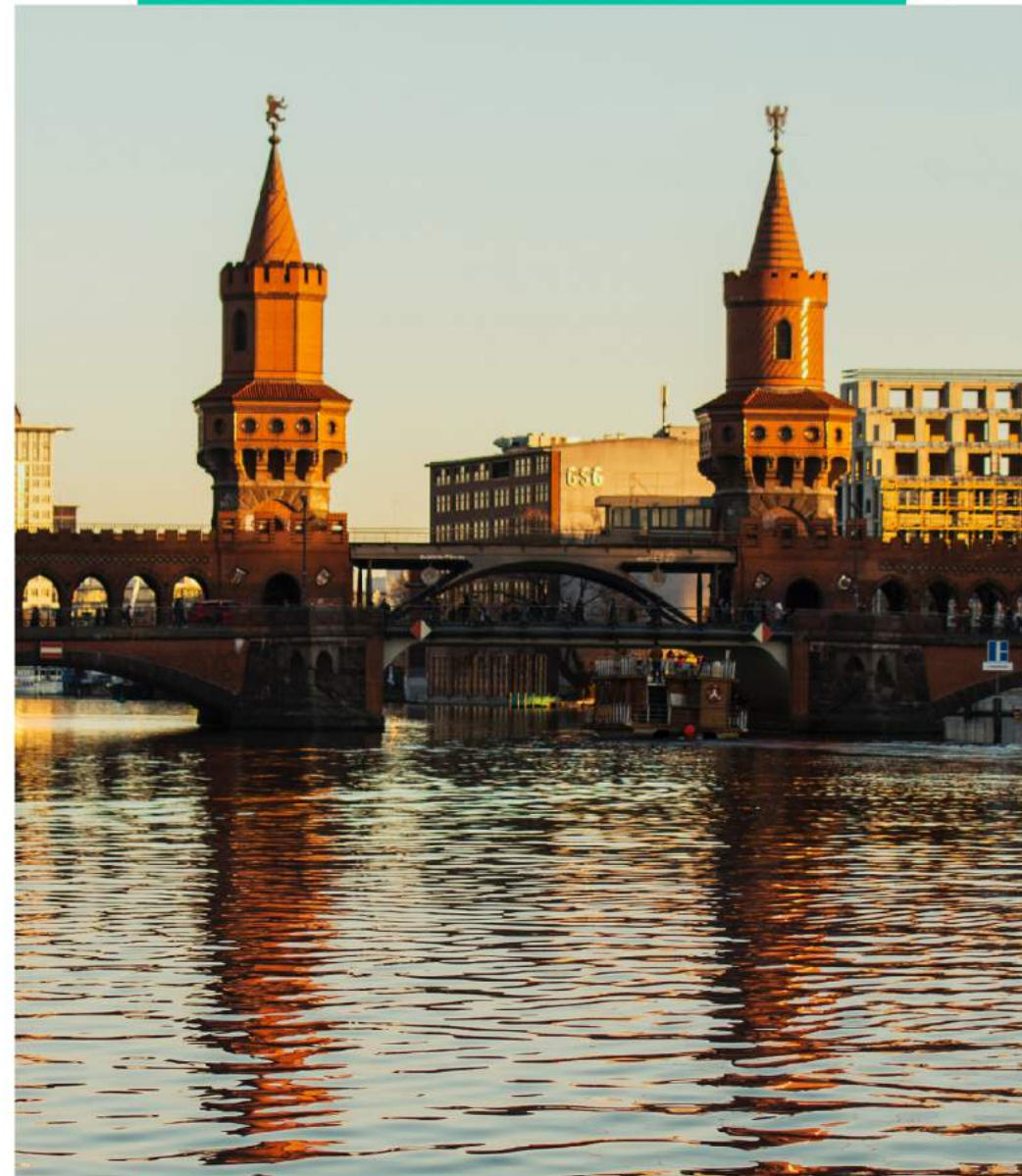
You will learn to understand the basic idea of challenging texts. You will be able to communicate spontaneously and without problems with native speakers of German.

- Daily work: e-mails & telephone calls
- Activities & Leisure
- University
- History and politics
- News from all over the world
- Crime Stories

GRAMMAR

You will be taught a few unknown structures with regard to German grammar, instead the grammar you have already learned at B1 level, will be intensified.

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|---|-----------------------------------|
| • The subjunctive II: politeness, unreality, the subjunctive II in the past | • Subjunctive I : Indirect speech |
| • Rection of verbs | • Subjunctive I Alternate forms |
| • Position of words in the sentence | • Nouns–Verb–Connections |
| • Indicators of time | • Prepositions |
| • Indicators of conditional | |





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