

Loops->Repeat

Pre/Post Increment Operator ++a/a++

Pre/Post Decrement Operator --a/a--

1.for Loop

System.out.println("1");

System.out.println("2");

System.out.println("3");

System.out.println("10");

staring point->1

end point->10



```
int i;
for(i=1;i<=10;i++)-->True
```

1.for loop does not start if the condition is false in the beginning itself.

2.for loop is called as Pre-Tested Loop(Entry Control Loop).

3.for loop continues to execute until the condition is False.

Syntax:

```
for(initialization; condition; pre/post increment/decrement)
{
    //code statements;
}
```



4.for keyword is used to declare for loop.

```
5.it can be executed without initialization, and condition.
```

```
public class Loops
{
   public static void main(String args[])
    {
       int i;
       //Display 1 to 10 numbers
       for(i=1;i<=10;i++)//False</pre>
       {
   System.out.println("value of i is:"+i);
           // 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
       }
System.out.println("\nDisplay 10 to 1:\n");
       int j;
       for(j=10;j>=1;j--)//false
       {
           System.out.println("j is:"+j);
           //10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1
       }
    }
```



```
}
OutPut/-
value of i is: 1
value of i is: 2
value of i is: 3
value of i is: 4
value of i is: 5
value of i is: 6
value of i is: 7
value of i is: 8
value of i is: 9
value of i is: 10
Display 10 to 1:
j is:10
j is:9
j is:8
j is:7
j is:6
j is:5
j is:4
j is:3
```

j is:2 j is:1





