Dijkstra's algorithm (C++)

'What', 'why' and 'how'

#csspree Online

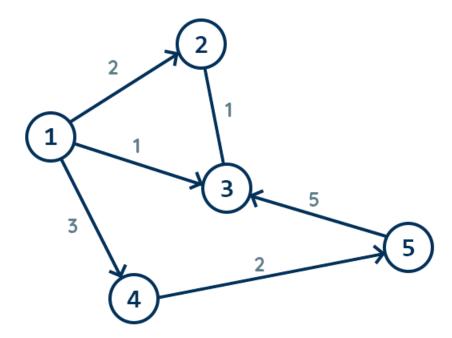
It is a path-finding algorithm that:

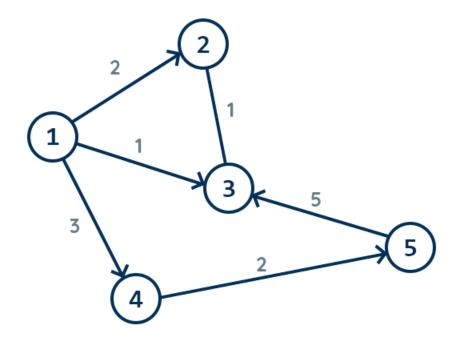
It is a path-finding algorithm that:

1. Visits nodes distance-wise. That is, from the currently discovered nodes, the one with the shortest distance will be 'visited' first.

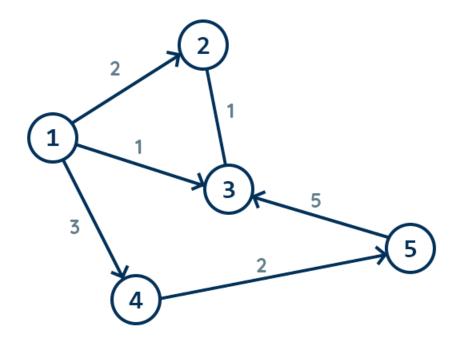
It is a path-finding algorithm that:

- 1. Visits nodes distance-wise. That is, from the currently discovered nodes, the one with the shortest distance will be 'visited' first.
- 2. Finds shortest path to every node given that the edge weight is non-negative for the entire graph.

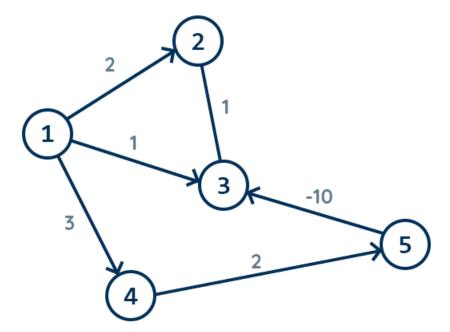


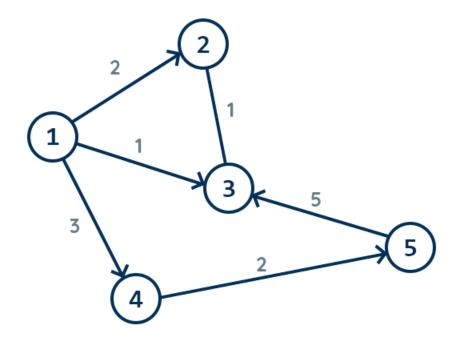


No negative cost is present Valid √

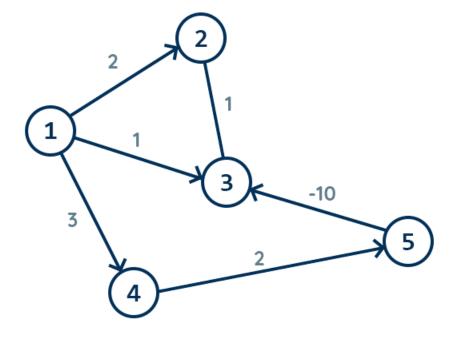


No negative cost is present Valid √

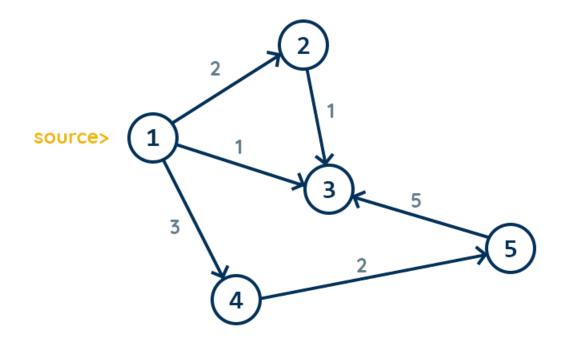


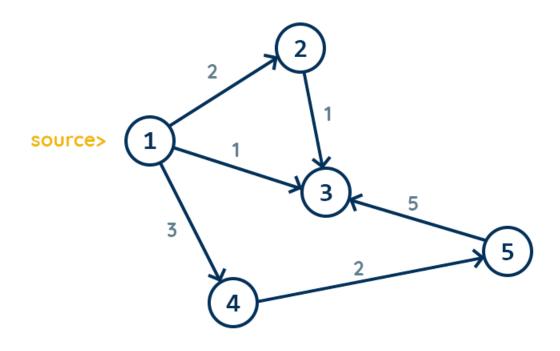


No negative cost is present Valid √

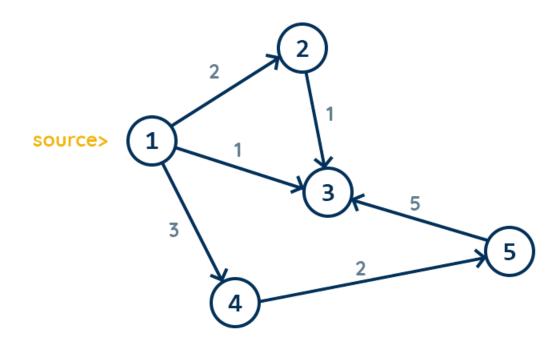


Negative cost is present Invalid ×



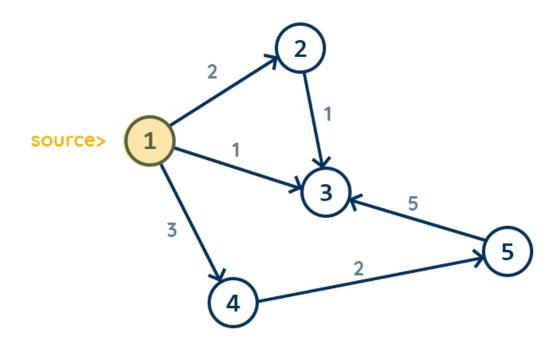






Min Priority Queue Sh
push {node, distance} pair

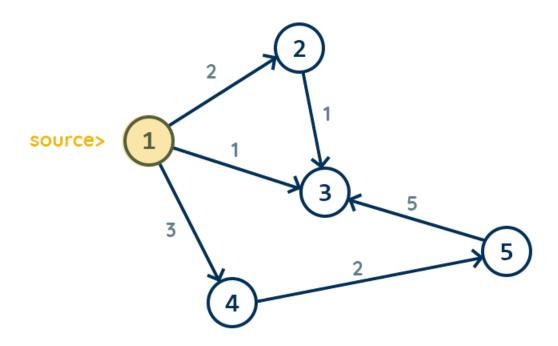
here



Min Priority Queue

push {node, distance} pair here

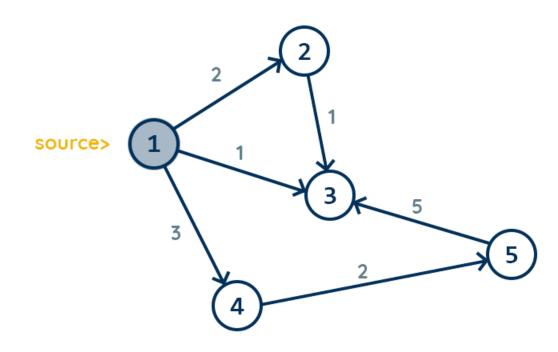
 $\{1, 0\}$



Min Priority Queue

push {node, distance} pair
here

{1, 0} //popped

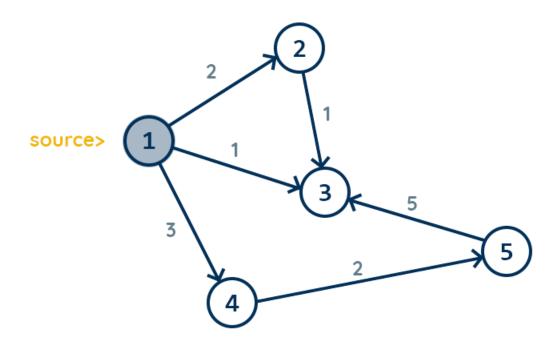


// marked as visited after popping

Min Priority Queue

push {node, distance} pair
here

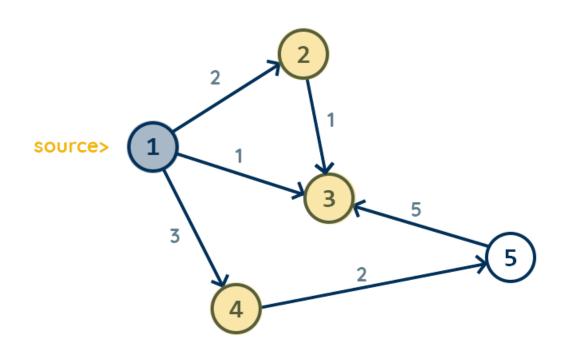
{1, 0} //popped



Min Priority Queue Shortest Path

push {node, distance} pair
here

{1, 0} //popped 1 : 0



// pushed the neighbor node(s) into queue with path cost

Min Priority Queue

Shortest Path

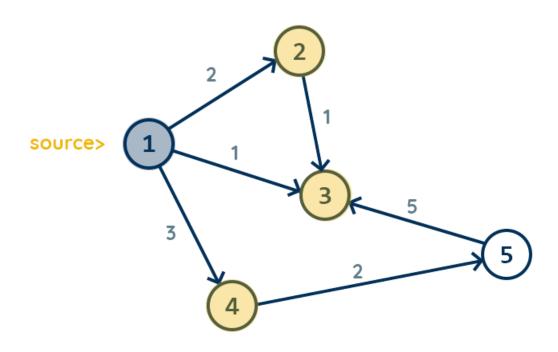
push {node, distance} pair here

{2, 2}

{3, 1}

 ${4, 3}$

0



Min Priority Queue Short

Shortest Path

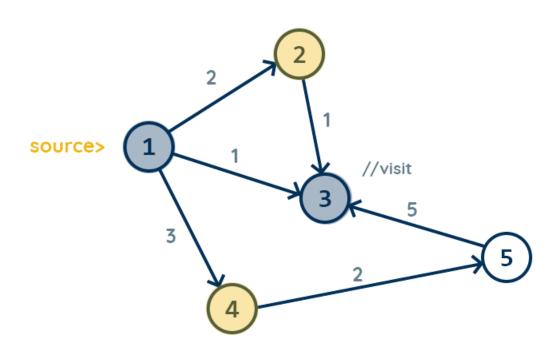
push {node, distance} pair here

{2, 2}

{3, 1} //popped

 ${4, 3}$

0



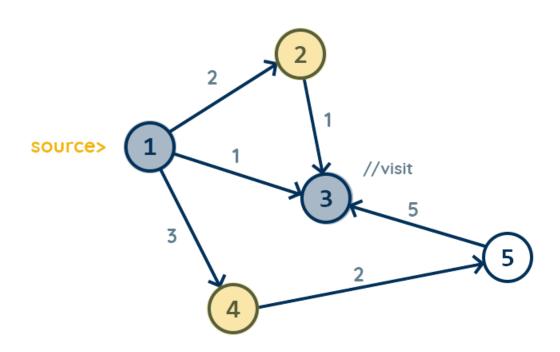
Min Priority Queue **Shortest Path** push {node, distance} pair

{2, 2} 0

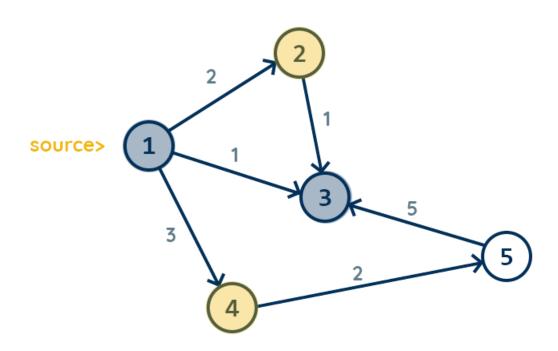
 ${3, 1}$ //popped

 ${4, 3}$

here







Min Priority Queue

Shortest Path

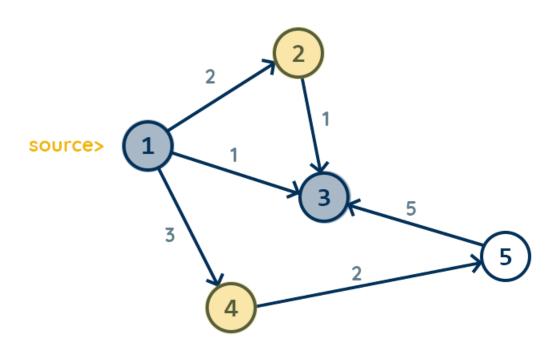
push {node, distance} pair
here

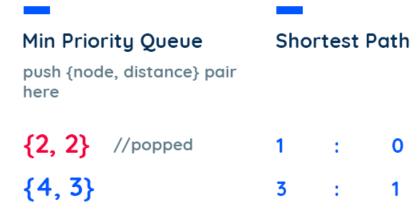
{2, 2}

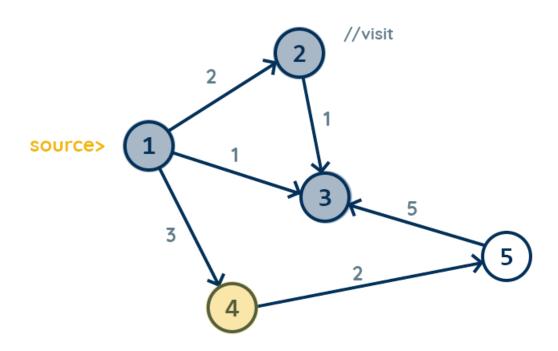
{4, 3}

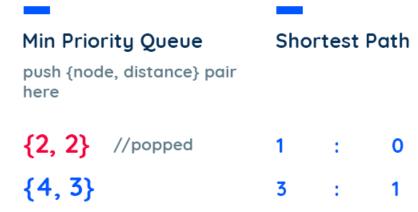
:

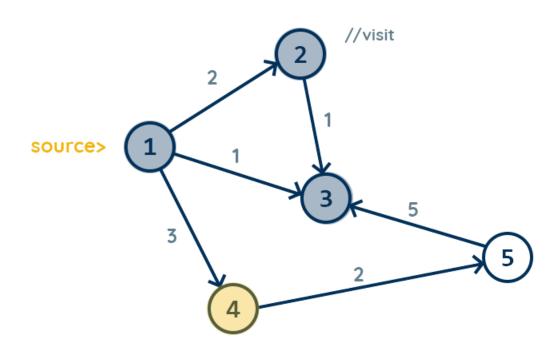
3 : '

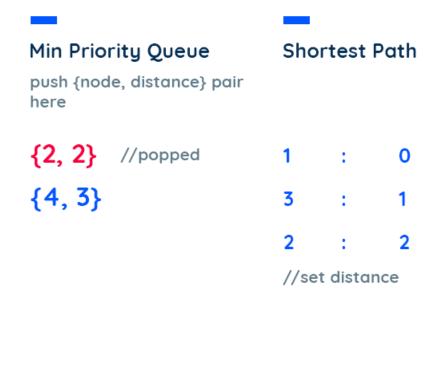


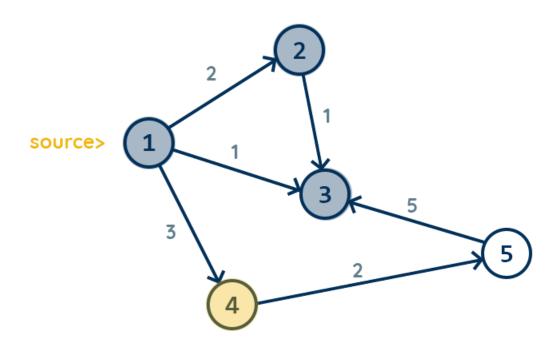












Min Priority Queue

push {node, distance} pair
here

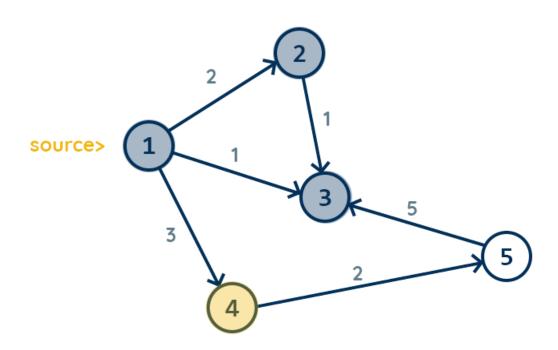
 ${4, 3}$

Shortest Path

: 0

3:1

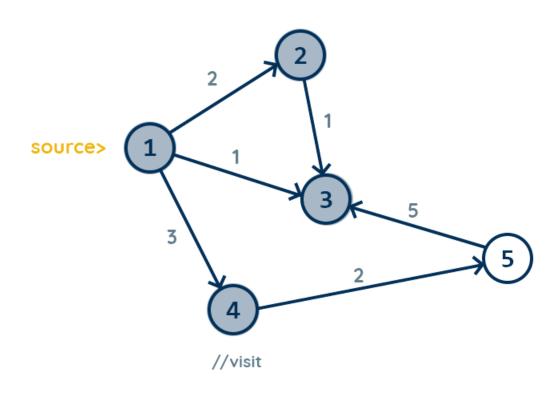
2 : 2



Min Priority Queue Shortest Path

push {node, distance} pair
here

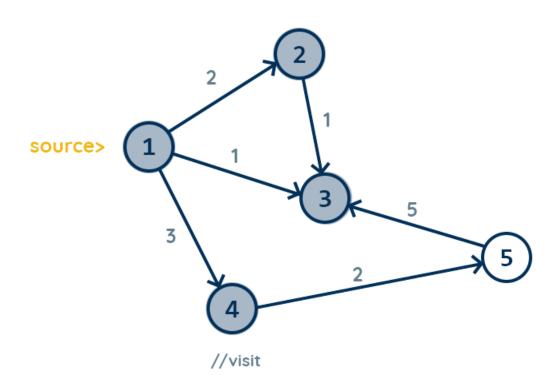
{4, 3} //popped 1 : 0
3 : 1

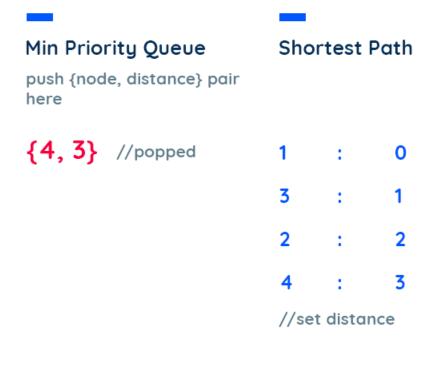


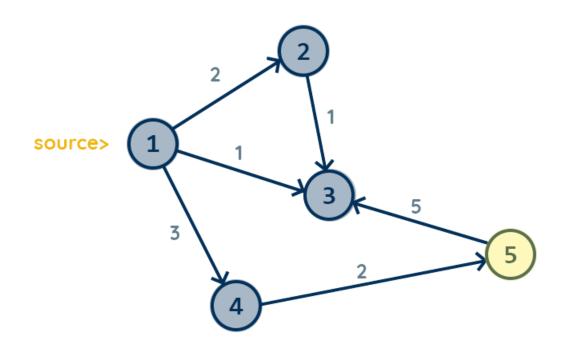
Min Priority Queue

push {node, distance} pair here

{4, 3} //popped





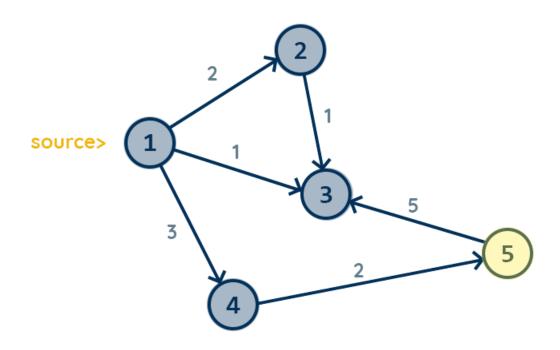


// pushed the neighbor node(s) into queue with path cost

Min Priority Queue push {node, distance} pair here

Shortest Path

{5, 5}



Min Priority Queue

push {node, distance} pair here

{5, 5} //popped

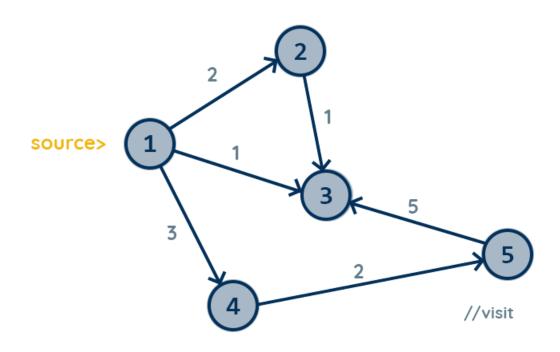
Shortest Path

•

3 :

2 : 2

4 : 3



Min Priority Queue

push {node, distance} pair here

{5, 5} //popped

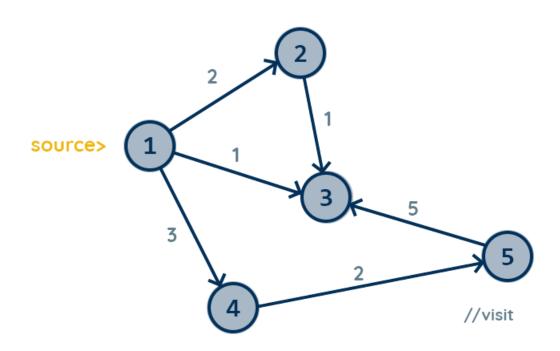
Shortest Path

:

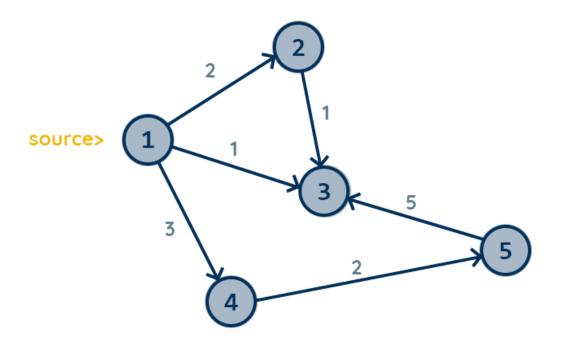
3 :

2 : 2

4 : 3

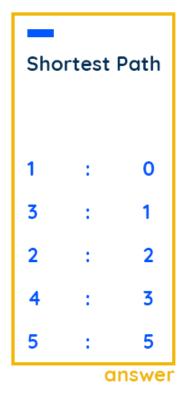


Min Priority Queue **Shortest Path** push {node, distance} pair here **{5, 5}** //popped //set distance



Min Priority Queue

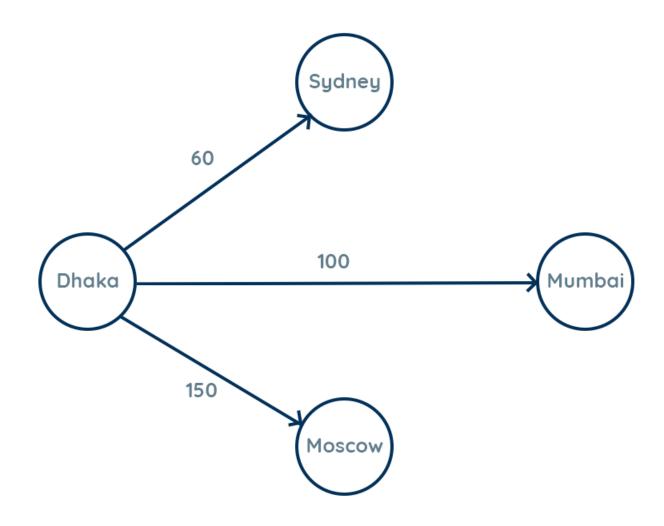
push {node, distance} pair here

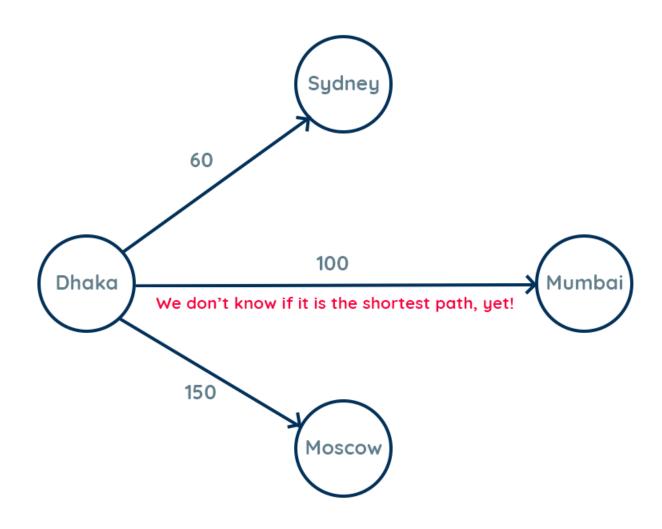


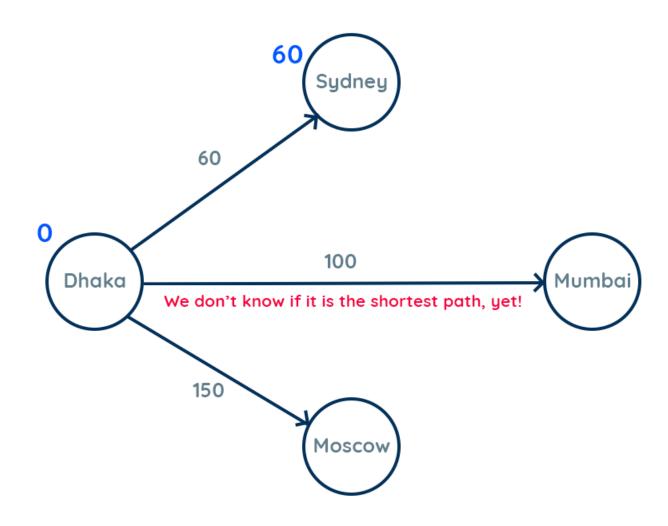


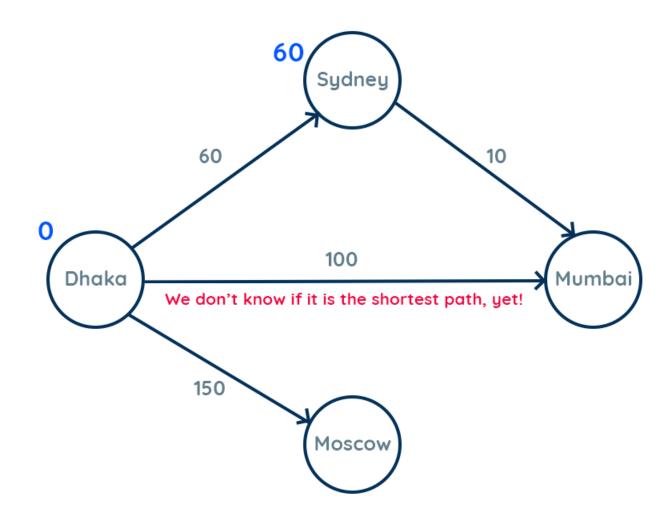


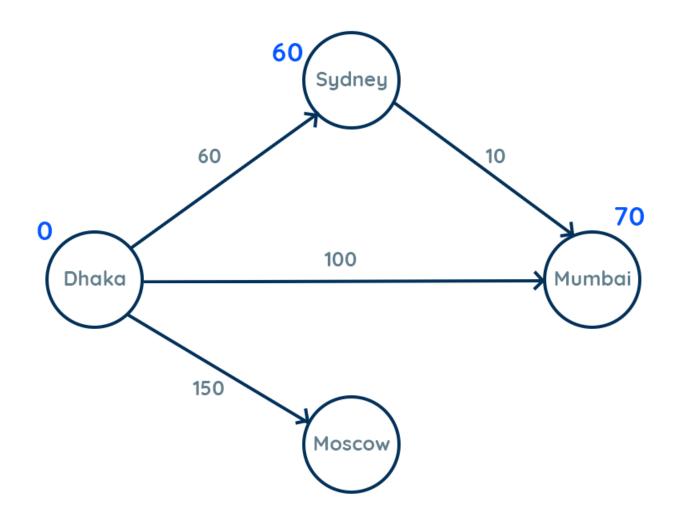


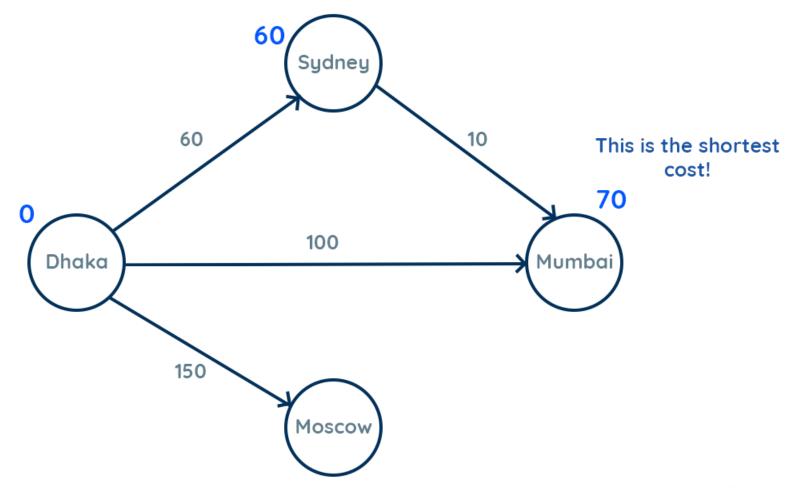


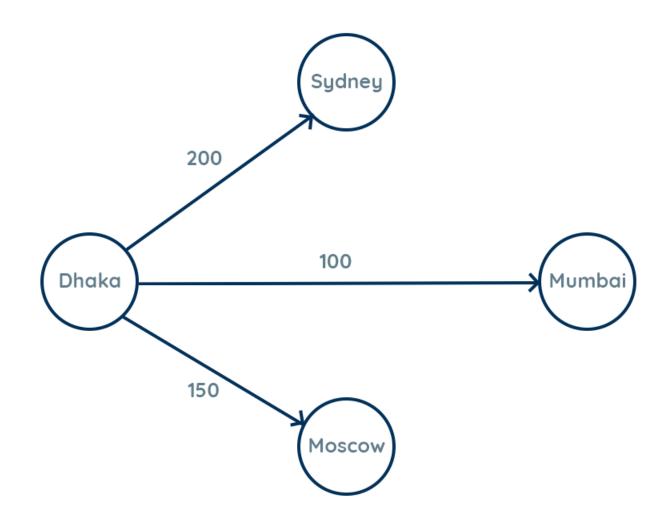


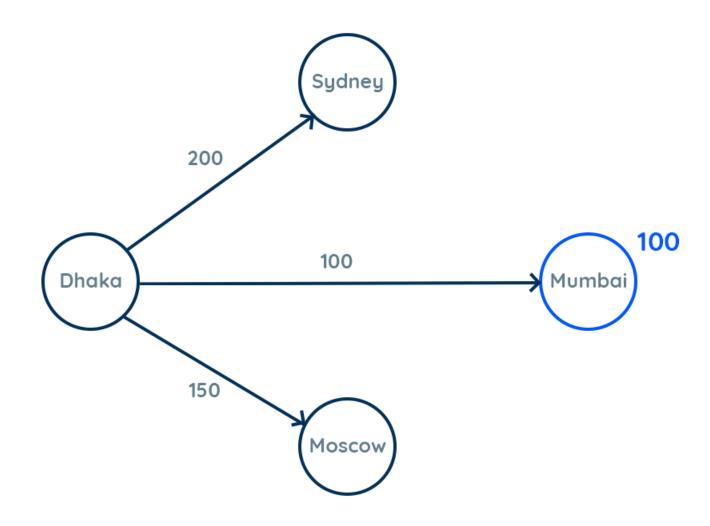






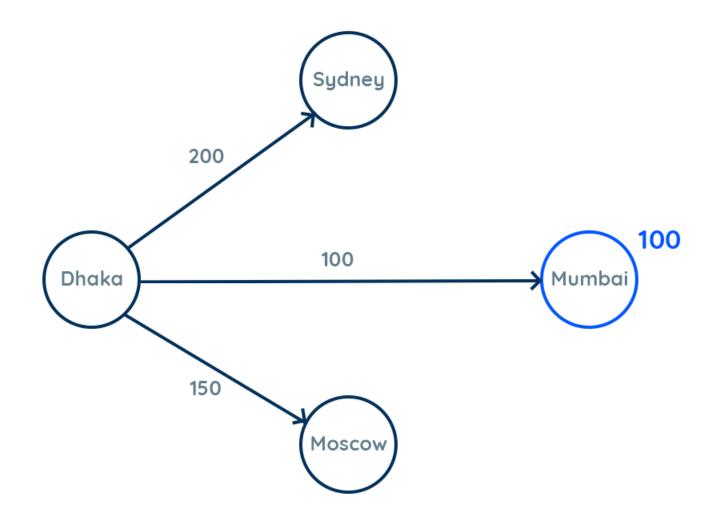






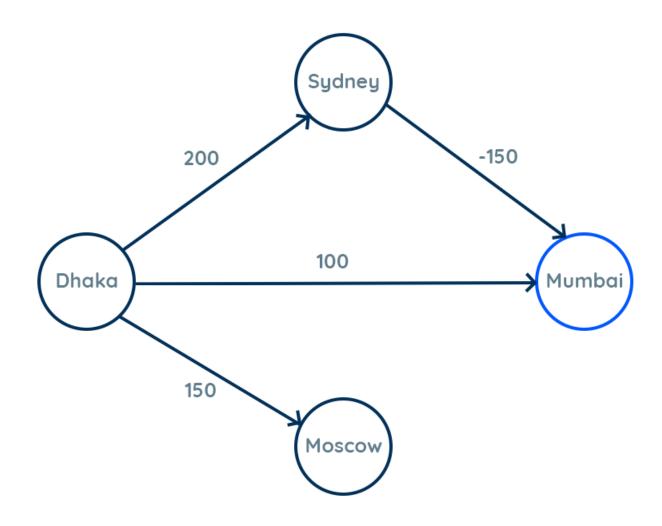
Problem With Negative Edge Cost

Dijkstra's assumption fails here



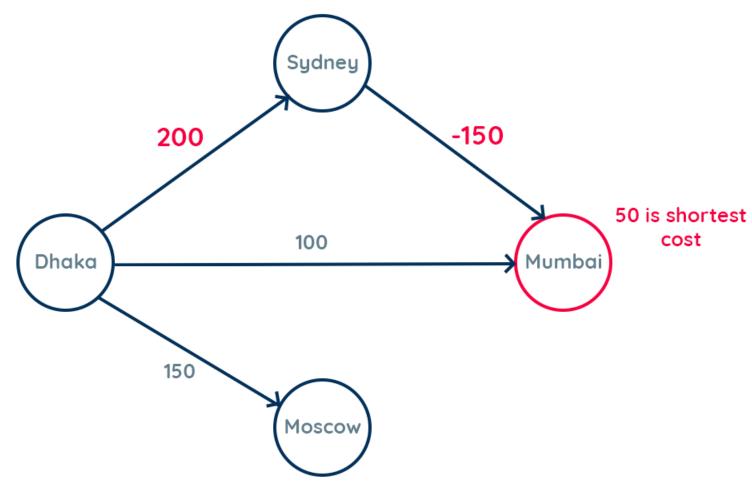
Problem With Negative Edge Cost

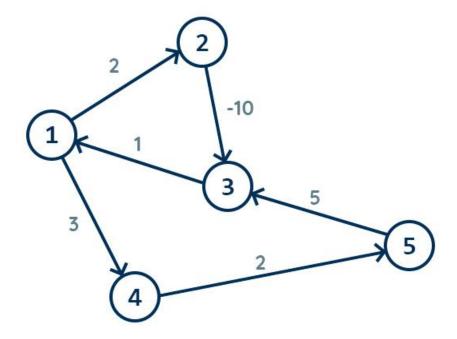
Dijkstra's assumption fails here



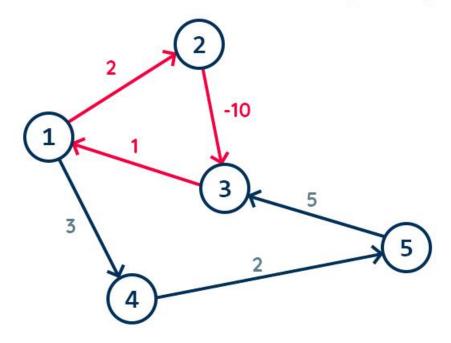
Problem With Negative Edge Cost

Dijkstra's assumption fails here

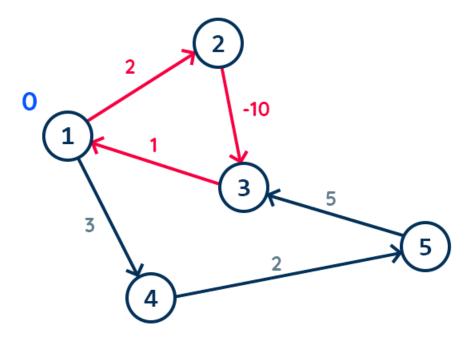




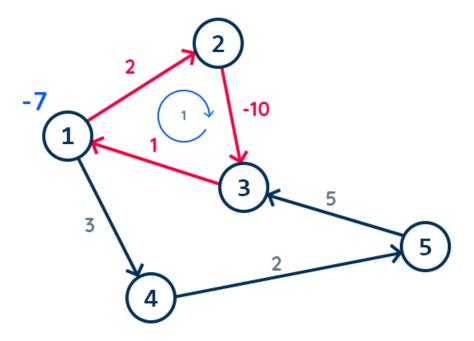
Negative cycle exists!



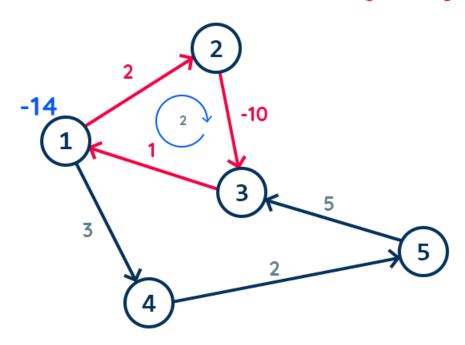
Negative cycle exists!



Negative cycle exists!



Negative cycle exists!



Negative cycle exists!

