1. What is 25% of 200?

	a) 25
	b) 50\
	c) 75\
	d) 100
2.	If 40% of a number is 80, what is the number?
	a) 100\
	b) 150\
	e) 200\
	d) 250
	d) 250
3.	75% of a number is 150. What is the number?
	a) 175
	b) 200
	c) 225\
	d) 250
4.	What is 15% of 120?
	a) 12\
	b) 15\
	e) 18\
	d) 20
5.	If 30% of a number is 90, then the number is:\
	a) 200\
	b) 250\
	e) 300\
	d) 350
6.	The price of a product increases from ₹200 to ₹250. What is the percentage increase?\
	a) 20%\

	b)	25%
	c)	30%\
	d)	35%
7.	A salar	y increases from ₹40,000 to ₹50,000. What is the percentage increase?\
	a)	20%\
	b)	25%
	c)	30%\
	d)	35%
8.	The po	pulation of a town decreased from 10,000 to 8,000. What is the percentage decrease?\
	a)	10%\
	b)	15%\
	c)	20%\
	d)	25%
9.	A book	's price drops from ₹500 to ₹400. What is the percentage decrease?\
	a)	10%\
	b)	15%\
	c)	20%
	d)	25%
10.	If the c	ost price of an item is ₹600 and the selling price is ₹450, what is the percentage loss?\
	a)	20%\
	b)	22.5%\
	c)	25%
	d)	30%
1.	### **!	Section 3: Percentage Comparison**
11.	Which	is greater: 30% of 400 or 40% of 300?\
	a)	30% of 400∖
	b)	40% of 300\
	c)	Both are equal
	d)	Cannot be determined

12. A person sp	pends 60% of his income and saves ₹8,000. What is his total income?\
a) ₹15	5,000\
b) ₹18	3,000\
c) ₹2(,000\
d) ₹25	5,000
13. If A is 20%	more than B, then B is how much less than $A?\$
a) 20%	6\
b) 16.	<mark>67%∖</mark>
c) 25%	6\
d) 109	6
	of sugar is increased by 25%, by how much should the consumption be reduced to e same expense?\
a) 20%	
b) 25%	6\
c) 30%	6\
d) 159	6
15. If A's incor	me is 40% more than B's income, then B's income is what percentage less than A's?\
a) 28.	57%\
b) 30%	6\
c) 33.	33%\
d) 40%	6
16. The price o change?\	f an item is increased by 20% and then decreased by 10%. What is the net percentage
a) 8%	increase\
b) 8%	decrease\
c) 109	6 increase\
d) 109	6 decrease
	s increased by 30% and then decreased by 20%. What is the final percentage change?\
	increase\ increase\
0) 0/0	mercuse

,	100/:
c)	10% increase\
d)	12% increase
	opulation of a city increases by 25% and then decreases by 20%, what is the net tage change?\
a)	0%\
b)	5% increase\
c)	10% decrease\
d)	5% decrease
19. If a pri	ce increases by 40% and then decreases by 30%, the final change is:\
a)	2% increase\
b)	10% increase\
c)	10% decrease∖
d)	2% decrease
percent	ary of a person is first increased by 20% and then decreased by 10%. What is the overall tage change?\
a)	8% increase\ 10% increase\
b)	
c)	10% decrease\
d)	No change
21. If an ar	ticle is sold at a profit of 25%, then the selling price is what percentage of the cost price?\
a)	100%\
b)	125%\
c)	150%\
d)	175%
	keeper allows a discount of 10% on the marked price and still makes a profit of 8%. If the I price is ₹500, what is the cost price?\
a)	₹400\
b)	₹420\
c)	₹450\
d)	₹460

23. If the profit is 20% of the cost price, then what is the profit percentage on the selling price?
a) 16.67%\
b) 18%\
c) 20%\
d) 22%
24. A product is marked at ₹1,200 and sold for ₹960. What is the percentage discount given?
a) 15%\
b) 20%\
c) 25%\
d) 30%
25. If an article is bought for ₹500 and sold for ₹650, what is the percentage profit?
a) 20%\
b) 25%\
c) 30%\
d) 35%
26. If A's income is 20% more than B's, then B's income is what percentage less than A's?
a) 16.67%
b) 18%
c) 20%
d) 25%
27.If the ratio of boys to girls in a school is 3:2, what percentage of the total students are boys?
e) 30%
f) 40%
g) 50%
h) 60%
28 A city's population increased from 2,00,000 to 2,50,000 in 2 years. What is the percentage increase?
a. 20%
b. 25%
c. 30%

d. 35%
In an election, a candidate gets 65% of the total votes and wins by 3000 votes. How many total votes were cast?
a. 5000
b. 6000
c. 8000
d. 9000
The price of an article is reduced by 30%. By what percentage must the new price be increased to restore the original price?
a. 30%
b. 42.85%
c. 50%
d. 60%
If a number is increased by 50% and then decreased by 50%, what is the net percentage change?
a. 0%
b. 25% decrease
c. 50% decrease
d. 75% decrease
d. 75% decrease
If A is 20% taller than B, then B is shorter than A by:
a. 16.67%
b. 18%
c. 20%
d. 25%
If 30% of a number is 90, what is 60% of the same number?
a. 120
b. 150
c. 180

	₹20,000
d.	₹25,000
	rice of petrol increases by 20%. By what percentage should consumption be reduced to ain the same expense?
a.	16.67%
b.	18%
c.	20%
d.	25%
	rice of a TV was first increased by 20% and then decreased by 10%. What is the overall ntage change?
a.	8% increase
b.	10% increase
c.	10% decrease
d.	No change
	pkeeper marks an item 25% above the cost price and gives a 20% discount. What is his /loss percentage?
a.	0%
a. b.	
	2% profit
b.	2% profit 5% profit
b. c. d.	2% profit 5% profit
b. c. d.	2% profit 5% profit 10% loss cost price of an article is ₹500 and it is sold at a loss of 20%, what is the selling price?
b. c. d. 38 If the	2% profit 5% profit 10% loss cost price of an article is ₹500 and it is sold at a loss of 20%, what is the selling price? ₹350
b. c. d. 38 If the a.	2% profit 5% profit 10% loss cost price of an article is ₹500 and it is sold at a loss of 20%, what is the selling price? ₹350
b. c. d. 38 If the a.	2% profit 5% profit 10% loss cost price of an article is ₹500 and it is sold at a loss of 20%, what is the selling price? ₹350 ₹375 ₹400
b. c. d. 38 If the a. b.	2% profit 5% profit 10% loss cost price of an article is ₹500 and it is sold at a loss of 20%, what is the selling price? ₹350 ₹375 ₹400 ₹450
b. c. d. 38 If the a. b.	2% profit 5% profit 10% loss cost price of an article is ₹500 and it is sold at a loss of 20%, what is the selling price? ₹350 ₹375 ₹400 ₹450 llary is increased by 10% and then decreased by 10%, what is the final percentage change?
b. c. d. 38 If the a. b. d. 39 If a sa	2% profit 5% profit 10% loss cost price of an article is ₹500 and it is sold at a loss of 20%, what is the selling price? ₹350 ₹375 ₹400 ₹450 llary is increased by 10% and then decreased by 10%, what is the final percentage change?

b. ₹18,000

d. 2% decrease 40 A student needs 40% marks to pass. He gets 200 marks and fails by 20 marks. What are the total marks? a. 500 b. 550 c. 600 d. 650 41 A man spends 20% of his salary on rent, 30% on food, and 10% on transport. If he saves ₹18,000, what is his salary? a. ₹40,000 b. ₹45,000 c. ₹50,000 d. ₹55,000 42 The cost of an item is first increased by 30% and then decreased by 30%. What is the overall percentage change? a. 0% b. 9% decrease c. 9% increase d. 15% decrease 43) The population of a town increases by 10% every year. If the current population is 10,000, what will

it be after 3 years?

a) 13,310

- b) 13,500
- c) 14,000
- d) 14,200
- 44) If 15% of A is equal to 20% of B, then A:B is:
- a) 3:4

b) 4:3

- c) 3:5
- d) 5:3
- 45) If the cost price of an item is ₹800 and the profit made is 25%, what is the selling price?
- a) ₹900

b) ₹1000

- c) ₹1050
- d) ₹1100
- 46) If the cost price (CP) of an item is ₹200 and the selling price (SP) is ₹250, what is the profit

percentage? a) 20% b) 25% c) 30% d) 40%
47) A man sells an article for ₹720 at a profit of 20%. Find the cost price. a) ₹600 b) ₹620 c) ₹650 d) ₹700
48) A shopkeeper sells an item at a loss of 15%. If the cost price is ₹500, find the selling price. a) ₹400 b) ₹425 c) ₹450 d) ₹475
49) A man purchased a cycle for ₹1500 and sold it at a loss of 10%. What was the selling price? a) ₹1200 b) ₹1300 c) ₹1350 d) ₹1400
50) A trader marks his goods at 30% above the cost price and allows a discount of 10%. What is his gain percent? a) 17% b) 18% c) 19% d) 20%