

---1. Write a SQL query to retrieve the first 5 rows from the "customers" table .

```
SELECT TOP 5
    [Customer_Name]

FROM [Warehouse].[Customers]
```

---2. Write a SQL query to retrieve the unique city names from "customers" table sorted in descending_order.

```
SELECT Distinct
    [City_Name]

FROM [Warehouse].[Customers]

Order by [City_Name] desc
```

---3. Write a SQL query to get the number of unique city names "offices" table.

```
SELECT Distinct
    [City_Name]

FROM [Warehouse].[offices]
```

---4. Write a SQL query to get the maximum, minimum and average value from the "age" column in the "customers" table.

```
SELECT
    max([Age])
    ,min([Age])
    ,avg([Age])

FROM [Warehouse].[Customers]

Group by

    [Age]
```

---5. Write a SQL query to get the city names which are present in "offices" table but not in "customer" table.

```

SELECT
    o.[City]

FROM [Warehouse].[Offices] as O
left join [Warehouse].[Customers] as C
on o.[City]=c.[City]

where c.[City] is Null

```

---6. Write a SQL query to get the city names which are present in "offices" table as well as in "customer" table.

```

SELECT
    o.[City]

FROM [Warehouse].[Offices] as O
Inner join [Warehouse].[Customers] as C
on o.[City]=c.[City]

```

---7. Write a SQL query to get records where city or state is not given in "customer" table and creditlimit is in the_range 80000 - 130000.

```

Select *
    [City]
    ,[Credit_Limit]
    ,[State]

from [Warehouse].[Customers]
where [City] is not Null or [State] is not Null and [Credit_limit] in
(8000,130000)

```

---8. Write a SQL query to get the maximum number of orders placed on a particular date and what is that_date in orders_table.

```

SELECT top 1

count ([Number_of_orders]) as Ord
,[Date]

FROM [Warehouse].[Orders]

Group by [Number_of_orders]

```

order by ord desc

---9. For the records which we get in previous question(Q8), write a SQL query to get the customer names_and their phone numbers.

```
SELECT c.[customer_name]
, c.[phone_number]

FROM [Warehouse].[Customers] as c
JOIN [Warehouse].[Orders] as o

ON c.[customer_No] = o.[customer_no]
WHERE o.[order_date] = (
    SELECT TOP 1 [order_date]
    FROM [Warehouse].[Orders]
    GROUP BY [order_date]
    ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC
)
```

---10. SQL query to get the customer phone number and customer name from customers table where_order is either cancelled or disputed in orders_table.

```
SELECT c.[customer_name]
, c.[phone_number]
,o[Order_Status]
,c.[Order_id]

FROM [Warehouse].[Customers] as c
left join [Warehouse].[Orders] as o
on c.[Order_id]=o.[Order_id]

where o[Order_Status] in ('Cancelled','disputed')
```

---11. Write a SQL query to get the top 4 highest selling products from orderdetails table.

```
Select top 4 [Product_Name]
,Sum([Order_quantity])

From [Warehouse].[Order_details]

Group by [Product_Name]
[Order_quantity]
```

---12. Write a SQL query to get the count of orders placed by each customer in 2003 and 2004.

```
Select [Customer_Name]
  Count([Order_id]) as order_placed

From [Warehouse].[Orders]
where year([Order_date] in( 2003,2004)

Group by [order_id]
```

---13. Write a SQL query to get the city names from customer table where more than 4 customers reside.

```
select [City]

From [Warehouse].[Customers]

Group by [City]

Having count ([customer_name]) >4
```