Digital Image Processing Assignment 1

- 1. Define Digital Image. With a neat block diagram explain the fundamental steps of image processing.
- 2. The process of image acquisition by sensors strips and sensor arrays is essential in image processing. Justify.
- 3. Explain four basic gray level transformation techniques.
- 4. Medical imaging and health care require application of image processing. Justify.
- 5. Explain the role of arithmetic and logic operations on image enhancement.
- 6. Let p and q are two pixels at coordinates (100, 120) and (130, 160) respectively Compute
 - i. Euclidean distance
 - ii. Chess board distance
 - iii. Manhattan distance
- 7. Consider the gray scale image in matrix form. Let each element be a pixel of an image and values of the elements represent intensities of the pixels. Perform histogram equalization on this image and scale the intensity to 1-20.

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
3 \ 2 \ 4 \ 5 \\
7 \ 7 \ 8 \ 2 \\
3 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \\
5 \ 4 \ 6 \ 7
\end{array}\right)$$

- 8. Discuss the limiting effect of repeatedly applying a 3x3 low-pass spatial filter to a digital image. You may ignore border effects. Is this effect different from applying 5x5 filter?
- 9. Explain the role of sampling and quantization with an example.
- 10. Consider the image segment, Set v= {0,1}, Compute the lengths of shortest 4, 8 and m path between p and q. If path does not exists between p and q, explain why.

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
3 & 1 & 2 & 1 & (q) \\
2 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\
1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
(p)1 & 0 & 1 & 2
\end{array}\right)$$

- 11. Explain image smoothing spatial filters and sharpening spatial filters
- 12. Compare image enhancement and image restoration.