

Modeling and Simulation of the Physical World: Project Check-In

Due on November 21, 2013

Pratool Gadtaula and Zoher Ghadyali

Equations

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma F &= ma \\ \vec{F}_{thrust} + \vec{F}_{lift} + \vec{F}_{drag} + m\vec{g} &= m\vec{a} \\ m\frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} &= \vec{F}_{thrust} + \frac{1}{2}C_l\rho Av^2\hat{s} - \frac{1}{2}C_D\rho Av^2\hat{v} - mg\hat{j} \\ \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} &= \vec{v}\end{aligned}$$

Graph

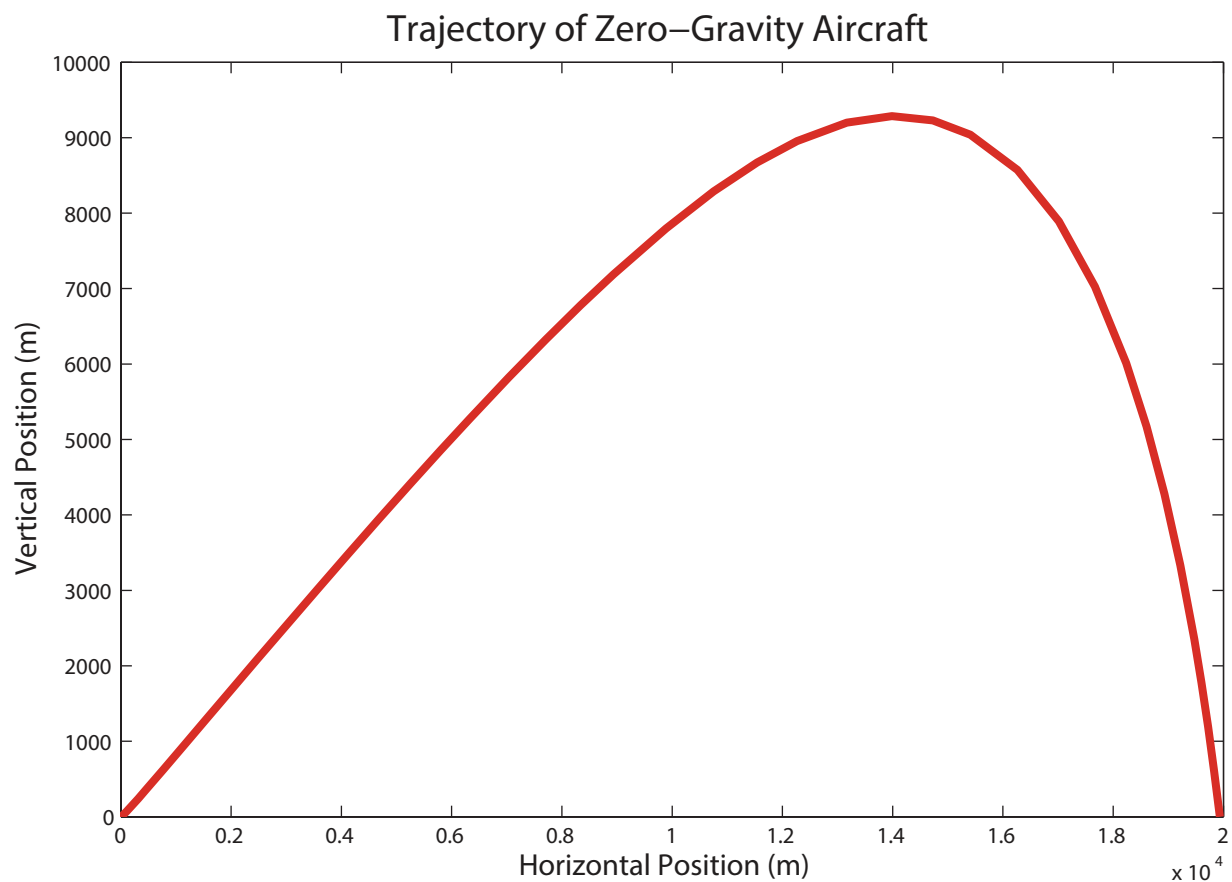


Figure 1: Trajectory of a typical zero-gravity aircraft

Iterations

This model is our first iteration. Most zero-gravity aircrafts travel for greater than 15 parabolic free-falls. We have modeled only one free-fall so far. We will also be operating in a third dimension in order to vary the flight path. The flight path will be elliptical when taken from a bird's eye view. The eccentricity of this ellipse will change between 0 and 1 in order to determine most efficient flight path, within terms of fuel or distance.