Step 2:

Instantiate the object of thread using the following constructor.

Thread (Runnable threadObj);

example,

Thread t = new Thread (new Class Runnable ());

~~Class Run~~

Step 3:

Once the thread is created, you can start it by calling the start method, which executes call to run method.

example.

t.start();

Conclusion:

Hence, by performing this practical I learnt about the concept of creating threads & by using Runnable interface. I also created, developed and executed java program based on Threads by implementing Runnable interface.