

## **Practical No 11**

**Aim** : Develop, debug and Execute a C program to simulate Optimal page replacement algorithms

**Apparatus:** Mingw compiler for C/C++, and a text editor for developing C code file (Dev C++).

**Theory** :

### **What is Page Replacement algorithm?**

- In an operating system that uses paging for memory management, a page replacement algorithm is needed to decide which page needs to be replaced when new page comes in.
- The page replacement algorithms do this task of deciding which page needs to be replaced when a new page arrives in the memory.

### **What are the components of Page Replacement Algorithms?**

#### **Page fault:**

- A page fault happens when a running program accesses a memory page that is mapped into the virtual address space but is not loaded in physical memory.
- Since actual physical memory is much smaller than virtual memory, page faults can happen.
- In case of page faults, the operating system might have to replace one of the existing pages with the newly needed page.
- Different page replacement algorithms suggest different ways to decide which page to replace.
- The target for all algorithms is to reduce the number of page faults.

#### **Page Hit:**

- When we want to load the page on the memory, and the page is already available on memory, then it is called page hit.

### **What is Optimal Page Replacement?**

- The idea is simple, for every reference we do following : If referred page is already present, increment hit count.
- If not present, find if a page that is never referenced in future. If such a page exists, replace this page with new page. If no such page exists, find a page that is referenced farthest in future. Replace this page with new page.

**Example:**

Reference string: 7,0,1,2,0,3,0,4,2,3,0,3,2,1,2,0,1,7,0,1

No of frames: 4

F4				2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
F3			1	1	1	1	1	4	4	4	4	4	4	1	1	1	1	1	1
F2		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F1	7	7	7	7	7	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	7	7	7
	*	*	*	*	HIT	*	HIT	*	HIT	HIT	HIT	HIT	HIT	*	HIT	HIT	HIT	*	HIT

Page fault (\*): 8

Page hit (HIT): 12

Page fault ratio = No. of page fault / No. of reference string

$$= 8/20$$

$$= 40\%$$

Page hit ratio = No. of page ratio / No. of reference string

$$= 12/20$$

$$= 60\%$$

**Code:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int no_of_frames, no_of_pages, frames[10], pages[30], temp[10], hit_miss_flag =
0,flag1, flag2, flag3, i, j, k, pos, max, faults = 0;
    int isfault = 0, ishit = 0;
    printf("Enter number of frames: ");
    scanf("%d", &no_of_frames);

    printf("Enter number of pages: ");
    scanf("%d", &no_of_pages);
```

```
printf("Enter page reference string: ");

for(i = 0; i < no_of_pages; ++i){
    scanf("%d", &pages[i]);
}

for(i = 0; i < no_of_frames; ++i){
    frames[i] = -1;
}

for(i = 0; i < no_of_pages; ++i){
    isfault = 0;
    flag1 = flag2 = 0;

    for(j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j){
        if(frames[j] == pages[i]){
            flag1 = flag2 = 1;
            break;
        }
    }

    if(flag1 == 0){
        for(j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j){
            if(frames[j] == -1){
                faults++;
                isfault = 1;
                frames[j] = pages[i];
                flag2 = 1;
                break;
            }
        }
    }

    if(flag2 == 0){
        flag3 = 0;

        for(j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j){
            temp[j] = -1;

            for(k = i + 1; k < no_of_pages; ++k){
                if(frames[j] == pages[k]){
                    temp[j] = k;
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }

    for(j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j){
        if(temp[j] == -1){
            pos = j;
            flag3 = 1;
            break;
        }
    }

    if(flag3 == 0){
        max = temp[0];
        pos = 0;

        for(j = 1; j < no_of_frames; ++j){
            if(temp[j] > max){
                max = temp[j];
                pos = j;
            }
        }
    }
    frames[pos] = pages[i];
    faults++;
}

printf("\n");
int prevFrames[no_of_frames];
int hit_miss_flag[no_of_frames] ;
int sum = 0;
for(j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j){

    if(frames[j] == -1)
        printf("\t ");
    else
        printf("\t%d", frames[j]);

}

}

printf("\n\nTotal Page Faults = %d", faults);
printf("\nTotal Page Hits    = %d", no_of_pages-faults);
printf("\nPage fault ratio   = %0.2f%%", faults/(float)no_of_pages * 100);
printf("\nPage Hit ratio     = %0.2f%%", (no_of_pages-faults)/(float)no_of_pages *
100);

```

```
    return 0;
}
```

## Output:

```
D:\_3rdYrNotes\IT-3rd-year-notes\Operating Systems\Codes\os 11.exe
Enter number of frames: 4
Enter number of pages: 20
Enter page reference string: 7 0 1 2 0 3 0 4 2 3 0 3 2 1 2 0 1 7 0 1

    7
    7      0
    7      0      1
    7      0      1      2
    7      0      1      2
    3      0      1      2
    3      0      1      2
    3      0      4      2
    3      0      4      2
    3      0      4      2
    3      0      4      2
    3      0      4      2
    3      0      4      2
    1      0      4      2
    1      0      4      2
    1      0      4      2
    1      0      4      2
    1      0      7      2
    1      0      7      2
    1      0      7      2

Total Page Faults = 8
Total Page Hits   = 12
Page fault ratio  = 40.00%
Page Hit ratio    = 60.00%
-----
```

**Conclusion:**

Hence, by performing this practical I got to know about the concept of Page replacement, page fault and page hit. I also learnt about optimal page replacement algorithm. I also developed, debugged and executed a C program to simulate optimal page replacement algorithm.