

# zomato-data-analysis

July 21, 2023

## 1 Zomato Data Analysis

### 1.1 About Dataset

This dataset provides a comprehensive view of the restaurant scene in the 13 metropolitan areas of India( 900 restaurants) . Researchers, analysts, and food enthusiasts can use this dataset to gain insights into various aspects such as dining and delivery ratings, customer reviews and preferences, popular cuisines, best-selling items, and pricing information across different cities. It enables the exploration of dining patterns, the comparison of restaurants and cuisines between cities, and the identification of trends in the food industry. This dataset serves as a valuable resource for understanding the culinary landscape and making data-driven decisions related to the restaurant business, customer satisfaction, and food choices in these metropolitan areas of India. In this dataset, we have more than 127000 rows and 12 columns, a fairly large dataset. You will be able to get hands-on experience while performing the following tasks and will be able to understand how real-world problem statement analysis is done. In Data Analysis what all things we do

Handling Missing Values Explore numerical features. Explore categorical features. Finding relations between features. You have to perform the following tasks:

Explore the Data read the dataset understand each feature and write down the details. explore the dataset info, describe and find columns with categories, and numeric columns as well. Data Cleaning:

Deleting redundant columns. Renaming the columns. Dropping duplicates. Cleaning individual columns. Remove the NaN values from the dataset Check for some more Transformations Data Visualization:

#### 1.1.1 find out few insights from dataset

What is the average dining rating across all restaurants in the dataset Which metropolitan area has the highest average delivery rating What is the total number of dining votes received by all restaurants in each city How many unique cuisines are represented in the dataset Which restaurant has the highest average dining rating in each city

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[2]: df = pd.read_csv('zomato_dataset.csv')
df.head()
```

```
[2]: Restaurant Name Dining Rating Delivery Rating Dining Votes \
0 Doner King 3.9 4.2 39
1 Doner King 3.9 4.2 39
2 Doner King 3.9 4.2 39
3 Doner King 3.9 4.2 39
4 Doner King 3.9 4.2 39

Delivery Votes Cuisine Place Name City Item Name \
0 0 Fast Food Malakpet Hyderabad Platter Kebab Combo
1 0 Fast Food Malakpet Hyderabad Chicken Rumali Shawarma
2 0 Fast Food Malakpet Hyderabad Chicken Tandoori Salad
3 0 Fast Food Malakpet Hyderabad Chicken BBQ Salad
4 0 Fast Food Malakpet Hyderabad Special Doner Wrap Combo

Best Seller Votes Prices
0 BESTSELLER 84 249.0
1 BESTSELLER 45 129.0
2 NaN 39 189.0
3 BESTSELLER 43 189.0
4 MUST TRY 31 205.0
```

```
[3]: df.shape
```

```
[3]: (123657, 12)
```

```
[4]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 123657 entries, 0 to 123656
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Restaurant Name        123657 non-null object
1   Dining Rating          91421 non-null float64
2   Delivery Rating        122377 non-null float64
3   Dining Votes           123657 non-null int64
4   Delivery Votes         123657 non-null int64
5   Cuisine                123657 non-null object
6   Place Name             123657 non-null object
7   City                   123657 non-null object
8   Item Name              123657 non-null object
9   Best Seller            27942 non-null object
10  Votes                  123657 non-null int64
11  Prices                  123657 non-null float64
```

```
dtypes: float64(3), int64(3), object(6)
memory usage: 11.3+ MB
```

```
[5]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[5]: Restaurant Name      0
     Dining Rating      32236
     Delivery Rating     1280
     Dining Votes        0
     Delivery Votes      0
     Cuisine             0
     Place Name          0
     City                0
     Item Name           0
     Best Seller        95715
     Votes               0
     Prices              0
     dtype: int64
```

```
[6]: df.drop(['Best Seller'],inplace= True, axis=1)
```

```
[7]: mean = np.mean(df['Dining Rating'])
     mean
```

```
[7]: 3.822264031240087
```

```
[8]: df['Dining Rating']= df['Dining Rating'].replace(np.nan,3.8)
```

```
[9]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[9]: Restaurant Name      0
     Dining Rating        0
     Delivery Rating     1280
     Dining Votes        0
     Delivery Votes      0
     Cuisine             0
     Place Name          0
     City                0
     Item Name           0
     Votes               0
     Prices              0
     dtype: int64
```

```
[10]: print(np.mean(df['Delivery Rating']))
```

```
3.9631842584799433
```

```
[11]: df['Delivery Rating']= df['Delivery Rating'].replace(np.nan,3.9)
```

```
[12]: df.describe()
```

```
[12]:
```

	Dining Rating	Delivery Rating	Dining Votes	Delivery Votes	\
count	123657.000000	123657.000000	123657.000000	123657.000000	
mean	3.816460	3.962530	152.729858	115.763725	
std	0.351543	0.244708	232.214061	243.970828	
min	2.500000	2.500000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	3.700000	3.800000	0.000000	0.000000	
50%	3.800000	4.000000	30.000000	0.000000	
75%	4.000000	4.100000	217.000000	23.000000	
max	4.800000	4.600000	997.000000	983.000000	

	Votes	Prices
count	123657.000000	123657.000000
mean	24.666772	241.378399
std	125.236009	192.830713
min	0.000000	0.950000
25%	0.000000	130.000000
50%	0.000000	208.570000
75%	15.000000	299.000000
max	9750.000000	12024.000000

```
[13]: df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
[13]: 26322
```

```
[14]: df=df.drop_duplicates()
```

```
[15]: df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
[15]: 0
```

```
[16]: df.describe()
```

```
[16]:
```

	Dining Rating	Delivery Rating	Dining Votes	Delivery Votes	\
count	97335.000000	97335.000000	97335.000000	97335.000000	
mean	3.815949	3.958819	152.631345	115.579771	
std	0.350789	0.244124	231.127900	242.644336	
min	2.500000	2.500000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	3.700000	3.800000	0.000000	0.000000	
50%	3.800000	4.000000	30.000000	0.000000	
75%	4.000000	4.100000	221.000000	32.000000	
max	4.800000	4.600000	997.000000	983.000000	

	Votes	Prices
count	97335.000000	97335.000000
mean	16.701998	244.016323

std	98.271749	198.468133
min	0.000000	0.950000
25%	0.000000	130.000000
50%	0.000000	209.000000
75%	9.000000	299.000000
max	9750.000000	12024.000000

```
[17]: df.corr()
```

C:\Users\asus\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_16736\1134722465.py:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric\_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric\_only to silence this warning.

```
df.corr()
```

```
[17]:
```

	Dining Rating	Delivery Rating	Dining Votes	Delivery Votes	\
Dining Rating	1.000000	0.262485	0.235939	-0.112168	
Delivery Rating	0.262485	1.000000	0.143883	-0.063411	
Dining Votes	0.235939	0.143883	1.000000	-0.246941	
Delivery Votes	-0.112168	-0.063411	-0.246941	1.000000	
Votes	0.034723	0.043759	0.004984	-0.054184	
Prices	0.058239	0.053642	0.016352	0.012276	

	Votes	Prices
Dining Rating	0.034723	0.058239
Delivery Rating	0.043759	0.053642
Dining Votes	0.004984	0.016352
Delivery Votes	-0.054184	0.012276
Votes	1.000000	-0.053287
Prices	-0.053287	1.000000

```
[18]: df.columns
```

```
[18]: Index(['Restaurant Name', 'Dining Rating', 'Delivery Rating', 'Dining Votes',
        'Delivery Votes', 'Cuisine ', 'Place Name', 'City', 'Item Name',
        'Votes', 'Prices'],
        dtype='object')
```

```
[19]: df.nunique()
```

```
[19]:
```

Restaurant Name	826
Dining Rating	24
Delivery Rating	18
Dining Votes	294
Delivery Votes	263
Cuisine	48
Place Name	324

```

City          17
Item Name     55693
Votes         760
Prices        2710
dtype: int64

```

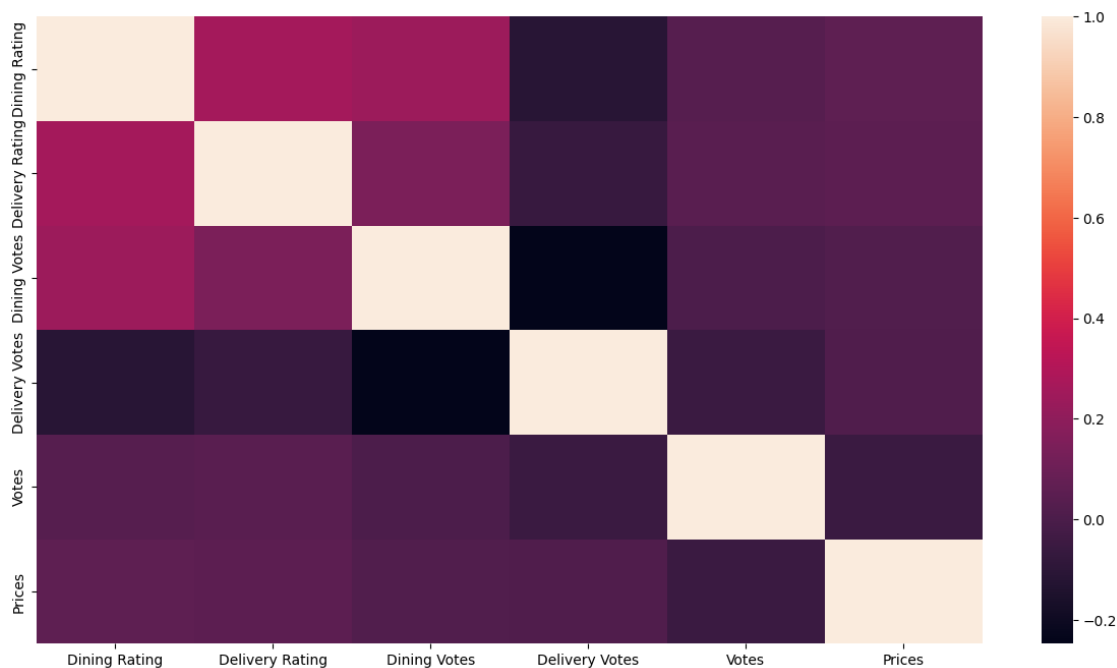
```
[20]: df['City'].unique()
```

```
[20]: array([' Hyderabad', ' Mumbai', ' Chennai', ' Pune', ' Jaipur', ' Kochi',
        ' Goa', ' Bangalore', ' Kolkata', ' Ahmedabad', ' Banaswadi',
        ' Ulsoor', ' Malleshwaram', ' Magrath Road', ' Lucknow',
        ' New Delhi', ' Raipur'], dtype=object)
```

```
[21]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sns.heatmap(df.corr())
plt.show()
```

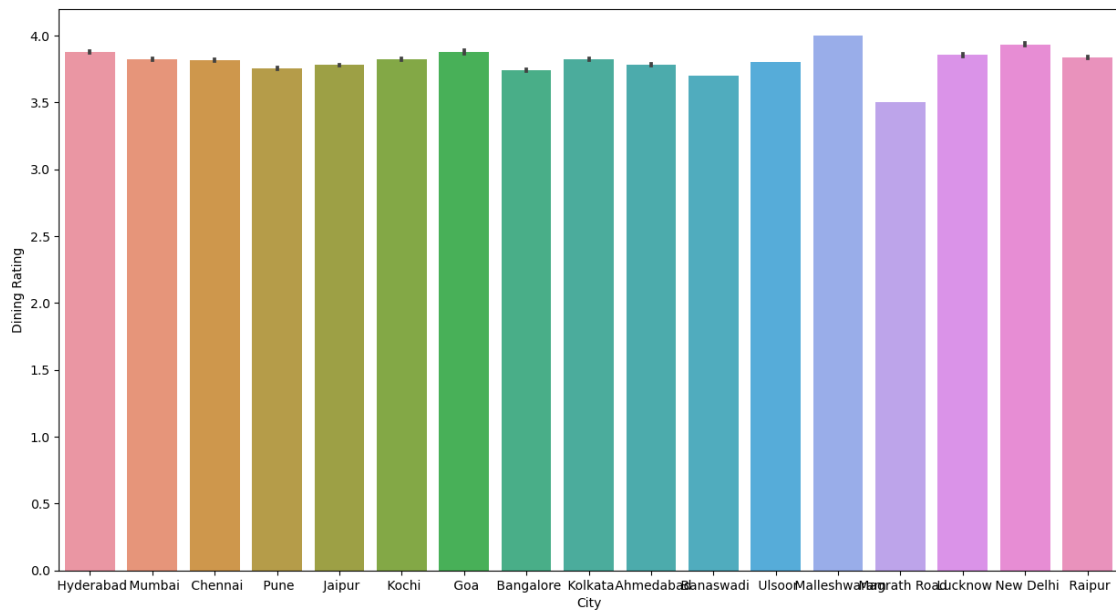
C:\Users\asus\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_16736\1966855796.py:2: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric\_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric\_only to silence this warning.

```
sns.heatmap(df.corr())
```

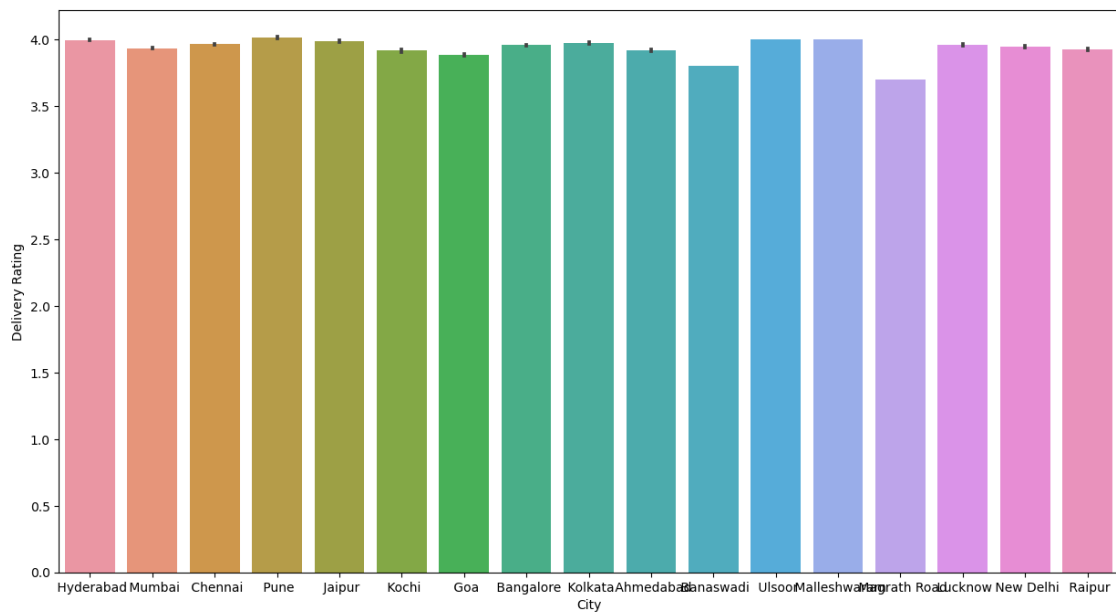


```
[22]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sns.barplot(x='City',y='Dining Rating',data=df)
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
[23]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sns.barplot(x='City',y= 'Delivery Rating', data=df)
plt.show()
```



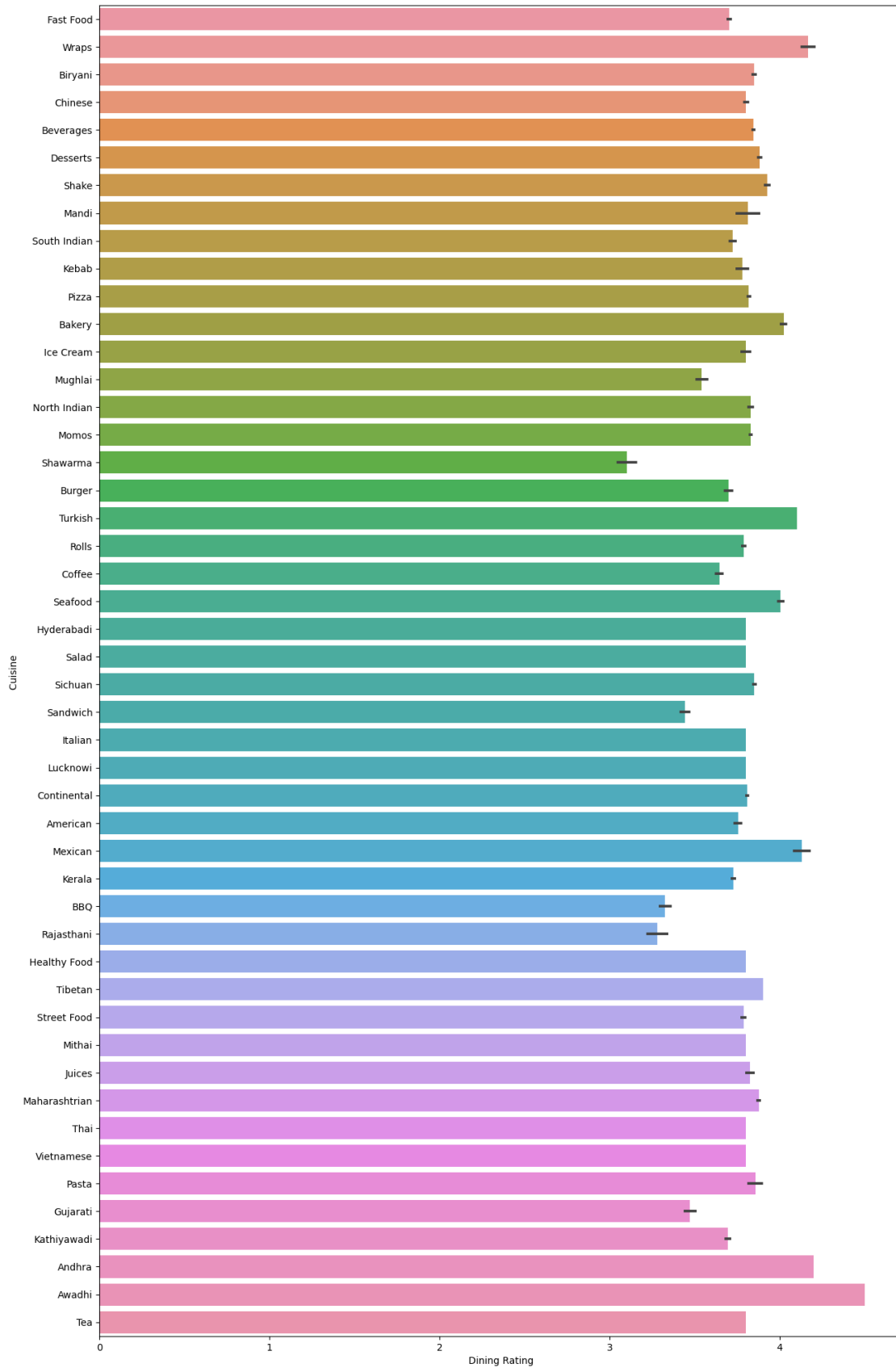
### 1.1.2 How many unique cuisines are represented in the dataset

```
[24]: df['Cuisine '].unique()
```

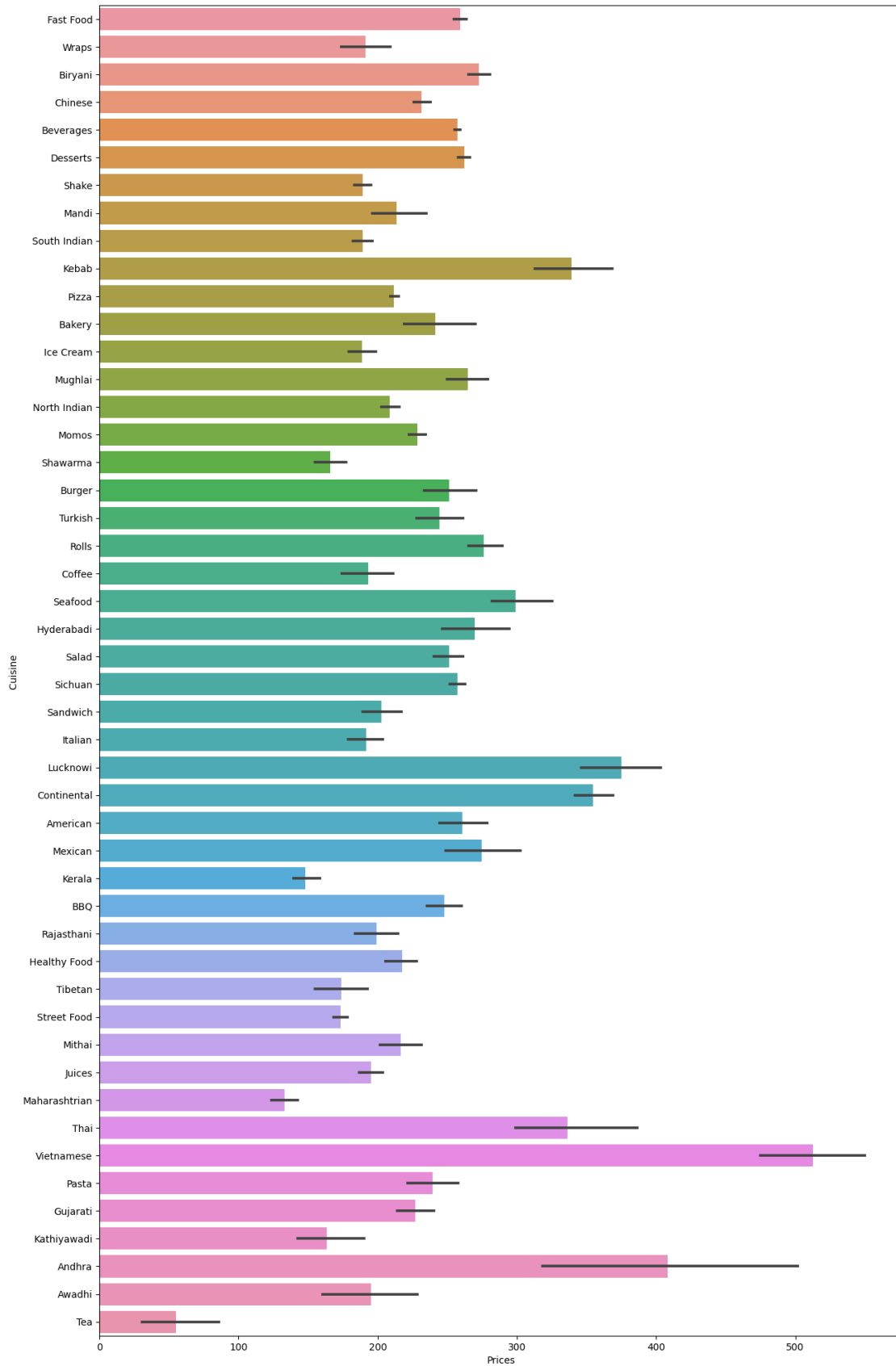
```
[24]: array(['Fast Food', 'Wraps', 'Biryani', 'Chinese', 'Beverages',  
        'Desserts', 'Shake', 'Mandi', 'South Indian', 'Kebab', 'Pizza',  
        'Bakery', 'Ice Cream', 'Mughlai', 'North Indian', 'Momos',  
        'Shawarma', 'Burger', 'Turkish', 'Rolls', 'Coffee', 'Seafood',  
        'Hyderabadi', 'Salad', 'Sichuan', 'Sandwich', 'Italian',  
        'Lucknowi', 'Continental', 'American', 'Mexican', 'Kerala', 'BBQ',  
        'Rajasthani', 'Healthy Food', 'Tibetan', 'Street Food', 'Mithai',  
        'Juices', 'Maharashtrian', 'Thai', 'Vietnamese', 'Pasta',  
        'Gujarati', 'Kathiyawadi', 'Andhra', 'Awadhi', 'Tea'], dtype=object)
```

```
[25]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,25))  
sns.barplot(x='Dining Rating',y= 'Cuisine ', data=df)  
plt.show()
```





```
[26]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,25))  
sns.barplot(x='Prices',y= 'Cuisine ', data=df)  
plt.show()
```



### 1.1.3 What is the average dining rating across all restaurants in the dataset

```
[27]: print(np.mean(df['Dining Rating']))
```

```
3.815949041968459
```

### 1.1.4 Which metropolitan area has the highest average delivery rating

```
[28]: gb = df.groupby('City')
```

```
[33]: gb.mean()
```

C:\Users\asus\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_16736\553916201.py:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric\_only in DataFrameGroupBy.mean is deprecated. In a future version, numeric\_only will default to False. Either specify numeric\_only or select only columns which should be valid for the function.

```
gb.mean()
```

```
[33]:
```

	Dining Rating	Delivery Rating	Dining Votes	Delivery Votes \
City				
Ahmedabad	3.782216	3.917175	142.973428	114.925402
Banaswadi	3.700000	3.800000	47.000000	139.000000
Bangalore	3.740401	3.957338	118.559854	94.002549
Chennai	3.818042	3.964381	206.660974	126.735592
Goa	3.877447	3.881912	20.161028	215.647722
Hyderabad	3.880092	3.996788	136.075731	99.663508
Jaipur	3.779186	3.988339	192.196016	96.865439
Kochi	3.823380	3.915401	159.499411	117.783538
Kolkata	3.822085	3.974234	200.036808	52.443657
Lucknow	3.855960	3.958623	244.714375	108.563969
Magrath Road	3.500000	3.700000	0.000000	112.000000
Malleswaram	4.000000	4.000000	746.000000	0.000000
Mumbai	3.825207	3.935348	143.072082	150.904364
New Delhi	3.934645	3.945792	198.145719	52.298361
Pune	3.752234	4.015382	87.548809	142.068504
Raipur	3.834241	3.924095	68.001328	166.759880
Ulsoor	3.800000	4.000000	0.000000	7.000000

	Votes	Prices
City		
Ahmedabad	12.531936	225.248306
Banaswadi	0.976471	349.466471
Bangalore	15.908335	231.867958
Chennai	11.900325	259.707505
Goa	0.693730	223.341547

Hyderabad	34.876486	248.855075
Jaipur	20.038057	223.468007
Kochi	13.861134	228.144257
Kolkata	21.644592	237.867345
Lucknow	23.239026	238.958427
Magrath Road	1.800000	240.314000
Malleshwaram	17.161290	189.354839
Mumbai	8.189139	306.032386
New Delhi	15.345355	242.091027
Pune	10.840262	245.982877
Raipur	9.956161	197.693584
Ulsoor	0.000000	704.388889

From the above table we can see City Pune has highest average delivery rating.

### 1.1.5 What is the total number of dining votes received by all restaurants in each city

```
[49]: df.groupby(['City', 'Restaurant Name'])['Dining Votes'].sum()
```

```
[49]: City      Restaurant Name
      Ahmedabad 1944 -The HOCCO Kitchen      0
              A-One Bombay Biryani      450
              Al Baik Fast Food      2340
              Alinea Restaurant & Banquet  45738
              Alpine Restaurant & Banquet  56760
              ...
      Raipur    Ustaad's Kitchen      5112
              Veggiies      9548
              Wafflez      5472
              Xero Degrees      0
      Ulsoor    Dum Safar Biryani      0
      Name: Dining Votes, Length: 907, dtype: int64
```

Above table has total number of dining votes of each restaurant of the city

```
[46]: gb.sum()
```

C:\Users\asus\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_16736\624691301.py:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric\_only in DataFrameGroupBy.sum is deprecated. In a future version, numeric\_only will default to False. Either specify numeric\_only or select only columns which should be valid for the function.

```
gb.sum()
```

```
[46]:      Dining Rating  Delivery Rating  Dining Votes  Delivery Votes \
City
Ahmedabad      31029.3      32136.5      1172954      942848
Banaswadi      314.5      323.0      3995      11815
```

Bangalore	33745.9	35703.1	1069647	848091
Chennai	41139.4	42716.2	2226772	1365576
Goa	8596.3	8606.2	44697	478091
Hyderabad	48314.9	49768.0	1694415	1241010
Jaipur	40218.1	42443.9	2045350	1030842
Kochi	22714.7	23261.4	947586	699752
Kolkata	25336.6	26345.2	1326044	347649
Lucknow	18535.6	19029.1	1176342	521867
Magrath Road	122.5	129.5	0	3920
Malleshwaram	124.0	124.0	23126	0
Mumbai	43037.4	44276.6	1609704	1697825
New Delhi	10800.6	10831.2	543910	143559
Pune	24100.6	25790.8	562326	912506
Raipur	23089.8	23630.9	409504	1004228
Ulsoor	205.2	216.0	0	378

	Votes	Prices
City		
Ahmedabad	102812	1847937.10
Banaswadi	83	29704.65
Bangalore	143525	2091912.72
Chennai	128226	2798348.37
Goa	1538	495148.21
Hyderabad	434282	3098743.39
Jaipur	213245	2378146.53
Kochi	82349	1355405.03
Kolkata	143482	1576822.63
Lucknow	111710	1148673.16
Magrath Road	63	8410.99
Malleshwaram	532	5870.00
Mumbai	92136	3443170.37
New Delhi	42123	664539.87
Pune	69627	1579948.02
Raipur	59956	1190510.76
Ulsoor	0	38037.00

Above table has total number of dining votes for all restaurants in the city.

#### 1.1.6 Which restaurant has the highest average dining rating in each city

```
[64]: idx = gb['Dining Rating'].idxmax()
      rate = df.loc[idx]
```

```
[65]: print(rate[['Restaurant Name', 'City', 'Dining Rating']])
```

	Restaurant Name	City	Dining Rating
89172	Urban Khichdi	Ahmedabad	4.6
94473	GOPIZZA	Banaswadi	3.7

65625	Truffles	Bangalore	4.6
32723	AB's - Absolute Barbecues	Chennai	4.7
63090	Ritz Classic	Goa	4.4
15354	Exotica	Hyderabad	4.6
76069	Thali and More	Jaipur	4.7
56766	Cafe 17	Kochi	4.6
72232	Chowman	Kolkata	4.4
100331	Dastarkhwan	Lucknow	4.5
99791	Keventers Ice Cream	Magrath Road	3.5
96031	Rajdhani	Malleshwaram	4.0
17436	Chaitanya	Mumbai	4.5
106300	Natural Ice Cream	New Delhi	4.8
43248	Sukanta	Pune	4.2
118057	Creams N Caffeine	Raipur	4.3
94757	Dum Safar Biryani	Ulsoor	3.8

[ ]: