CS6350

Big data Management Analytics and Management Sping 2019

Homework 1

Submission Deadline: 25th February, 2019

In this homework, you will be using hadoop/mapreduce to analyze social network data.

Q1

Write a MapReduce program in Hadoop that implements a simple "Mutual/Common friend list of two friends". The key idea is that if two people are friend then they have a lot of mutual/common friends. This program will find the common/mutual friend list for them.

For example, Alice's friends are Bob, Sam, Sara, Nancy Bob's friends are Alice, Sam, Clara, Nancy Sara's friends are Alice, Sam, Clara, Nancy

As Alice and Bob are friend and so, their mutual friend list is [Sam, Nancy]
As Sara and Bob are not friend and so, their mutual friend list is empty. (In this case you may exclude them from your output).

Input:

Input files

1. soc-LiveJournal1Adj.txt

The input contains the adjacency list and has multiple lines in the following format:

<User><TAB><Friends>

2. userdata.txt

The userdata.txt contains dummy data which consist of

column1: userid
column2: firstname
column3: lastname
column4: address
column5: city
column6: state
column7: zipcode
column8: country
column9: username
column10: date of birth.

Here, <User> is a unique integer ID corresponding to a unique user and <Friends> is a

comma-separated list of unique IDs corresponding to the friends of the user with the unique ID <User>. Note that the friendships are mutual (i.e., edges are undirected): if A is friend with B then B is also friend with A. The data provided is consistent with that rule as there is an explicit entry for each side of each edge. So when you make the pair, always consider (A, B) or (B, A) for user A and B but not both.

Output: The output should contain one line per user in the following format:

<User A>, <User B><TAB><Mutual/Common Friend List>

where <User_A> & <User_B> are unique IDs corresponding to a user A and B (A and B are friend). < Mutual/Common Friend List > is a comma-separated list of unique IDs corresponding to mutual friend list of User A and B.

Please find the output for the following pairs: (0,1), (20, 28193), (1, 29826), (6222, 19272), (28041, 28056)

Submit the source code and the output via the elearning website.

Q2.

Please answer this question by using dataset from Q1.

Find friend pairs whose number of common friends (number of mutual friend) is within the top-10 in all the pairs. Please

output them in decreasing order.

Output Format:

<User_A>, <User_B><TAB><Number of Mutual Friends><TAB><Mutual/Common Friend
Number>

03.

Please use in-memory join to answer this question.

Given any two Users (they are friend) as input, output the list of the names and the city of their mutual friends.

Note: use the userdata.txt to get the extra user information.

Output format:

UserA id, UserB id, list of [city] of their mutual Friends.

Sample Output:

0, 41 [Evangeline: Loveland, Agnes: Marietta]

Q4.

Using reduce-side join and job chaining:

- Step 1: Calculate the average age of the direct friends of each user.
- Step 2: Sort the users by the average age from step 1 in descending order.
- Step 3. Output the tail 15 (15 lowest averages) users from step 2 with their address and the

calculated average age.

Sample output:

User A, 1000 Anderson blvd, Dallas, TX, average age of direct friends.