Online Chess Game using SpringBoot

Team A15:

Ayush Praveen - PES1UG20CS900 Aneesh Ravishankar - PES1UG20CS051 Amogh Skanda Suresh - PES1UG20CS036 Ananya Menon - PES1UG20CS043

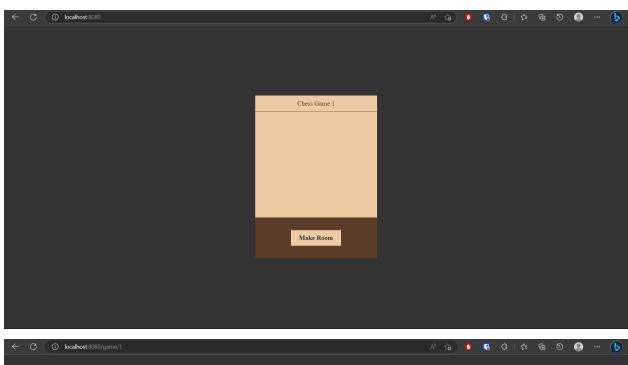
Synopsis:

The online chess game is a web-based multiplayer game that allows players to play chess with each other in real-time. The game is implemented as a web application using modern web technologies such as Handlebars, CSS, JavaScript, and server-side frameworks like Spring Boot.

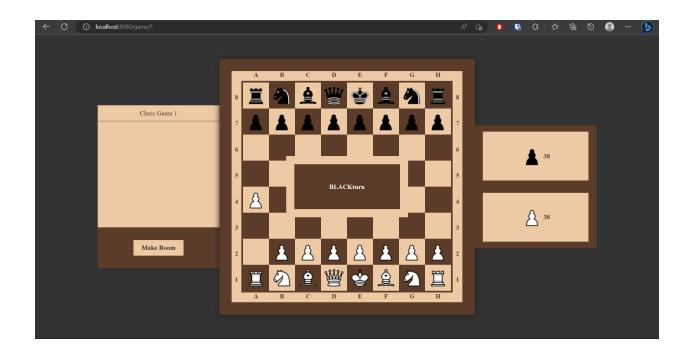
The game is designed to be easy to use and accessible to players of all levels of experience. It features a clean and intuitive user interface that allows players to create a room and start playing games quickly and easily.

The core gameplay mechanics of the game follow the standard rules of chess, with players taking turns moving their pieces on a virtual chessboard. The game includes features such as move validation, legal move highlighting, and game state tracking to ensure that the game is fair and accurate.

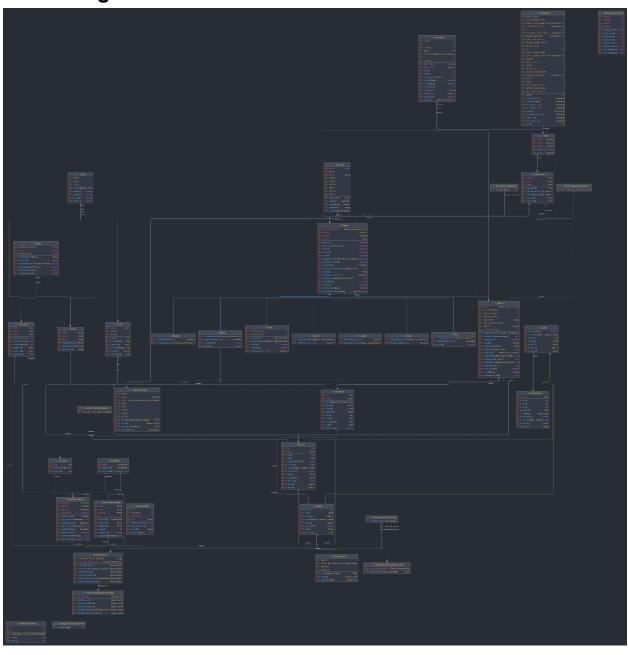
Overall, the online chess game provides a fun and engaging platform for players to enjoy the classic game of chess with their friends.







Class Diagram:



SOLID Design Principles

1. SRP and DIP is:

Followed by:

-BoardDto

BoardDto depends on the board class which is a low-level module however through the Board interface

```
J BoardDto.java 1 X
      package ooadj.chessmp.dto;
      import java.util.List;
     import ooadj.chessmp.domain.game.Board;
      public class BoardDto {
         private List<String> board;
         public BoardDto(Board board) {
             this.board = board.getBoard()
                 .values()
                 .stream()
                 .map(piece -> piece.isBlack() ? piece.symbol().toUpperCase() : piece.symbol())
                 .collect(Collectors.toList());
          public List<String> getBoard() {
              return board;
          public void setBoard(List<String> board) {
              this.board = board;
```

SRP violations:

Board

2. Open close:

Followed by:

Chessgamerepository:

3. LSP is implemented in

DESIGN PATTERNS

Singleton pattern is used where a single instance of the class is created and a global point of access is given to that instance

Some code snippets:

Board:

When the game is finished/ends finished.java

```
public class Finished implements State {
11
         private Board board;
12
         private Turn turn;
13
         public Finished(Board board, Turn turn) {
15
              this.board = board;
              this.turn = turn;
17
19
         private Score score(Color color) {
              return Score.calculate(board.findPiecesByColor(color));
20
21
22
23
         @Override
24
         public State start() {
25
             throw new UnsupportedOperationException();
27
         @Override
29
         public State end() {
30
             throw new UnsupportedOperationException();
31
32
33
         @Override
         public State move(Position source, Position target) {
             throw new UnsupportedOperationException();
37
         @Override
         public Board board() {
40
             return board;
41
42
43
         @Override
         public Turn turn() {
             return turn;
```

Board.java -

```
public class Board {
   public static final Board EMPTY = new Board();
   private static final int BLACK_PIECES_Y = 7;
   private static final int BLACK_PAWNS_Y = 6;
   private static final int WHITE_PIECES_Y = 0;
   private static final int WHITE_PAWNS_Y = 1;
   private static final int INITIAL_KING_COUNT = 2;
   private static final String DELIMITER = "";
   private Map<Position, Piece> board;
   private Board() {
       this.board = new TreeMap<>();
   public static Board create() {
       Board board = new Board();
       List<Symbol> pieceSequence = Arrays.asList(
           Symbol.ROOK, Symbol.KNIGHT, Symbol.BISHOP, Symbol.QUEEN,
           Symbol.KING, Symbol.BISHOP, Symbol.KNIGHT, Symbol.ROOK
        for (Position position : Position.values()) {
           board.setBlank(position);
        for (int x = Position.BEGIN_X; x < Position.END_X; x++) {</pre>
           board.setPiece(Position.of(x, BLACK_PIECES_Y),
               PieceFactory.create(pieceSequence.get(x), Position.of(x, BLACK_PIECES_Y), Color.BLACK));
           board.setPiece(Position.of(x, BLACK_PAWNS_Y),
               PieceFactory.create(Symbol.PAWN, Position.of(x, BLACK_PAWNS_Y), Color.BLACK));
           board.setPiece(Position.of(x, WHITE_PAWNS_Y),
               PieceFactory.create(Symbol.PAWN, Position.of(x, WHITE_PAWNS_Y), Color.WHITE));
           board.setPiece(Position.of(x, WHITE_PIECES_Y),
               PieceFactory.create(pieceSequence.get(x), Position.of(x, WHITE_PIECES_Y), Color.WHITE));
        return board;
```

Factory Method:

```
public enum PieceFactory {
         PAWN(Symbol.PAWN, Pawn::new),
         ROOK(Symbol.ROOK, Rook::new),
         KNIGHT(Symbol.KNIGHT, Knight::new),
         BISHOP(Symbol.BISHOP, Bishop::new),
11
         QUEEN(Symbol.QUEEN, Queen::new),
12
         KING(Symbol.KING, King::new);
         private final Symbol symbol;
         private final BiFunction<Position, Color, Piece> creator;
         PieceFactory(Symbol symbol, BiFunction<Position, Color, Piece> creator) {
              this.symbol = symbol;
             this.creator = creator;
         public static Piece create(Symbol symbol, Position position, Color color) {
              return Arrays.stream(values())
                  .filter(pieceFactory -> pieceFactory.symbol == symbol)
                  .findFirst()
                  .orElseThrow(IllegalArgumentException::new)
26
                  .creator.apply(position, color);
         public static Piece createBlank(Position position) {
              return new Blank(position);
```

Iterator Design Pattern

```
package ooadj.chessmp.domain.piece;
import java.util.Iterator;
public class Path implements Iterator<Position> {
  private Position source;
  private Position target;
  private Direction direction;
  public Path(Position source, Position target, Direction direction) {
      this.source = source;
      this.target = target;
      this.direction = direction;
   @Override
  public boolean hasNext() {
      return source.add(direction.getX(), direction.getY()) != target;
   @Override
  public Position next() {
      return source = source.add(direction.getX()), direction.getY());
```