

# **BARLA ANILKUNAR**

Java Full Stack \_Coding Assessment\_15's report

Submitted on Dec 24 2023 13:11:51 IST







problems attempted out of 3



2.9 / 5

avg. code quality score



**Severe Violation** 

flagged by DoSelect proctoring

# Test time analysis



53m 45s

time taken for completion



Dec 15 2023 19:54:10 IST

test invite time



Dec 24 2023 12:18:06 IST

test start time



Dec 24 2023 13:11:51 IST

test end time

# **Performance summary**



solutions accepted



solution partially accepted

# **Proctor analysis**



browser used



navigation violation



webcam violations



no test window violation

**Webcam Violation** - flagged by DoSelect Proctoring Engine due to below reasons

#### **Total Frames Captured: 0**

Frames with Matching Faces	<b>o</b>
Frames with Multiple Faces	0
Frames with Different Face	0
Frames with No Face	0

#### **Total Frames Missing: 3225**

Webcam not detected	0
Test-taker closing the tab	0
Network Issues	0
Other factors*	3225

#### **Total Webcam Violations: 2**

Set of 10 back-to-back Suspicious Frames**	0
Set of 10 back-to-back Missing frames	1
Suspicious Frames**/Missing Frames detected in more than 10% of test duration	1

#### **Identity Image**



 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}$  Missing frames due to other factors such as test-taker's system issues etc

<sup>\*\*</sup> Suspicious frames includes Multiple Faces, Different Faces and No Face

## **Solutions**

Problem Name	Problem Type	Status	Score
Average of weekly expense	Database	ACCEPTED	<b>50.0</b> / 50
Paper Wasp	Coding	PARTIALLY ACCEPTED	<b>41.7</b> / 50
Exception in Age	Coding	ACCEPTED	<b>50.0</b> / 50

# **Technology used**



Java



MySQL

## **Additional Information**

Question	Response
Enrollment Number	EBEON0923842377
Batch Code (Eg : 2022-XXXX)	2023-10433

# **Detailed Report**

# **Problem 1 : Average of weekly expense**

DATABASE

SCORE: 50

#### **Environment Specifications & Instructions**

• Type of Database: MySQL

• Database Name to be used: DB WeekExpense

#### **Existing Information**

• Table Descriptions : tbl WeekExpense description as below:

Column Name	Data Type
WeekNumber	varchar(20)
WeekDayName	varchar(50)
Expense	decimal(18, 0)

#### **Problem Statement**

Construct a query to display the average of weekly expense "**Avg\_Expense**" of week number 5 "**Week05**".

#### **Sample Input**

WeekNumber	WeekDayName	Expense
Week05	Monday	20.00
Week05	Tuesday	60.00
Week05	Wednesday	20.00
Week05	Thurusday	42.00
Week05	Friday	10.00
Week05	Saturday	15.00
Week05	Sunday	8.00
Week04	Monday	29.00
Week04	Tuesday	17.00
Week04	Wednesday	42.00
Week04	Thurusday	11.00
Week04	Friday	43.00
Week04	Saturday	10.00
Week04	Sunday	15.00
Week03	Monday	10.00
Week03	Tuesday	32.00
Week03	Wednesday	35.00
Week03	Thurusday	19.00

#### **Sample Output**

Avg_Expense	
<b>4</b>	

#### Note:

The sample output given is not the expected output. It is just given for ease of understanding and clarification.

**Solution** 

ACCEPTED | SCORE: **50.0** / 50

```
1 use DB_WeekExpense;
2 /*
3 * Enter your query below.
4 * Please append a semicolon ";" at the end of the query
5 */
6 Select avg(Expense)as Avg_Expense from tbl_WeekExpense where WeekNumber='week05'
```

#### **Evaluation Details**

# Testcase #1 (weight:1) Status Passed Execution time 0.00s CPU 0s Memory 6MB Description Testcase passed! The solution's output matches the expected output.

#### **Problem 2: Paper Wasp**

CODING | SCORE: **50** 

Your task here is to implement a **Java** code based on the following specifications. Note that your code should match the specifications in a precise manner. Consider default visibility of classes, data fields, and methods unless mentioned otherwise.

#### **Specifications:**

```
class definitions:
class Insect:
 data members:
    String insectName;
    int insectWeight;
    visibility: private
   Insect(String insectName, int insectWeight): constructor with public
visibility
    Define getters and setters with public visibility
    toString(): has been implemented for you
class Insecticides:
 method definition:
   mapInsectstName(List<Insect> list):
    return type: List<String>
    visibility: public
   getWeight(List<Insect> list):
    return type: List<Insect>
    visibility: public
```

#### Task:

#### class **Insect:**

- define class **Insect** according to the above specifications

#### class Insecticides:

#### Implement the below method for this class:

- List<String>mapInsectsName(List<Insect> list): fetch and return the Insect name from
  the list
- List<Insect>getWeight(List<Insect> list): filter the weight from the list greater than 40
  and less than equal to 100, put it into a list and return the desired list

Refer sample output for clarity

#### Sample Input

```
Insecticides i = new Insecticides();
List<Insect> list = new ArrayList<Insect>();
    list.add(new Insect("Ant", 45));
    list.add(new Insect("Cockroach", 65));
    list.add(new Insect("bee", 99));
    list.add(new Insect("paper wasp", 11));
```

```
i.mapInsectstName(list)
i.getWeight(list)
```

#### **Sample Output**

```
[Ant, Cockroach, bee, paper wasp]
------
[Insect{insectName='Ant', insectWeight=45}, Insect{insectName='Cockroach',
insectWeight=65}, Insect{insectName='bee', insectWeight=99}]
```

### **NOTE**

You can make suitable function calls and use the RUN CODE button to check your main()
method output.

#### Solution

PARTIALLY ACCEPTED | SCORE: **41.7** / 50

#### **Code Quality Analysis**



#### Many quality violations

Quality score: 1.8

#### **Deep Code Analysis Results**



#### Straightforward approach

No cyclomatic constructs detected.



#### Modular code

Sufficient reusable components found



#### **Extensible implementation**

The code is easy to extend.

```
1 import java.io.*;
                                                                                      Java 8
2 import java.util.*;
3 import java.text.*;
4 import java.math.*;
5 import java.util.regex.*;
6
7 class Insect {
8 //Code Here..
9 private String insectName;
10 private int insectWeight;
11
     public Insect (String insectName,int insectWeight)
12
13
14
         this.insectWeight=insectWeight;
15
         this.insectName=insectName;
16 }
17  public String getInsectName()
18 {
19
       return insectName;
```

```
20 }
21 public int getInsectWeight()
22 {
       return insectWeight;
23
24 }
25
         @Override
26
       public String toString() {
           return "Insect{" +
27
28
                   "insectName='" + insectName + '\'' +
                   ", insectWeight=" + insectWeight +
29
30
31
       }
32 }
33
34 class Insecticides {
35 //Code Here...
36 public List<String>
37 mapInsectstName(List<Insect>list){
38
        List<String>names=new ArrayList<>();
39
        for(Insect insect:list){
40
            names.add(insect.getInsectName());
41
        }
42
        return names;
43 }
44
45 public List<Insect>
46 getWeight(List<Insect> list){
47
48
     List<Insect> filteredList=new ArrayList<>();
49 for(Insect insect:list){
50
            if(insect.getInsectWeight()>40 && insect.getInsectWeight()<=100){</pre>
51
                filteredList.add(insect);
52
53
        }
        return filteredList;
54
55 }
56 }
57
58 public class Source {
           public static void main(String args[] ) throws Exception {
59
60
                   /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT */
61
                   Insecticides i=new Insecticides();
62
                   List<Insect> list =new ArrayList<>();
63
                   list.add(new Insect("Ant",45));
64
                   list.add(new Insect("Cockroach",65));
                   list.add(new Insect("bee",99));
65
                   list.add(new Insect("paper wasp", 11));
66
67
                   System.out.println(i.mapInsectstName(list));
68
69
                   System.out.println(i.getWeight(list));
70
71
           }
72 }
```

#### **Evaluation Details**

```
Test_Insecticides (weight:1)
```

StatusPassedExecution time3.36sCPU0sMemory1MB

**Description** Testcase passed!

#### **Test getWeight2** (weight:1)

StatusPassedExecution time3.13sCPU0sMemory1MB

**Description** Testcase passed!

#### **Test\_Insect** (weight:1)

StatusFailedExecution time3.24sCPU0sMemory1MB

**Description** Testcase failed.

#### **Evaluation logs**

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.AssertionError: expected:<11> but was:<13>
at org.junit.Assert.fail(Assert.java:88)
at org.junit.Assert.failNotEquals(Assert.java:834)
at org.junit.Assert.assertEquals(Assert.java:645)
at org.junit.Assert.assertEquals(Assert.java:631)
at eval.main(eval.java:13)
```

#### Test\_getWeight1 (weight:1)

StatusPassedExecution time3.03sCPU0sMemory1MB

**Description** Testcase passed!

Test\_mapInsectstName2 (weight:1)

**Status** Passed

**Execution time** 2.98s

**CPU** 0s

**Memory** 1MB

**Description** Testcase passed!

Test\_mapInsectstName1 (weight:1)

**Status** Passed

**Execution time** 2.83s

CPU 0s

**Memory** 1MB

**Description** Testcase passed!

Sample\_TC (sample)

**Status** Passed

**Execution time** 3.60s

**CPU** 0s

**Memory** 1MB

**Description** Testcase passed!

#### **Problem 3: Exception in Age**

CODING SCORE: **50** 

Write a java program to validate the age of a person and display proper message by using user defined exception. Age of a person should be above 15.

Your task here is to implement a **Java** code based on the following specifications. Note that your code should match the specifications in a precise manner. Consider default visibility of classes, data fields and methods unless mentioned otherwise.

#### Specifications

```
class definitions:
   class MyException: Define exception
   class Source:
    method definitions:
        checkAge(int age): throw a user defined exception if age is smaller than
15
        visibility: public
```

#### Task

- Define MyException class
- Create a class **Source** and implement the below given method
- String checkAge(int age): throw a user defined exception if age is smaller than 15

#### Sample Input

22

#### **Sample Output**

valid

#### NOTE:

- The above Sample Input and Sample Output are only for demonstration purposes and will be obtained if you implement the main() method with all method calls accordingly.
- Upon implementation of main() method, you can use the RUN CODE button to pass the
   Sample Input as input data in the method calls and arrive at the Sample Output.

#### **Solution**

ACCEPTED

SCORE: **50.0** / 50

#### **Code Quality Analysis**



#### Minor quality violations

Quality score: 3.9

#### **Deep Code Analysis Results**



#### Straightforward approach

No cyclomatic constructs detected.



#### Modular code

Sufficient reusable components found



#### Low extensibility

Some extensible features detected.

```
1 class MyException extends Exception{
                                                                                      Java 8
     MyException(String message){
3
          super(message);
4
5 }
6 public class Source{
7
       public String checkAge(int age)throws MyException{
8
          if(age <=15){
9
              throw new MyException("Age should be above 15");
10
          else{
11
              return "valid";
12
13
14
15
       public static void main(String[] args){
16
17
18
              Source source = new Source();
               int age = 22;
19
20
               // checkAge(age);
21
              System.out.println(source.checkAge(age));
22
23
          catch(MyException e){
24
              System.out.println(e.getMessage());
25
26
       }
27 }
```

#### **Evaluation Details**

```
Test_Methods_Source (weight:1)

Status Passed

Execution time 3.51s

CPU 0s

Memory 1MB

Description Testcase passed!
```

```
Sample_TC (sample)

Status Passed

Execution time 3.67s
```

**CPU** 0s

Memory 1MB

**Description** Testcase passed!

**Test\_Valid** (weight:1)

**Status** Passed

**Execution time** 3.45s

**CPU** 0s

**Memory** 1MB

**Description** Testcase passed!

Test\_Methods\_MyException (weight:1)

**Status** Passed

**Execution time** 3.86s

CPU 0s

Memory 1MB

**Description** Testcase passed!