

## CS 474: Object Oriented Programming Languages and Environments

### Spring 2014

#### *First Smalltalk project*

*Due time: 7:00 pm on Friday 2/21/2014*

You are required to create a simple *Set calculator* program in Cincom Smalltalk while taking advantage of Smalltalk's automatic GUI builder. The calculator allows an interactive user to enter and edit information about two sets containing integer numbers. The calculator supports basic set operations such as union and intersection between the two sets. *For efficiency reasons, you are required to implement each set as a Binary Search Tree (BST).*

At any point in time, the user will edit and modify one of the two sets, that is,  $S_1$ . When the editing is complete, the user can save  $S_1$  as the second set  $S_2$ . This operation will deep copy the first set ( $S_1$ ) into the second set; however,  $S_1$  is not modified. This set could be edited further. Set operations take place between  $S_1$  and  $S_2$ ; operation results are always stored in  $S_1$ .

Recall that BSTs are binary trees subject to the following properties. First, a numeric value is associated with each node. Second, each node can have at most two children, a left child and a right child. Third, given a node  $x$ , the values of all nodes in the left subtree of  $x$  are less than the value of  $x$ , and the values of all nodes in the right subtree of  $x$  are greater than the value of  $x$ . No duplicate values will be allowed in your trees.

The GUI of your program should support the following functionality; you should choose an appropriate Smalltalk widget to implement each piece of functionality.

1. *Clear set.* This function allows interactive users to delete the current  $S_1$  set. The previous value stored in  $S_1$  is lost.
2. *Switch sets.* The sets associated with  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  are swapped, meaning that  $S_1$  will receive the previous  $S_2$  set and vice versa.
3. *Save set.* The  $S_1$  is copied into  $S_2$ . The previous content of  $S_2$  is lost. The content of  $S_1$  is not affected. The two sets must not share any data structures, that is, they can be modified independently of each other.
4. *Display set contents.* The numeric values stored in the two sets are displayed as two ordered lists (non-decreasing order) in an appropriate widget or widgets. The two sets are not modified.
5. *Add element.* This function allows a user to add a new integer to  $S_1$ . The value is read from an appropriate *line input* widget. No action is taken if the number in question is already in the set. The insertion should preserve the BST properties of  $S_1$ .
6. *Remove element.* This function allows a user to remove an element from  $S_1$ . The value is entered from an appropriate *line input* widget. No action is taken if the number in question is not in the set. Otherwise, the nodes should be rearranged in such a way as to preserve the properties of a BST in the resulting tree.
7. *Union.* This element takes the set union of  $S_1$  and stores the resulting value in  $S_1$ . The previous content of  $S_1$  is lost.  $S_2$  is not modified by this operation.
8. *Intersection.* This element takes the set intersection of  $S_1$  and stores the resulting value in  $S_1$ . The previous content of  $S_1$  is lost.  $S_2$  is not modified by this operation.
9. *Transform.* The user specifies a one-argument block in proper block syntax in an appropriate widget in your interface. The block argument is assumed to be an integer number. The block is applied to all elements in set  $S_1$ .  $S_1$  is destructively modified by replacing each  $S_1$  element with the value returned by executing the block on that element. (Hint: use the class method `readFromString:` to create an executable block object.)

**You must work alone on this project.** Your project code should be in a special package called CS474. Save all your code by filing out that package in the file `xxx.st`, where `xxx` denotes your last name. Submit the file using the submit link in the assignment page of the Blackboard course web site. No late submissions will be accepted.