FakeCheck

Phase-II Presentation

Detecting Fake Human Face Images



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The Big Picture!

Motivation:

Address the issues of Identity theft, fake news propaganda and unrealistic beauty standards on social media.

Last Milestone:

Experimented and evaluated the performance of various classification models like LR, VCNN and VGGs on 140k Real and Fake Face Images Dataset.

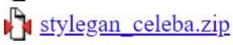
Next Steps:

Evaluate the performance of top performing model from Phase-1 on a more diverse dataset. Understanding and experimenting with GANs to build a data retraining pipeline for the classifier and exposing the final classification model as an API.

Dataset Description:

- → Diverse FakeFace Dataset (DFFD)
- → Greater Diversity in Fake Images
- → GAN generated images
- → Male 48%, Female 52%
- → Age range 21-50 years
- → Image dimensions: 256 x 256 pixels







Dataset Link: http://cvlab.cse.msu.edu/dffd-dataset.html

Proposed Deliverables:

Low Risk Goals

- Exploring DFFD dataset (esp. images generated by GANs)
- Evaluate our Phase-1 model's performance.
- Retrain the model on this diverse dataset (if needed)

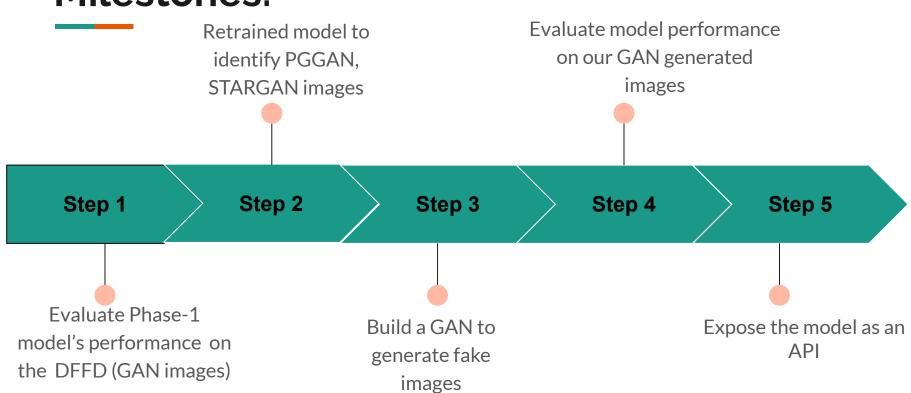
Medium Risk Goals

- Read and broaden our understanding of GANs and generated images.
- Build a GAN to generate fake images.

High Risk Goals

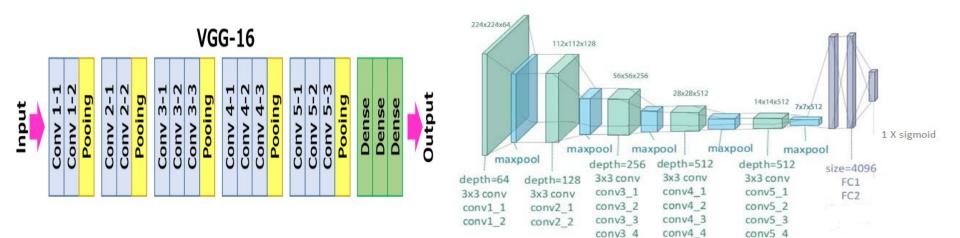
- Evaluate model performance on our GAN generated images.
- Build a complex GAN like PGGAN or StarGAN to generate fake images.
- Expose the classification model as a microservice (API).

Milestones:



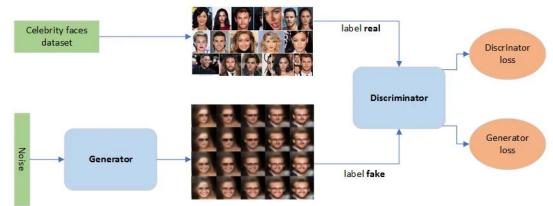
Low Risk Goals

- Phase-1 models (VGG16 & VGG19) performed inefficiently on the DFFD dataset during initial evaluation.
- Hence we retrained both of our models VGG16 & VGG19 on the Diverse Fake Faces
 Dataset and got a good accuracy of 98%.



Medium Risk Goals

- We built and trained a DCGAN model. The models architecture looks like the image on the side.
- This model has a Discriminator (D) and a Generator (G).
- D and G play a minimax game, where D tries to maximize the probability it classifies correctly, and G tries to minimize the probability D classifies its images as fake.
- This DCGAN is trained on a set of all real images from our phase 1 dataset.



$$\min_{G} \max_{D} V(D,G) = \mathbb{E}_{x \sim p_{data}(x)} ig[log D(x)ig] + \mathbb{E}_{z \sim p_z(z)} ig[log (1 - D(G(z)))ig]$$

High Risk Goals

- Our best performing model could identify the custom GAN generated fake images.
- Excellent Failure:
 - Researched on modeling complex GAN like PGGAN and StarGAN to generate fake images.
 - Realized high end computing resources are needed to accomplish the task.
- Designed our fake image classification model as a microservice (API). The frontend of this solution is powered by Streamlit, a state-of-the-art open-source library, skillfully integrated to enhance the user experience.
- Deployed the API on Google Cloud Platform ensuring uninterrupted global availability.

API URL: https://fakecheckimgdetection4-5fyno5m2la-ue.a.run.app/

Thank You!

References:

- Dataset: http://cvlab.cse.msu.edu/dffd-dataset.html
- Papers and Studies:
 - https://arxiv.org/abs/2008.10588
 - https://arxiv.org/pdf/1901.08971v3.pdf
 - https://arxiv.org/pdf/2104.06609.pdf
- Code: https://github.com/PraveenKumarSridhar/FakeCheck/tree/main/notebooks
- Final Report:
 - https://github.com/PraveenKumarSridhar/FakeCheck/tree/main/reports