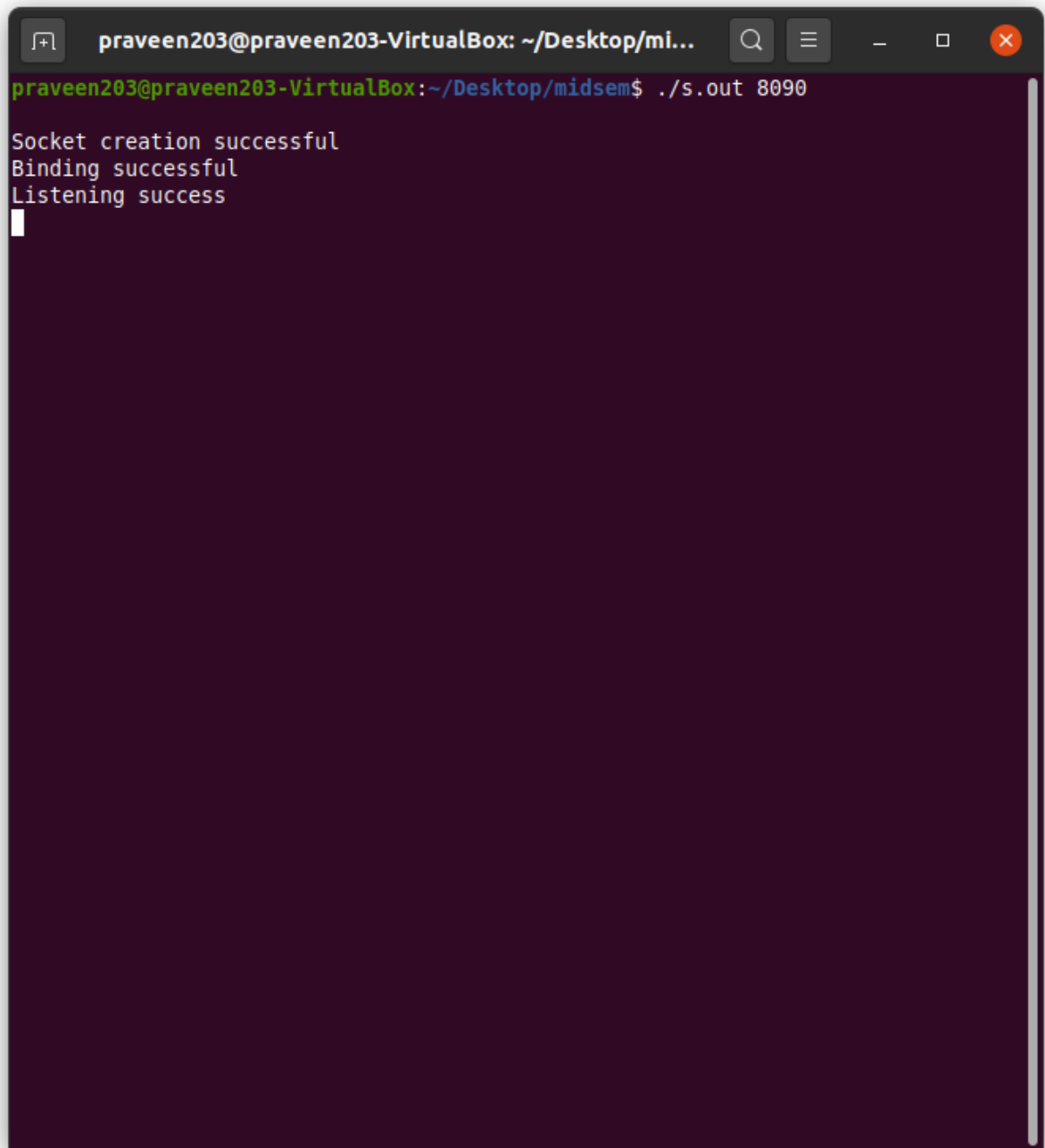


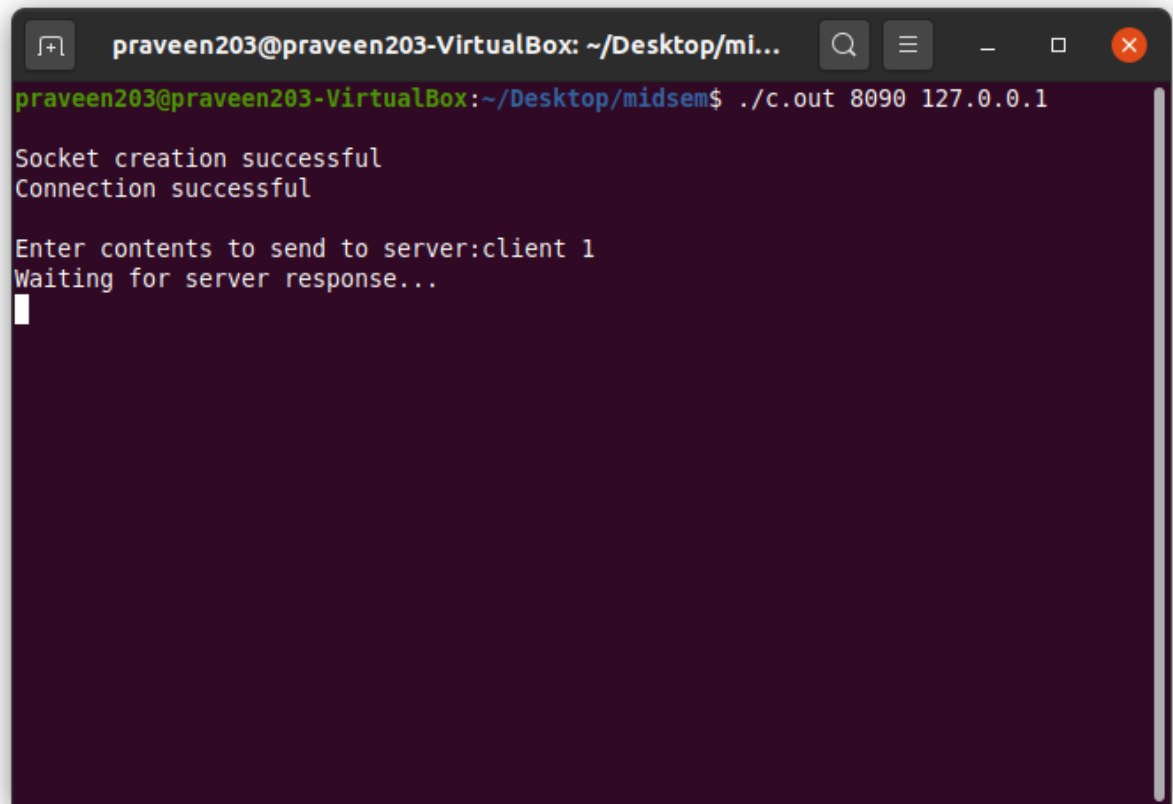
## Computer networks midsem

### 1. Server creation:

A terminal window titled "praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi..." with standard window controls. The prompt is "praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem\$". The command ". /s.out 8090" has been executed, resulting in three lines of output: "Socket creation successful", "Binding successful", and "Listening success". A white cursor is positioned on the line following the last output.

```
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi...  
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$ ./s.out 8090  
Socket creation successful  
Binding successful  
Listening success  
█
```

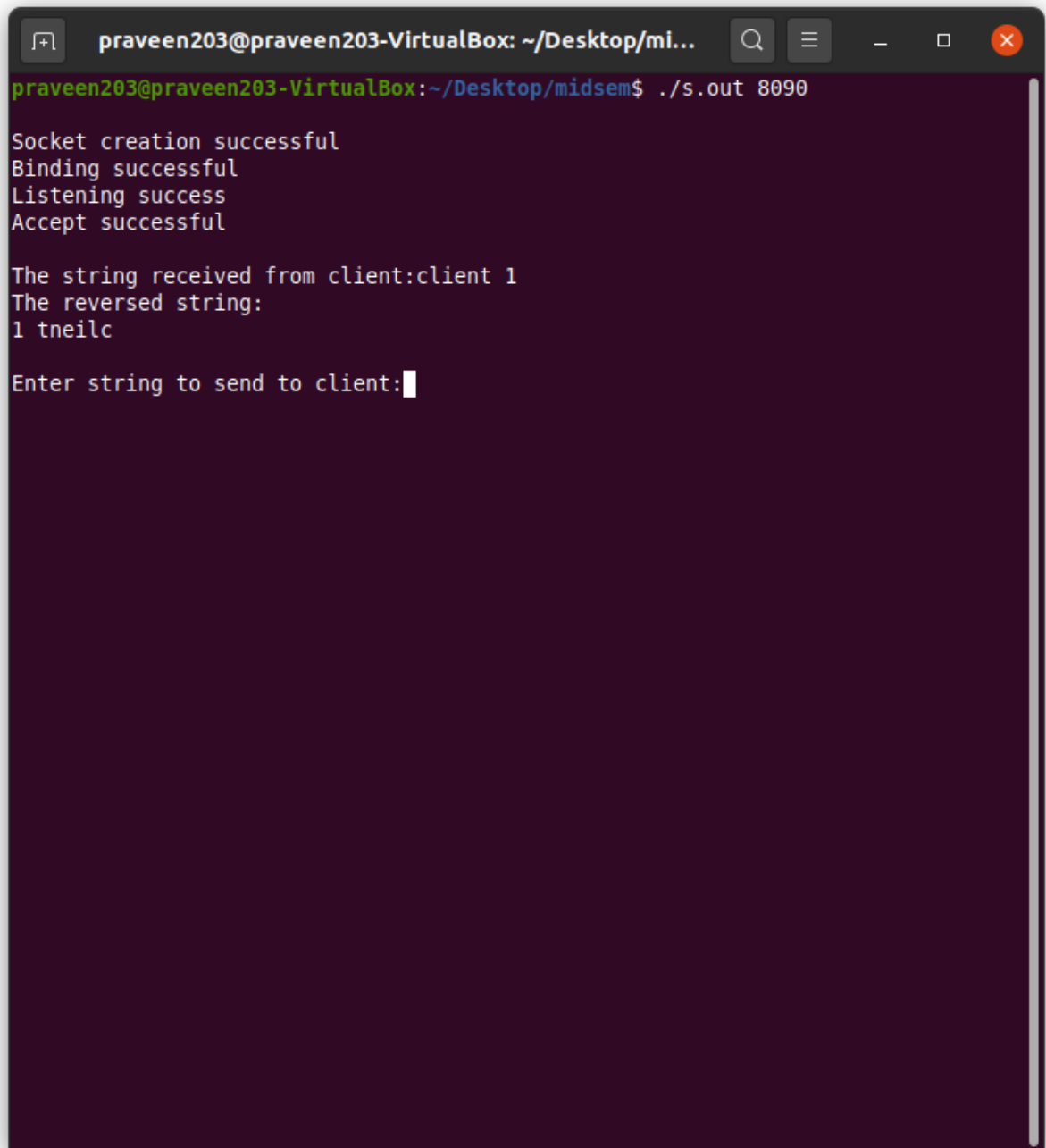
2. Client creation and sending message:



```
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi...  
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$ ./c.out 8090 127.0.0.1  
Socket creation successful  
Connection successful  
Enter contents to send to server:client 1  
Waiting for server response...  
█
```

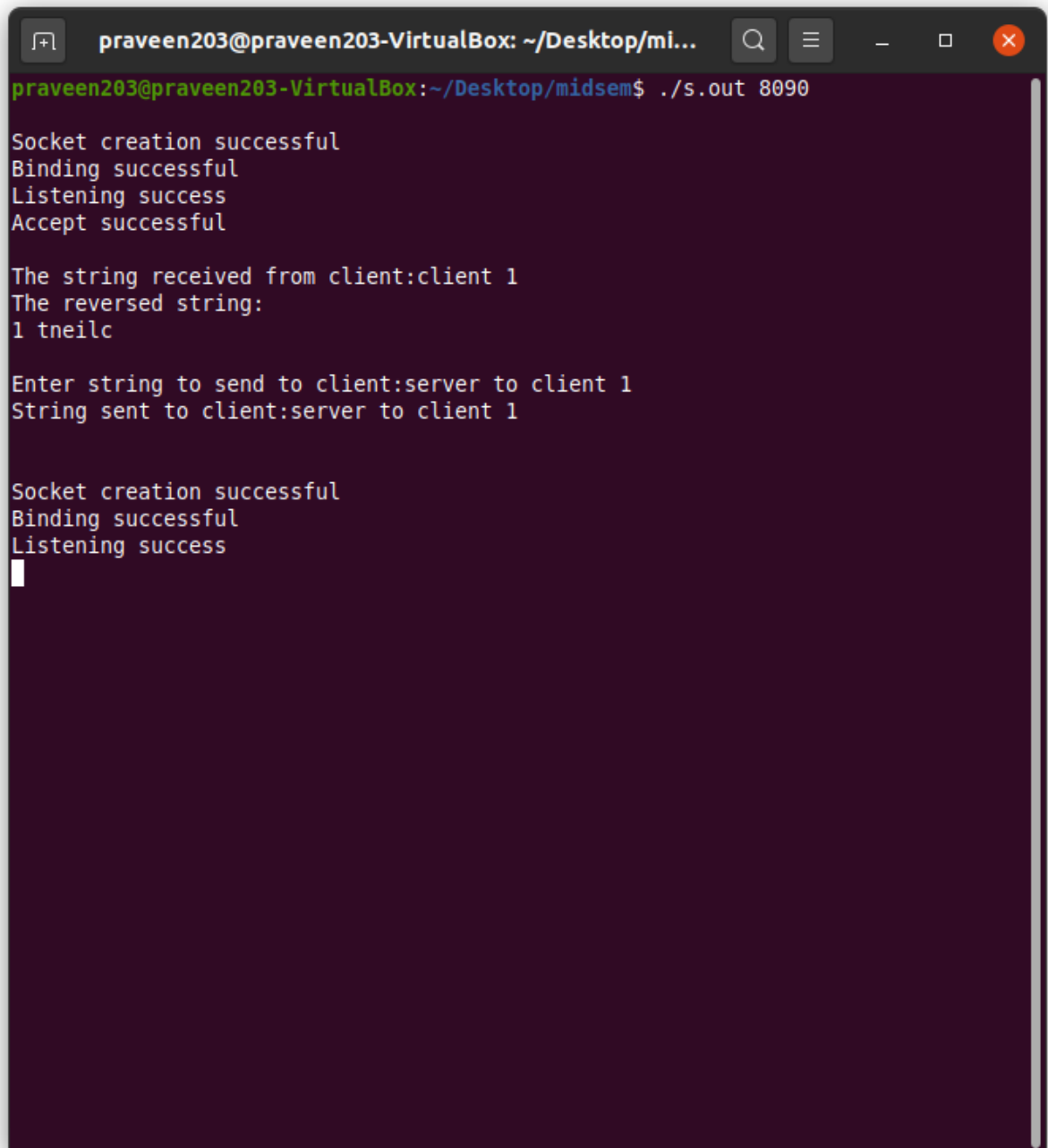
The image shows a terminal window with a dark purple background. The window title is "praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi...". The prompt is "praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem\$". The command executed is "./c.out 8090 127.0.0.1". The output shows "Socket creation successful" and "Connection successful". Then, it prompts "Enter contents to send to server:client 1" and "Waiting for server response...". A cursor is visible on the line "Waiting for server response...".

3. Server receiving message and reversing it:



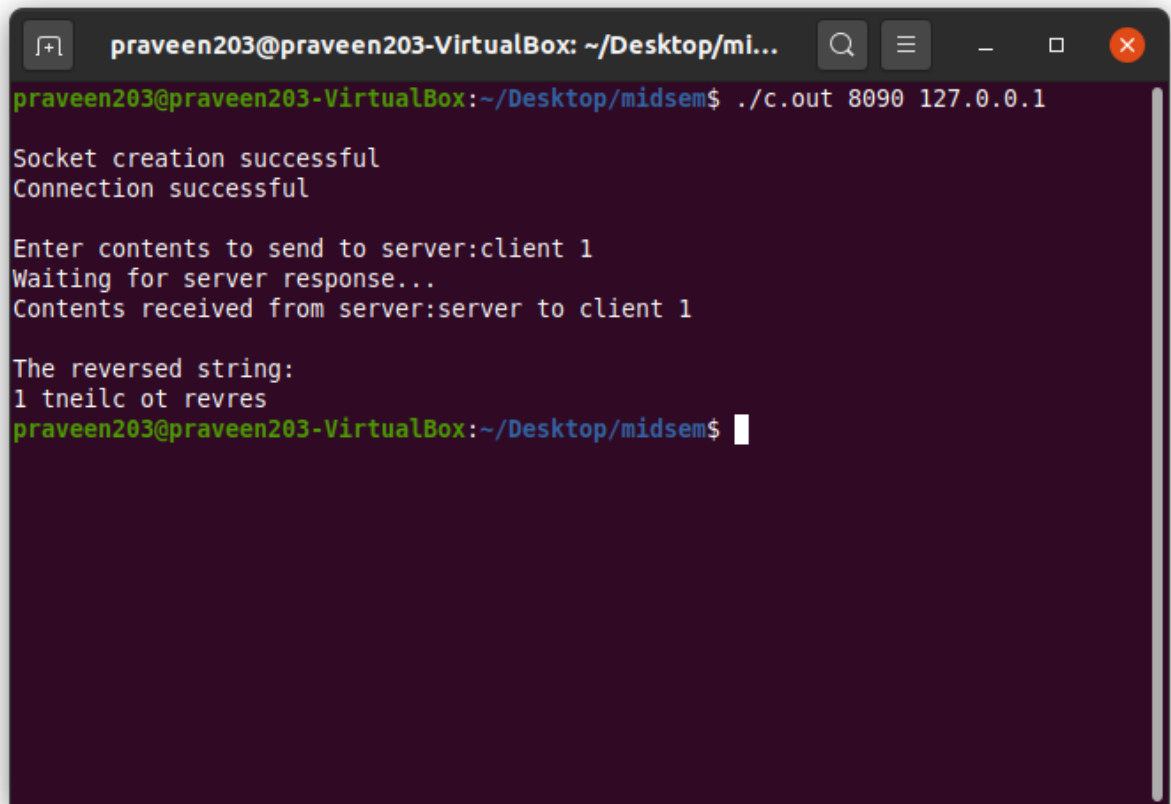
```
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi...  
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$ ./s.out 8090  
  
Socket creation successful  
Binding successful  
Listening success  
Accept successful  
  
The string received from client:client 1  
The reversed string:  
1 tneilc  
  
Enter string to send to client:
```

4. Server sending message:

A terminal window titled 'praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi...' with standard window controls. The terminal shows the execution of a program with the command './s.out 8090'. The output indicates successful socket creation, binding, and listening. It then shows a client connection, the received string '1 tneilc', and the reversed string '1 tneilc'. Finally, it prompts for a string to send to the client, and the user enters '1 tneilc', which is then sent back to the client. The terminal ends with another successful socket creation and listening status.

```
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi...  
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$ ./s.out 8090  
  
Socket creation successful  
Binding successful  
Listening success  
Accept successful  
  
The string received from client:client 1  
The reversed string:  
1 tneilc  
  
Enter string to send to client:server to client 1  
String sent to client:server to client 1  
  
Socket creation successful  
Binding successful  
Listening success  
█
```

5. Client receiving message, reversing it and terminating:



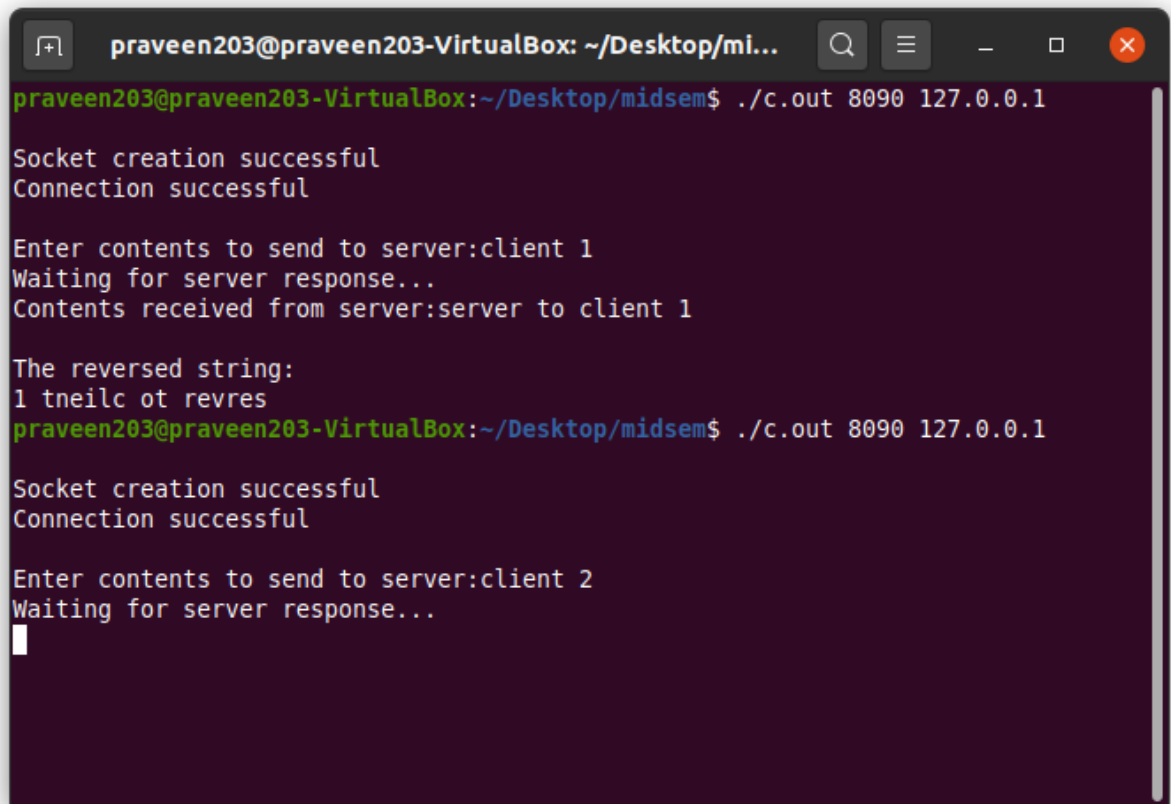
A terminal window titled "praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi..." with standard window controls. The terminal shows the execution of a program with the following output:

```
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$ ./c.out 8090 127.0.0.1
Socket creation successful
Connection successful

Enter contents to send to server:client 1
Waiting for server response...
Contents received from server:server to client 1

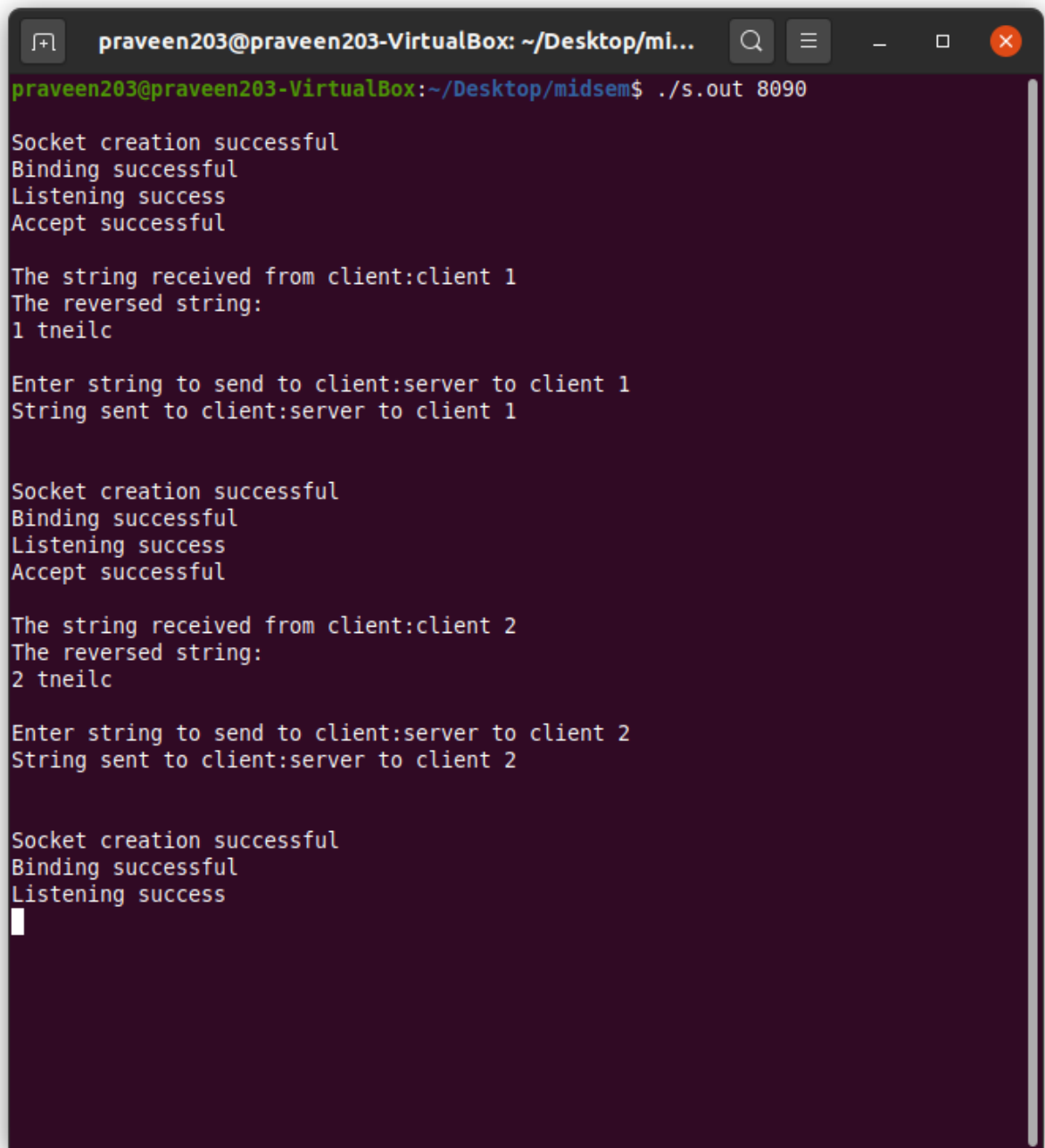
The reversed string:
1 tneilc ot revres
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$
```

6. New client creation and sending message:



```
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi...  
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$ ./c.out 8090 127.0.0.1  
Socket creation successful  
Connection successful  
  
Enter contents to send to server:client 1  
Waiting for server response...  
Contents received from server:server to client 1  
  
The reversed string:  
1 tneilc ot revres  
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$ ./c.out 8090 127.0.0.1  
Socket creation successful  
Connection successful  
  
Enter contents to send to server:client 2  
Waiting for server response...  
█
```

7. Server connecting to new client, receiving and reversing message; then sending new message:



```
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi...
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$ ./s.out 8090

Socket creation successful
Binding successful
Listening success
Accept successful

The string received from client:client 1
The reversed string:
1 tneilc

Enter string to send to client:server to client 1
String sent to client:server to client 1

Socket creation successful
Binding successful
Listening success
Accept successful

The string received from client:client 2
The reversed string:
2 tneilc

Enter string to send to client:server to client 2
String sent to client:server to client 2

Socket creation successful
Binding successful
Listening success
█
```

8. Client accepting message, reversing and terminating:

```
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/mi...
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$ ./c.out 8090 127.0.0.1

Socket creation successful
Connection successful

Enter contents to send to server:client 1
Waiting for server response...
Contents received from server:server to client 1

The reversed string:
1 tneilc ot revres
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$ ./c.out 8090 127.0.0.1

Socket creation successful
Connection successful

Enter contents to send to server:client 2
Waiting for server response...
Contents received from server:server to client 2

The reversed string:
2 tneilc ot revres
praveen203@praveen203-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/midsem$
```

9. Wire shark client to server messages: Filter used: `tcp.dstport==8090 && tcp.len>0`:

The image shows a Wireshark interface with a packet capture named "midsem.pcapng". The filter bar at the top displays "tcp.dstport==8090 & tcp.len>0". The packet list pane shows three captured packets:

No.	Time	Source IP	Destination IP	Source port	Destination port	Length	TCP length	TCP header length	Info
2021-03-15 10:05:47.862473414	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	53306	8090	84	18	32	53306 → 8090 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=18 TSval=4813092901 TSecr=48131	
2021-03-15 10:06:03.083895783	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	53308	8090	75	9	32	53308 → 8090 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=9 TSval=4813108122 TSecr=48131	
2021-03-15 10:06:17.282316788	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	53310	8090	80	14	32	53310 → 8090 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=14 TSval=4813122321 TSecr=48131	

The packet details pane for the selected packet (No. 1) shows the following structure:

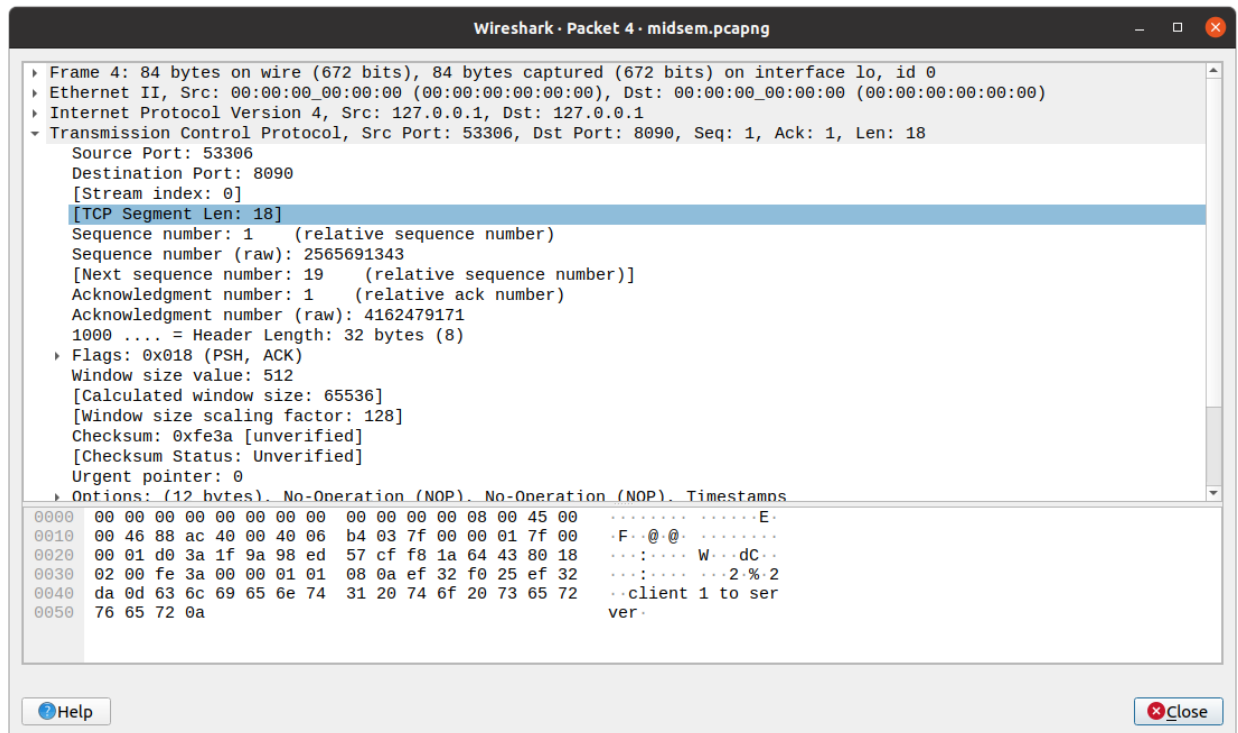
- Frame 4: 84 bytes on wire (672 bits), 84 bytes captured (672 bits) on interface lo, id 0
- Ethernet II, Src: 00:00:00:00:00:00 (00:00:00:00:00:00), Dst: 00:00:00:00:00:00 (00:00:00:00:00:00)
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 127.0.0.1, Dst: 127.0.0.1
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 53306, Dst Port: 8090, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 18
  - Source Port: 53306
  - Destination Port: 8090

The packet bytes pane shows the raw data in hexadecimal and ASCII:

```
0000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 08 00 45 00 .....E..
0010 00 46 88 ac 40 00 40 06 b4 03 7f 00 00 01 7f 00 ..F.@...
0020 00 01 d0 3a 1f 9a 90 ed 57 cf f0 1a 04 43 00 1b ...:..M-.dc..
0030 02 00 fe 3a 00 00 01 01 08 0a ef 32 f0 25 ef 32 ....:..%2
0040 da 0d 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 31 20 74 6f 20 73 65 72 .client 1 to ser
0050 76 65 72 0a ver.
```

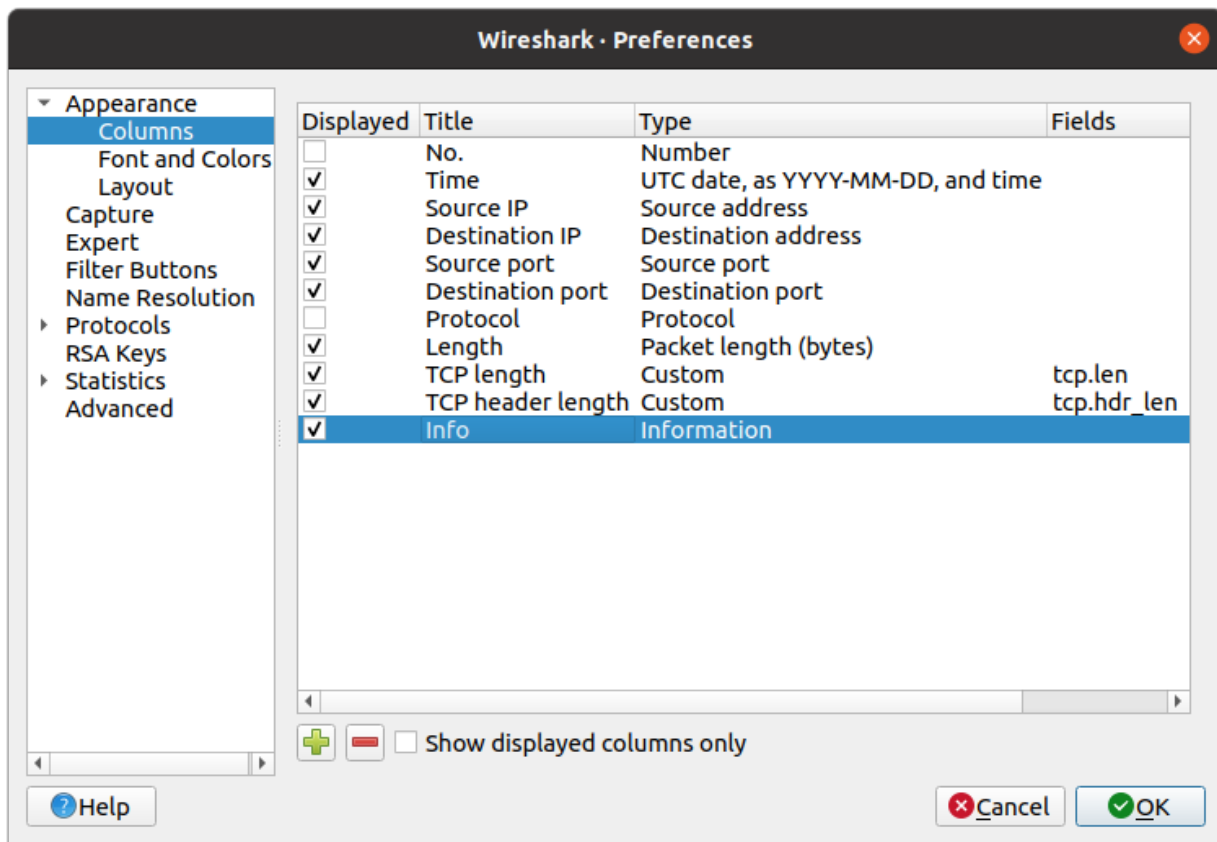


## 10. Wire shark packet 1 properties:



Here we can see the properties of packet 1 sent from the client to the server with dstport 8090. We use `tcp.len>0` in the filter to filter out messages and packets which have application data payload. The TCP segment length is the sum of the tcp payload and the tcp header length =  $18+32=50$  bytes. The payload is the message "client1 to server" and it is  $17+1$  (new line character) = 18 bytes. This is the same value that is seen in the above image in [TCP Segment Len: 18].

Column preferences:



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