Azure DevOps Overview

Azure DevOps is a powerful set of development tools and services by **Microsoft** that helps teams plan, build, test, and deliver software faster and more efficiently.

It offers a complete DevOps toolchain for developing and deploying software, and it integrates seamlessly with popular tools like **GitHub**, **Docker**, **Kubernetes**, and more.

* Key Features

- **Azure Boards** Agile project management with Kanban boards, backlogs, and dashboards.
- **Azure Repos** Unlimited, cloud-hosted private Git repositories.
- * Azure Pipelines CI/CD for any language, platform, and cloud.
- Azure Artifacts Package management for Maven, npm, NuGet, and Python.
- X Azure Test Plans Manual and exploratory testing tools.

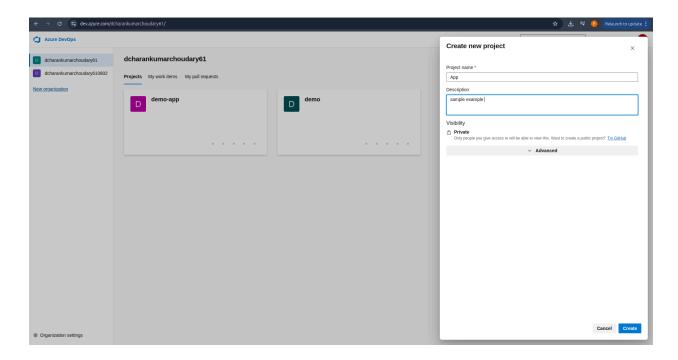
Benefits

- Gross-platform support (Windows, Linux, macOS).
- Seamless integration with GitHub, Bitbucket, and other repos.
- Deploy to Azure, AWS, GCP, or on-premises servers.
- A Faster delivery with automated builds and releases.

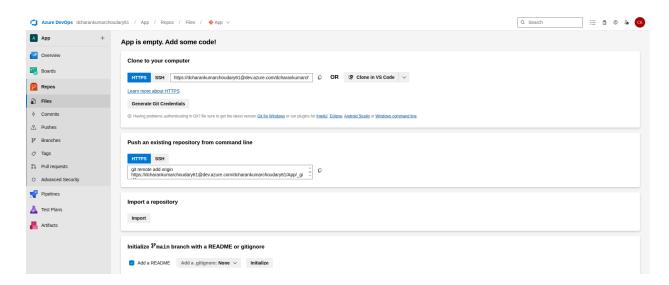
Creation Of Azure Pipelines

Step 1: Login into the azure Devops

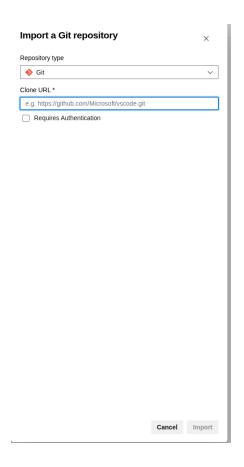
Step 2: Create a Project



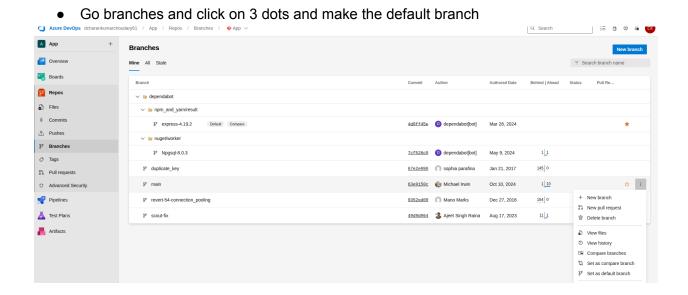
Step 4: Click on Repos And click on import My Repo is in Github.



• Provide the Github Repo url and click on import

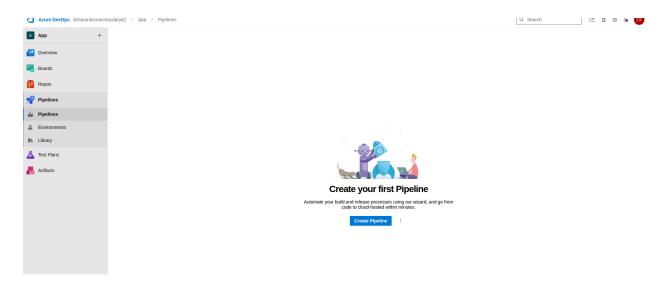


Step 5: Need to check the Default branch as the default branch is main.

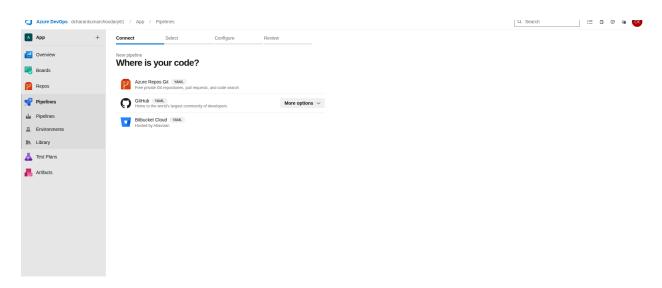


Step 6: Create A pipeline I have 3- micro services one is worker, result, vote, I will create 3 separate pipeline for 3 services

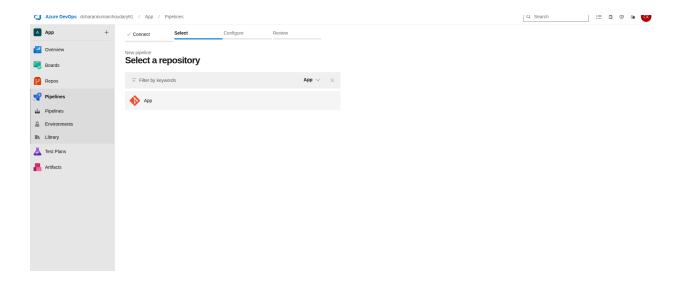
Click on pipeline. Setup of the pipeline:



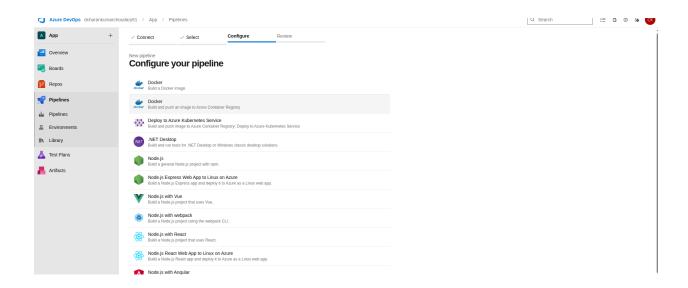
Select the Azure Repo



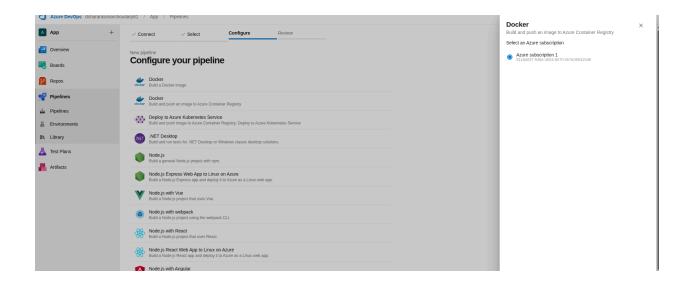
• I selected Previous created repo



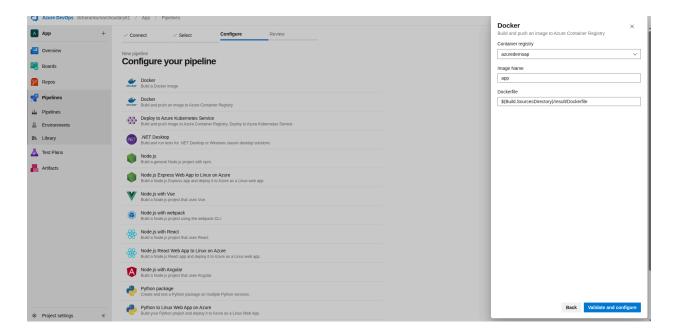
Select the Docker build and Push image to Azure container Registry



Need to select the azure subscription i have azure container regirsey so this is for authentication to azure container registry and pipeline



Select the container registry and click on validate and configure.

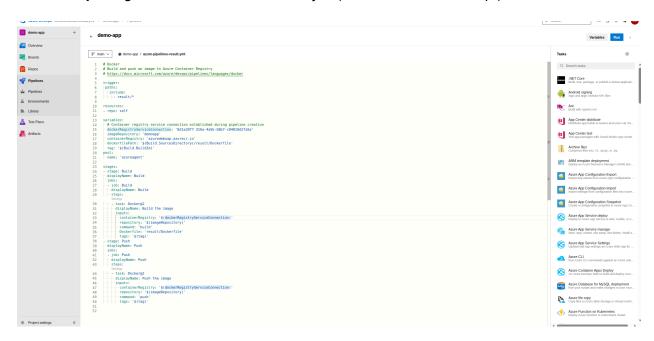


Azure Pipeline structure:

Pipeline \rightarrow Stage(s) \rightarrow Job(s) \rightarrow Step(s) \rightarrow Task(s)/Script(s)

- Stage: Logical grouping of jobs (e.g., Build, Test, Deploy).
- **Job**: Runs on an agent (e.g., Ubuntu, Windows).

• Step: Single unit of execution inside a job (can be a task or a script).



paths: include: -result/* resources: - repo: self variables: # Container registry service connection established during pipeline creation dockerRegistryServiceConnection: '8d1a20f7-316a-4a5b-b8b7-c84810d2fa5a' imageRepository: 'demoapp'

trigger:

```
containerRegistry: 'azuredemoap.azurecr.io'
 dockerfilePath: '$(Build.SourcesDirectory)/result/Dockerfile'
 tag: '$(Build.BuildId)'
pool:
name: 'azureagent'
stages:
- stage: Build
displayName: Build
jobs:
- job: Build
 displayName: Build
 steps:
 - task: Docker@2
  displayName: Build the image
  inputs:
   containerRegistry: '$(dockerRegistryServiceConnection)'
   repository: '$(imageRepository)'
   command: 'build'
   Dockerfile: 'result/Dockerfile'
   tags: '$(tag)'
- stage: Push
displayName: Push
jobs:
```

```
- job: Push
displayName: Push
steps:
- task: Docker@2
displayName: Push the image
inputs:
    containerRegistry: '$(dockerRegistryServiceConnection)'
    repository: '$(imageRepository)'
    command: 'push'
    tags: '$(tag)'
```

Now We have Mentioned the agent Self hosted agent so that we need to create agent as vm.

Create a VM in Azure

- Use Azure Portal or CLI to create a Linux/Windows VM.
- Ensure it has internet access.

Install prerequisites on the VM

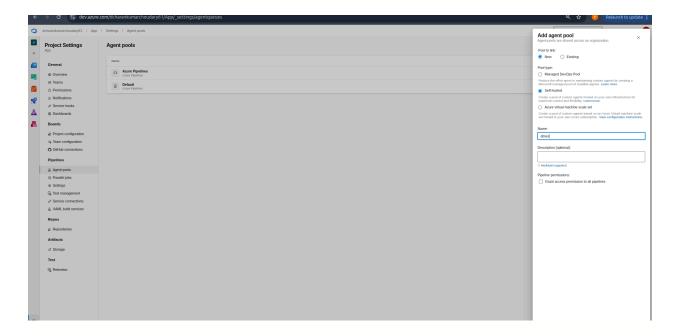
• Update packages.

Create a Personal Access Token (PAT) in Azure DevOps

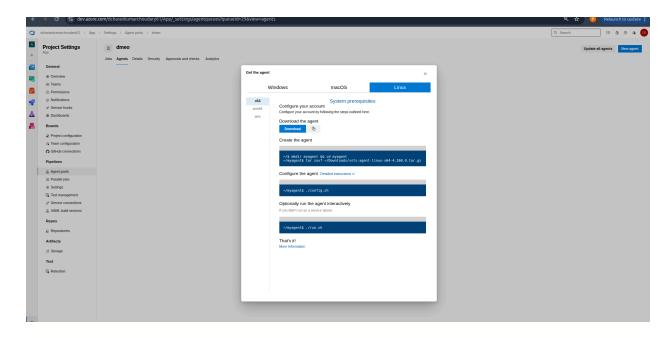
- Go to User settings → Personal Access Tokens.
- Scope: Agent Pools → Read & manage.

Download the Azure Pipelines agent

• Go to Project Settings \rightarrow Agent Pools \rightarrow Default \rightarrow New Agent.



Configure the agent

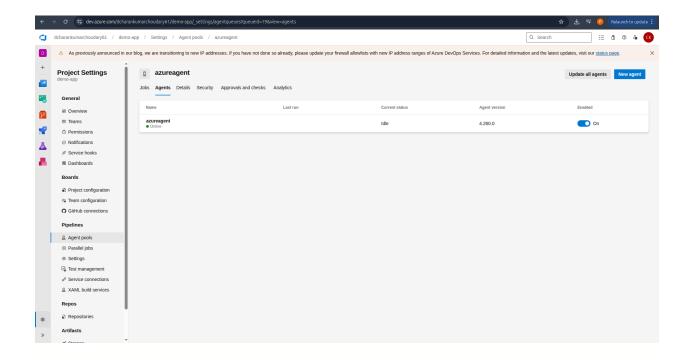


```
./ren.sh
./en.sh
./sen.sh
./se
```

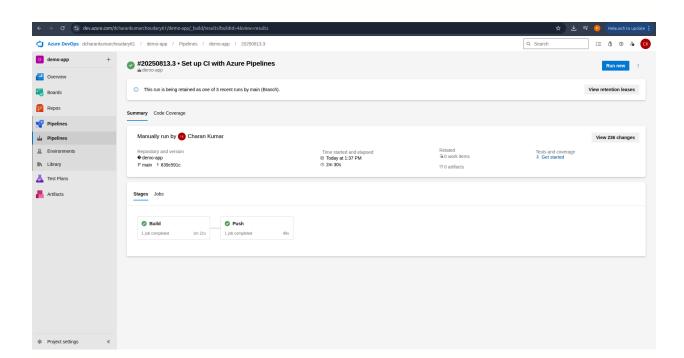
- Run ./config.sh(Linux) or config.cmd (Windows).
- Enter Azure DevOps URL, choose authentication type PAT, paste token, select agent pool, and name the agent.

Verify in Azure DevOps

• Go to **Agent Pools** and confirm your agent is **Online**.



Now Run the pipeline

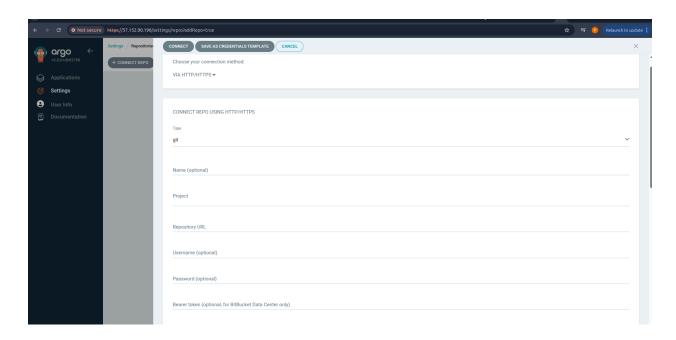


CD-Part:

STEP 1: Creat a EKS CLUSTER

STEP 2: INSTALL ARGOCD AND ACCESS THE ARGOCD DASHBOARD

STEP 3: SETUP-AZURE REPO



Need to Creat a Token in azure repo

#!/bin/bash

STEP 4: WRITE SHELL SCRIPT TO AUTOMATICALLY UPDATE THE BUILD NUMBER IN DEPLOYMENT. YAML-FILE

NEED TO CREATE FOLDER "scripts/updateK8SManifests.sh

```
# Navigate into the cloned repository directory
cd /tmp/temp_repo

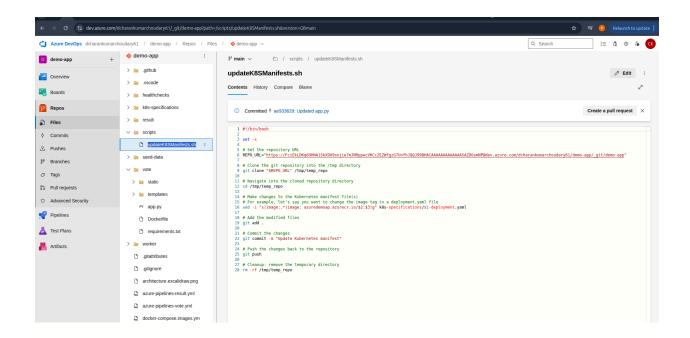
# Make changes to the Kubernetes manifest file(s)
# For example, let's say you want to change the image tag in a deployment.yaml
file
sed -i "s|image:.*|image: azuredemoap.azurecr.io/$2:$3|g"
k8s-specifications/$1-deployment.yaml

# Add the modified files
git add .

# Commit the changes
git commit -m "Update Kubernetes manifest"

# Push the changes back to the repository
git push

# Cleanup: remove the temporary directory
rm -rf /tmp/temp_repo
```



STEP 4: NEED TO ADD THE STAGE IN PIPELINE TO RUN THE SCRIPT.

- stage: update

displayName: update

jobs:

- job: update

displayName: update

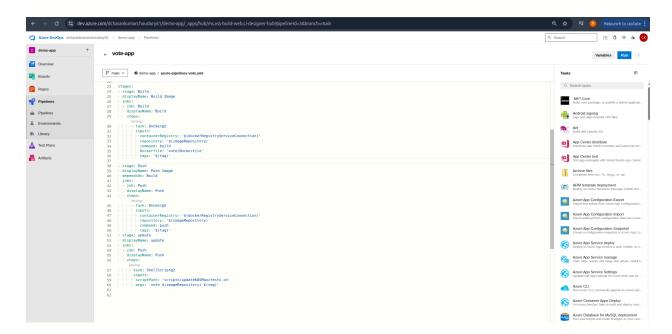
steps:

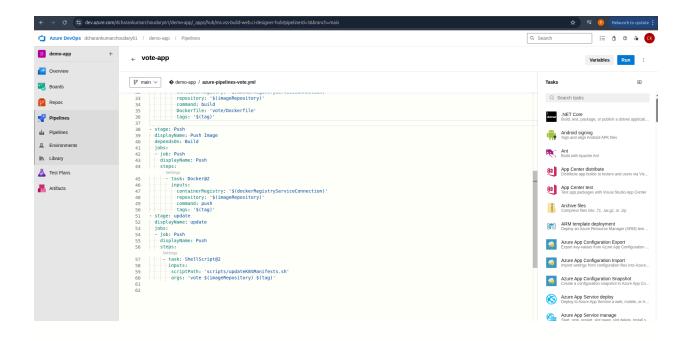
- task: ShellScript@2

inputs:

scriptPath: 'scripts/updateK8SManifests.sh'

args: 'vote \$(imageRepository) \$(tag)'



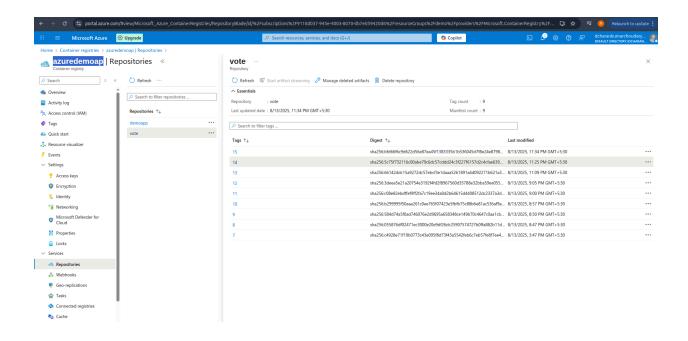


The above Stage is automatically update the build number with tag deployment file argord will pickup this changes.

Here we will get error imagepullbackoff as the azurecontainer register is private so we need create a secret a need mention that in deployment file with Imagepull secret

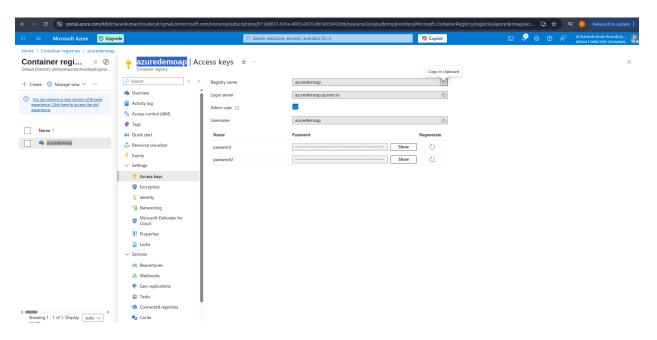


Here Container registry name

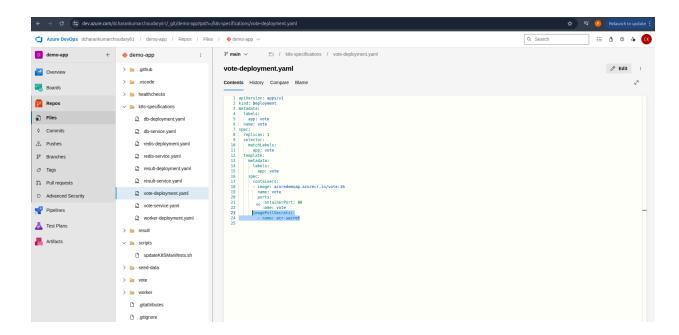


Need to generate the username and password

Go to access key Need create a password.



With this create a secret and mention the secret name in deployment.yaml file



I expose the svc as LB access the application using LB

