

# Smart SDLC AI enhanced software development life cycle

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## Team Members

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## 1• INTRODUCTION

The SmartSDLC –AI Enhanced Software Development Lifecycle is an advanced framework that integrates Artificial Intelligence (AI) into each phase of the traditional software development process. This model builds upon existing methodologies like Waterfall, Agile, and DevOps by embedding AI-driven tools to automate tasks, optimize workflows, and

## 2. PROJECT OVERVIEW

enhance accuracy.

TheSmart SDLCis designed to revolutionize software development by providing intelligent assistance at every stage. It introduces AI-driven features such as conversation interfaces, policy summarization, resource forecasting, eco-friendly development tips, anomaly detection, KPI forecasting, multimodal input, and AI-powered dashboards.

Key Features:

- Conversational Interface – Enables natural communication between AI, developers, and clients.
- Policy Summarization – Ensures responsible AI usage and compliance.
- Resources Forecasting – Predicts time, cost, and resource allocation.
- Eco-Tip Generator – Suggests energy-efficient and sustainable development practices.
- Citizen Feedback Loop – Integrates continuous feedback from end-users.
- KPI Forecasting – Tracks and predicts project success metrics.
- Anomaly Detection – Detects irregularities and risks in the development process.
- Multimodal Input Support – Accepts text, voice, image, and sketch inputs.
- Streamlit to Gradio UI – Interactive, user-friendly, and AI-powered dashboards.

### 3. ARCHITECTURE

The architecture of Smart SDLC consists of two major components:

Front-end: AI-powered multimodal interface with dashboards, chatbots, and feedback forms.

Back-end: Cloud-based infrastructure integrated with AI/ML models, databases, and APIs.

Key Components:

- LLM Integration – Connects AI models to automate tasks like requirement analysis, coding, and testing.
- Vector Store – Retains project knowledge in embeddings for quick recall and reference.
- ML Modules – Specialized AI models for requirements, testing, forecasting, and anomaly detection.

### 4. SETUP INSTRUCTION

Prerequisites:

- Python 3.8+ installation
- Streamlit / Gradio for UI
- TensorFlow / PyTorch for ML models
- LangChain / Transformers for LLM integration
- Vector database (FAISS, Pinecone, Weaviate)

Installation Steps:

1. Install Python 3.8+
2. Install dependencies using 'pip install -r requirements.txt'
3. Configure vector database and API keys

### 5. AUTHENTICATION

4. Run backend server and frontend UI

SmartSDLC employs secure authentication mechanisms to prevent unauthorized access, safeguard sensitive project data, and ensure role-specific access. Security tokens and encrypted logins help build trust among stakeholders.

## 6. USER INTERFACE

TheSmartSDLC user interface is designed to be intuitive and interactive. Dashboards provide real-time project tracking, while AI-powered chatbots allow seamless

## 7. TESTING

communication. The UI ensures collaboration, accessibility, and efficiency.

Testing inSmart SDLC is AI-driven, automating the generation of test cases, monitoring system performance, and detecting defects. This results in higher quality assurance and faster debugging cycles.

## 8• KNOWN ISSUES

- Occasional delays inLLM response for large queries
- AI-generated code may require manual adjustments
- Multimodal input (voice, image) may face inconsistencies
- Vector store retrieval failures in rare cases
- System performance dependent on internet/cloud stability

## 9. FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS

Inthefuture, Smart SDLC canbe enhanced with:

- Advanced LLMs for faster and more accurate results
- Real-time multi-user collaboration
- Enhanced multimodal input (voice, sketch, video)
- Predictive analytics for risk and cost estimation
- Automated deployment pipelines
- Improved security and scalability

## 10• DEMO VIDEO LINK

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Aqmt568q\\_5Lof4ovJ9LFLdgc8bFr6KU0/view?usp=drivesdk](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Aqmt568q_5Lof4ovJ9LFLdgc8bFr6KU0/view?usp=drivesdk)

## 10. Project Screenshot

```
import gradio as gr
import torch
from transformers import AutoTokenizer, AutoModelForCausalLM
import PyPDF2
import io

# load model and tokenizer
model_name = "ibm-granite/granite-3.2-2b-instruct"
tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from_pretrained(model_name)
model = AutoModelForCausalLM.from_pretrained(
    model_name,
    torch_dtype=torch.float16 if torch.cuda.is_available() else torch.float32,
    device_map="auto" if torch.cuda.is_available() else None
)

if tokenizer.pad_token is None:
    tokenizer.pad_token = tokenizer.eos_token

def generate_response(prompt, max_length=1024):
    inputs = tokenizer(prompt, return_tensors="pt", truncation=True, max_length=512)

    if torch.cuda.is_available():
        inputs = {k: v.to(model.device) for k, v in inputs.items()}

    with torch.no_grad():
        outputs = model.generate(
            **inputs
```

```
analysis_prompt = f"Analyze the following requirements and organize them into a structured format."

return generate_response(analysis_prompt, max_length=1200)

def code_generation(prompt, language):
    code_prompt = f"Generate {language} code for the following requirement:\n\n{prompt}"
    return generate_response(code_prompt, max_length=1200)

# Create Gradio interface
with gr.Blocks() as app:
    gr.Markdown("# AI Code Analysis & Generator")

    with gr.Tabs():
        with gr.TabItem("Code Analysis"):
            with gr.Row():
                pdf_upload = gr.File(label="upload pdf", file_types=[".pdf"])
                prompt_input = gr.Textbox(
                    label="Or write requirements here",
                    placeholder="Describe your software requirements...",
                    lines=5
                )
            analyze_btn = gr.Button("Analyze")

        with gr.Column():
            analysis_output = gr.Textbox(label="Requirements Analysis", lines=10)

    analyze_btn.click(requirement_analysis, inputs=[pdf_upload, prompt_input]
```

```
Untitled0.ipynb
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help
Commands + Code + Text ▶ Run all
RAM
Disk

with gr.Column():
    analysis_output = gr.Textbox(label="Requirements Analysis", lines=10)

    analyze_btn.click(requirement_analysis, inputs=[pdf_upload, prompt_input])

with gr.TabItem("Code Generation"):
    with gr.Row():
        with gr.Column():
            code_prompt = gr.Textbox(
                label="Code Requirements",
                placeholder="Describe what code you want to generate...",
                lines=5
            )
            language_dropdown = gr.Dropdown(
                choices=["python", "javascript", "java", "c++", "c#", "PHP", "perl", "ruby", "go", "rust", "kotlin", "swift", "typescript", "lua", "haskell", "erlang", "elixir", "fsharp", "vbnet", "powershell", "batch", "shell", "batch", "shell", "batch", "shell"],
                label="Programming Language",
                value="python"
            )
            generate_btn = gr.Button("Generate Code")

        with gr.Column():
            code_output = gr.Textbox(label="Generated Code", lines=20)

    generate_btn.click(code_generation, inputs=[code_prompt, language_dropdown])

app.launch(share=True)
```

```
Smart SDLC
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help
Commands + Code + Text ▶ Run all

generate_btn.click(code_generation, inputs=[code_prompt, language_dropdown], outputs=code_output)

app.launch(share=True)

vocab.json 777K? [00:00-00:00, 8.18MB/s]
merges.txt 442K? [00:00-00:00, 9.44MB/s]
tokenizer.json 3.48M? [00:00-00:00, 36.7MB/s]
added_tokens.json 100% 87.0/87.0 [00:00-00:00, 3.81KB/s]
special_tokens_map.json 100% 701/701 [00:00-00:00, 29.3KB/s]
config.json 100% 786/786 [00:00-00:00, 56.3KB/s]
'torch_dtype' is deprecated! use 'dtype' instead!
model.safetensors.index.json 29.8K? [00:00-00:00, 999KB/s]
Fetching 2 files: 100% 2/2 [01:22-00:00, 82.29s]
model-00002-of-00002.safetensors 100% 67.1M/67.1M [00:03-00:00, 19.4MB/s]
model-00001-of-00002.safetensors 100% 5.00G/5.00G [01:21-00:00, 56.1MB/s]
Loading checkpoint shards: 100% 2/2 [00:20-00:00, 8.51s]
generation_config.json 100% 137/137 [00:00-00:00, 10.6KB/s]
Colab notebook detected. To show errors in colab notebook, set debug=True in launch()
* Running on public URL: https://d32bdc6bbe366efb.gradio.live
```

*Thank you*