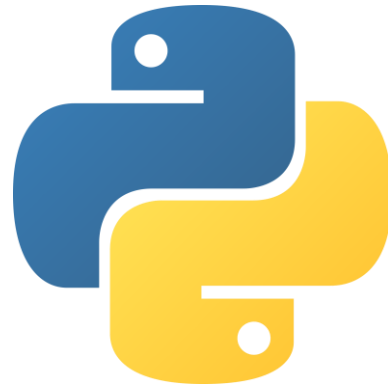


Day-2

Let's learn comments & Variables



Today's Topic:



Comments & Variables



What are comments and why they are important



What are variables and Rules to create variable

Print Function

`print()` is a built-in Python function that sends data to the standard output (console).



Used to display output on screen



Helps you check what code is doing



Most commonly used function in Python



Print is like telling the computer:
“Show this message to me.”

Comments in Python

Comments are notes written for humans, not computers.

Comments help us explain code

Python ignores comments

Starts with #

Does not affect output

Examples:

```
python
```

```
# This is a comment  
print("Hello")
```

Why Comments Are Crucial

Helps you
remember
what your
code does

Useful when
working in
companies
(teamwork)

Makes code
readable

Interviewers
check code
clarity

Variables in Python

A variable is a reserved memory location that stores a value.

Python variables are dynamically typed (no need to define data type).

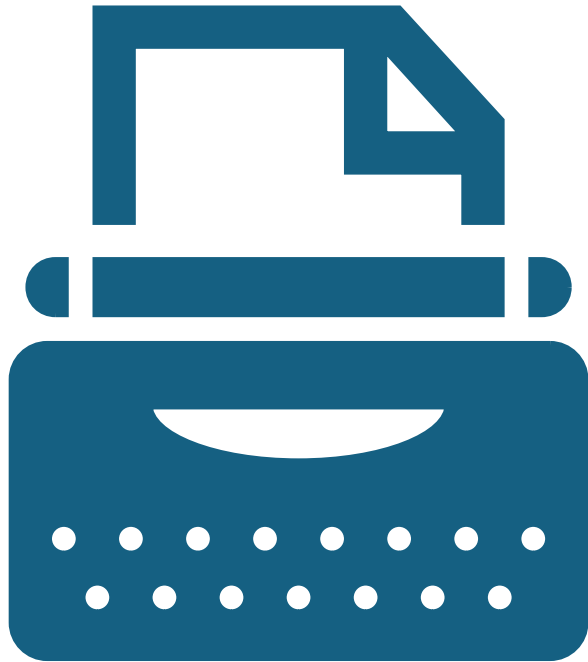
A variable stores data

It works like a container/box

You can put information inside it

You can change its value anytime

A variable is like a **container**, **tiffin box**, or **folder** where you store data temporarily.



Practical Exercise

- `name = "Rahul Sharma"`
- `age = 28`
- `sales = 45000`
- `print(name)`
- `print("Age:", age)`
- `print("Today's Sales:", sales)`

Variables: Examples

```
name = "Satish"
```

Text → stored inside quotes

```
age = 25
```

Numbers → no quotes

```
salary = 55000
```

Numbers → no quotes

```
is_active = True
```

True/False → boolean values

Rules for Naming Variables

Must start with a letter or underscore

Cannot start with a number

No spaces

Case-sensitive

Cannot use Python keywords

Good Examples:

- customer_name
- total_sales
- product1

Bad Examples:

- 1name
- total sales
- class (keyword)

Why Variables Are Important for Data Analysts

1

Store
customer
information

2

Store totals,
averages

3

Count missing
values

4

Store columns
during
cleaning

5

Rename
columns
dynamically

6

Filter
conditions



Real-life example:



`total_sales = 450000`



`average_rating = 4.6`



`customer_city = "Mumbai"`

Mini Assignment



✓ 5 PRINT
STATEMENTS



✓ 3 COMMENTS



✓ 5 VARIABLES



✓ EXAMPLE
COMBINING ALL
THREE