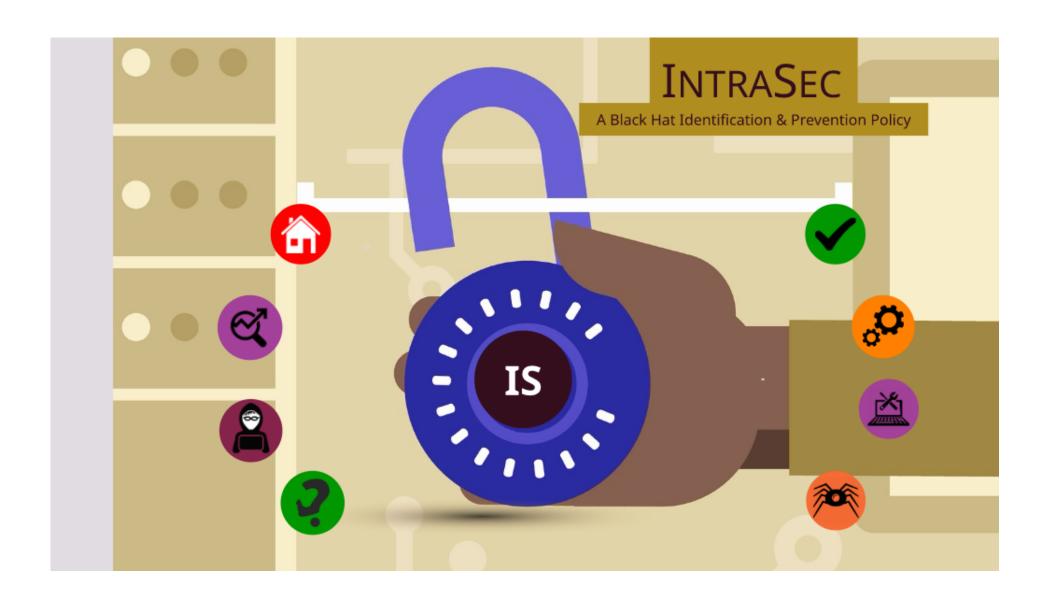


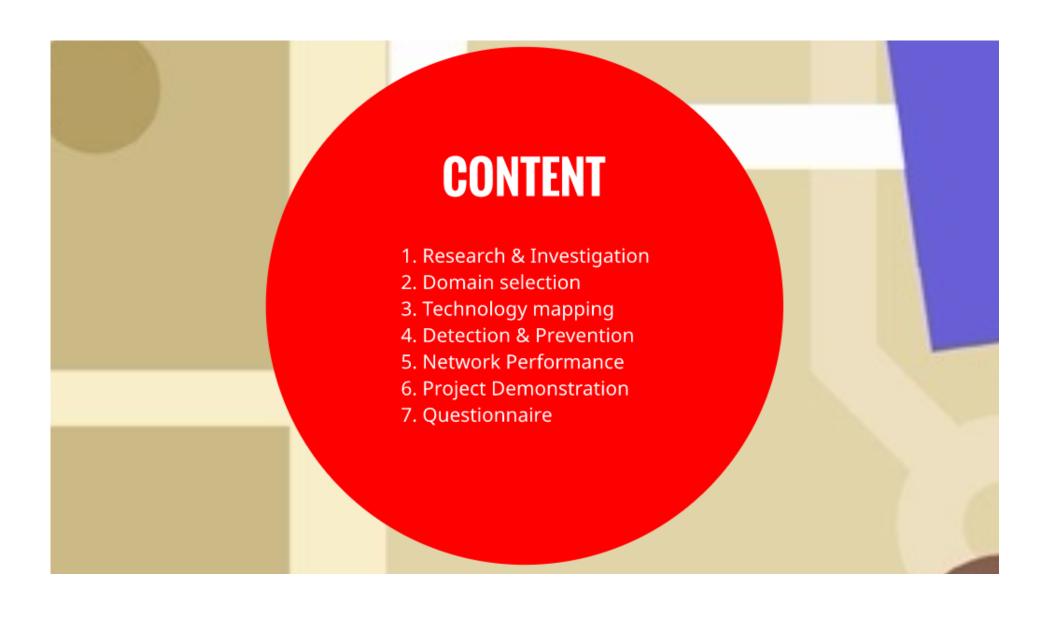
Subject: Network Security (03-60-592)

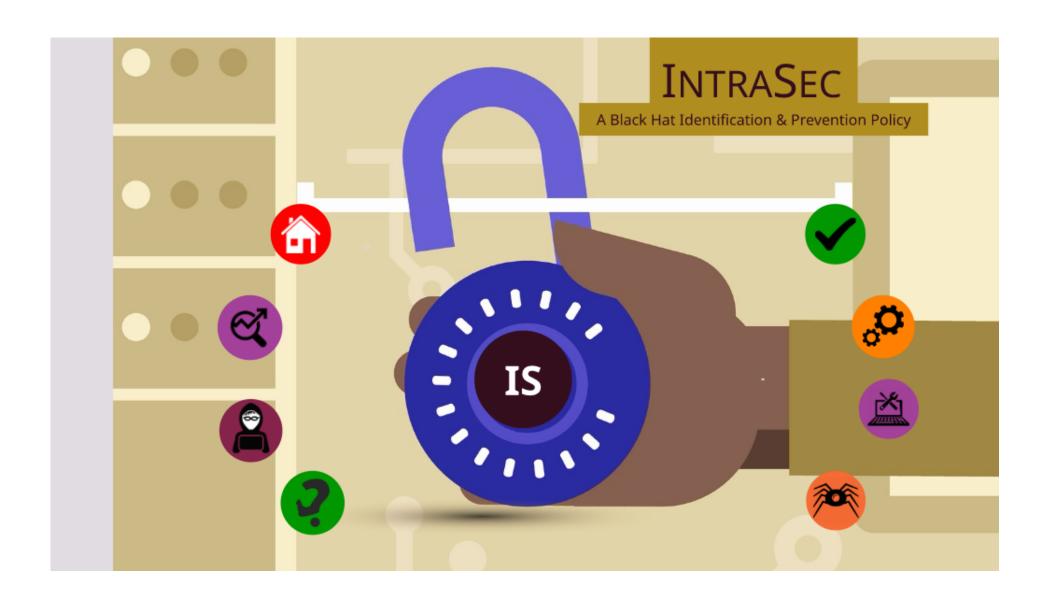


IntraSec - A Black Hat Identification & Prevention Policy

Team Members: Laveen Vasnani (104823402) Pravina Bhatt (104701991) Yixian Hao (104718810) Guided By: Dr. Sherif Saad

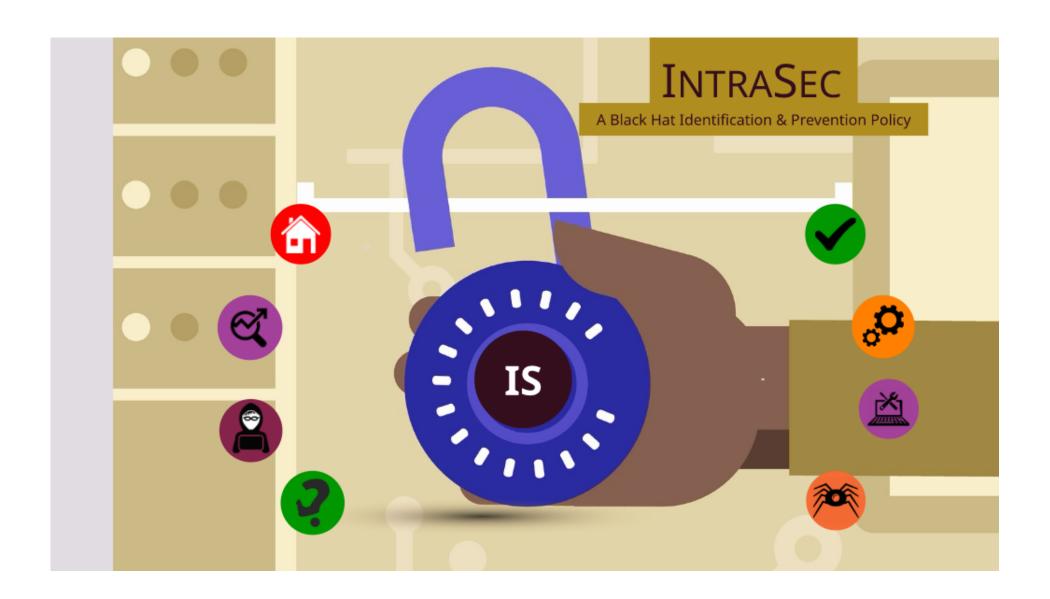


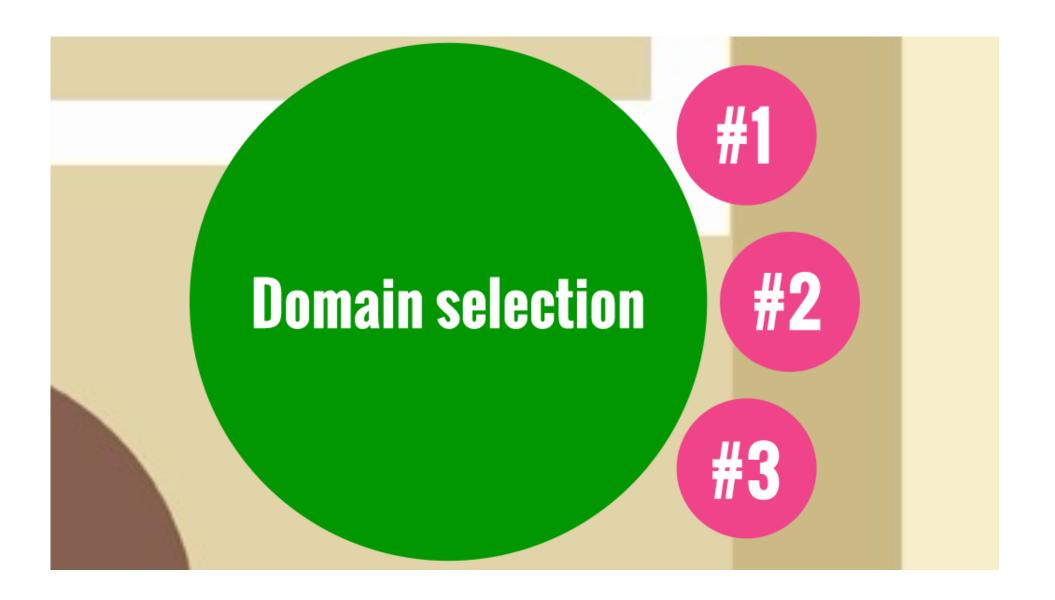




Research & Investigation

- Researches on latest Network Attacks
- Encountering trending issues of hacking some of them are stated below:
 - 1. Browser attacks
 - 2. Brute force attacks
 - 3. Denial of service attacks
 - 4. SSL attacks
 - 5. Scans
 - 6. DNS attacks





Wireless Network Attacks

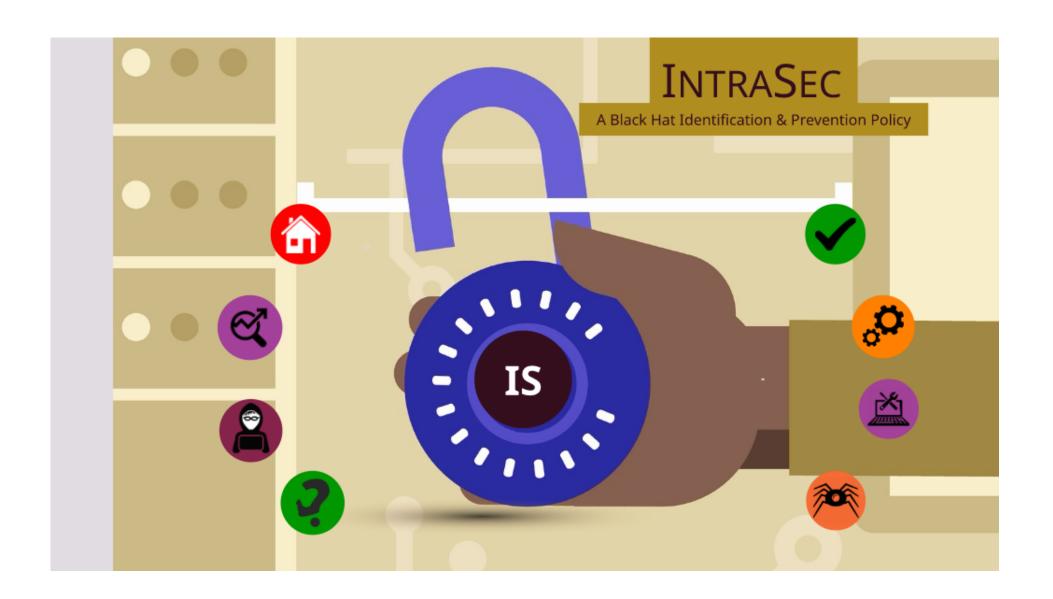
- · Wireless attacks has become a very common security issue now a days
- These attacks are normally carried out to target information that is being shared through the networks
- · Three main types of attacks against wireless networks are as as follows:
 - 1. DOS attacks: Prevent users from accessing network resources -- to deny them service
 - 2. Man-in-the-middle attacks: Attacker secretly relays and possibly alters the communication between two parties who believe they are directly communicating with each other
 - 3. ARP poisoning: Attacker changes the Media Access Control (MAC) address and attacks an Ethernet LAN by changing the target computer's ARP cache with a forged ARP request and reply packets

ARP Spoofing

- Attack in which a malicious actor sends falsified ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) messages over a local area network
- Results in the linking of an attacker's MAC address with the IP address of a legitimate computer or server on the network
- Enable malicious parties to intercept
- Allows to modify or even stop data in-transit
- Often used to facilitate DoS attacks, Session hijacking and Man-in-the-middle attacks
- Measures for detecting, preventing and protecting against ARP spoofing attacks includes:
- 1. Packet filtering
- 2. Avoid trust relationships
- 3. Use ARP spoofing detection software
- 4. Use cryptographic network protocols

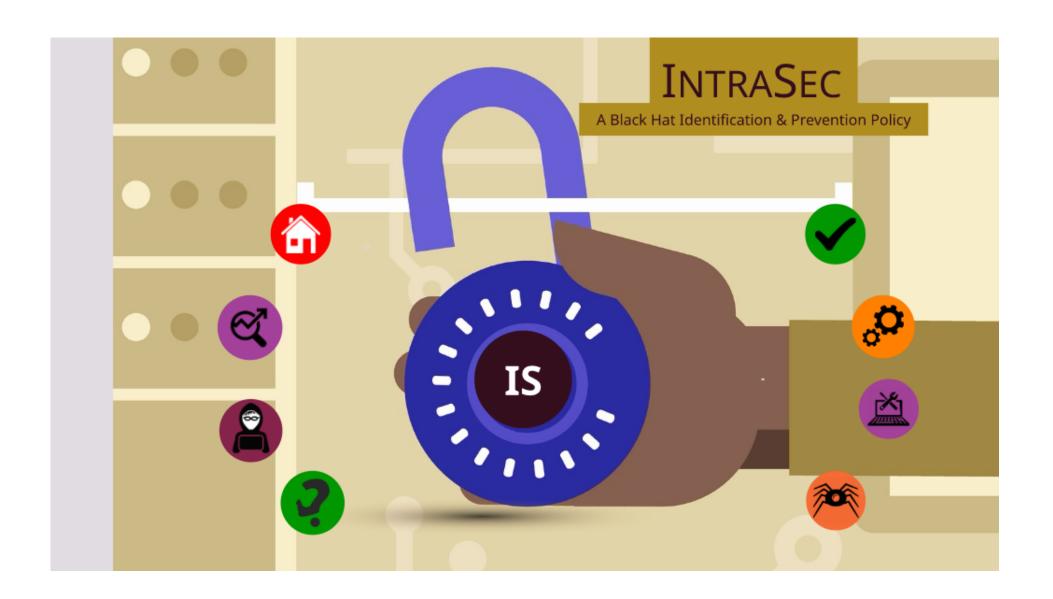
Internet Security

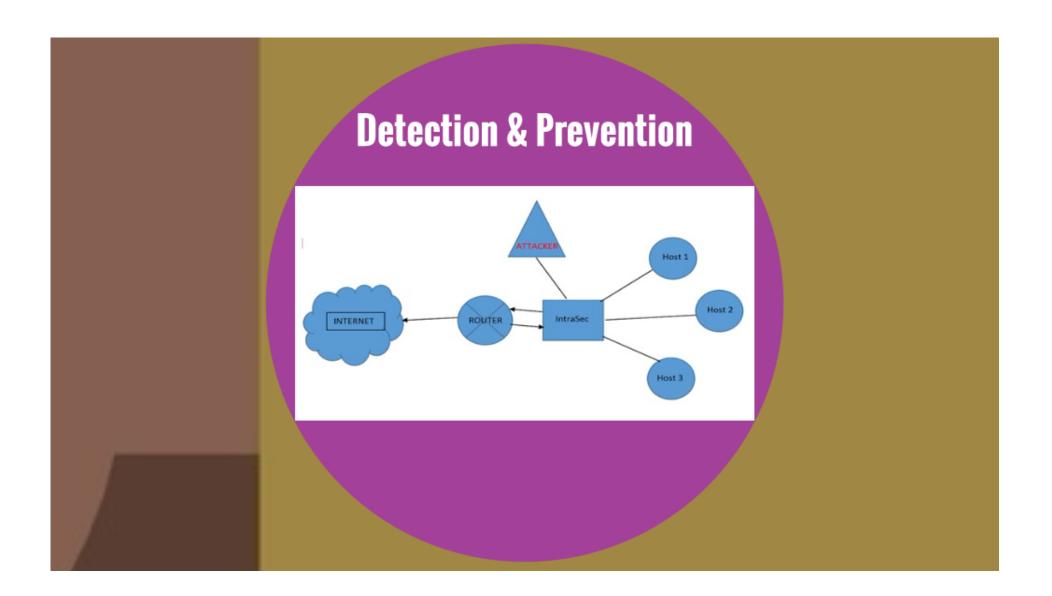
- Objective is to establish rules and measures to use against attacks over the Internet
- Encompasses browser security, the security of data entered through a Web form, and overall authentication and protection of data sent via Internet Protocol
- Relies on specific resources and standards for protecting data
- Includes various kinds of encryption such as Pretty Good Privacy (PGP)
- Other aspects of a secure Web setup includes firewalls, which block unwanted traffic
- Anti-malware, anti-spyware and anti-virus programs can also help to provide security over internet

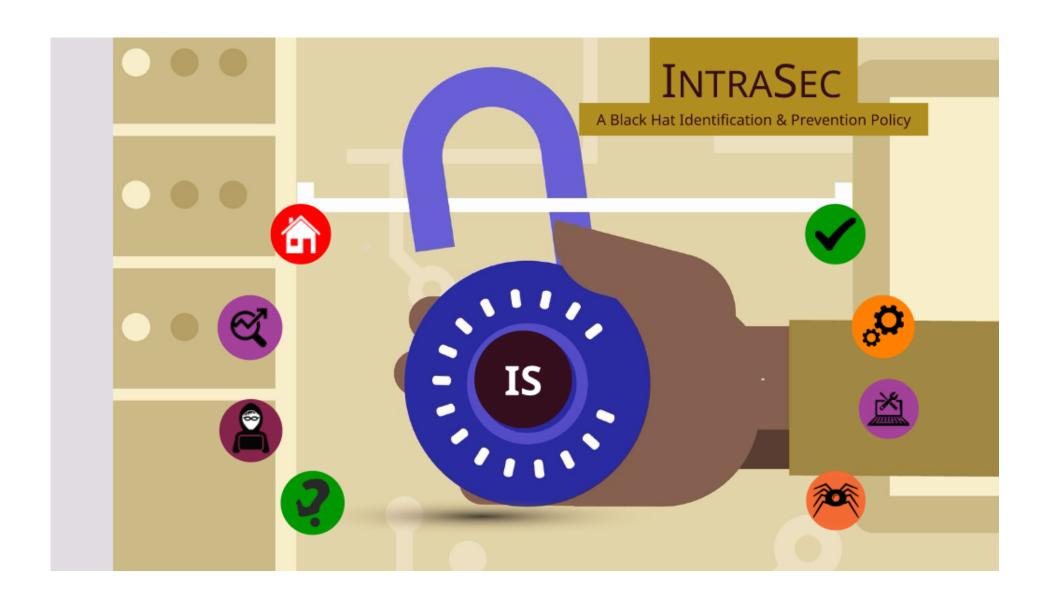


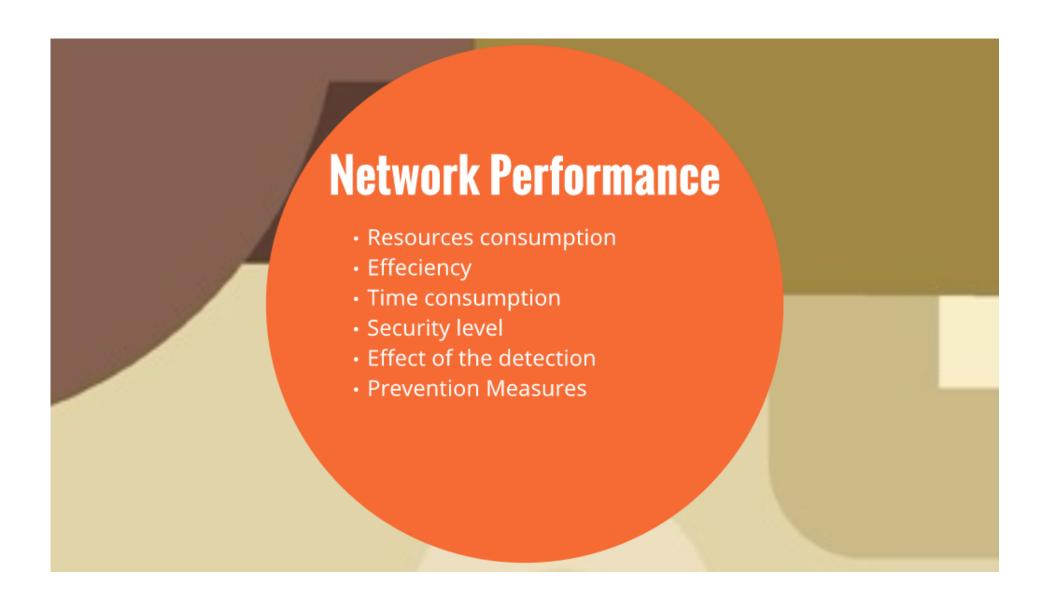
Technology mapping

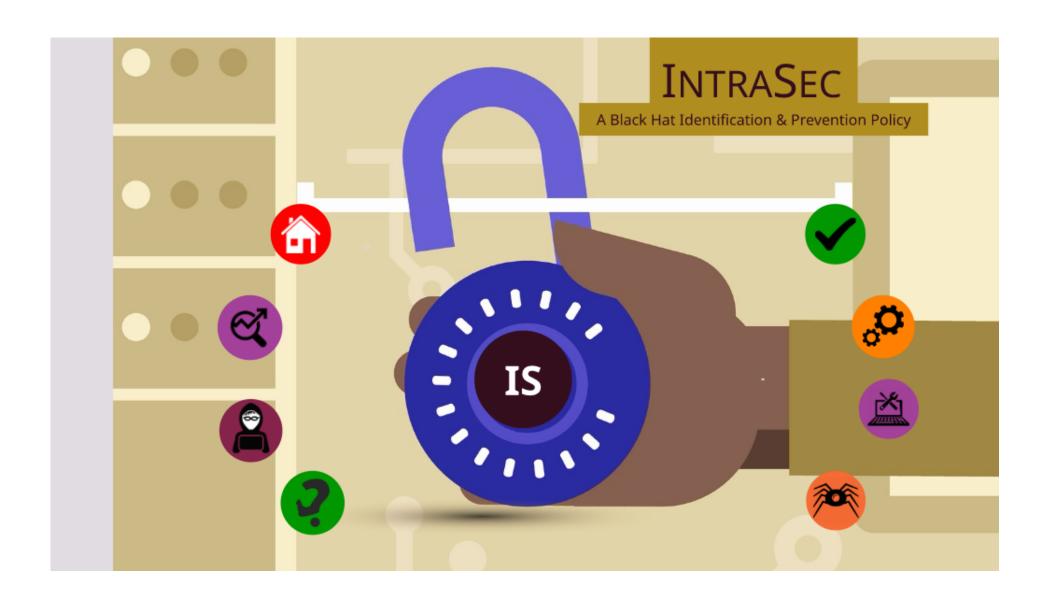
- python --- Provides low-level interfaces includes basic libraries for hardware manipulations
- PyQt4 --- GUI
- Socket --- Receving Packets
- fping --- Establish ARP tables
- arp-scan --- For alerting victim about attacker
- iptables -----defense
- pyttsx3 --- For text -to-speech alert message



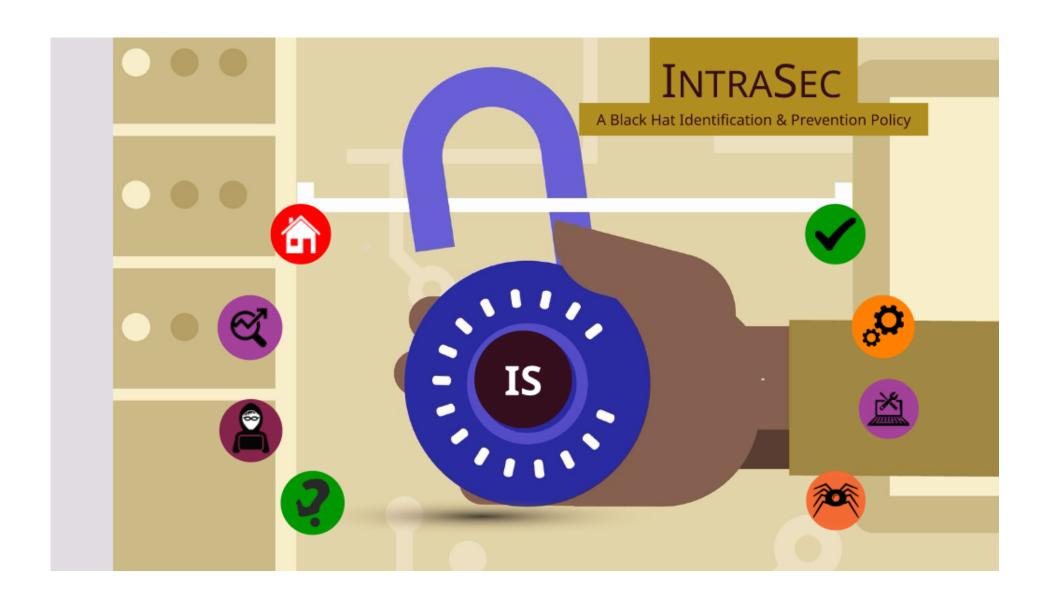












Thank You Audience! Question Time?

