#### Ex No 7

## Implement Linear and Logistic Regression in R

#### AIM:

To Implement Linear and Logistic Regression using R

#### **PROCEDURE:**

- Collect and load the dataset from sources like CSV files or databases.
- Clean and preprocess the data, including handling missing values and encoding categorical variables.
- Split the dataset into training and testing sets to evaluate model performance.
- Normalize or standardize the features to ensure consistent scaling. 5.Choose the appropriate model: Linear Regression for continuous outcomes.
- Train the model on the training data using the `fit` method.
- Make predictions on the testing data using the 'predict' method.
- Evaluate the model using metrics like Mean Squared Error (MSE) for Linear Regression or accuracy and confusion matrix for Logistic Regression.
- Visualize the results with plots, such as scatter plots for Linear Regression or decision boundaries for Logistic Regression.
- Fine-tune the model by adjusting hyperparameters or applying regularization Techniques.

### **CODE:**

### LinearRegression.R:

```
# Sample data
heights <- c(150, 160, 165, 170, 175, 180, 185)
weights <- c(55, 60, 62, 68, 70, 75, 80)
# Create a data frame
data <- data.frame(heights, weights)
# Fit a linear regression model
linear_model <- lm(weights ~ heights, data = data)
# Print the summary of the model
```

```
print(summary(linear model))
# Plotting the data and regression line
plot(data$heights, data$weights,
   main = "Linear Regression: Weight vs. Height",
   xlab = "Height (cm)",
   ylab = "Weight (kg)",
   pch = 19, col = "blue")
# Add regression line
abline(linear model, col = "red", lwd = 2)
LogisticRegression.R:
# Load the dataset
data(mtcars)
# Convert 'am' to a factor (categorical variable)
mtcarsam <- factor(mtcarsam, levels = c(0, 1), labels = c("Automatic", "Manual"))
# Fit a logistic regression model
logistic model <- glm(am ~ mpg, data = mtcars, family = binomial)
# Print the summary of the model
print(summary(logistic model))
# Predict probabilities for the logistic model
predicted probs <- predict(logistic model, type = "response")</pre>
# Display the predicted probabilities
print(predicted probs)
# Plotting the data and logistic regression curve
plot(mtcars$mpg, as.numeric(mtcars$am) - 1,
   main = "Logistic Regression: Transmission vs. MPG",
   xlab = "Miles Per Gallon (mpg)",
```

ylab = "Probability of Manual Transmission",

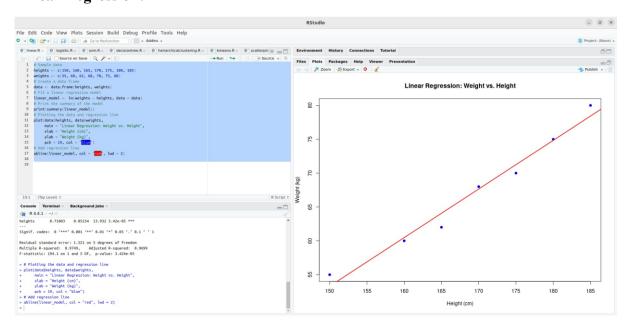
# Add the logistic regression curve

 $curve(predict(logistic\_model, \, data.frame(mpg = x), \, type = "response"),$ 

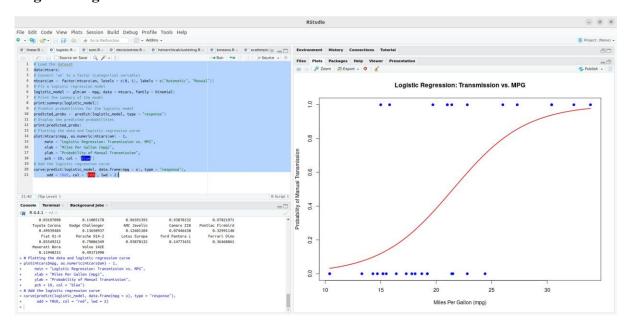
$$add = TRUE$$
,  $col = "red"$ ,  $lwd = 2$ )

## **OUTPUT:**

## **Linear Regression:**



# **Logistic Regression:**



# **RESULT:**

Thus to Implement Linear and Logistic Regression using R has been successfully executed.