# zuoye2

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**Problem 1.** 使用↑ and ↓ 表示下面的 proposition.

- 1.  $\neg p \lor q$
- 2.  $p \land \neg q$
- 3.  $\neg p \lor \neg q$
- 4.  $p \leftrightarrow q$

#### Solution. to 1.

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg \neg (\neg p \lor q)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg (\neg p \downarrow q)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg ((p \downarrow p) \downarrow q)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow ((p \downarrow p) \downarrow q) \downarrow ((p \downarrow p) \downarrow q)$$

而后

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg p \lor \neg \neg q$$
$$\Leftrightarrow p \uparrow (\neg q)$$
$$\Leftrightarrow p \uparrow (q \uparrow q)$$

#### Solution. to 2.

$$\begin{split} p \wedge \neg q \\ \Leftrightarrow \neg \neg p \wedge \neg q \\ \Leftrightarrow \neg p \downarrow q \\ \Leftrightarrow ((p \downarrow p) \downarrow q) \end{split}$$

而后

$$p \land \neg q$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg \neg (p \land \neg q)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg (p \uparrow \neg q)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg (p \uparrow (q \uparrow q))$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (p \uparrow (q \uparrow q)) \uparrow (p \uparrow (q \uparrow q))$$

#### Solution. to 3.

$$\neg p \lor \neg q$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg \neg (\neg p \lor \neg q)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg (\neg p \downarrow \neg q)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg ((p \downarrow p) \downarrow (q \downarrow q))$$

$$\Leftrightarrow ((p \downarrow p) \downarrow (q \downarrow q)) \downarrow ((p \downarrow p) \downarrow (q \downarrow q))$$

而后

$$\neg p \lor \neg q$$
$$\Leftrightarrow \neg (p \land q)$$
$$\Leftrightarrow p \uparrow q$$

#### Solution. to 4.

$$p \leftrightarrow q$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\neg p \lor q) \land (\neg q \lor p)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg \neg ((\neg p \lor q) \land (\neg q \lor p))$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg ((\neg (\neg p \lor q)) \lor (\neg (\neg q \lor p))) \qquad \text{(de Morgan's law)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \neg ((\neg p \downarrow q) \lor (\neg q \downarrow p))$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\neg p \downarrow p) \downarrow (\neg q \downarrow p)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow ((p \downarrow p) \downarrow q) \downarrow ((q \downarrow q) \downarrow p)$$

而后

$$p \leftrightarrow q$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\neg p \land \neg q) \lor (p \land q) \qquad (经过简单的化简)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\neg (\neg p \land \neg q)) \uparrow (\neg (p \land q))$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\neg p \uparrow \neg q) \uparrow (p \uparrow q)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow ((p \uparrow p) \uparrow (q \uparrow q)) \uparrow (p \uparrow q)$$

Problem 2. 在 Propositional Calculus 中证明下面这些事实.

1. 
$$\vdash (A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow B)) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow B)$$

2. 
$$A \rightarrow B, \neg (B \rightarrow C) \rightarrow \neg A \vdash A \rightarrow C$$

$$3. \vdash (A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C)) \rightarrow ((C \rightarrow D) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow D)))$$

$$4. \vdash ((A \to B) \to (B \to A)) \to (B \to A)$$

$$5. \vdash ((A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow A) \rightarrow A$$

6. 
$$\vdash ((A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow C) \rightarrow ((A \rightarrow C) \rightarrow C)$$

7. 
$$\vdash (A \rightarrow C) \rightarrow ((B \rightarrow C) \rightarrow (((A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow B) \rightarrow C))$$

**Comment.** 形如  $A \to B \to C \to D$  的式子, 默认从右往左加括号, viz. 原本这个式子应为

$$A \to (B \to (C \to D))$$

Solution. to 1.

$$(A \to B) \to (A \to B) \tag{1} \text{ (thm 1)}$$
$$A \to ((A \to B) \to B) \tag{2}$$

(前件互换, thm 8)

$$A \to ((A \to B) \to B) \to (A \to (A \to B)) \to (A \to B)$$
 (3) (A2)

$$(A \to (A \to B)) \to (A \to B) \tag{4}$$

((2) (3) thm 8)

#### Solution. to 2.

$$(\neg (B \to C) \to \neg A) \to (A \to (B \to C)) \tag{1}$$

$$(\neg (B \to C)) \tag{2}$$

$$(A \to (B \to C)) \tag{3}$$

$$(A \to B) \to (A \to C)$$
 (4) (A2, thm 8, rmp)

$$A \to B$$
 (5)

$$A \to C \tag{5} \tag{4} (5) rmp$$

#### Solution. to 3.

$$(1) \neg A \to (A \to ((C \to D) \to (B \to D))) \tag{thm 6}$$

$$(2) \neg A \rightarrow ((C \rightarrow D) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow D)))$$
 (thm 3, rmp)

$$(3) (B \to C) \to ((C \to D) \to (B \to D)) \tag{thm 5}$$

$$(4) \ A \rightarrow ((B \rightarrow C) \rightarrow ((C \rightarrow D) \rightarrow (B \rightarrow D))) \qquad \text{(thm 1, rmp)}$$

(5) 
$$(B \to C) \to (A \to ((C \to D) \to (B \to D)))$$
 (thm 3, rmp)

(6) 
$$(B \to C) \to ((C \to D) \to (A \to (B \to D)))$$
 (thm 8, thm 3)

(7) 
$$(A \to (B \to C)) \to ((C \to D) \to (A \to (B \to D)))$$
  
((2), (6)thm 18)

#### Solution. to 4.

$$(1) (B \to A) \to (B \to A)$$
 (thm 1)

$$(2) \neg A \to (A \to B) \tag{thm 6}$$

(3) 
$$B \to (\neg A \to (A \neg (A \to B)))$$
 (thm 1, rmp)

(4) 
$$B \to (\neg (A \to B) \to A)$$
 (thm 14, thm 8)

$$(5) \neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow (B \rightarrow A)$$
 (thm 3, rmp)

(6) 
$$((A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow (B \rightarrow A)) \rightarrow (B \rightarrow A)$$
 (thm 18, (1)(6))

#### Solution. to 5.

$$(1) A \to A (thm 1)$$

(2) 
$$\neg A \to (A \to B)$$
 (thm 6)

(3) 
$$\neg (A \to B) \to A$$
 (thm 14, rmp)

(4) 
$$((A \to B) \to A) \to A$$
 (thm 18, (1) (3))

Solution. to 6.

$$(1) \qquad \neg C \to (C \to B) \tag{thm 6}$$

(2) 
$$A \to (\neg C \to (C \to B))$$
 (thm 1, rmp)

$$(3) \qquad \neg C \to (A \to (C \to B)) \tag{thm 3}$$

$$(4) \qquad \neg C \to ((A \to C) \to (A \to B)) \tag{A2, thm 8}$$

(5) 
$$\neg C \rightarrow (\neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \neg (A \rightarrow C))$$
 (thm 13, thm 8)

(6) 
$$\left(\neg C \to (\neg (A \to B))\right) \to \left(\neg C \to \neg (A \to C)\right)$$
 (A2, rmp)

(7) 
$$(A \to B) \to C \to \neg (A \to B)$$
 (thm 13)

(8) 
$$(\neg C \to \neg (A \to C)) \to ((A \to C) \to C)$$
 (A3)

(9) 
$$((A \to B) \to C) \to ((A \to C) \to C)$$
 (thm 21, (7)(8))

**Solution.** to 7. We shall use thm 18 to prove.

$$(1) \qquad \neg C \to (C \to B) \tag{thm 6}$$

(2) 
$$A \to (\neg C \to (C \to B))$$
 (thm 1, rmp)

$$(3) \qquad \neg C \to A \to (C \to B) \tag{thm 3}$$

$$(4) \qquad \neg C \to ((A \to C) \to (A \to B)) \tag{A2, rmp}$$

(5) 
$$(A \to C) \to (\neg C \to (A \to B))$$
 (thm 3, rmp)

(6) 
$$(A \to C) \to (\neg (A \to B) \to C)$$
 (thm 14, thm 8)

(7) 
$$(B \to C) \to ((A \to C) \to (\neg (A \to B) \to C))$$
 (thm 1, rmp)

(8) 
$$\neg (A \to B) \to ((A \to C) \to ((B \to C) \to C))$$
 (多用几次 thm 3)

接下来证明另一半.

$$(9) \qquad (B \to C) \to (B \to C) \tag{thm 1}$$

$$(10) (B \to (B \to C) \to C) (thm 3)$$

(11) 
$$(A \to C) \to (B \to (B \to C) \to C)$$
 (thm 1, rmp)

(12) 
$$B \to (A \to C) \to (B \to C) \to C$$
 (thm 3, rmp)

一上面这两部分的结果作为 thm 18 的理由:

(13) 
$$((A \to B) \to B) \to ((A \to C) \to (B \to C) \to C)$$
 (thm 18 (12)(8))

$$(14) \qquad (A \to C) \to ((A \to B) \to B) \to (B \to C) \to C$$

(thm 3, rmp)

(15) 
$$\left( ((A \to B) \to B) \to (B \to C) \to C \right) \to \left( (B \to C) \to ((A \to B) \to B) \to C \right)$$

$$\text{(thm 3)}$$

(16) 
$$(A \to C) \to (B \to C) \to ((A \to B) \to B) \to C$$
 (thm 8)