## Variational Autoencoders [Kingma, Welling]

Setup: Given { n, ..., n, }, x, ERd , dril

Goal: Learn the distribution that generated x ~ p(x).

Assumption: There exists a Set of latent voriables ZER, acc explain the variability observed in . x.

Model: 
$$P_g(x) = \int P_g(x,z) dz = \int P_g(x|z) P(z) dz$$

generative

model

 $P_g(x) = \int P_g(x|z) P(z) dz$ 

It is notural to ask what those latent variables should be 2?

$$P(z|x) = \frac{P_g(x|z)P(z)}{P_g(x)}$$

Co intractable

VAE model assumptions:

i.)  $P(z|x) \approx Q_p(z|x) = \mathcal{N}(\mu(x), \Sigma_p(x))$ : encoder

ii.)  $P(x|z) = \mathcal{N}(\mu(z), \Sigma_p(z))$ : decoder

iii.)  $P_{s}(z) = \mathcal{N}(\mu(z), \Sigma_p(z))$ : decoder

## Variational informer:

- 
$$\log p_{\delta}(x) = -\log \int p_{\delta}(x,\xi) d\xi = -\log \int \frac{p_{\delta}(x,\xi)}{q_{\delta}(\xi|x)} q_{\delta}(\xi|x)$$

J-enser

Remark: To optize this objective (Evidonce Lower Bound - ELBO nord to compute  $\nabla_{\theta} L(\theta, \phi)$ ,  $\nabla_{\phi} L(\theta, \phi)$ .

trick for a muli

Norma

1. Input data batch 
$$\times \frac{96}{100} \xrightarrow{\text{P}_{6}(X)} \times \frac{1}{100} \times \frac{$$

1. Input data batch 
$$X \xrightarrow{q_{\varphi}} \mu_{\xi}(x), \Xi_{\xi}(x)$$

2.  $Z \sim q_{\xi}(z|x)$ :  $Z = \mu_{\xi}(x) + \varepsilon \Xi_{\xi}(x)$ ,  $\varepsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \mathbb{I})$ 

3. 
$$\left[ \frac{1}{2} \xrightarrow{P_{\vartheta}} \mu_{\vartheta}(z), \mathcal{E}_{\vartheta}(z) \right], \quad \mathcal{N} \sim P(\mathcal{N}(z) = \mathcal{N}(\mu_{\vartheta}(z), \mathcal{E}_{\vartheta}(z))$$

$$L(\theta, \phi) := - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \log P_{\theta}(x|z) \right] + \frac{1}{1} \left[ \left[ Q_{\phi}(z|x) \right] p(z) \right]$$
regularization
reconstruction loss

(7) Newal net onchitecture: