



→ Instances → cafeserver → meta data.

→ Lab → AWS details <sup>ppk: windows</sup>

→ SSH → download PEM

→ Copy public EC2

→ cd Downloads → ls → (downloaded.pem)

→ sudo chmod 600 labuser.pem <sup>same file name.</sup> : file permission to be able to read

→ sudo ssh -i labuser.pem ubuntu@ipaddress

→ public ip address in meta data

→ ip a.

→ sudo apt-get update -y

→ sudo apt-get apache2..... ← 2nd command on doc

→ sudo systemctl status apache2 <sup>file. (deploy dynamic web)</sup>

→ Browser → http://publicIpaddressfrommetadata

→ Security group - launch wizard3

→ Inbound rule - add rule - type HTTP - port 80

→ Source type - anywhere IPv4.

denies every other request type (SSH then HTTP denied add HTTP under security)

→ sudo clone .... [command in doc]

→ sudo mkdir /var/www/html/cafeapp → cd cafe-dynamic-web

→ copy source code of repo to above created folder

Sudo cp -rf mompopcafe/\* /var/www/html/cafeapp

→ sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/000-default.conf

document root : /var/www/html/cafeapp

→ sudo systemctl restart apache2



Setting up Web Layer

## Setting up mysql layer.

- `Sudo mysql -u root -p` `1 1`  
(create database, create user, create privileges)
- create database `mom-pop-db`.
- create — Command in doc for user creation
- privileges — command in doc. — check db name

Login as that user

- `Sudo mysql -u msis -P` → `Msois@123`
- `show databases` : shows db
- `use mom-pop-db` : goes inside the db.
- `show tables`
- `source mom-pop-db/create-db.sql` :
- `show tables` (4 tables)
- `select * from product` (products — elements under)

## Connect the database + web page

- `cd /var/www/html/cafeapp`
- `ls`
- `Sudo nano getAppParameters.php`  
`db-user : "msis";`  
`db-url : "localhost";`
- `Sudo systemctl restart apache2`

Launch EC2 Instance : without logging in - install all packages & start project (automate previous steps)

- New instance → name : cafeStaticapp
- ubuntu → 22.04 LTS
- instance type : t2.micro
- key : KeyPair
- allow SSH, HTTP, HTTPS type traffic on port 443
- SGB gp2
- Advanced detail → user data (add commands to be executed on start on system)  
↓  
runs only 1st time system boots
- Copy command/code from document. + paste
- Instance → copy IP address → BROWSER (apache2 welcome page)
- IP address/cafeapp → static website w/o logging in.

CFA → ChallengeLab



20/08

## VPC

- weblayer and database layer on different systems.
- VPC → virtual private cloud (isolated network)  
create a segregated space under all data centers

### SWERD

- Create VPC

- Cafestagerpc → name

- IPv4 CIDR block : 10.0.0/16 → network identifier  
subnet mask  
identify unique host within network

$$32 - 16 = 16 \Rightarrow 2^{16} = 65536 \rightarrow \text{number of allowed instances (IP addresses)}$$

- Number of availability zones → 2.

(Multi AZ → resource spans across 2 AZ)

- \* Public subnet → launch instance - provides a public IP address

- \* Private subnet - resource launched is accessible only within VPC.

- Customize subnets CIDR blocks

public subnet us-east-1a

10.0.0/24 - launch 256 resources. ( $32 - 24 \Rightarrow 2^8$ )

public subnet us-east-1b

10.0.2.0/24

↓  
identify host within network

private

10.0.1.0/24

10.0.3.0/24

- NAT gateway : used by resources under private subnet to access internet launched inside public subnet (provides gateway)

(Internet gateway for public subnet)

- Filter VPC - cafestagevpc
  - Subnets
  - Search EC2 - launch instance - web server
  - AMI - ubuntu - 22.04
  - Instance type : t2.micro
  - Key pair name : rocky
  - Network Settings : Edit
    - VPC : cafestagevpc
  - Subnet : 4 (2 Private, 2 Public)
    - ↳ public subnet : us 1a
  - Auto assign public IP : enable (the webpage to be accessible over internet enabled by default for default VPC)
  - Inbound Security Group
    - Add security group
    - type : HTTP
    - Source type : Anywhere
  - Number of instance : 1
- LAUNCH AN INSTANCE
- Launch an instance
  - db=server
  - Ubuntu - 22.04
  - Network Settings - edit
    - VPC - cafestagevpc
  - Subnet : private us 1a
  - Auto assign : disable

LAUNCH AN INSTANCE

→ get labuser.pem from downloads

Ans detail - download pem

- sudo chmod 600 labuser.pem
- sudo ssh -i labuser.pem ubuntu@public IP address
- yes
- sudo apt-get update (inside webserver, install dependencies)
- sudo apt-get install apache2 libapache2-mod-php php php-mysql mysql-client
- sudo systemctl status apache2
- exit

How to securely copy a file to remote server.

→ sudo scp -i labuser.pem labuser.pem ubuntu@44.223.20  
(in downloads path) .223:/home/ubuntu/.

copying labuser to same name to that IP address

- sudo ssh -i labuser.pem ubuntu@public IP address
- ls
- sudo chmod 600 labuser.pem → exit
- sudo ssh -i labuser.pem ubuntu@10.0.1.100 (private IP address)
- ip a
- sudo apt-get update

mysql can work only on local host.

→ ip address changes everytime you login - public IP address (floating IP address)

- sudo ssh -i labuser.pem ubuntu@public IP → webserver
- sudo git clone (document command)
- cd cafe-dynamic-website/
- sudo mkdir /var/www/html/cafeapp
- sudo cp -rf mompopcafe/\* /var/www/html/cafeapp/.

document root folder  
copying src code to cafeapp root.

- sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/000-default.conf
  - Documentroot /var/www/html/cafeapp
  - sudo systemctl restart apache2
- webpage set ————

Do ssh to dbserver from webserver: only possible way to access db

- ls
- ssh -i labuser.pem ubuntu@private IP
- sudo apt-get update
- sudo apt-get install mysql-server mysql-client
- sudo git clone (document command) to source sql file

- sudo nano /etc/mysql/mysql.conf.d/mysqld.cnf
- any change → service to be changed

bind-address = 127.0.0.1 (local host database)  
 = 0.0.0.0 (or private IP of dbserver)

db listens on all IP address on the server.  
 (listens even if IP address changes)

- sudo systemctl restart mysql.service
  - sudo mysql -u root -p
  - create database moncafedb;
  - Create USER 'msis'@'%' IDENTIFIED .... (document command)
- or ip address

Create a user msis who  
 can connect via localhost  
 + any remote IP address

- ALTER USER (doc command)

- GRANT USER (doc command)

root user no pw



exit from db server

→ exit (back to web server) <sup>host</sup>

→ sudo mysql -u maria -h <sup>(IP address of server)</sup> -p  
(db server)

(security group blocks the traffic - only ssh is given)

→ webserver : security group : security group (ID)

→ dbserver : security group : inbound rule : add a rule

→ Type : mysql , source type : Custom , Source : copied security group ID

Allows all mysql traffic from security group.

→ show database → use <sup>mom</sup> cafedb

→ source cafe-Dynamic-Website/mompopdb/create-db.sql ;

→ exit

→ cd /var/www/html/cafeapp

→ ls

→ sudo nano getAppParameters.php

db-url : private IP address (db server)

db-name : <sup>mom</sup> cafedb

db-user : maria

→ sudo systemctl restart apache2

↓  
gives error  
since it does  
have access yet  
(use database)

Alternate on public IP go to Cafe-Dynamic-Website (mompopdb)

Enter into sql on db

Source create-db.sql ;

→ Open website using public IP of web server.

22/08

- ⇒ Route 53 service
- ⇒ DNS <sup>type of DNS by AWS.</sup>
- ⇒ Systems manager

⇒ Availability zones : DNS.

cafeapp was not available to clients, owner was not aware of it. He missed few clients due to downtime.

Requirement : Inform me ASAP.

Create another route to divert traffic if one is down.

Continuously monitor the health of service.

\* VPC in all AZs & subnets in all VPC.

\* Set one as primary & diff one as secondary

Route 53 : lets you use domain name instead of remembering IP address.

Failover routing policy : Route 53 uses this to re-route traffic if primary fails.

- EC2 instance
- VPC
- Route 53
- Systems Manager

→ VPC → filter mompopcafe → 2 subnets → check availability zone (public)

→ EC2 instances → 2 instances → 2 AZs.  
(1 primary instance)

→ IP / mompopcafe → primary website

↓  
public IP of 1 EC2 instance / public IP of 2nd EC2 instance.

Doesn't show you which instance is rendered (only through IP.  
(getAppParameter file on console)

→ AWS System Manager → Parameter store (dbuser, url, name)  
instead of putting hardcoded - edit here / maintain

→ showserverinfo → parameters → edit → value true

→ Return to website → "Shows server information"

④ Perform health check to re-route if primary fails.

→ Route 53 (AWS DNS)

→ create a healthcheck

primary-health-website

Monitor → Endpoint ; HTTP - Server

IP address : 1st EC2 instance public IP.

port : 80

path : / mompopcafe

→ Advance configuration

Interval : 10sec

Failure threshold : 2

Next

pub & sub mechanism

(SNS - Simple Notification Service)

→ Create alarm : yes → new sms topic → health check no

Email address : your email → confirm on mail.

→ Route 53 → hosted zones → Create a record

A record → Alias : value to be translated to.

Domain to be translated to IP address

CNAME → Canonical name.

direct from one domain to another domain.

Record name : www

Record type : A record

Value : IP - public 1st EC2 instance

TTL second : 15 sec

Routing policy : failover

Record type : primary

health check : created option

Record ID : primary-one

} same for 2nd  
EC2 instance

} change value

\* Record type : secondary

Use case : More time spent on administration ops.

→ Creating instances → extra ops

→ Maintenance → database manage

explain ?

⇒ Use managed database over unmanaged database

⇒ Until now we use IaaS. now PaaS

⇒ RDS relational database service (managed database)



→ VPC → Create VPC → VPC and more

→ Name: LabVPC → CIDR: 10.0.0/16

→ No of AZ: 2

→ No of public subnet: 2  
private: 2

→ 10.0.0.0/24 } public 10.0.1.0/24 } private  
10.0.2.0/24 } 10.0.3.0/24 }

→ NAT → 1 AZ.

→ VPC endpoint: None

### CREATE VPC

⊛ Route table: decides if subnet is private/public  
(Route ->): which route is taken to access internet

⊛ Every subnet has only 1 Route table (compulsory)  
But all subnets can be associated to 1 Route tables

[check route table under VPC]

private subnet uses nat to access internet.

→ EC2 → Launch a instance → name: web

→ ubuntu 22.04 → vkey → VPC (labvpc)

→ subnet (public SN 1)

→ Auto assign - enable (generates public IP)

→ Security: SSH, HTTP (Anywhere)

My IP allows only your system to contact it.

### LAUNCH AN INSTANCE

⊛ Remove pem files from downloads

→ sudo rm -f labuser.pem

Download Key: AWS details download PEM

- `sudo chmod 600 labuser.pem` — public IP
- `sudo ssh -i labuser.pem ubuntu@IP address`
- `sudo apt-get update -y`
- `sudo apt-get install apache2 mysql-client -y` (install other dependencies)
- RDS → Create a database → Standard create
- Engine type: mysql → Engine version: latest
- \* → Templates : Free tier (production costs high as database is created on all AZ)
- Settings : cafedb
- Master username : admin → Self managed
- Masterpassword : M5o1s123
- DB instance class : db.t3.micro
- Storage : General purpose : 20GB
- Connectivity : do not connect → VPC : labvpc
- Create new DB : public access: No
- VPC security group → new → mydbsg → no rule
- Tags → Name : cafedb
- Database authentication : pwd
- Additional Configuration [check for diff b/w managed and unmanaged DB]

DONE

- database → cafedb → security → mydbsg → inbound rule
- Source: anywhere
- type: mysql

- Database → Endpoint  
(we: mysql -u admin -p -h endpoint)
- Inside web-server (public) — remote host
- sudo mysql -u admin -h (put domain name) — copy from endpoint -p
- create database : CREATE (command)
- use database
- grant permission - admin
- create table
- show table
- exit
- sudo mkdir /var/www/html/cafeapp
- ls
- sudo cp -rf mampsrc/cafedb /var/www/html/cafeapp
- sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/000-default → document root.
- sudo nano getAppParameters
  - name: cafedb
  - url: dburl copied
  - user: admin