

```
# Import libraries
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np

%matplotlib inline

from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

Mounted at /content/drive

# Reading in datasets
data = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Dataset of DAFE project/2015_16_Statewise_Elementary.csv')
meta_data = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Dataset of DAFE project/2015_16_Statewise_Elementary_Metadata.csv')

def sort_vals(df,col):
    df_new = df.sort_values(by = col)
    df_new.reset_index().drop('index', axis = 1, inplace = True)
    return df_new

def plot_barh(df, col1, col2, size = (10,10), title = None, xlabel = None):
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,1,figsize = size)
    plt.barh(df[col1],df[col2],label = col2)

    if title:
        ax.set_title(title)
    else:
        ax.set_title('{} vs {}'.format(col2, col1))
    if xlabel:
        ax.set_xlabel(xlabel)
    else:
        ax.set_xlabel(col2)

def display_desc(row):
    return meta_data[meta_data['Field name'] == row].Description.values[0]

print(data.shape)
print(meta_data.shape)

(36, 816)
(816, 2)

print(data.isnull().sum()[data.isnull().sum() > 0].shape)

(0,)
```

data.head(2)

	AC_YEAR	STATCD	STATNAME	DISTRICTS	BLOCKS	VILLAGES	CLUSTERS	TOTPOPULAT	P_URB_POP	POPULATION_0_
0	2015-16	1	JAMMU & KASHMIR	22	201	7263	1628	12549	20.05	16.0
1	2015-16	2	HIMACHAL PRADESH	12	124	10120	2243	6857	8.69	11.1

2 rows × 816 columns

meta_data.head(2)

	Field name	Description
0	AC_YEAR	AC_YEAR: AC_YEAR
1	STATCD	Data Reported from: Data Reported from

```
data['OVERALL_LI'].describe()

count    36.000000
mean     78.309444
std       8.257752
min      63.820000
25%      70.937500
```

```
50%      78.480000
75%      86.287500
max       93.910000
Name: OVERALL_LI, dtype: float64

data.AREA_SQKM.describe()

count      36.000000
mean      94501.111111
std      102321.909726
min       32.000000
25%       9926.750000
50%      54578.000000
75%      140320.000000
max      342239.000000
Name: AREA_SQKM, dtype: float64

data.GROWTHRATE.describe()

count      36.000000
mean      19.990556
std       11.455856
min       -0.470000
25%       13.880000
50%       18.910000
75%       22.637500
max       55.500000
Name: GROWTHRATE, dtype: float64

data[data.GROWTHRATE == -0.47]

   AC_YEAR  STATCD  STATNAME  DISTRICTS  BLOCKS  VILLAGES  CLUSTERS  TOTPOPULAT  P_URB_POP  POPULATION_
12  2015-16     13  NAGALAND         11      47      1478        125        1981      17.31      14
1 rows x 816 columns

(data.MALE_LIT - data.FEMALE_LIT).describe()

count      36.000000
mean      13.893611
std        5.679685
min        3.390000
25%       10.130000
50%       13.720000
75%       18.182500
max       27.850000
dtype: float64

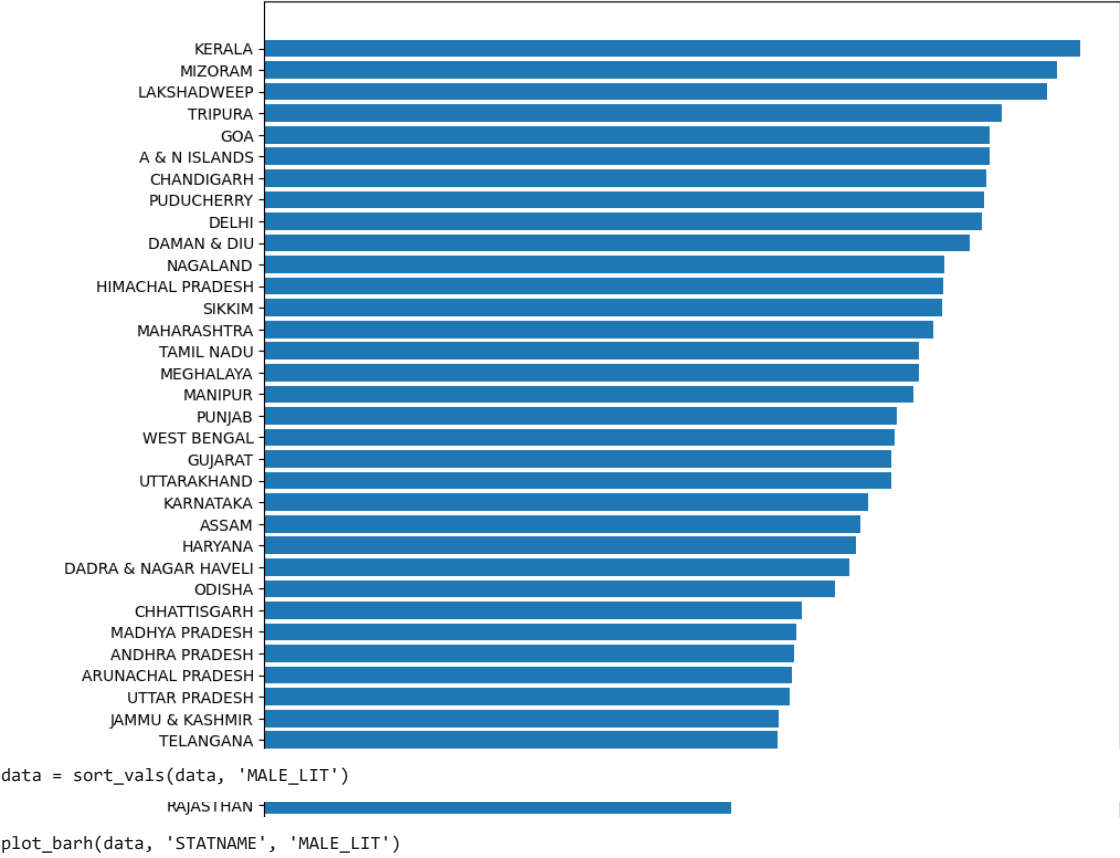
# 'OVERALL_LI' is the overall literacy rate for each state
data = sort_vals(data, 'OVERALL_LI')

plot_barh(data, 'STATNAME', 'OVERALL_LI', title = 'Literacy rates comparison between different states' , xlabel = 'Literacy rate')
```

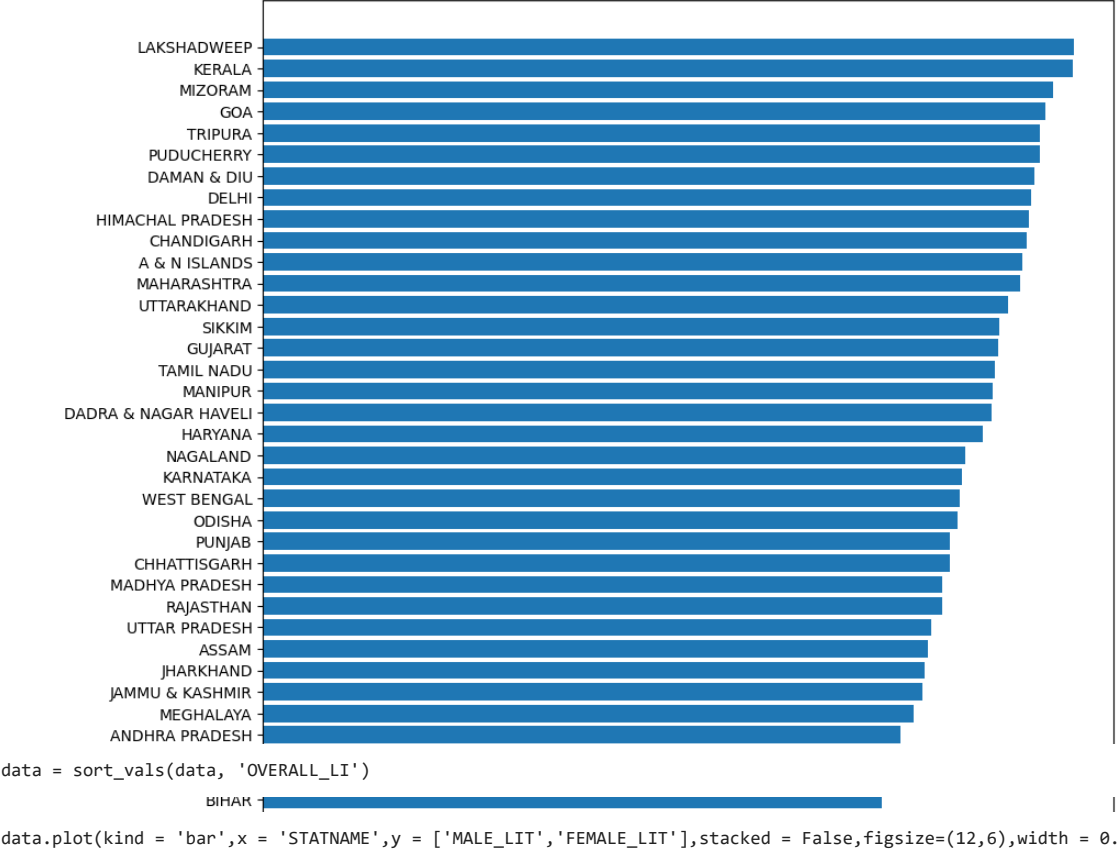
Literacy rates comparison between different states



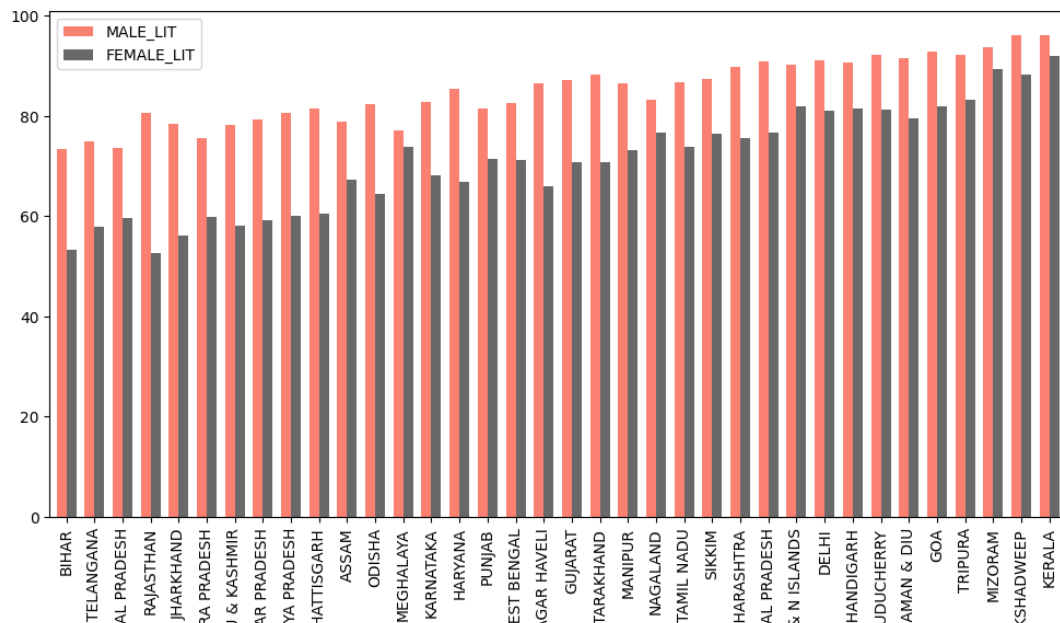
FEMALE_LIT vs STATNAME



MALE_LIT vs STATNAME



<Axes: xlabel='STATNAME'>



```
data['DIFF_LIT'] = data.MALE_LIT - data.FEMALE_LIT
```

```
diff_lit_mean = data.DIFF_LIT.mean()
print("India's avg difference in literacy rate between men and women is : {}".format(diff_lit_mean))
```

India's avg difference in literacy rate between men and women is : 13.893611111111113

```
sort_vals(data, 'DIFF_LIT').head()[['STATNAME', 'DIFF_LIT']]
```

	STATNAME	DIFF_LIT	
16	MEGHALAYA	3.39	
31	KERALA	4.04	
14	MIZORAM	4.32	
12	NAGALAND	6.60	
30	LAKSHADWEEP	7.86	

```
sort_vals(data, 'DIFF_LIT').tail()[['STATNAME', 'DIFF_LIT']]
```

	STATNAME	DIFF_LIT	
22	MADHYA PRADESH	20.51	
25	DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI	20.53	
21	CHHATTISGARH	20.86	
19	JHARKHAND	22.24	
7	RAJASTHAN	27.85	

```
north_east = ['NAGALAND', 'MANIPUR', 'MIZORAM', 'ASSAM', 'TRIPURA', 'ARUNACHAL PRADESH', 'MEGHALAYA', 'SIKKIM']
data.set_index(data.STATNAME, inplace = True)
ne_diff_lit_mean = data.loc[north_east, 'DIFF_LIT'].mean()
print('The avg in DIFF_LIT for north-eastern states ({} ) is much less than the national avg ({}).'.format(ne_diff_lit_mean, diff_lit_mean))
```

The avg in DIFF_LIT for north-eastern states (9.1475) is much less than the national avg (13.893611111111113).

```
print("The Female literacy rate for meghalaya : {} .VS. the avg female literacy rate : {}".format(data.loc['MEGHALAYA', 'FEMALE_LIT'], data.FEMALE_LIT.mean()))
```

The Female literacy rate for meghalaya : 73.78 .VS. the avg female literacy rate : 71.09138888888889

```
# We will drop Telangana from bottom 3 as its been recently founded(2014)
top_3_elem = data.sort_values(by = 'OVERALL_LI', ascending = False).head(3)
bottom_3_elem = data.sort_values(by = 'OVERALL_LI', ascending = True).head(4).drop('TELANGANA', axis = 0)
```

```
top_bottom = pd.concat([top_3_elem, bottom_3_elem], axis = 0, sort = False)
```

top_bottom

	AC_YEAR	STATCD	STATNAME	DISTRICTS	BLOCKS	VILLAGES	CLUSTERS	TOTPOPULAT	P_URB_
STATNAME									
KERALA	2015-16	32	KERALA	14	166	1907	1375	33388	2.
LAKSHADWEEP	2015-16	31	LAKSHADWEEP	1	3	10	9	64	4
MIZORAM	2015-16	15	MIZORAM	8	36	851	169	1091	4
BIHAR	2015-16	10	BIHAR	38	537	40779	5633	103805	1
ARUNACHAL PRADESH	2015-16	12	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	20	99	2982	234	1383	1
RAJASTHAN	2015-16	8	RAJASTHAN	33	302	41441	10594	68621	1

6 rows × 817 columns

```
display_desc('TOTPOPULAT')  
  
'Basic data from Census 2011: Total Population(in 1000's)'
```

top_bottom.TOTPOPULAT/top_bottom.AREA_SQKM * 1000

STATNAME	
KERALA	859.120500
LAKSHADWEEP	2000.000000
MIZORAM	51.752763
BIHAR	1102.396907
ARUNACHAL PRADESH	16.514813
RAJASTHAN	200.506079
dtype: float64	

top_bottom.DIFF_LIT

STATNAME	
KERALA	4.04
LAKSHADWEEP	7.86
MIZORAM	4.32
BIHAR	20.06
ARUNACHAL PRADESH	14.12
RAJASTHAN	27.85
Name: DIFF_LIT, dtype: float64	

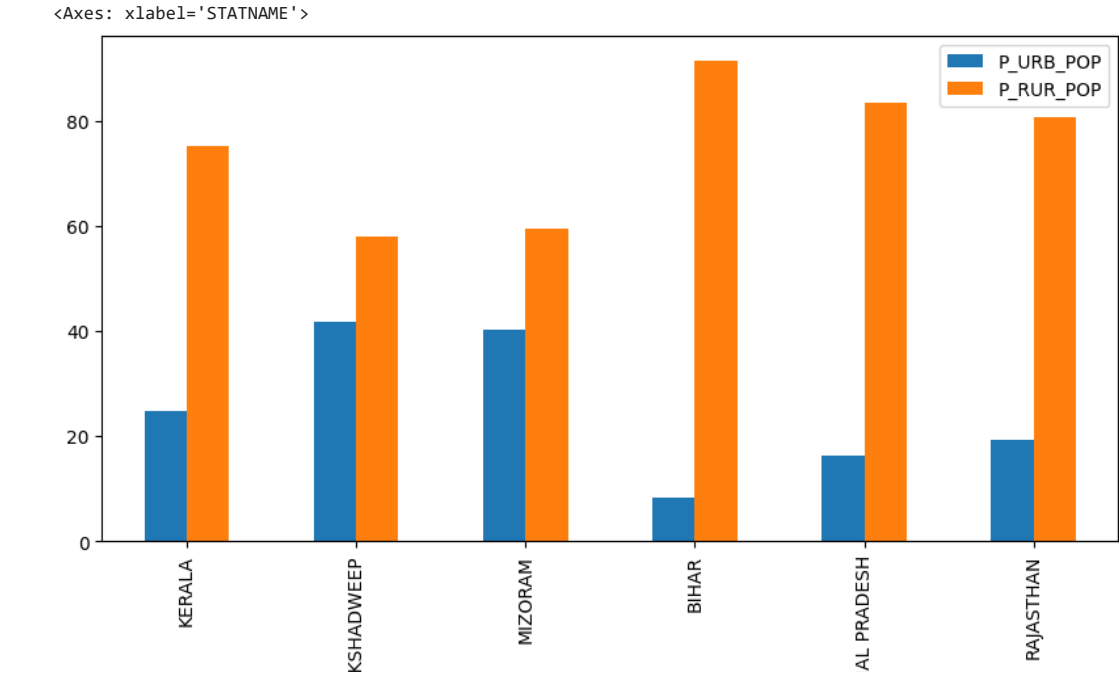
```
top_bottom.plot(y = 'DIFF_LIT',kind= 'bar')  
plt.title('Top 3 vs Bottom 3 states for DIFF_LIT')
```

```
display_desc('P_URB_POP')

'Basic data from Census 2011: Percentage Urban Population'

top_bottom['P_RUR_POP'] = 100 - top_bottom['P_URB_POP']

top_bottom.plot(y = ['P_URB_POP', 'P_RUR_POP'], kind = 'bar', figsize = (10,5))
```



```
# Approximate National average
data.SEXRATIO.mean()

930.8888888888889
```

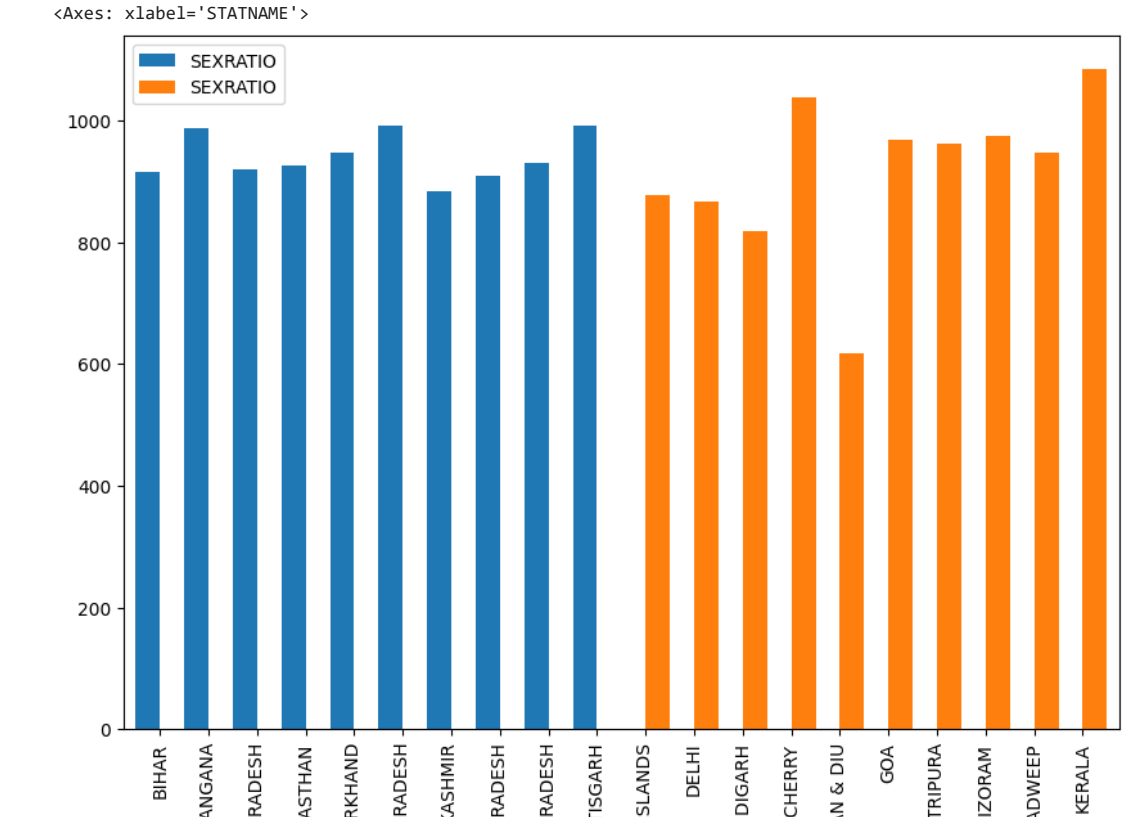
```
top_bottom.SEXRATIO

STATNAME
KERALA      1084
LAKSHADWEEP 946
MIZORAM     975
BIHAR       916
ARUNACHAL PRADESH 920
RAJASTHAN   926
Name: SEXRATIO, dtype: int64
```

```
top_bottom.plot(y = 'SEXRATIO', kind = 'bar')
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='STATNAME'>

data.sort_values(by = 'OVERALL_LI', inplace=True)
pd.concat([data.head(10),data.tail(10)], axis = 1, sort = False).plot(kind= 'bar', y = 'SEXRATIO', figsize = (10,7),width = 1)
```



```
data.loc[:,['SEXRATIO','OVERALL_LI']].corr()
```

	SEXRATIO	OVERALL_LI
SEXRATIO	1.000000	-0.037555
OVERALL_LI	-0.037555	1.000000

```
print(display_desc('P_SC_POP'))
print(display_desc('P_ST_POP'))

Basic data from Census 2011: Percentage SC Population
Basic data from Census 2011: Percentage ST Population

top_bottom['SC_ST_POP'] = top_bottom.P_SC_POP + top_bottom.P_ST_POP

top_bottom.plot(y = ['SC_ST_POP','P_SC_POP','P_ST_POP'], kind = 'bar', figsize = (15,7))
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='STATNAME'>

meta_sch = meta_data[meta_data['Field name'].str.contains(r'^SCH\w*TOT')]
print(meta_sch)

Field name      Description
28  SCHTOT      Schools By Category: Total
37  SCHTOTG     Schools by Category: Government: Total
46  SCHTOTP     Schools by Category: Private : Total
55  SCHTOTM     Schools by Category: Madarsas & Unrecognised: ...
64  SCHTOTGR    Government Schools by Category - Rural: Total
73  SCHTOTGA    Schools by Category: Government & Aided : Total
82  SCHTOTPR    Private Schools by Category - Rural: Total
91  SCHBOYTOT   Schools by Category: Boys Only: Total
100 SCHGIRTOT   Schools by Category: Girls Only: Total

|  [blue] [green] [blue] [green] [blue] [green] [blue] |

display_desc('SCHTOT')

'Schools By Category: Total'
|  [blue] [orange] [blue] [green] [blue] [green] [blue] [orange] [blue] [green] [blue] [orange] [green] |

display_desc('TOT_6_10_15')

'Projected Population : Age Group 6 to 10'
      5      6

display_desc('TOT_11_13_15')

'Projected Population : Age Group 11 to 13'

top_bottom.SCHTOT

STATNAME
KERALA      16458
LAKSHADWEEP  41
MIZORAM     3072
BIHAR       80166
ARUNACHAL PRADESH  4012
RAJASTHAN   107931
Name: SCHTOT, dtype: int64

top_bottom['SCHKIDS'] = top_bottom.TOT_6_10_15 + top_bottom.TOT_11_13_15
top_bottom['KIDSPERSCH'] = top_bottom.SCHKIDS/top_bottom.SCHTOT

top_bottom.plot(y = 'KIDSPERSCH', kind = 'bar',)

<Axes: xlabel='STATNAME'>

250
200
150
100
50
0

KERALA
LAKSHADWEEP
MIZORAM
BIHAR
ARUNACHAL PRADESH
RAJASTHAN

STATNAME

KIDSPERSCH

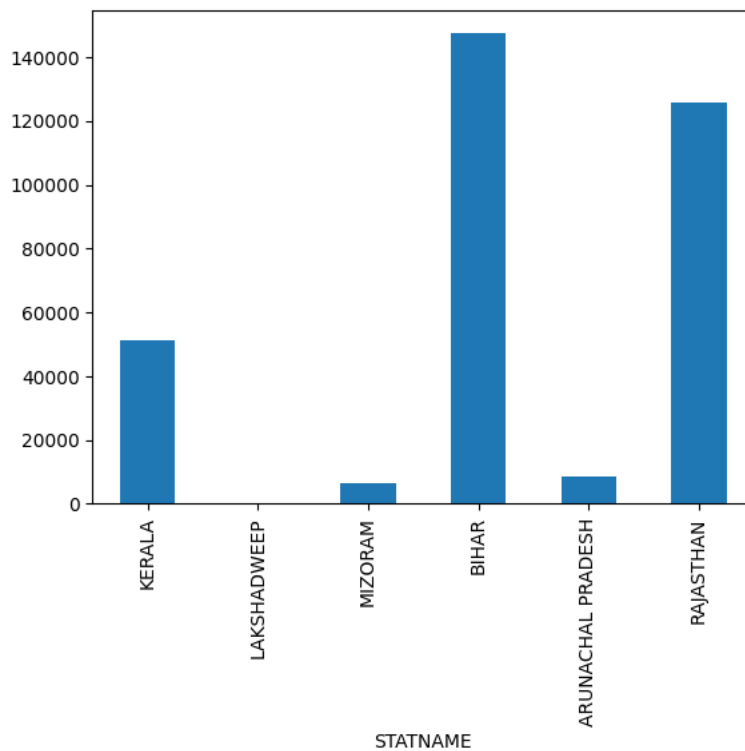
display_desc('TOTCLS1G')
```



```
'Total Classrooms: Primary Only - Primary Only'
```

```
top_bottom['TOTCLS1G'].plot(kind= 'bar')
```

<Axes: xlabel='STATNAME'>

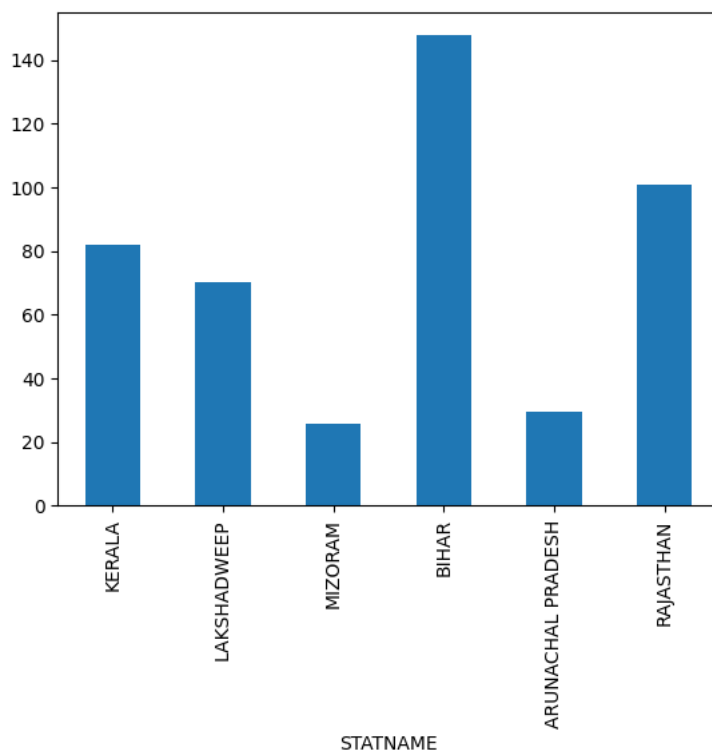


```
# primary kids per class
```

```
top_bottom['KIDSPERCL'] = top_bottom['SCHKIDS']/top_bottom['TOTCLS1G']
```

```
top_bottom['KIDSPERCL'].plot(kind= 'bar')
```

<Axes: xlabel='STATNAME'>



```
elem = data.copy(deep = True)
```

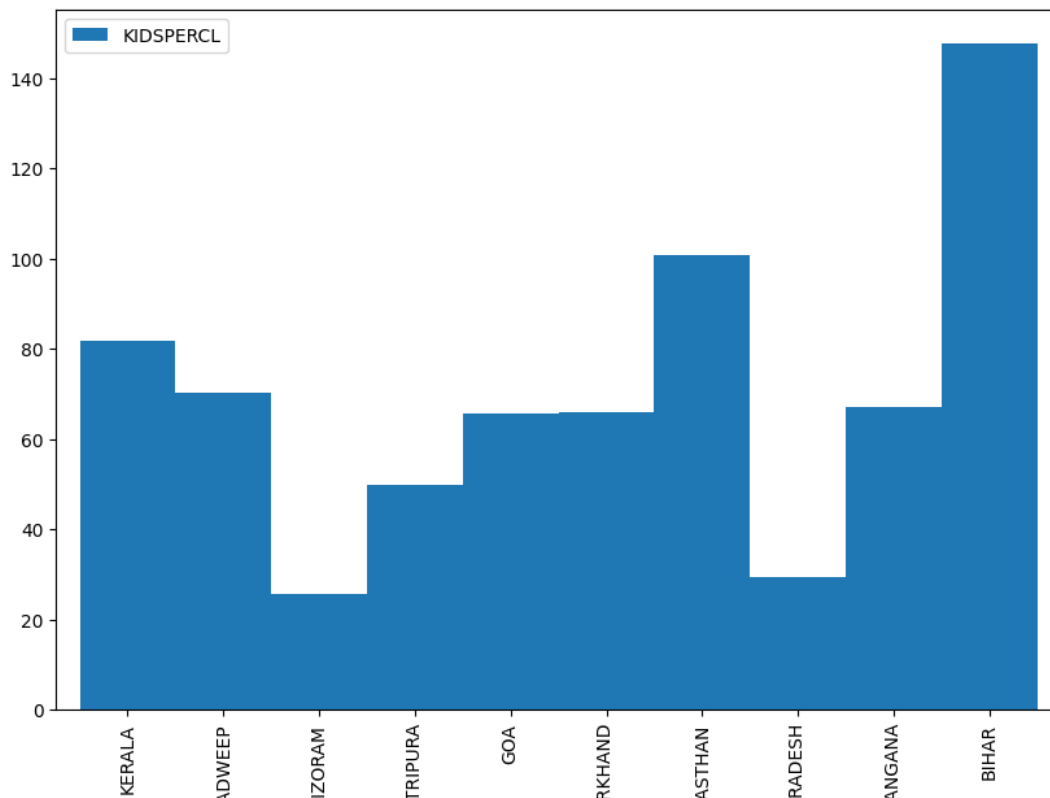
```
elem['SCHKIDS'] = elem.TOT_6_10_15 + elem.TOT_11_13_15
```

```
elem['KIDSPERCL'] = elem['SCHKIDS']/elem['TOTCLS1G']
```

```
elem.sort_values(by = 'OVERALL_LI',ascending = False,inplace = True)
```

```
pd.concat([elem.head(5),elem.tail(5)], axis = 0, sort = False).plot(kind= 'bar', y = 'KIDSPERCL', figsize = (10,7),width = 1)
```

<Axes: xlabel='STATNAME'>



```
elem[['KIDSPERCL', 'OVERALL_LI']].corr()
```

	KIDSPERCL	OVERALL_LI
KIDSPERCL	1.00000	0.16714
OVERALL_LI	0.16714	1.00000

```
# Plot of the % of data private, govt schools and Madarsas and comparing them with the national avg.
```

```
schtotg_avg = (data.SCHTOTG/data.SCHTOT).mean()
```

```
schtotp_avg = (data.SCHTOTP/data.SCHTOT).mean()
```

```
schtotm_avg = (data.SCHTOTM/data.SCHTOT).mean()
```

```
top_3_elem['SCHTOTG_P'] = (top_3_elem.SCHTOTG/top_3_elem.SCHTOT)
```

```
top_3_elem['SCHTOTP_P'] = (top_3_elem.SCHTOTP/top_3_elem.SCHTOT)
```

```
top_3_elem['SCHTOTM_P'] = (top_3_elem.SCHTOTM/top_3_elem.SCHTOT)
```

```
bottom_3_elem['SCHTOTG_P'] = (bottom_3_elem.SCHTOTG/bottom_3_elem.SCHTOT)
```

```
bottom_3_elem['SCHTOTP_P'] = (bottom_3_elem.SCHTOTP/bottom_3_elem.SCHTOT)
```

```
bottom_3_elem['SCHTOTM_P'] = (bottom_3_elem.SCHTOTM/bottom_3_elem.SCHTOT)
```

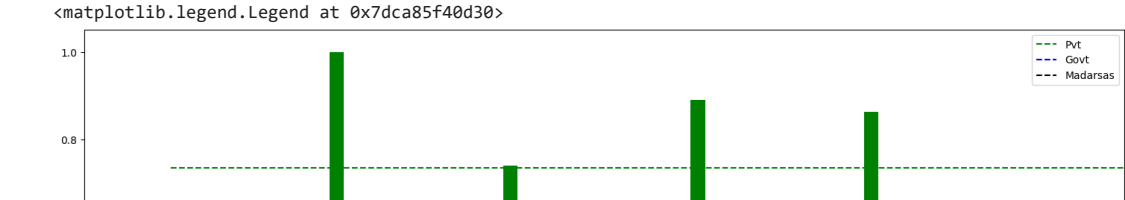
```
pd.concat([top_3_elem, bottom_3_elem], axis = 1, sort = False).plot(y = ['SCHTOTP_P', 'SCHTOTG_P', 'SCHTOTM_P'],\
    figsize = (18,8), kind = 'bar',\
    color =['blue', 'blue', 'g', 'g', 'black', 'black'], \
    )
```

```
plt.plot([schtotg_avg]*8, linestyle = '--',color = 'g') # National avg for % of govt schools
```

```
plt.plot([schtotp_avg]*8, linestyle = '--',color = 'blue') # National avg for % of private schools
```

```
plt.plot([schtotm_avg]*8, linestyle = '--',color= 'black') # National avg for % of Madarsas
```

```
plt.legend(['Pvt', 'Govt', 'Madarsas'],loc = 1)
```



```
display_desc('CONTIE')
```

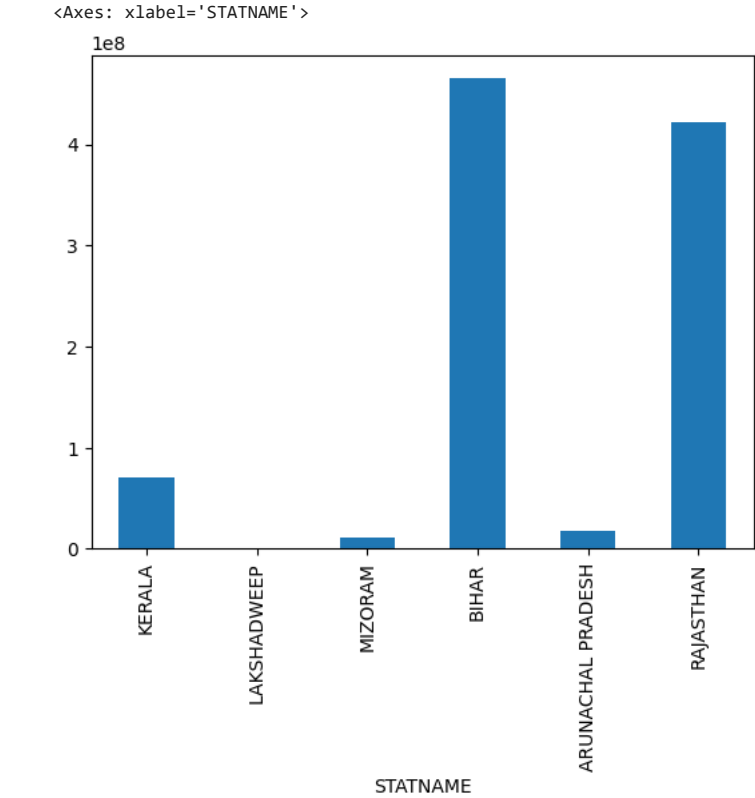
```
'Grants: School Development - Expended'
```

```
nd
```

```
elem[['CONTIE','OVERALL_LI']].corr()
```

	CONTIE	OVERALL_LI
CONTIE	1.000000	-0.481281
OVERALL_LI	-0.481281	1.000000

```
top_bottom.CONTIE.plot(kind = 'bar')
```



```
display_desc('C9_B')
```

```
'Enrolment By Grade: Boys - Grade 9'
```

```
display_desc('C9_G')
```

```
'Enrolment By Grade: Girls - Grade 9'
```

```
display_desc('C8_B')
```

```
'Enrolment By Grade: Boys - Grade 8'
```

```
display_desc('C8_G')
```

```
'Enrolment By Grade: Girls - Grade 8'
```

```
data['C9_TOTAL'] = data.loc[:, 'C9_B'] + data.loc[:, 'C9_G']
```

```
data['C8_TOTAL'] = data.loc[:, 'C8_B'] + data.loc[:, 'C8_G']
```

```
data['DROP_8_9'] = (data.C8_TOTAL - data.C9_TOTAL)/data.C8_TOTAL
```

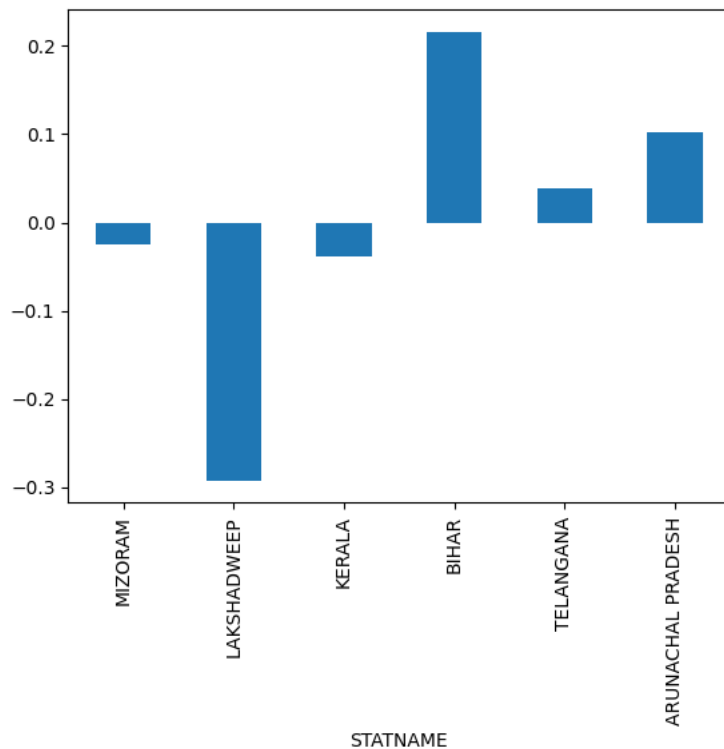
```
top_bottom_drop = pd.concat([data.sort_values('OVERALL_LI').tail(3).DROP_8_9,
                             data.sort_values('OVERALL_LI').head(3).DROP_8_9], axis = 0)
```

```
top_bottom_drop
```

```
STATNAME
MIZORAM      -0.025558
LAKSHADWEEP  -0.292279
KERALA       -0.038128
BIHAR        0.216246
TELANGANA    0.038714
ARUNACHAL PRADESH 0.102825
Name: DROP_8_9, dtype: float64
```

```
top_bottom_drop.plot(kind='bar', y = 'DROP_8_9', x = 'STATNAME')
```

<Axes: xlabel='STATNAME'>



```
data[['DROP_8_9', 'OVERALL_LI']].corr()
```

	DROP_8_9	OVERALL_LI
DROP_8_9	1.000000	-0.703246
OVERALL_LI	-0.703246	1.000000

```
data.set_index('STATNAME', inplace = True)
```

```
class_b_columns = data.columns[data.columns.str.contains('C\d_[B]$', case = False, r
class_g_columns = data.columns[data.columns.str.contains('C\d_[G]$', case = False, r
```

```
sums_classes_df = pd.DataFrame(np.matrix(data[class_b_columns]) + np.matrix(data[c1
```

```
sums_classes_cols=[i[:2] for i in class_b_columns]
sums_classes_index = data.index
```

```
sums_classes_df.columns = sums_classes_cols
```

```
totals = sums_classes_df.sum(axis = 0)
```

```
dropout = []
for i,_ in enumerate(totals):
    try:
```

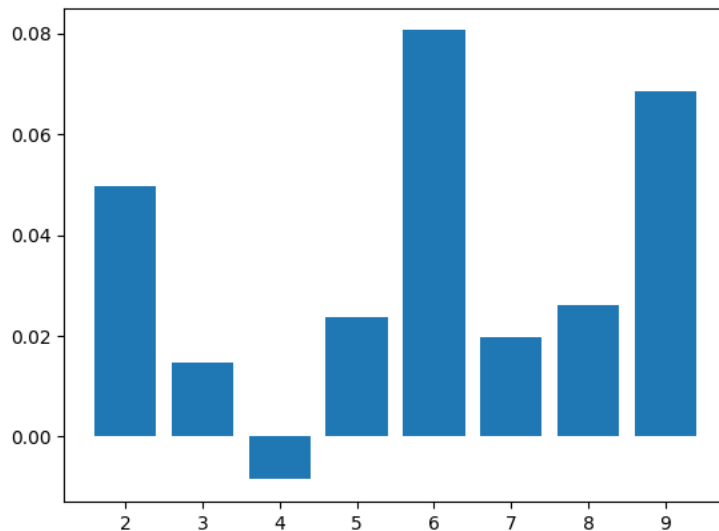
```
dropout.append((totals[i] - totals[i+1])/totals[i])
except:
    pass
```

dropout

```
[0.049807894807547,
0.014726304017832778,
-0.008486844753752712,
0.023597734638681263,
0.08056395873036064,
0.019658139068640237,
0.026063321302817914,
0.06841362994279623]
```

```
plt.bar(x = range(2,10,1),height = dropout)
```

<BarContainer object of 8 artists>



```
import statsmodels.api as sm
import pylab
```

```
fig,a=plt.subplots(1,3,figsize=(20,5))
sns.distplot(data['OVERALL_LI'],hist=True,kde=True,ax=a[0])
sns.boxplot(x=data['OVERALL_LI'],ax=a[1])
sm.qqplot(data['OVERALL_LI'],line='s',ax=a[2])
```

<ipython-input-88-48a118d51c0b>:2: UserWarning:

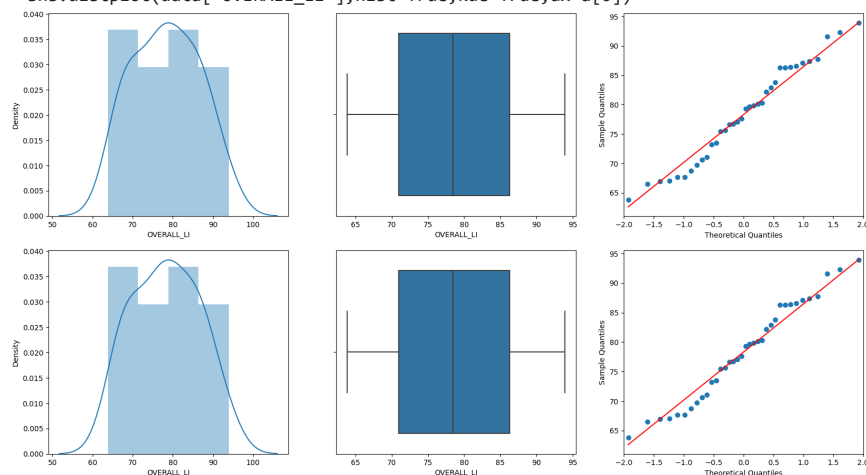
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see

<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

```
sns.distplot(data['OVERALL_LI'],hist=True,kde=True,ax=a[0])
```



```
from scipy.stats import shapiro
stats,p=shapiro(data['OVERALL_LI'])
print("Stats = %.3f, p=%.3f"%(stats,p))

Stats = 0.963, p=0.270

from scipy import stats
t_value,p_value=stats.ttest_ind(data['OVERALL_LI'],data['GROWTHRATE'])
print('Test statistic is %f'%float("{:.6f}".format(t_value)))
print('p_value is %f'%p_value)
alpha=0.05
if p_value<=alpha:
    print('Conclusion', 'n', 'Since p-value(=%f)'%p_value, '<', 'alpha(=%.2f)'%alpha, 'We reject the null hypothesis H0. ')
else:
    print('We do not reject the null hypothesis H0. ')

Test statistic is 24.778123
p_value is 0.000000
Conclusion n Since p-value(=0.000000) < alpha(=0.05) We reject the null hypothesis H0.

corr,_=stats.pearsonr(data['OVERALL_LI'],data['GROWTHRATE'])
print("Pearsons corr %.3f"%corr)

Pearsons corr 0.041
```