```
# Importing the dependencies
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# Data collection
dataset = pd.read csv('ecomm.csv', encoding = 'unicode escape')
dataset.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 326401 entries, 0 to 326400
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#
    Column
                 Non-Null Count
                                  Dtype
     -----
    InvoiceNo 326401 non-null object
 0
    StockCode
                 326401 non-null object
 1
    Description 325231 non-null object
 2
 3
    Quantity 326400 non-null float64
4
    InvoiceDate 326400 non-null object
 5
    UnitPrice 326400 non-null float64
                 236490 non-null float64
6
    CustomerID
                 326400 non-null object
 7
    Country
dtypes: float64(3), object(5)
memory usage: 19.9+ MB
```

We can observe that:

InvoiceDate has to be converted into a date time Datatype.

```
dataset.head()
{"type": "dataframe", "variable name": "dataset"}
dataset.shape
(326401, 8)
dataset.isnull().sum()
# There are null-values in 2 columns (Description and Customer ID).
InvoiceNo
                   0
StockCode
                   0
                1170
Description
Quantity
                   1
InvoiceDate
                   1
UnitPrice
                   1
CustomerID
               89911
```

```
Country
                  1
dtype: int64
dataset.duplicated().sum()
# We can observe that there are 2533 duplicate entries in the dataset.
2533
# Analysing the quantitative values
dataset.describe()
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"dataset\",\n \"rows\": 8,\n \"fields\":
[\n {\n \"column\": \"Quantity\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 122017.53221210137,\n \"min\": -74215.0,\n \"max\": 326400.0,\n
\"num unique values\": 8,\n \"samples\": [\n
],\n
                                                            }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"InvoiceDate\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"date\",\n
                                                     \"min\":
\"1970-01-01 00:00:00.000326400\",\n \"max\": \"2011-09-05
12:00:00\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 7,\n \"samples\":
[\n \"326400\",\n \"2011-04-18
12:21:39.092095744\",\n \"2011-06-30 12:45:30\"\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                               ],\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"UnitPrice\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\" 114937.9858987506,\n \"min\": -11062.06,\n \"max\":
                                                        \"std\":
326400.0,\n \"num unique values\": 8,\n
                                                   \"samples\": [\n
4.886140140931371,\n 4.13,\n
                                             326400.0\n ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                            }\
    },\n {\n \"column\": \"CustomerID\",\n
n
                       \"dtype\": \"number\",\n
\"properties\": {\n
                                                      \"std\":
\"min\": 1726.0329817152647,\n
16809.0,\n
\"description\": \"\"\n
                            }\n }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe"}
len(dataset['CustomerID'].unique())
3387
print(dataset['Country'].value counts())
Country
United Kingdom
                       297934
Germany
                         6047
                         4772
France
EIRE
                         4728
```

```
Spain
                            1621
Netherlands
                            1539
Belgium
                            1288
Switzerland
                            1192
Australia
                            1013
Portugal
                             775
                             524
Norway
Channel Islands
                             509
Finland
                             468
Italy
                             419
Unspecified
                             393
Cyprus
                             353
                             309
Sweden
                             298
Japan
Austria
                             270
Poland
                             253
Hong Kong
                             249
Israel
                             236
Denmark
                             220
                             193
Singapore
                             151
Canada
Iceland
                             124
Greece
                             110
                             104
Malta
United Arab Emirates
                             67
European Community
                              61
Lebanon
                              45
Lithuania
                              35
                              32
Brazil
USA
                              22
                              19
Bahrain
Czech Republic
                              17
Saudi Arabia
                              10
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

Calculaing the Recency:

The days since the last purchase for each customers.

- 1. We need keep only the most recent date for each customer.
- 2. Rank each customer based on how recent their purchase was.
- 3. Assign a recency score.

```
# Converting the InvoiceDate into datetime Datatype.
dataset['InvoiceDate'] = pd.to_datetime(dataset['InvoiceDate'])

# Sorting the datset by CustomerID and Date
dataset.sort_values(['CustomerID', 'InvoiceDate'])

# Finding the most recent date for each customer and ranking each
```

```
customer based on how recent their purchase was.
dataset['rank'] = dataset.groupby(['CustomerID'])
['InvoiceDate'].rank(method = 'min')
# Recency score.
df recency = dataset[dataset['rank'] == 1]
df recency.head(10)
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"df recency\",\n \"rows\": 72673,\n
\"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"InvoiceNo\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num unique values\": 3398,\n \"samples\": [\n
\"537134\",\n\\"554632\",\n\\"549789\"\n
                                                                     ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"StockCode\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num_unique_values\": 3175,\n \"samples\": [\n\"21278\",\n \"17021\",\n \"84857C\"\n
                                                                   ],\n
}\
HEART\",\n \"LOCAL CAFE MUG\"\n
                                                   ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"Quantity\",\n \"p
                                                         \"properties\":
           \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\":
{\n
74215.0,\n \"num_unique_values\": 148,\n
280.3382080680222,\n\\"min\": -9360.0,\n
                                                         \"max\":
                                                          \"samples\": [\
n 2400.0,\n 52.0,\n 320.0\n ],\r \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"InvoiceDate\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"date\",\n \"min\":
                                                                ],\n
\"2010-12-01 08:26:00\",\n \"max\": \"2011-09-05 11:38:00\",\n
\"num unique values\": 3302,\n
                                   \"samples\": [\n
                                    \"2010-12-13 15:34:00\",\n
\"2010-12-01 13:17:00\",\n
                               ],\n \"semantic type\": \"\",\
\"2011-01-27 10:56:00\"\n
n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                       }\n },\n {\n
\"column\": \"UnitPrice\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 18.57135957026946,\n
\"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 4287.63,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 193,\n \"samples\": [\n
                                                                  165.0,\
n 5.75,\n 295.0\n
                                       ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                                  }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"CustomerID\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n 1730.0256253358443,\n \"min\": 12346.0,\n
                                                             \"std\":
                                                           \"max\":
                                                       \"samples\":
18287.0,\n \"num_unique_values\": 3386,\n
             17450.0,\n 13579.0,\n
                                                        13050.0
[\n
         ],\n \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
```

```
\"description\": \"\"\n
                             }\n
                                     },\n
                                                      \"column\":
                                              {\n
\"Country\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"category\",\n \"num_unique_value
\"samples\": [\n \"Malta\",\n
                                              \"dtype\":
                       \"num unique values\": 36,\n
                                                 \"Lithuania\",\n
\"United Arab Emirates\"\n
                                   ],\n
                                              \"semantic type\":
\"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                             }\n },\n
                                                             {\n
\"column\": \"rank\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                                                          \"dtype\":
\"number\",\n \"std\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 1.0,\n \"num unique values\
                                              \"min\": 1.0,\n
                     \"num unique values\": 1,\n \"samples\":
                           ],\n \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
[\n
             1.0\n
\"description\": \"\"\n
                           }\n
                                     }\n 1\
n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"df_recency"}
```

We can see that more than one entry for a customer has the same rank, this is because the customer has done multiple purchases (different products) on the same day and rank('min') assigns the same rank for all these transactions done on the same date.

```
# Assigning recency score to each customer by calculating the
difference between the most recent purchase and a reference date.
# Reference date - latest(most recent) transcation date
ref date = dataset['InvoiceDate'].min()
print(ref date)
df recency['Recency'] = df recency['InvoiceDate'] - ref date
# Converting the difference into days.
df recency['Recency'] = df recency['Recency'].dt.days
df recency.head(10)
2010-12-01 08:26:00
<ipython-input-54-03906faa8b9a>:7: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row indexer,col indexer] = value instead
See the caveats in the documentation:
https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#
returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
  df recency['Recency'] = df recency['InvoiceDate'] - ref date
<ipython-input-54-03906faa8b9a>:10: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row indexer,col indexer] = value instead
See the caveats in the documentation:
https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#
returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
  df recency['Recency'] = df recency['Recency'].dt.days
```

```
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"df_recency\",\n \"rows\": 72673,\n
\"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"InvoiceNo\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num unique values\": 3398,\n
                                                                                                \"samples\": [\n
],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"StockCode\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num_unique_values\": 3175,\n \"samples\": [\n\"21278\",\n \"17021\",\n \"84857C\"\n
                                                                                                                                                                                    ],\n
\"num_unique_values\": 3243,\n\"SCALLOP SHELL SOAP DISH\",\n\"SINGLE WIRE HOOK PINK
HEART\",\n \"LOCAL CAFE MUG\"\n ],\n
 \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"Quantity\",\n \"properties\":
 {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\":
280.3382080680222,\n \"min\": -9360.0,\n \"max\": 74215.0,\n \"num_unique_values\": 148,\n \"samples\": [\
n 2400.0,\n 52.0,\n 320.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n }\n {\n \"column\": \"InvoiceDate\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"date\",\n \"min\":
\"2010-12-01 08:26:00\",\n\\"max\": \"2011-09-05 11:38:00\",\n\\"num_unique_values\": 3302,\n\\"2010-12-01 13:17:00\",\n\\"2010-12-13 15:34:00\",\n\\"2011-01-27 10:56:00\"\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\\",\n\
\"column\": \"UnitPrice\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 18.57135957026946,\n
\"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 4287.63,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 193,\n \"samples\": [\n
                                                                                                                                                                                   165.0,\
n 5.75,\n 295.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                                                                                                                                                    }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"CustomerID\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 1730.0256253358443,\n \"min\": 12346.0,\n \"max\": 18287.0,\n \"num_unique_values\": 3386,\n \"samples\":
[\n 17450.0,\n 13579.0,\n n ],\n \"semantic type\": \"\".\n
                                                                                                                                                       13050.0
"" | "semantic_type\": \"\",\n" | \"description\": \"\"\n" | \"n | \"n | \"dtype\": \"\"column\": \"column\": \"category\",\n" \"num_unique_values\": 36,\n" \"samples\": [\n" \"Malta\",\n" \"Lithuania\",\n" \"United Arab Emirates\"\n" | ],\n" \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n" \"description\": \"\"\n" | \"n | \"n | \"n | \"dtype\": \"number\",\n" \"std\": 0.0,\n" \"min\": 1.0,\n"
                        ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
```

Calculaing the Frequency:

The number of times each customer made a purchase on the platform. Helps identify loyal customers.

```
# Grouping by Customer ID and Counting the number of Transactions
frequency = dataset.groupby(['CustomerID'])['InvoiceDate'].count()
print(frequency)
CustomerID
12346.0
                                      2
                                 124
12347.0
12348.0
                                    28
12350.0
                                    17
12352.0
                                   48
18280.0
                                    10
18281.0
                                      7
18282.0
                                      8
18283.0
                                 400
18287.0
                                    29
Name: InvoiceDate, Length: 3386, dtype: int64
# Converting the frequencies into dataframes
df frequency = pd.DataFrame(frequency).reset index()
df frequency.columns = ['CustomerID', 'Frequency']
df frequency.head()
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"df frequency\",\n \"rows\": 3386,\n
\"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"CustomerID\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \usepec. | \u
                                                                                                                                                                                \"std\":
[\n
                                      13008.0,\n
                                                                                         12857.0,\n
                                                                                                                                                              13101.0
                                                  \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
                         ],\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n
                                                                                                          },\n {\n
                                                                                                                                                            \"column\":
\"Frequency\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                                                                                                                                                  \"dtype\":
                                                                                                                                   \"min\": 1,\n
\"number\",\n
                                                               \"std\": 146,\n
\"max\": 4387,\n
                                                               \"num_unique_values\": 362,\n
\"samples\": [\n
                                                                             62,\n
                                                                                                                           89,\n
                                                                                                                                                                        34\
```

```
],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"df_frequency"}
# Merging the frequency with the recency data
rec freq = df frequency.merge(df recency, on = 'CustomerID')
rec freq.head()
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"rec_freq\",\n \"rows\": 72673,\n
\"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"CustomerID\",\n \"number\" \n \"dtype\": \"number\" \n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\", 1730.0256253358166,\n \"min\": 12346.0,\n
                           \"dtype\": \"number\",\n
                                                            \"std\":
                                                        \"max\":
            \"num unique values\": 3386,\n
18287.0,\n
                                                      \"samples\":
             13008.0,\n 12857.0,\n
[\n
                                                     13101.0
                    \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
         ],\n
\ensuremath{\mbox{"description}}: \ensuremath{\mbox{"\n}} \ensuremath{\mbox{n}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\backslash$}}}, \ensuremath{\mbox{$\backslash$}} \ensuremath{\mbox{$\backslash$}}
                                                     \"column\":
\"Frequency\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                                            \"dtype\":
                     \"std\": 149,\n
                                            \"min\": 1,\n
\"number\",\n
\"max\": 4387,\n
                     \"num_unique values\": 362,\n
                        62,\n 89,\n
\"samples\": [\n
                                                         34\
                     \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
        ],\n
\"description\": \"\"n }\n }\n {\n
\"InvoiceNo\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                                                    \"column\":
                                                \"dtype\":
                      \"num_unique_values\": 3398,\n
\"category\",\n
                    \"554654\",\n\\"547415\",\n
\"samples\": [\n
\"547098\"\n
                    ],\n
                             \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
\"StockCode\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
                   \"num_unique_values\": 3175,\n
\"84249A\",\n \"22434\",\n
\"category\",\n
\"samples\": [\n
\"84874B\"\n
                            \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
                    ],\n
                            }\n },\n {\n \"column\":
\"description\": \"\"\n
\"Description\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 3243,\n
\"samples\": [\n \"ENGLISH ROSE NOTEBOOK A6 SIZE\",\n
\"ZINC WIRE KITCHEN ORGANISER\",\n \"PARTY INVITES
                  ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
DINOSAURS\"\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n
                                    },\n {\n \"column\":
\"Quantity\",\n\\"properties\": {\n\\"dtype\":\"number\",\n\\"std\": 280.3382080680207,\n\\"min\": 9360.0,\n\\"max\": 74215.0,\n\\"num_unique_values\":
                                                          \"min\": -
              \"samples\": [\n 1400.0,\n
148,\n
                                                          600.0,\n
\"InvoiceDate\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                                                  \"dtype\":
\"date\",\n \"min\": \"2010-12-01 08:26:00\",\n
\"2011-09-05 11:38:00\",\n \"num unique values\": 3302,\n
\"samples\": [\n \"2011-06-30 12:06:00\",\n \08-09 12:20:00\",\n \"2011-06-14 10:00:00\"\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                              \"2011-
                                                              ],\n
                                                               }\
```

Calculaing the Monetary Value:

The total amount each customer has spent on the platform.

```
# Calculating the value of each transaction - Quantity * Unit
rec freg['Value'] = rec freg['Quantity'] * rec freg['UnitPrice']
# Grouping by customers and summing the total amount spent by each
customer.
m = rec freq.groupby(['CustomerID'])['Value'].sum()
print(m)
CustomerID
           77183.60
12346.0
12347.0
             711.79
12348.0
             892.80
12350.0
             334.40
12352.0
             296.50
             180.60
18280.0
              80.82
18281.0
18282.0
             100.21
18283.0
             108.45
18287.0
             765.28
Name: Value, Length: 3386, dtype: float64
```

```
# Converting this into a DataFrame
m = pd.DataFrame(m)
# Renaming the column names
m.columns = ['Monetary value']
m.head()
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"m\",\n \"rows\": 3386,\n \"fields\": [\
n {\n \"column\": \"CustomerID\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 1727.210404878609,\n \"min\": 12346.0,\n \"max\": 18287.0,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 3386,\n \"samples\": [\n 13008.0,\n 12857.0,\n 13101.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"Monetary_value\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\":
1436.2865317068997,\n \"min\": -4287.63,\n \"max\":
77183.6,\n \"num_unique_values\": 3183,\n \"samples\":
[\n 200.47,\n 409.93,\n 330.79\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
# Merging the monetary value to recency and frequency
 rfm = m.merge(rec freq, on = 'CustomerID')
 rfm.head()
 {"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"rfm\",\n \"rows\": 72673,\n \"fields\":
 [\n {\n \"column\": \"CustomerID\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 1730.0256253358166,\n \"min\": 12346.0,\n \"max\": 18287.0,\n
[\n 200.47,\n 409.93,\n 330.79\n ],
n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
}\n },\n {\n \"column\": \"Frequency\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\":
149,\n \"min\": 1,\n \"max\": 4387,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 362,\n \"samples\": [\n 62,\n
89,\n 34\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n \"column\":
\"InvoiceNo\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 3398,\n
\"samples\": [\n \"554654\",\n \"547415\",\n
```

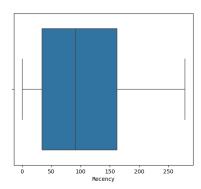
```
\"ZINC WIRE KITCHEN ORGANISER\",\n \"PARTY INVITES
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80,\n \"min\": 0,\n \"max\": 278,\n \"num_unique_values\": 223,\n \"samples\": [\n 42\n
```

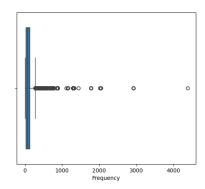
```
11.56\n
                          ],\n
                                    \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
[\n 11.56\n ],\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n
                                 }\n ]\
n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"rfm"}
final dataset = rfm[['CustomerID', 'Recency', 'Frequency',
'Monetary value']]
final dataset.head()
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"final dataset\",\n \"rows\": 72673,\n
\"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"CustomerID\",\n
                         \"dtype\": \"number\",\n
\"properties\": {\n
                                                       \"std\":
                      \"min\": 12346.0,\n
1730.0256253358166,\n
                                                    \"max\":
                                                 \"samples\":
18287.0,\n
            \"num unique values\": 3386,\n
[\n
            13008.0,\n 12857.0,\n
                                                 13101.0
        ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"column\":
                                           \"dtype\": \"number\",\
       \"std\": 80,\n \"min\": 0,\n \"max\": 278,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 223,\n \"samples\": [\n 42
100,\n 76\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n \"column\":
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                                    \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"Frequency\",\n\\"properties\": {\n
                                            \"dtype\":
\"number\",\n\\"std\": 149,\n\\"max\": 4387,\n\\"num_unique_values\": 362,\n\\ 62,\n\\ 89,\n\\"
                                         \"min\": 1,\n
                                                    34\
n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"column\":
\"Monetary_value\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                                                  \"dtype\":
\"number\",\n \"std\": 796.4817723751027,\n \"min\": -
              \"max\": 77183.6,\n\\"num_unique_values\": \"samples\": [\n\\ 200.47,\n\\ 409.93,\\
4287.63,\n
3183,\n
                                                        409.93,\n
              ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
330.79\n
n}","type":"dataframe","variable name":"final dataset"}
```

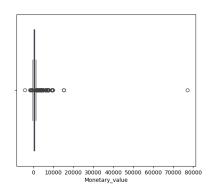
Removing Outliers

```
ls = ['Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary_value']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 3, figsize = (20, 5)) # Create one subplot
with all 3 boxplots

for i, ax in zip(ls, axes):
    sns.boxplot(x = final_dataset[i], ax = ax)
plt.show()
```







Observations:

- 1. Recency has no visible outliers.
- 2. Frequency and Monetary Value have many outliers which needs to be removed before using to build the model.

To identify outliers, we will compute Z-Score. Z-Scores tell us how far away from the mean a data point is.

```
* Z-Score = 0 → The data point is exactly at the mean.
* Z-Score = 1 \rightarrow The data point is 1 standard deviation above the mean.
* Z-Score = -1 → The data point is 1 standard deviation below the
mean.
from scipy import stats
new rfm = final dataset[['Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary value']]
z score = stats.zscore(new rfm) # Computing z-score for each sample
# Removing samples with z score < 3
abs z score = np.abs(z score)
filtered entries = (abs z score < 3).all(axis = 1) # Checking for
samples with z-score less than 3
new rfm = new rfm[filtered entries]
print(new_rfm)
       Recency
                 Frequency
                            Monetary_value
                                     711.79
1
             6
                       124
2
                                     711.79
             6
                       124
3
             6
                       124
                                     711.79
4
             6
                       124
                                     711.79
5
             6
                                     711.79
                       124
                       . . .
                                     765.28
72668
           172
                        29
           172
                        29
                                     765.28
72669
                        29
                                     765.28
72670
           172
72671
           172
                        29
                                     765.28
72672
           172
                        29
                                     765.28
```

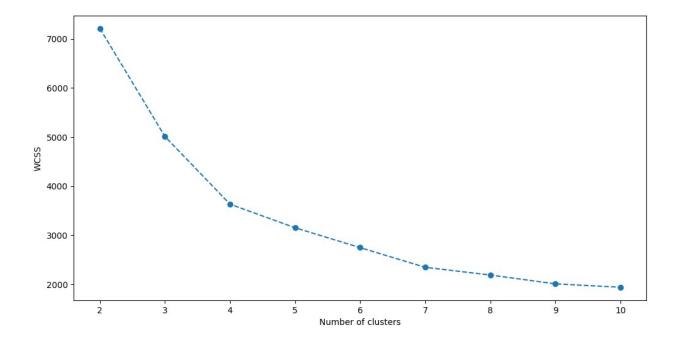
Pre-processing the data

Standardization scales the data to have a mean of 0 and a standard deviation of 1.

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
# Dropping duplicate samples
new rfm = new rfm.drop duplicates()
col names = new rfm.columns
features = new_rfm[col_names]
# Scaling the data
scaler = StandardScaler()
features = scaler.fit transform(features.values)
# Converting into DataFrame
features = pd.DataFrame(features, columns = col names)
features.head()
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"features\",\n \"rows\": 3341,\n
\"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"Recency\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \\"min\": -1.224145316514637,\n
\"max\": 2.2816012353112196,\n \"num unique values\": 223,\n
}\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"Frequency\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \'1.0001496893953432,\n \"min\": -0.7831016291433658,\n
                                                                 \"std\":
\"max\": 6.398088450657366,\n\\"num unique values\": 335,\n
],\n
                                                                     }\
     },\n {\n \"column\": \"Monetary_value\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \\1.0001496893953434,\n \"min\": -5.619560772203546,\n
                                                                 \"std\":
\"max\": 7.448607366190289,\n
                                        \"num_unique values\": 3132,\n
\"samples\": [\n -0.14069073178788435,\n 1.4493032602207527,\n 0.05414430160523469\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                                  ],\n
     }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe","variable name":"features"}
```

Building a Customer Segmentation Model using K-Means Clustering

```
from sklearn.datasets import make blobs
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette score
# Finding the optimal number of clusters
WCSS = []
silhouette scores = []
for clusters in range(2, 11):
    kmeans = KMeans(n clusters = clusters, init = 'k-means++')
    kmeans.fit(features)
    WCSS.append(kmeans.inertia )
    # Computing the sillouette score to evaluate the quality of the
clustering
    score = silhouette score(features, kmeans.labels ,
metric='euclidean')
    silhouette scores.append(score)
print(WCSS)
print(silhouette scores)
[7212.682811509438, 5010.012822069706, 3631.9970919935427,
3178.721429528645, 2730.227603867467, 2345.879024652273,
2156.459892152007, 2027.0821758254745, 1890.329838229845]
[0.3085576796424791, 0.36060102322799437, 0.39283936219457005,
0.39046300712818244, 0.3124417437919354, 0.3244519114675101,
0.32949067006387356, 0.30802378594708674, 0.29655879849465044]
# PLotting an elbow graph to visuaise the optimal number of clusters
plt.figure(figsize = (12,6))
plt.plot(range(2, 11), WCSS, marker = 'o', linestyle = '--')
plt.xlabel('Number of clusters')
plt.ylabel('WCSS')
plt.show()
```



Training the K-Means algorithm with 4 clusters

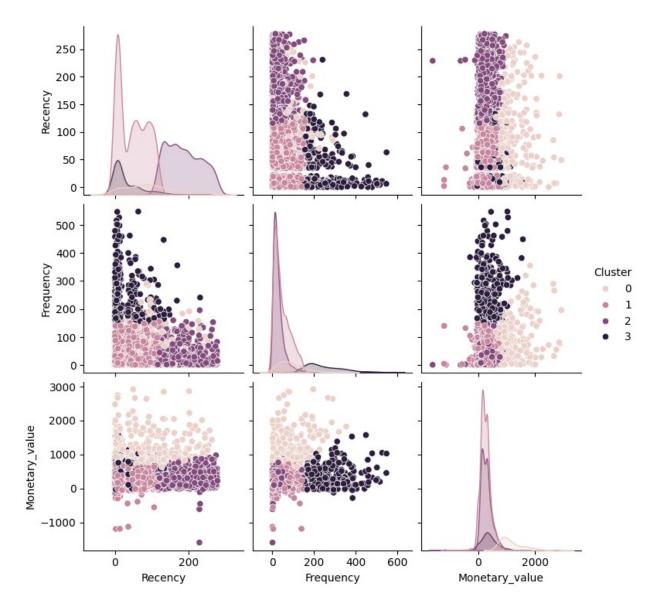
```
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters = 4, init = 'k-means++')
y = kmeans.fit_predict(features)
```

new_rfm['Cluster'] = y
print(new rfm)

	Recency	Frequency	Monetary_value	Cluster
1	6	124	$\frac{7}{7}$ 11.79	1
32	15	28	892.80	0
49	63	17	334.40	1
66	77	48	296.50	1
81	169	4	89.00	2
72563	96	10	180.60	1
72573	193	7	80.82	2
72580	247	8	100.21	2
72587	36	400	108.45	3
72644	172	29	765.28	2

[3341 rows x 4 columns]

```
# Relationships between features and their cluster distribution.
sns.pairplot(new_rfm, hue = 'Cluster', vars=['Recency', 'Frequency',
'Monetary_value'])
plt.show()
```



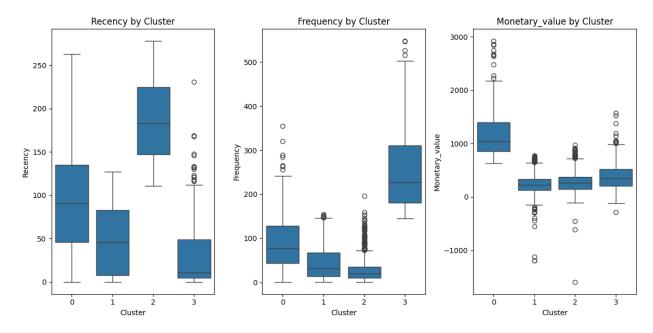
Observations

- 1. Customers in Cluster 3 have a high frequency and Monetary value but less recency. Recent buyers, loyal and high spenders.
- 2. Custermers in Cluster 2 have high recency and moderate monetary value but low frequency Less engaged customers
- 3. Customers in Cluster 1 and 0 are intermediates.

```
import seaborn as sns

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
for i, col in enumerate(['Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary_value']):
    plt.subplot(1, 3, i+1)
    sns.boxplot(x='Cluster', y=col, data=new_rfm)
    plt.title(f'{col} by Cluster')
```

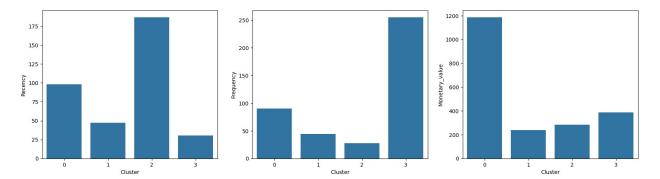
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()



Observations

- 1. Customers in Cluster 3 have low median **recency** and Cluster 2 have the highest median recency (at-risk).
- 2. Cluster 3 has the highest **frequency** and Cluster 2 has the lowest frequency.
- 3. Cluster 0 has the highest **monetary value** (high spenders) and cluster 1 has the lowest spenders.

```
avg_df = new_rfm.groupby(['Cluster'], as_index=False).mean()
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 3, figsize = (20, 5))
for i, ax in zip(ls, axes):
    sns.barplot(x = avg_df['Cluster'], y = avg_df[i], ax = ax)
plt.show()
```



Insights:

1. Cluster 3 has the most values customers - Focus on retention stratergies and offers.

- 2. Clusters 2 has the leasted engaged customers Campaigns and offers to win them back
- 3. Cluster 0 Moderate customers Focus on converting them into High valued customers since they have a monetary value of moderate to high, and a moderate recency and frequency.