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USN-4AL17CS065

Schema and E-R Diagram

1. Consider the following relations:

Student (snum: integer, sname: string, major: string, level: string, age: integer)

Class (name: string, meets at: string, room: string, d: integer)

Enrolled (snum: integer, cname: string)

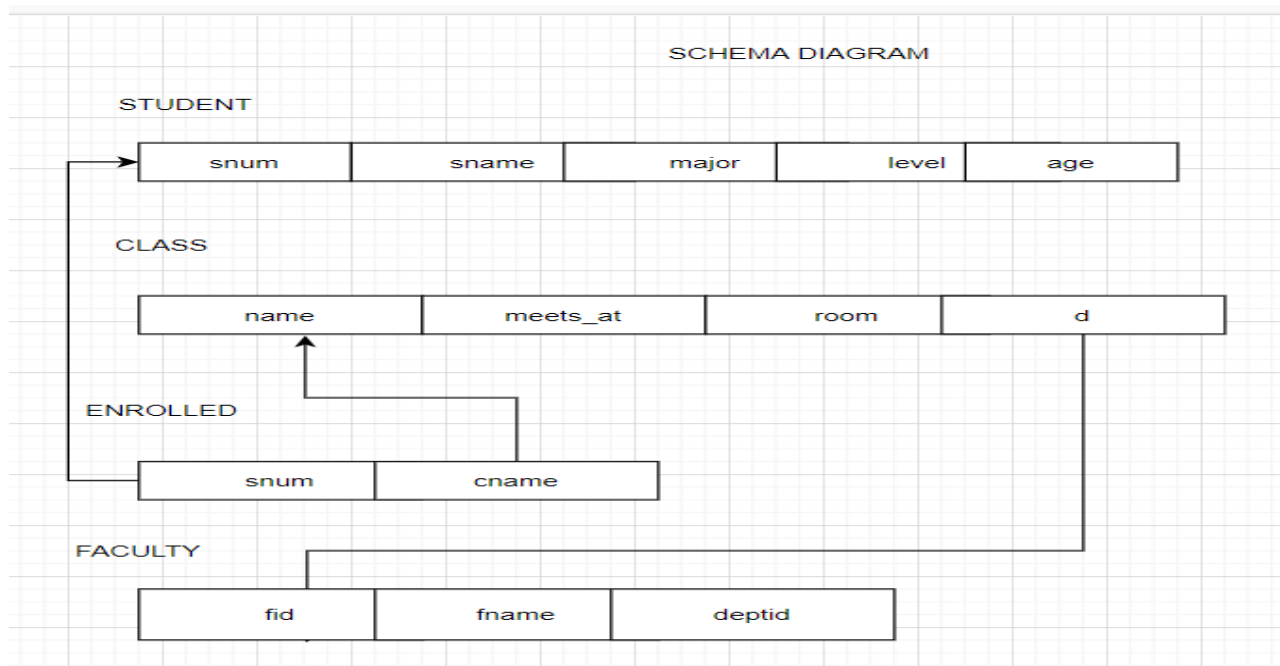
Faculty (fid: integer, fname: string, deptid: integer)

The meaning of these relations is straightforward; for example,

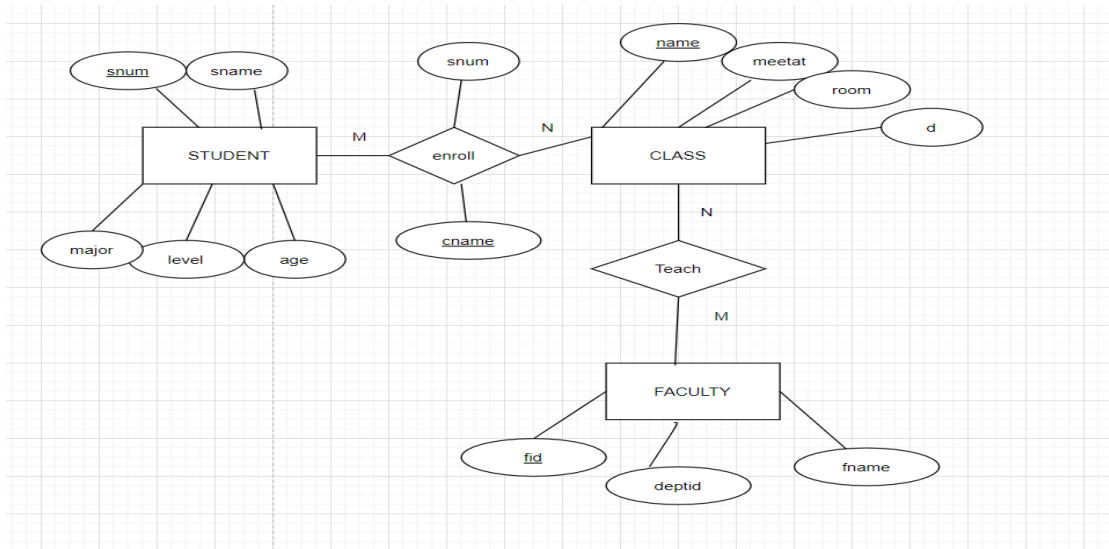
Enrolled has one record per student-class pair such that the student

is enrolled in the class. Level is a two character code with 4 different values (example: Junior: JR etc)

Schema Diagram:-



E-R Diagram:-



2. Consider the following database for a banking enterprise

BRANCH(branch-name:string,branch-city:string,assets:real)

ACCOUNT(accno:int,branch-name:string,balance:real)

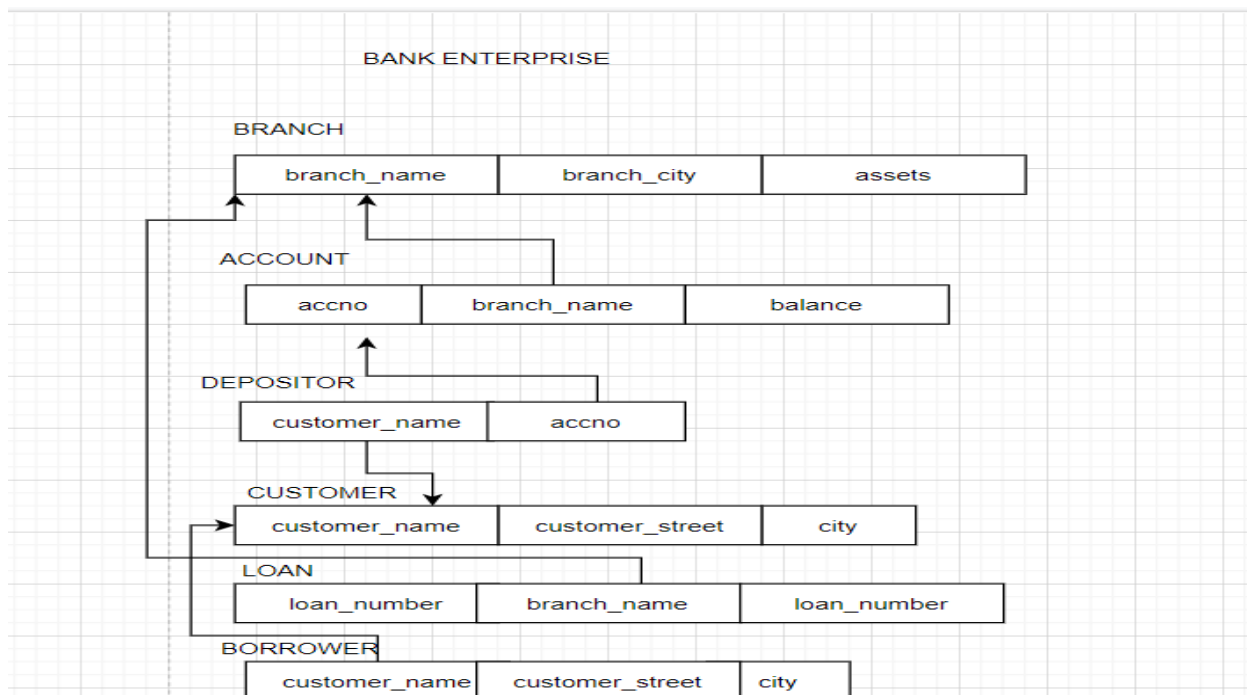
DEPOSITOR(customer-name:string,accno:int)

CUSTOMER(customer-name:string,customer-street:string,city:string)

LOAN(loan-number:int,branch-name:string,loan-number-int)

BORROWER(customer-name:string,customer-street:string,city:string)

Schema Diagram:-



E-R Diagram:-

