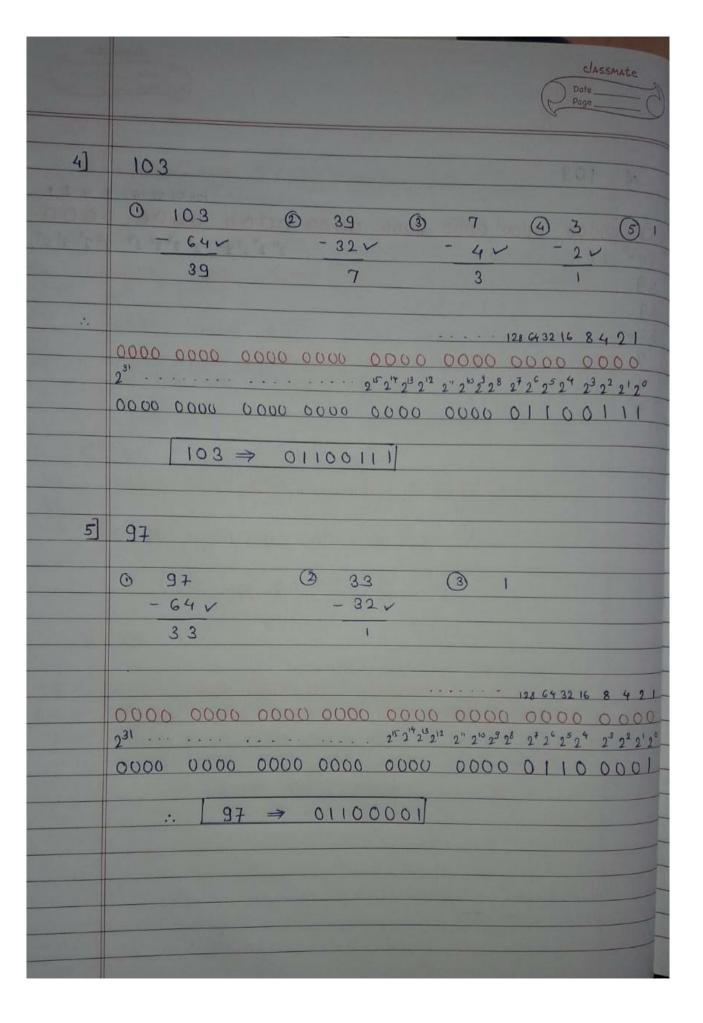
```
Program 1: Write a code which will contain 2 numbers. Use the following operators on it.
1. less than (<)
2. greater than (>)
3. less than or equal to (<=)
4. greater than or equal to (>=)
5. equivalent (==)
6. not equivalent (!=)
Solution:
class Program1{
       public static void main(String[] args){
              int a = 10:
              int b = 20:
              System.out.print("Operator 1(<): ");</pre>
              System.out.print("a<b : " + (a<b) + "\n");
              System.out.print("Operator 2(>): ");
              System.out.print("a<b : " + (a>b) + "\n");
              System.out.print("Operator 3(<=):");</pre>
              System.out.print("a<b:"+(a<=b)+"\n");
              System.out.print("Operator 4(>=): ");
              System.out.print("a < b : " + (a >= b) + "\n");
              System.out.print("Operator 5(==):");
              System.out.print("a<b:"+(a==b)+"\n");
              System.out.print("Operator 6(!=): ");
              System.out.print("a < b : " + (a!=b) + "\n");
       }
}
sk@sk-Lenovo-ideapad-110-15ISK:~/Desktop/Shalaka/Solution$ java Program1
Operator 1(<): a<b: true
Operator 2(>): a<b: false
Operator 3(<=): a<b: true
Operator 4(>=): a<b: false
Operator 5(==): a < b: false
Operator 6(!=): a < b : true
sk@sk-Lenovo-ideapad-110-15ISK:~/Desktop/Shalaka/Solution$
*/
Program 2: Write a code which will contain one number 'num'. Use the following operators on it.
1. num >>>= 2
2. \text{ num} <<= 3
3. num \wedge = 2
4. num = ++num
5.\text{num} = \sim \text{num}
Solution:
class Program2{
       public static void main(String[] args){
              int num = 100;
              System.out.print("Operator 1(>>>): ");
              System.out.print("num>>>= 2 : " + (num>>>= 2) + "\n");
              System.out.print("Operator 2(<<): ");</pre>
```

```
System.out.print("num<<= 3 : " + (num<<= 3) + "\n");
             System.out.print("Operator 3(^): ");
             num = 5;
             System.out.print("num \wedge = 2: " + (num \wedge = 2) + "\n");
             System.out.print("Operator 4(++): ");
             System.out.print("num = ++num : " + (num = ++num) + "\n");
             System.out.print("Operator 5(~): ");
             System.out.print("num = \simnum : " + (num = \simnum) + "\n");
      }
}
sk@sk-Lenovo-ideapad-110-15ISK:~/Desktop/Shalaka/Solution$ javac Program2.java
sk@sk-Lenovo-ideapad-110-15ISK:~/Desktop/Shalaka/Solution$ java Program2
Operator 1(>>>): num>>>= 2:25
Operator 2(<<): num<<= 3:200
Operator 3(\land): num \land= 2: 7
Operator 4(++): num = ++num: 8
Operator 5(\sim): num = \simnum: -9
sk@sk-Lenovo-ideapad-110-15ISK:~/Desktop/Shalaka/Solution$
Program 3: What will will the output of the statement if i=5, j=4
(i++>=j++) && (--j < i++)
(--i < j--) || (j++ >= ++i)
Solution:
class Program3{
      public static void main(String[] args){
             int i = 5;
             int j = 4;
             System.out.print("(i++>=j++) && (--j < i++): " + ((i++>=j++) && (--j < i++))
+ "\n");
             System.out.print("(--i < j--) || (j++ >= ++i) : " + ((--i < j--) || (j++ >= ++i)) + "\
n");
      }
}
/*
sk@sk-Lenovo-ideapad-110-15ISK:~/Desktop/Shalaka/Solution$ javac Program3.java
sk@sk-Lenovo-ideapad-110-15ISK:~/Desktop/Shalaka/Solution$ java Program3
(i++>=j++) && (--j < i++) : true
(--i < j--) || (j++>= ++i) : false
sk@sk-Lenovo-ideapad-110-15ISK:~/Desktop/Shalaka/Solution$
*/
```

Program 4: Write the binary number of the following decimal numbers (Do it on paper/notebook with proper explaination) 1.56, 2.34, 3.65, 4.103, 5.97

Solution:

classmate Date Page
Write the binary number for following decimal numbers.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
34 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 00
∴ 34 ⇒ 00100010 65
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
65 ⇒ 0100 0001



```
Program 5: Write 2 classes as Pune, Mumbai. Add the following things:
class Pune: static variable: int covidActiveCases
           instance variable: int totalCases
           static method: noCorona
           instance method: lockdown
                             noLockdown
class Mumbai: static variable: int covidActiveCases
               instance variable: int totalCases
               static method: noCorona
               instance method: lockdown
                                noLockdown
```

Increment both the variables in non static method. Call non static methods twice, display the output and observe the changes.

Draw JVM architecture for the same.

Solution:

```
class Pune{
      static int activeCases = 23000;
      int totalCases = 28000:
      static void noCorona(){
             System.out.println("Free Pune..No CORONA, No Tension !!");
      public void lockdown(){
             System.out.println("\nLockdown:");
             activeCases++;
             totalCases++;
             System.out.println("Active Cases: " + activeCases);
             System.out.println("Total Cases: " + totalCases);
      public void noLockdown(){
             System.out.println("\nNo Lockdown : ");
             activeCases++;
             totalCases++:
             System.out.println("Active Cases: " + activeCases);
             System.out.println("Total Cases : " + totalCases);
      }
class Mumbai{
      static int activeCases = 21000;
      int totalCases = 84000;
      static void noCorona(){
             System.out.println("Free Mumbai...No CORONA, No Tension !!");
      public void lockdown(){
             System.out.println("\nLockdown:");
```

```
activeCases++;
             totalCases++;
             System.out.println("Active Cases: " + activeCases);
             System.out.println("Total Cases: " + totalCases);
      public void noLockdown(){
             System.out.println("\nNo Lockdown : ");
             activeCases++;
             totalCases++;
             System.out.println("Active Cases: " + activeCases);
             System.out.println("Total Cases: " + totalCases);
      }
}
class Program5{
      public static void main(String[] args){
             System.out.println("\nPUNE : \n");
             Pune p1 = new Pune();
             p1.noCorona();
             p1.lockdown();
             p1.noLockdown();
             Pune p2 = new Pune();
             p2.lockdown();
             p2.noLockdown();
             System.out.println("\nMUMBAI : \n");
             Mumbai m1 = new Mumbai();
             m1.noCorona();
             m1.lockdown();
             m1.noLockdown();
             Mumbai m2 = new Mumbai();
             m2.lockdown();
             m2.noLockdown();
      }
}
sk@sk-Lenovo-ideapad-110-15ISK:~/Desktop/Shalaka/Solution$ java Program5
PUNE:
Free Pune..No CORONA, No Tension!!
Lockdown:
Active Cases: 23001
Total Cases: 28001
No Lockdown:
Active Cases: 23002
Total Cases: 28002
Lockdown:
Active Cases: 23003
```

Total Cases: 28001

No Lockdown:

Active Cases: 23004 Total Cases: 28002

MUMBAI:

Free Mumbai...No CORONA, No Tension!!

Lockdown:

Active Cases: 21001 Total Cases: 84001

No Lockdown:

Active Cases: 21002 Total Cases: 84002

Lockdown:

Active Cases: 21003 Total Cases: 84001

No Lockdown:

Active Cases: 21004 Total Cases: 84002

sk@sk-Lenovo-ideapad-110-15ISK:~/Desktop/Shalaka/Solution\$

*/