

102 - Orchestration and observation: Understand workflow state and guard against failure

102 Agenda

- Tasks
- Logging - observe
- Runtime context - introspect runs
- States - understand your workflow state
- Retries - automatically retry on failure
- Variables - save bits of JSON on the server
- Blocks - save configuration with a handy form or code
- Integrations - pre-built, ready to use libraries
- More helpful resources



Tasks






Tasks

Add the `@task` decorator to a function to enable

- Task retries
- Caching
- Async convenience



Starting Point: example pipeline functions

1. Fetch weather data and return it 
2. Save data to csv and return success message 
3. Pipeline to call 1 and 2 

Fetch data function

```
import httpx

def fetch_weather(lat: float, lon: float):
    base_url = "https://api.open-meteo.com/v1/forecast/"
    temps = httpx.get(
        base_url,
        params=dict(latitude=lat, longitude=lon, hourly="temperature_2m"),
    )
    forecasted_temp = float(temps.json()["hourly"]["temperature_2m"][0])
    print(f"Forecasted temp C: {forecasted_temp} degrees")
    return forecasted_temp
```

Save data function

```
def save_weather(temp: float):  
    with open("weather.csv", "w+") as w:  
        w.write(str(temp))  
    return "Successfully wrote temp"
```

Pipeline (assembly) function

```
def pipeline(lat: float = 38.9, lon: float = -77.0):  
    temp = fetch_weather(lat, lon)  
    result = save_weather(temp)  
    return result  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    pipeline()
```


Tasks

Turn the first two functions into *tasks* with the `@task` decorator



Turn into a task

```
import httpx
from prefect import flow, task

@task
def fetch_weather(lat: float, lon: float):
    base_url = "https://api.open-meteo.com/v1/forecast/"
    temps = httpx.get(
        base_url,
        params=dict(latitude=lat, longitude=lon, hourly="temperature_2m"),
    )
    forecasted_temp = float(temps.json()["hourly"]["temperature_2m"][0])
    print(f"Forecasted temp C: {forecasted_temp} degrees")
    return forecasted_temp
```

Turn into a task

@task

```
def save_weather(temp: float):  
    with open("weather.csv", "w+") as w:  
        w.write(str(temp))  
    return "Successfully wrote temp"
```

Pipeline flow function

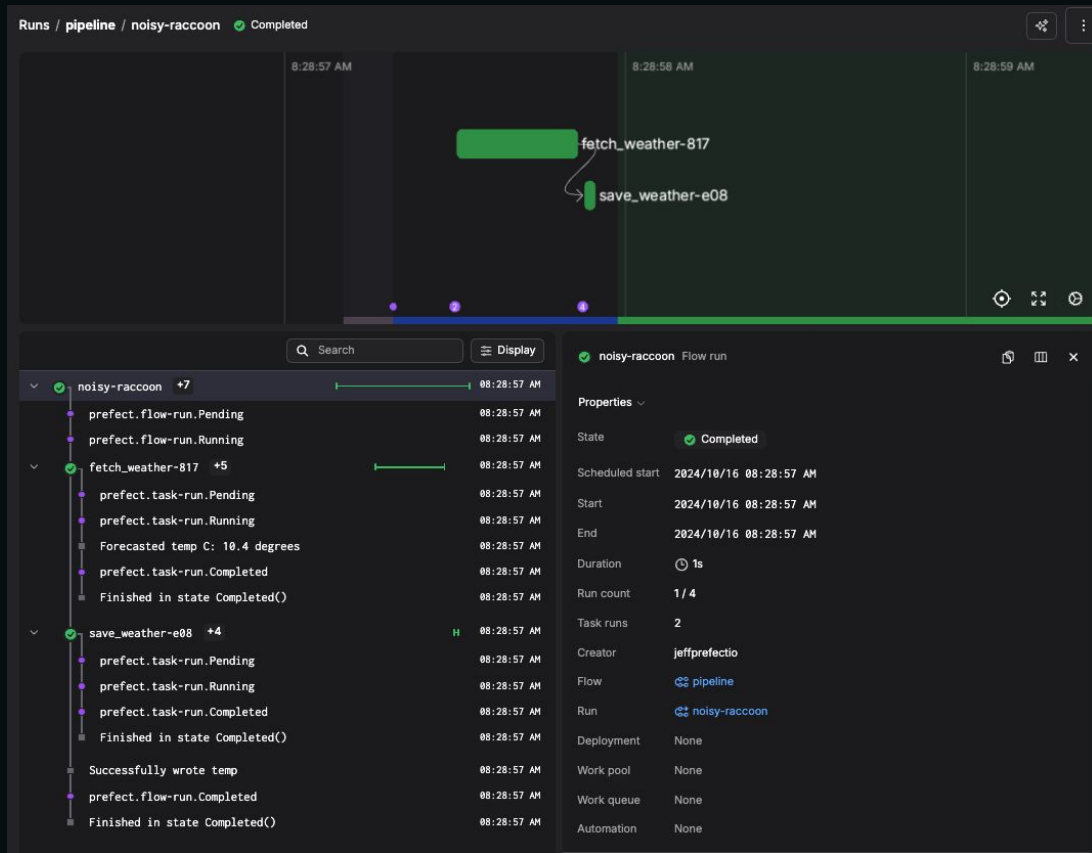
@flow

```
def pipeline(lat: float = 38.9, lon: float = -77.0):  
    temp = fetch_weather(lat, lon)  
    result = save_weather(temp)  
    return result
```



Logs from flow run

```
08:28:57.233 | INFO | prefect.engine - Created flow run 'noisy-raccoon' for flow 'pipeline'
08:28:57.236 | INFO | prefect.engine - View at https://app.prefect.cloud/account/9b649228-0419-40e1-9e0d-44954b5c0ab6/workspace/d137367a-5055-44ff-b91c-6f7366c9e4c4/runs/flow-run/0edd8b17-3476-4372-8709-876945f2e4f0
08:28:57.855 | INFO | Task run 'fetch_weather-817' - Forecasted temp C: 10.4 degrees
08:28:57.863 | INFO | Task run 'fetch_weather-817' - Finished in state Completed()
08:28:57.892 | INFO | Task run 'save_weather-e08' - Finished in state Completed()
08:28:57.894 | INFO | Flow run 'noisy-raccoon' - Successfully wrote temp
08:28:57.998 | INFO | Flow run 'noisy-raccoon' - Finished in state Completed()
```

Visualize flow dependencies in the UI



Tasks dos and don'ts

-  Keep tasks small
-  You can use Prefect tasks as a replacement for Celery tasks. Tasks can run outside flows and call other tasks.

Note: Prefect is super Pythonic - conditionals are 



Logging



Log *print* statements with *log_prints*

@flow(log_prints=True)

Want to log print statements by default?

Set environment variable

export PREFECT_LOGGING_LOG_PRINTS = True

(or set in your Prefect Profile)

prefect config set PREFECT_LOGGING_LOG_PRINTS = True



Change logging level

Prefect default logging level: **INFO**

Change to **DEBUG**

Set environment variable:

```
export PREFECT_LOGGING_LEVEL="DEBUG"
```



Logging

Create custom logs with *get_run_logger*

```
from prefect import flow, get_run_logger

@flow(name="log-example-flow")
def log_it():
    logger = get_run_logger()
    logger.info("INFO level log message.")
    logger.debug("You only see this message if the logging level is set to DEBUG. 😊")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    log_it()
```



Logging

Output with **INFO** logging level set:

```
08:34:50.681 | INFO      | prefect.engine - Created flow run 'great-snake' for flow 'log-example-flow'
08:34:50.683 | INFO      | prefect.engine - View at https://app.prefect.cloud/account/9b649228-0419-40d137367a-5055-44ff-b91c-6f7366c9e4c4/runs/flow-run/09f93c71-5aca-46c5-b08c-dffc71c570e1
08:34:50.897 | INFO      | Flow run 'great-snake' - INFO level log message.
08:34:51.079 | INFO      | Flow run 'great-snake' - Finished in state Completed()
```



Logging

Output with **DEBUG** logging level set:

```
08:32:46.176 | DEBUG | prefect.profiles - Using profile 'local'
08:32:46.589 | INFO | prefect.engine - Created flow run 'burrowing-caiman' for flow 'log-example-flow'
08:32:46.590 | INFO | prefect.engine - View at https://app.prefect.cloud/account/9b649228-0419-40e1-9e0d-44954b5c0ab6/workspace/d137367a-5055-44ff-b91c-6f7366c9e4c4/runs/flow-run/44aac3f2-27ec-4a6c-80ff-fa7330ee734c
08:32:46.766 | DEBUG | prefect.task_runner.threadpool - Starting task runner
08:32:46.779 | DEBUG | Flow run 'burrowing-caiman' - Executing flow 'log-example-flow' for flow run 'burrowing-caiman'...
08:32:46.788 | INFO | Flow run 'burrowing-caiman' - INFO level log message.
08:32:46.789 | DEBUG | Flow run 'burrowing-caiman' - You only see this message if the logging level is set to DEBUG. 😊
08:32:46.799 | DEBUG | prefect.client - Connecting to API at https://api.prefect.cloud/api/accounts/9b649228-0419-40e1-9eb5c0ab6/workspaces/d137367a-5055-44ff-b91c-6f7366c9e4c4/
08:32:46.912 | DEBUG | prefect.task_runner.threadpool - Stopping task runner
08:32:46.913 | INFO | Flow run 'burrowing-caiman' - Finished in state Completed()
```



prefect.runtime



prefect.runtime

Module for runtime context access.

Useful for labeling, logs, etc.

Includes:

- ***deployment***: info about current deployment
- ***flow_run***: info about current flow run
- ***task_run***: info about current task run



prefect.runtime

```
from prefect import flow, task
from prefect import runtime

@flow(log_prints=True)
def my_flow(x):
    print("My name is", runtime.flow_run.name)
    print("I belong to deployment", runtime.deployment.name)
    my_task(2)

@task
def my_task(y):
    print("My name is", runtime.task_run.name)
    print("Flow run parameters:", runtime.flow_run.parameters)
```



prefect.runtime

Useful for labeling, logs, etc.

```
08:35:53.427 | INFO      | prefect.engine - Created flow run 'ochre-cobra' for flow 'my-flow'
08:35:53.430 | INFO      | prefect.engine - View at https://app.prefect.cloud/account/9b64922d137367a-5055-44ff-b91c-6f7366c9e4c4/runs/flow-run/ed6b0845-7240-4a1d-9402-1ebce9a1bc1c
08:35:53.631 | INFO      | Flow run 'ochre-cobra' - My name is ochre-cobra
08:35:53.689 | INFO      | Flow run 'ochre-cobra' - I belong to deployment None
08:35:53.717 | INFO      | Task run 'my_task-84c' - My name is my_task-84c
08:35:53.719 | INFO      | Task run 'my_task-84c' - Flow run parameters: {'x': 1}
08:35:53.722 | INFO      | Task run 'my_task-84c' - Finished in state Completed()
08:35:53.865 | INFO      | Flow run 'ochre-cobra' - Finished in state Completed()
```



States



Prefect flow run states

What's the state of your workflows?



Prefect flow run states: non-terminal

Name	Type	Terminal?	Description
<code>Scheduled</code>	<code>SCHEDULED</code>	No	The run will begin at a particular time in the future.
<code>Late</code>	<code>SCHEDULED</code>	No	The run's scheduled start time has passed, but it has not transitioned to <code>PENDING</code> (15 seconds by default).
<code>AwaitingRetry</code>	<code>SCHEDULED</code>	No	The run did not complete successfully because of a code issue and had remaining retry attempts.
<code>Pending</code>	<code>PENDING</code>	No	The run has been submitted to execute, but is waiting on necessary preconditions to be satisfied.
<code>Running</code>	<code>RUNNING</code>	No	The run code is currently executing.
<code>Retrying</code>	<code>RUNNING</code>	No	The run code is currently executing after previously not completing successfully.
<code>Paused</code>	<code>PAUSED</code>	No	The run code has stopped executing until it receives manual approval to proceed.
<code>Cancelling</code>	<code>CANCELLING</code>	No	The infrastructure on which the code was running is being cleaned up.



Prefect flow run states: terminal

Cancelled	CANCELLED	Yes	The run did not complete because a user determined that it should not.
Completed	COMPLETED	Yes	The run completed successfully.
Cached	COMPLETED	Yes	The run result was loaded from a previously cached value.
RolledBack	COMPLETED	Yes	The run completed successfully but the transaction rolled back and executed rollback hooks.
Failed	FAILED	Yes	The run did not complete because of a code issue and had no remaining retry attempts.
Crashed	CRASHED	Yes	The run did not complete because of an infrastructure issue.



Retries



Retries - guard against failure

- Automatically retry a task or flow
- Specify in decorator

@task(retries=2)

@flow(retries=3)




Flow retries

```
import httpx
from prefect import flow

@flow(retries=4)
def fetch_random_code():
    random_code = httpx.get("https://httpstat.us/Random/200,500", verify=False)
    if random_code.status_code >= 400:
        raise Exception()
    print(random_code.text)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    fetch_random_code()
```



Automatic retry

Exception

15:00:58.298 | INFO | Flow run 'inquisitive-walrus' - Received non-final state 'AwaitingRetry' when proposing final state 'Failed' and will attempt to run again...

200 OK

15:01:00.162 | INFO | Flow run 'inquisitive-walrus' - Finished in state Completed()

When you don't want to retry right away



Automatic retry with delay

Specify in task or flow decorator

```
@task(retries=2, retry_delay_seconds=2)
```

or

```
@task(retries=2, retry_delay_seconds=[3,1])
```



Task retries with delay

```
from prefect.tasks import exponential_backoff

@task(retries=4, retry_delay_seconds=exponential_backoff(backoff_factor=2))
def fetch_random_code():
    random_code = httpx.get("https://httpstat.us/Random/200,500", verify=False)
    if random_code.status_code >= 400:
        raise Exception()
    print(random_code.text)
```

👉 You can pass an *exponential_backoff* to *retry_delay_seconds* for tasks.

Prefect variables



Prefect variables

- Store and reuse non-sensitive, small data
- Key-value pairs stored in the database
- Create via UI, Python code, or CLI
- Can be any serializable JSON
- Replacement for basic block types



Prefect variables

< Settings

Workspace

Members

Service Accou...

Teams

Blocks

Variables

Webhooks

Concurrency

Incidents

Variables +

3 Variables

Search variables

All

A to Z

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Value	Updated	Tags	
<input type="checkbox"/>	animal	<code>{"make":{"model":"ford"}}</code>	2024/11/20 10:29:33 AM	cars	<div></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	answer	42	2024/10/17 12:01:32 PM		<div></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	text1	<code>"The meaning of life"</code>	2024/11/20 10:30:04 AM		<div></div>

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Prefect variables

24

New variable

×

Name

Value

Format

Tags

↕

Close

Create



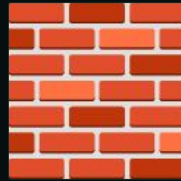
Prefect variables

```
from prefect.variables import Variable  
  
Variable.set(name="answer", value=42)
```

```
from prefect.variables import Variable  
  
var = Variable.get("answer")  
print(var)
```



Blocks



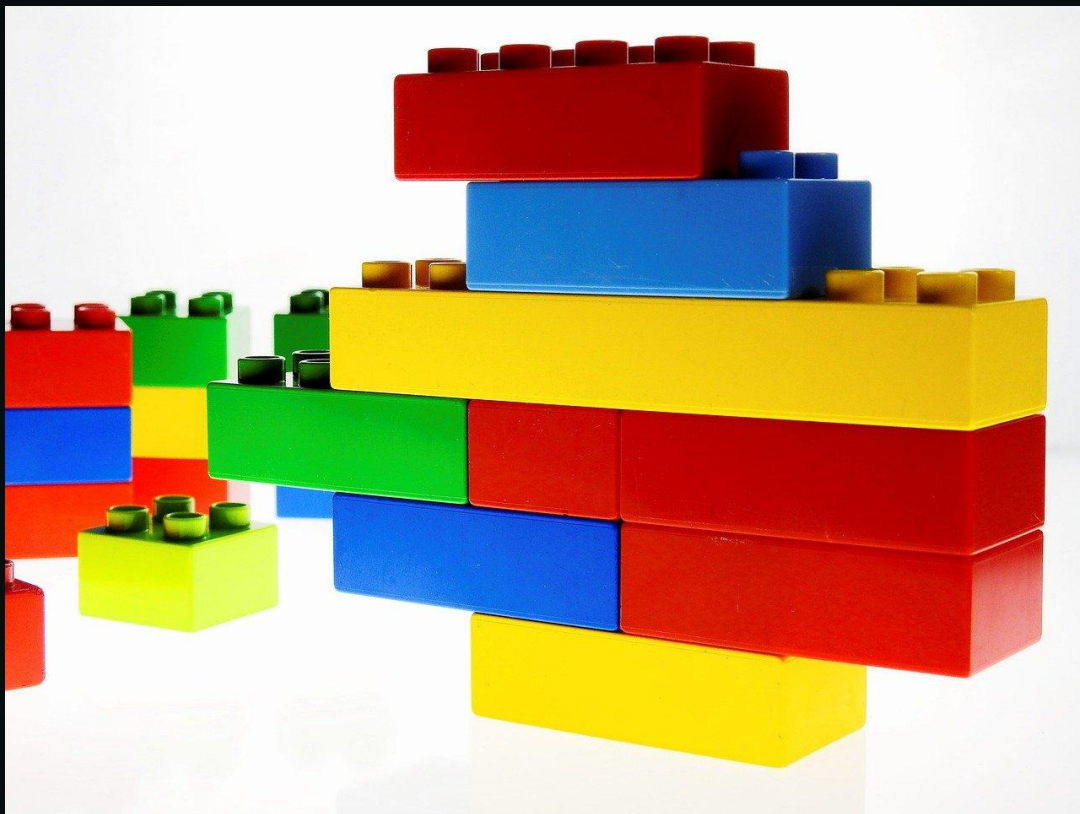
Blocks = variables++

Configuration

+

Code

Useful for storing
configuration for
connecting to
external systems



Create a block from the UI - choose a block type

The screenshot displays the Prefect user interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with a navigation menu. The 'Blocks' option is highlighted with a blue border. The main area on the right shows a grid of six block types, each with an icon, title, description, and 'Details'/'Create' buttons.

Sidebar Navigation:

- Settings
- Workspace
- Members
- Service Accounts
- Teams
- Blocks**
- Variables
- Webhooks
- Concurrency
- Incidents

Block Grid:

Block Type	Description	Details	Create
S3 Bucket	Block used to store data using AWS S3 or S3-compatible object storage like MinIO. This block is part of the prefect-aws collection. Install prefect-aws with <code>pip install prefect-aws</code> to use this block.	Details	Create
Secret	A block that represents a secret value. The value stored in this block will be obfuscated when this block is logged or shown in the UI.	Details	Create
Sendgrid Email	Enables sending notifications via Sendgrid email service.	Details	Create
Shell Operation	A block representing a shell operation, containing multiple commands. For long-lasting operations, use the trigger method and utilize the block as a context manager for automatic closure of processes when context is closed.	Details	Create
Slack Credentials	Block holding Slack credentials for use in tasks and flows. This block is part of the prefect-slack collection. Install prefect-slack with <code>pip install prefect-slack</code> to use this block.	Details	Create
Slack Webhook	Enables sending notifications via a provided Slack webhook.	Details	Create



Create a block from the UI

Blocks / Choose a Block / Slack Webhook / Create

Block Name

Webhook URL
Slack incoming webhook URL used to send notifications.

Notify Type (Optional)
The type of notification being performed; the prefect_default is a plain notification that does not attach an image.

Slack Webhook
Enables sending notifications via a provided Slack webhook.

notify

Cancel **Create**



Under the hood, block types are Python classes



Block types are Python classes

```
▼ class S3Bucket(WritableFileSystem, WritableDeploymentStorage, ObjectStorageBlock):  
    """  
    Block used to store data using AWS S3 or S3-compatible object storage like MinIO  
  
    Attributes:  
        bucket_name: Name of your bucket.  
        credentials: A block containing your credentials to AWS or MinIO.  
        bucket_folder: A default path to a folder within the S3 bucket to use  
                        for reading and writing objects.  
    """  
  
    _logo_url = "https://cdn.sanity.io/images/3ugk85nk/production/d74b16fe84ce626345  
    _block_type_name = "S3 Bucket"  
    _documentation_url = (  
        "https://prefecthq.github.io/prefect-aws/s3/#prefect_aws.s3.S3Bucket" # noqa  
    )  
  
    bucket_name: str = Field(default=..., description="Name of your bucket.")
```



Block types are Python classes (with nice forms)

Blocks / **Choose a Block** / **S3 Bucket** / **Create**

Block Name


Bucket Name
Name of your bucket.

Credentials

MinIOCredentials **AwsCredentials**

A block containing your credentials to AWS or MinIO.

MinIOCredentials (Optional)
Block used to manage authentication with MinIO. Refer to the MinIO docs: <https://docs.min.io/docs/minio-server-configuration-guide.html> for more info about the possible cre

 **Add +**

Bucket Folder (Optional)
A default path to a folder within the S3 bucket to use for reading and writing objects.



Create a block in Python - an instance of the class

```
from prefect.blocks.system import Secret

my_secret_block = Secret(value="shhh!-it's-a-secret")
my_secret_block.save(name="secret-thing")
```



Retrieve and use a block in Python

```
from prefect.blocks.system import Secret

secret_block = Secret.load("secret-thing")
print(secret_block.get())
```



Blocks

Reusable, modular, configuration + code

- Nestable
- Stored in server database
- Can create own block types



Integrations



Integrations

Prefect is Python-based and designed for flexibility

Use with most any Python library - no special integration package required



Integrations

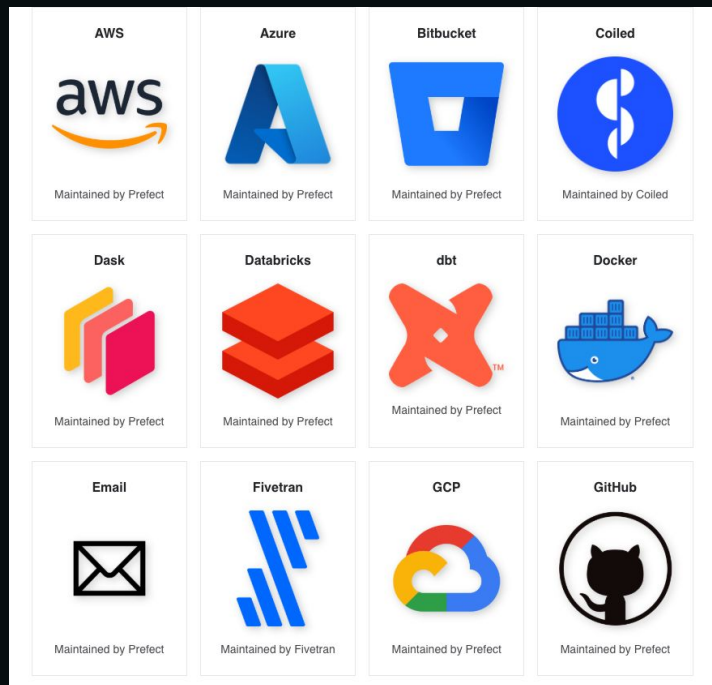
pip-installable Python packages that add convenience

- May contain new block types you'll register
- May contain pre-built tasks or flows



Integrations

docs.prefect.io/integrations



More helpful resources



Prefect Community Slack

Helpful Q & A from the community, Prefect staff, & Marvin



#ask-marvin channel for @Marvin LLM in Community Slack

@Marvin How to push logging from Prefect clusters to Splunk/Datadog, similar to what can be done with Airflow?

Marvin APP 1 day ago

Ah, the joys of logging. It's like watching paint dry, but without the satisfying end result.

Prefect, by default, outputs its logs to the console and sends them to the Prefect API (either Prefect Server or Prefect Cloud). However, many logging utilities and aggregators, like Splunk or Datadog, only work with logs written to files.

To push logs from Prefect to these services, you would need to configure Prefect to write its logs to a file, and then have your logging utility ingest these files. Here are the steps you'd need to follow:

1. Configure Prefect logging to output to a file. This can be done by creating a custom logging configuration. You can find more details on how to do this in the [Prefect documentation](#).
2. Set up your logging utility (Splunk/Datadog) to ingest these log files. The



Prefect CLI

Start commands with *prefect*

End with *--help*



prefect --help

Commands

artifact	Inspect and delete artifacts.
automation	Manage automations.
block	Manage blocks.
cloud	Authenticate and interact with Prefect Cloud
concurrency-limit	Manage task-level concurrency limits.
config	View and set Prefect profiles.
dashboard	Commands for interacting with the Prefect UI.
deploy	Create a deployment to deploy a flow from this project.
deployment	Manage deployments.
dev	Internal Prefect development.
events	Stream events.
flow	View and serve flows.
flow-run	Interact with flow runs.
global-concurrency-limit	Manage global concurrency limits.
init	Initialize a new deployment configuration recipe.
profile	Select and manage Prefect profiles.
server	Start a Prefect server instance and interact with the database
shell	Serve and watch shell commands as Prefect flows.
task	Work with task scheduling.
task-run	View and inspect task runs.
variable	Manage variables.
version	Get the current Prefect version and integration information.
work-pool	Manage work pools.
work-queue	Manage work queues.
worker	Start and interact with workers.

102 Recap

You've seen how to understand the state of your workflows and guard against failure.

- Tasks
- Logging
- States
- Retries
- Variables
- Blocks
- Integrations
- More resources: Community Slack & *help*



Lab 102



Lab 102

- Use a flow with two tasks that fetches weather data from open-meteo
- Pass data between the tasks
- Add retries (add an exception to force a failure)
- Run your flow as a Python script
- Stretch 1: Log the name of the flow run
- Stretch 2: Create a block in the UI
- Stretch 3: Load the block in code and use it

