

# 105 - Workflow design patterns: Compose workflows that meet your needs

# Quick Recap



# How Prefect works - Architecture Overview

## Your Laptop

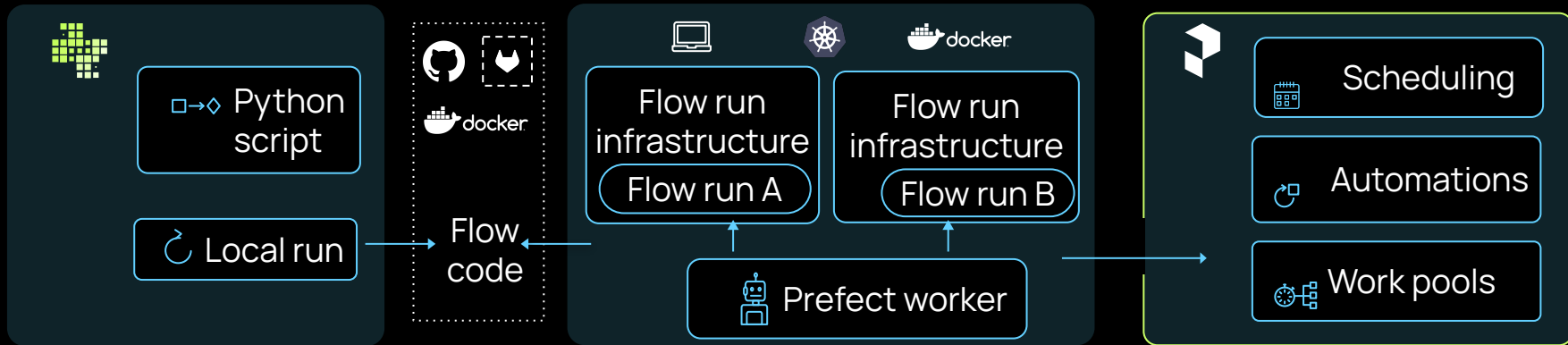
Write data workflow logic through Prefect's Python SDK

## Your Execution Environment

Run data workflows on any infrastructure environment

## Prefect Cloud

Understand & manage with the Prefect dashboard



# 105 Agenda

---

## Workflow pattern archetypes

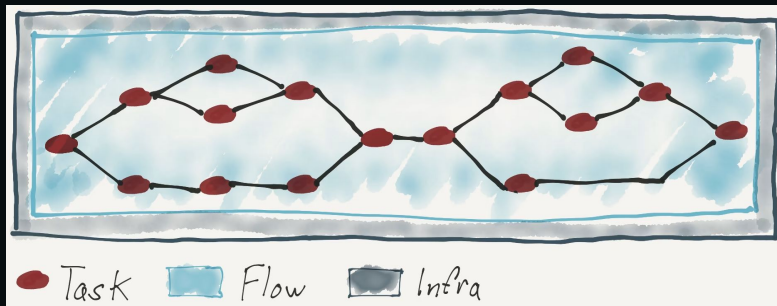
- Monoflow
- Subflows
- *run\_deployment*
- Event-driven
  - Deployment triggers
  - Custom events
  - Webhooks
- Tasks alone



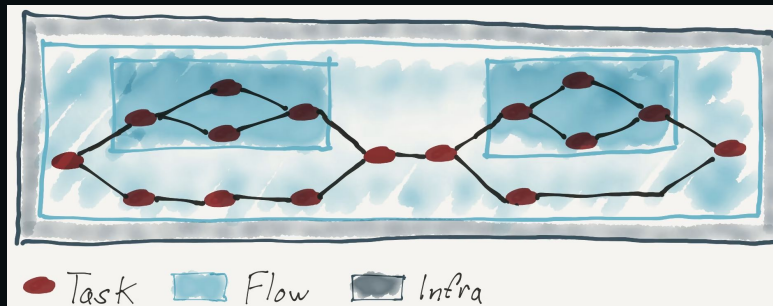
# Workflow patterns



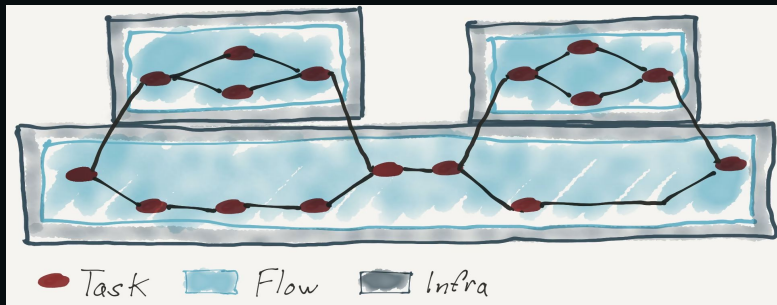
# Workflow patterns - based on [prefect.io/blog/workflow-design-patterns](https://prefect.io/blog/workflow-design-patterns)



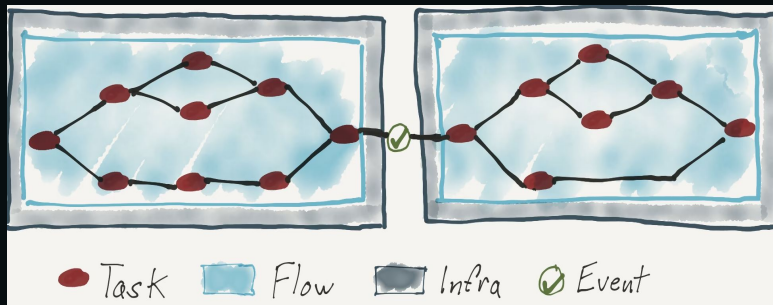
Flow of tasks



Flow of nested flows



Flow of deployments



Event-triggered flow

# When to use which?

---

Pattern	Conceptual	Execution	Awareness
Flow of tasks	Coupled	Coupled	Coupled
Flow of nested flows	Separate	Coupled	Coupled
Flow of deployments	Separate	Separate	Coupled
Event-triggered flow	Separate	Separate	Separate

UI/  
Organization

Infra/  
Process

Context/  
State



# Nested flows

(AKA subflows)

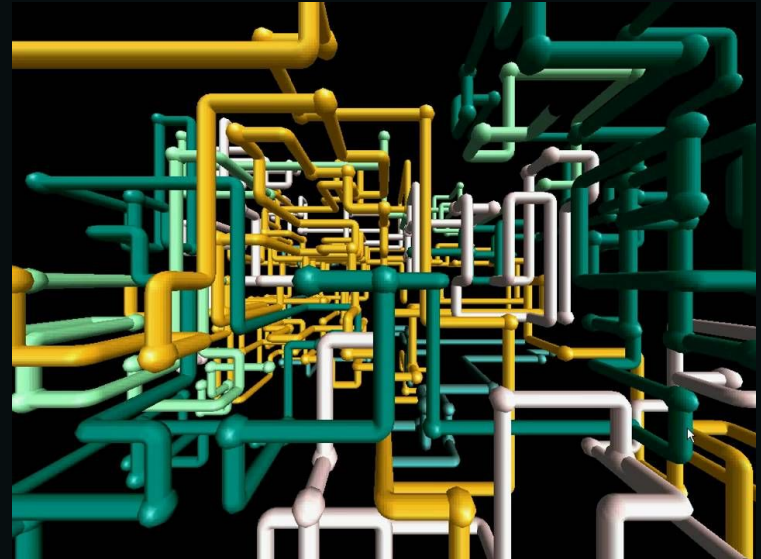




# Nested flows

---

- A flow called from another flow
- Useful for grouping related tasks



# Nested flows

```
import httpx
from prefect import flow

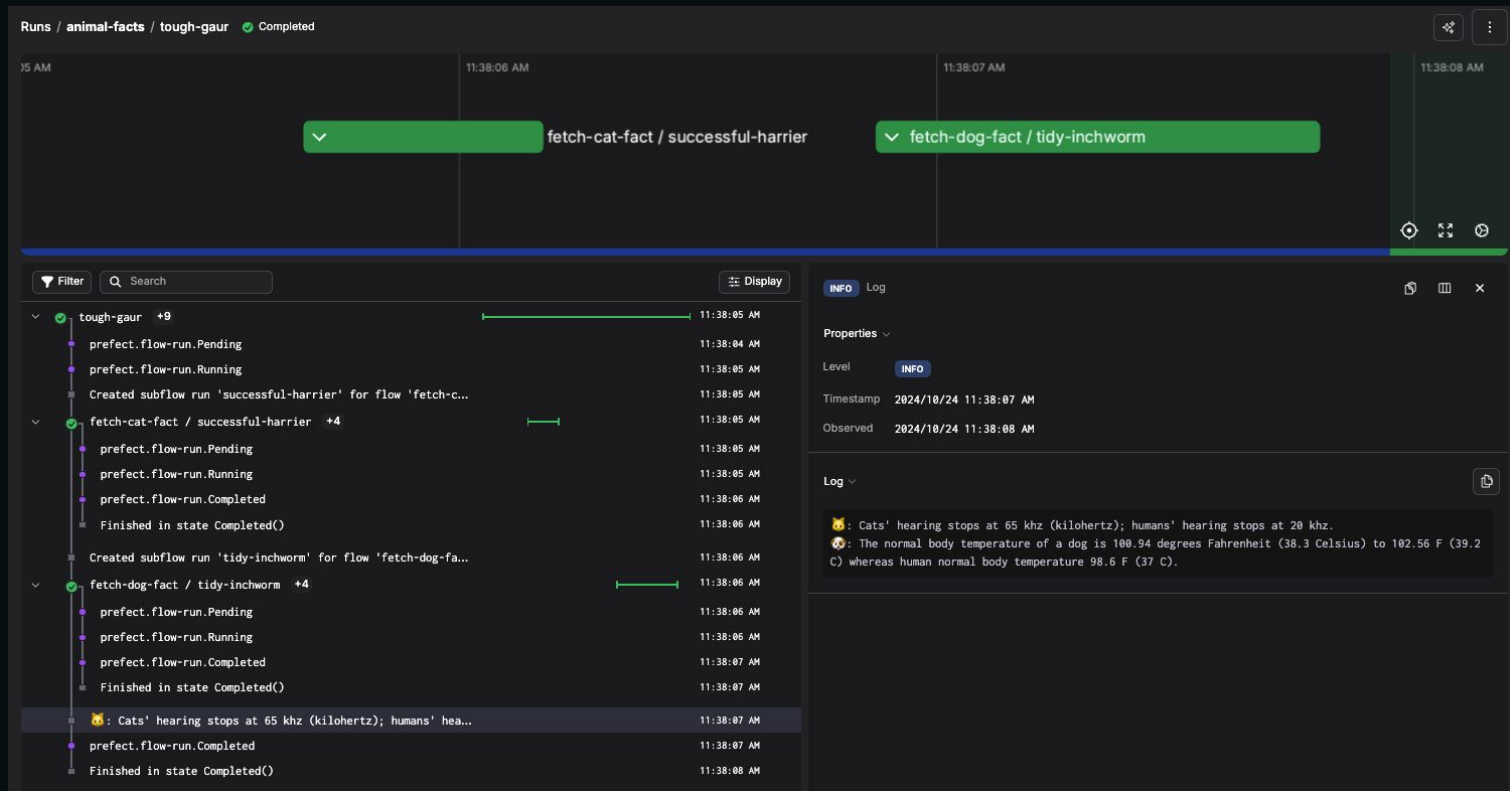
@flow
def fetch_cat_fact():
    return httpx.get("https://catfact.ninja/fact?max_length=140").json()["fact"]

@flow
def fetch_dog_fact():
    return httpx.get(
        "https://dogapi.dog/api/v2/facts",
        headers={"accept": "application/json"},
    ).json()["data"][0]["attributes"]["body"]

@flow(log_prints=True)
def animal_facts():
    cat_fact = fetch_cat_fact()
    dog_fact = fetch_dog_fact()
    print(f"🐱: {cat_fact} \n🐶: {dog_fact}")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    animal_facts()
```

# Timeline view




# *run\_deployment*

to create a flow of deployments



# run\_deployment

`run_deployment` `async` 

Create a flow run for a deployment and return it after completion or a timeout.

This function will return when the created flow run enters any terminal state or the timeout is reached. If the timeout is reached and the flow run has not reached a terminal state, it will still be returned. When using a timeout, we suggest checking the state of the flow run if completion is important moving forward.

## Parameters:

Name	Type	Description	Default
<code>name</code>	<code>Union[str, UUID]</code>	The deployment id or deployment name in the form: <code>&lt;slugified-flow-name&gt;/&lt;slugified-deployment-name&gt;</code>	<i>required</i>
<code>parameters</code>	<code>Optional[dict]</code>	Parameter overrides for this flow run. Merged with the deployment defaults.	<code>None</code>



## *run\_deployment*

---

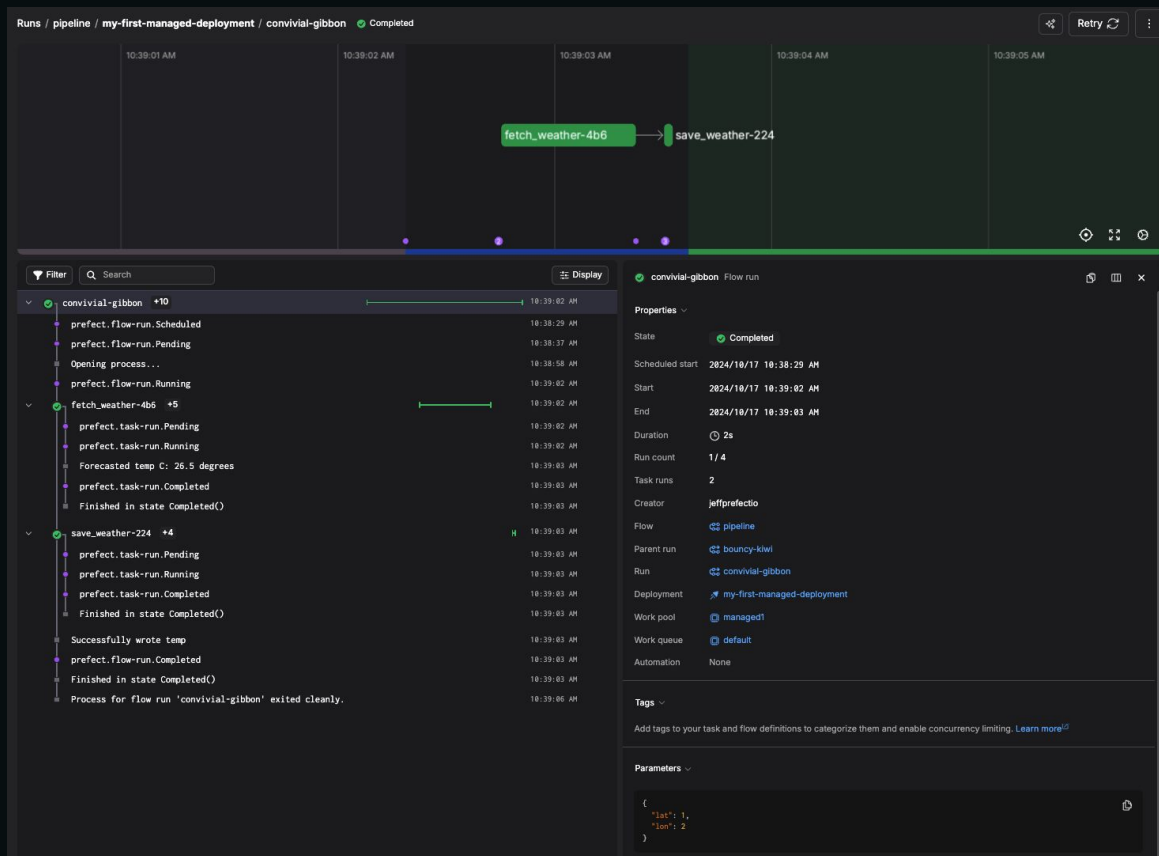
```
from prefect import flow
from prefect.deployments import run_deployment

@flow
def run_deployment_from_flow():
    print("Running deployment from a flow")
    run_deployment(
        name="pipeline/my-first-managed-deployment", parameters={"lat": 1, "lon": 2}
    )
    return

if __name__ == "__main__":
    run_deployment_from_flow()
```



# run\_deployment

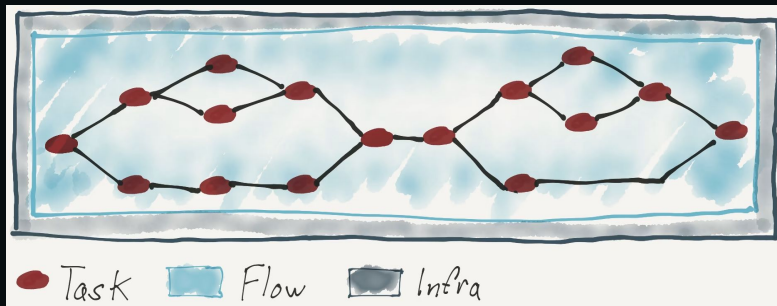


# Event-triggered workflows

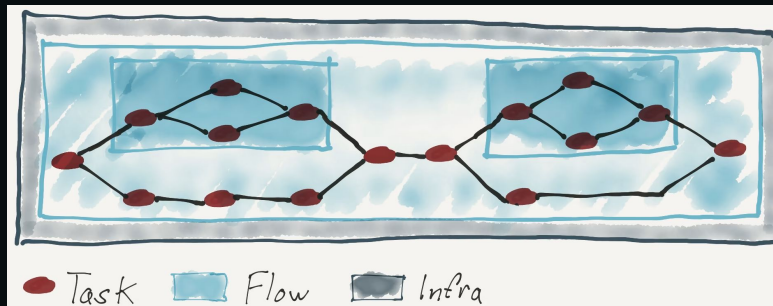




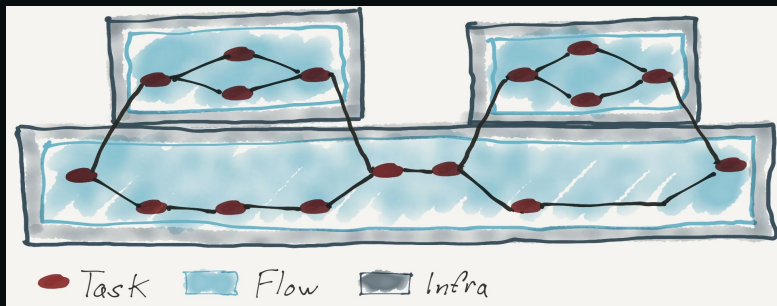
# Workflow patterns - Event-triggered



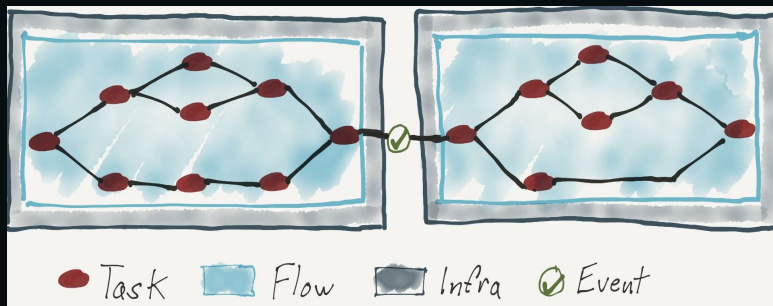
Flow of tasks



Flow of nested flows



Flow of deployments



Event-triggered flow

Event-driven flow  
runs with deployment  
triggers



# Events (refresh)

---

Lightweight JSON bits

Describe what happened, who did it, etc.

Internal (Prefect-created events), examples:

- Work pool ready
- Flow run failed

External examples

- S3 object created
- Github PR opened



## Workspace Events

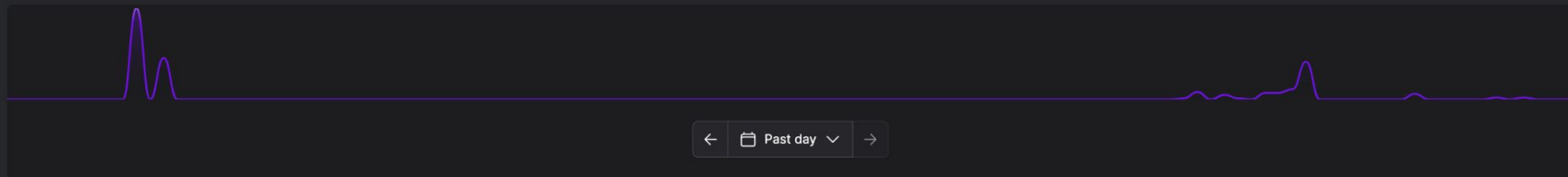
Resource

All resources



Events

All events



01:48:02 PM  
May 22nd, 2024



### Deployment updated

prefect.deployment.updated

Resource

Deployment [process-s3-file](#)

Related Resources

[prefect-cloud.actor.b86c9e38-edb3-4617-aa4a-78b5ebb3e369](#) [prefect-cloud.account.9a67b081-4f14-4035-b000-1f715f46231b](#) [prefect-cloud.workspace.f4689e77-b7c0-41cc-9ac9-139d6b69e030](#)

01:47:58 PM  
May 22nd, 2024



### Deployment not ready

prefect.deployment.not-ready

Resource

Deployment [process-s3-file](#)

Related Resources

Flow [process-file](#)

01:24:51 PM  
May 22nd, 2024



### Deployment ready

prefect.deployment.ready

Resource

Deployment [process-s3-file](#)

Related Resources

Flow [process-file](#)



# Deployment triggers

---

Allow deployments to run in response to the presence (or absence) of events

- Specify trigger condition in a *DeploymentEventTrigger* object and pass to *.deploy()*
- Linked automation created when deployment created



# Deployment triggers - the flow to be triggered

---

```
from prefect import flow
from prefect.events import DeploymentEventTrigger

@flow(log_prints=True)
def downstream_flow(ticker: str = "AAPL") -> str:
    print(f"got {ticker}")
```



## Deployment triggers - the trigger

---

Create a *DeploymentEventTrigger* object

```
downstream_deployment_trigger = DeploymentEventTrigger(  
    name="Upstream Flow - Pipeline",  
    enabled=True,  
    match_related={"prefect.resource.id": "prefect.flow.*"},  
    expect={"prefect.flow-run.Completed"},  
)
```

See the event specification docs:

[docs.prefect.io/latest/automate/events/events](https://docs.prefect.io/latest/automate/events/events)

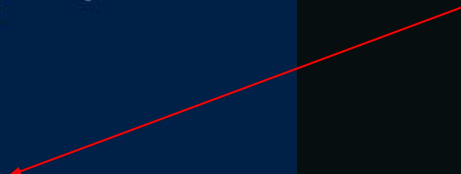


## Deployment triggers - create

---

Pass the trigger object to *.deploy* and run the script

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    downstream_flow.from_source(  
        source="https://github.com/prefecthq/pacc-2025-v1.git",  
        entrypoint="105/dep-trigger.py:downstream_flow",  
    ).deploy(  
        name="ticker-deploy",  
        work_pool_name="managed1",  
        triggers=[downstream_deployment_trigger],  
    )
```

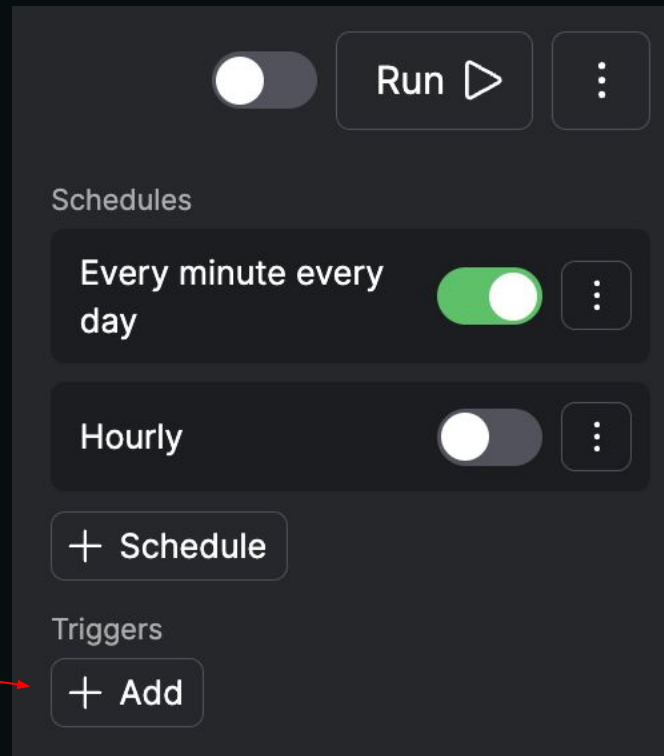




## Another way to begin automation creation in the UI

---

- Start from a deployment page
- Click the **+ Add** button under **Triggers**
- Pre-populates the automation action with the deployment run



# Event webhooks



## Event webhooks

---

- Exposes URL endpoint
- Interface for integrating external apps
- When webhook URL pinged, creates Prefect event
  - Can be used as automation trigger
- Great when **not** in Python land



# Event webhooks

< Settings

Workspace

Members

Service Accounts

Teams

Blocks




Variables

Webhooks

Concurrency

Incidents

Webhooks +

Name	URL	Service Account	Key Expiration	Actions
jeff webhook sa test 1	https://api.prefect.cloud/hooks/uSDZUR-gZqf2xxQYQfFI8g	Jeff SA test 1	2025/01/05 12:00:00 AM	
newhook	https://api.prefect.cloud/hooks/vgOFZY0xoKA-g5uqIGpDgQ	None		
webhook1	https://api.prefect.cloud/hooks/3gcUnZdrudCunJZAGD1pvg	None		



# Event webhooks

Webhooks / Create

Name

Description

Service Account

Select a service account to enforce [webhook authentication](#).

Create Service Account +

Template presets

Static

Dynamic

CloudEvent

Template

Your template should produce valid json with an event name and resource id. You can use jinja to include dynamic values. [Docs](#)

```
{
  "event": "webhook.called",
  "resource": {
    "prefect.resource.id": "webhook.resource.id"
  }
}
```

Cancel

Create



## Event webhooks

---

- Use Jinja2 for dynamic templating
- Template must be valid JSON
- Create from UI or CLI
- Prefect Cloud Pro tier has authentication option through Service Accounts



## Event webhooks

---

Hit the endpoint provided by Prefect:

```
curl https://api.prefect.cloud/hooks/your_slug_here
```



# Event webhooks

---

See new event on **Event Feed** tab in the UI

10:24:54 PM

Jun 19th, 2023

## Demo event

demo.event

### Resource

demo.alert.2

### Related Resources

prefect-cloud.webhook.791b2034-892f-41eb-81a3-dc9dfbff133c

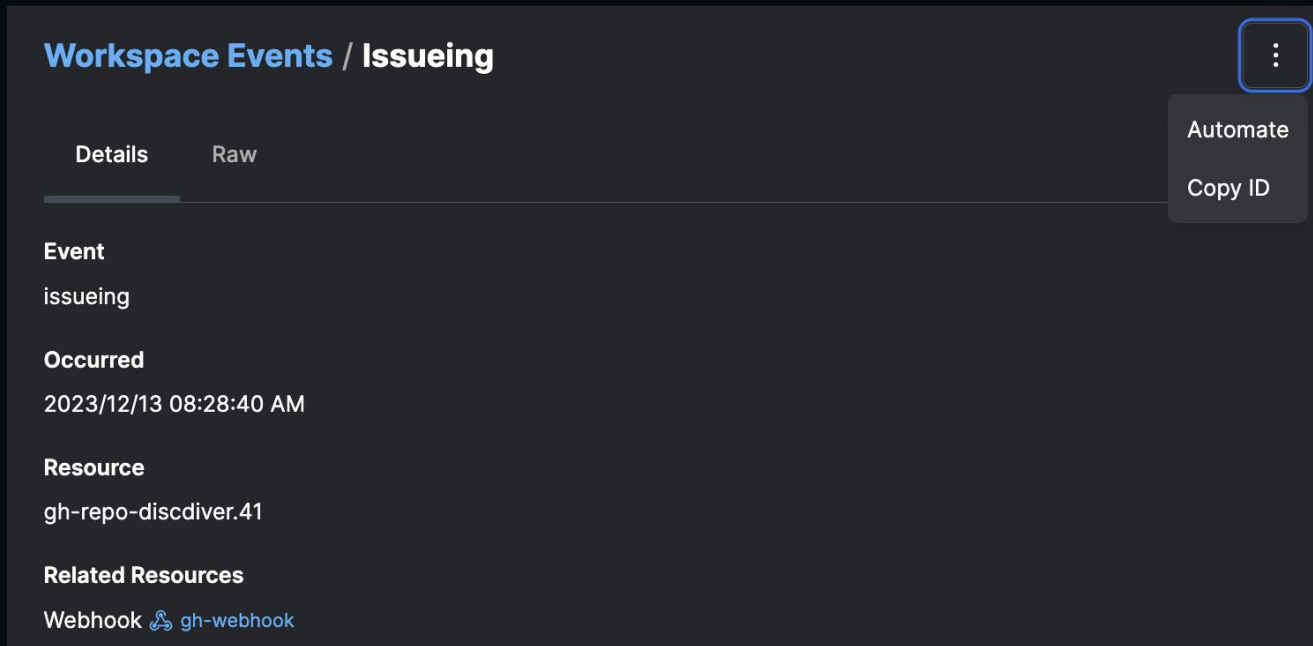




# Event webhooks

---

⚡ Use this event as a custom trigger in an automation!



The screenshot displays the 'Workspace Events / Issueing' interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Details' and 'Raw'. Below the tabs, the event details are listed: 'Event' is 'issuing', 'Occurred' is '2023/12/13 08:28:40 AM', and 'Resource' is 'gh-repo-discdiver.41'. Under 'Related Resources', there is a 'Webhook' link pointing to 'gh-webhook'. On the right side, a vertical menu is open, showing 'Automate' and 'Copy ID' options. A red arrow points to the 'Automate' button, which is highlighted with a blue border.

**Workspace Events / Issueing**

Details Raw

**Event**  
issuing

**Occurred**  
2023/12/13 08:28:40 AM

**Resource**  
gh-repo-discdiver.41

**Related Resources**  
Webhook [gh-webhook](#)

Automate  
Copy ID



## Event webhooks - example

---

When an object lands in an S3 bucket, can use EventBridge or Lambda to hit a Prefect webhook you've created.

Example:

[github.com/PrefectHQ/prefect-demos/blob/main/flows/aws/datalake/README.md](https://github.com/PrefectHQ/prefect-demos/blob/main/flows/aws/datalake/README.md)



# Custom events defined in Python

# Create custom event to be emitted when code runs

---

*emit\_event* requires two args:

*event and resource={"prefect.resource.id: val"}*

```
from prefect.events import emit_event

def emit_name_event(name: str = "kiki"):
    """Emit a basic Prefect event with a dynamically populated name"""
    print(f"Hi {name}!")
    emit_event(
        event=f"{name}.sent.event!",
        resource={"prefect.resource.id": f"developer.{name}"},
        payload={"name": name},
    )

if __name__ == "__main__":
    emit_name_event()
```



# Run code and head to the **Events** page

---

12:43:37 PM  
Mar 1st, 2024

**Kiki sent event!**  
kiki.sent.event!

**Resource**  
developer.kiki

Click link to see event page

## Workspace Events / Kiki sent event!

Details

Raw

### Event

kiki.sent.event!

### Occurred

2024/03/01 12:43:37 PM

### Resource

developer.kiki

### Related Resources

None



# See event details on the **Raw** tab

## Workspace Events / Kiki sent event!

Details

Raw

```
{
  "id": "e7daff3e-5ed7-4a29-ba5f-fc9965772ce9",
  "account": "9b649228-0419-40e1-9e0d-44954b5c0ab6",
  "event": "kiki.sent.event!",
  "occurred": "2024-03-01T17:43:37.151Z",
  "payload": {
    "name": "kiki"
  },
  "received": "2024-03-01T17:43:37.415Z",
  "related": [],
  "resource": {
    "prefect.resource.id": "developer.kiki"
  },
  "workspace": "d137367a-5055-44ff-b91c-6f7366c9e4c4"
}
```



# Data from event can be used in an automation action

---

For example: Populate a flow param via a *Run Deployment* action

Use *emit\_event*'s *payload* parameter



# Example: custom event with detailed payload

---

```
from prefect.events import emit_event
```

```
emit_event(  
    event=f"bot.{bot.name.lower()}.responded",  
    resource={"prefect.resource.id": f"bot.{bot.name.lower()}"},  
    payload={  
        "user": event.user,  
        "channel": event.channel,  
        "thread_ts": thread,  
        "text": text,  
        "response": response.content,  
        "prompt_tokens": prompt_tokens,  
        "response_tokens": response_tokens,  
        "total_tokens": prompt_tokens + response_tokens,  
    },  
)
```





# Use payload data in event-driven flow runs

Automations / Create Documentation

✓ Trigger

02 Actions

03 Details

Action 1

Action Type

Run a deployment

Deployment To Run

my-param-flow > my\_param\_flow

Parameters

user

1 `"{{ event.payload.user }}"`

channel

1 `"{{ event.payload.channel }}"`

text

1 `"{{ event.payload.message }}"`



## Advice

---

- Use a flow with tasks for data engineering use cases unless you need another solution
- Use *run\_deployment* if need to run a flow on different infrastructure
- Use event-driven workflows if want to run in response to an event



# Tasks ++ 💪



## Tasks on their own

---

- Lightweight
- Celery replacement
- Can run in background
- Can be nested and run outside of flows
- Can be parallelized
- Run client side; info sent to the API in batches
- Fast, but less real-time info available in UI

Note: you need a flow to create a deployment

[docs.prefect.io/latest/develop/deferred-tasks](https://docs.prefect.io/latest/develop/deferred-tasks)



## 105 Recap

---

You've seen how to use several workflow patterns with

- Nested flows
- *run\_deployment*
- Event-based automations
  - Deployment event triggers defined in Python
  - Webhooks
  - Custom events defined in Python
- Tasks alone



## 105 Lab

---

- Create a deployment with nested flows and run it.
- Create a flow that uses *run\_deployment* to run another deployment.
- Stretch 1: Create a custom event in Python that triggers a notification action in an automation.
- Stretch 2: Create a webhook. Create an automation that pauses work when the webhook fires.

