Module 8.8: Adding Noise to the outputs

Other forms of regularization

- l_2 regularization
- Dataset augmentation
- Parameter Sharing and tying
- Adding Noise to the inputs
- Adding Noise to the outputs
- Early stopping
- Ensemble methods
- Dropout



	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hard targets
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0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hard targets
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 $\text{minimize}: \sum_{i=0}^{9} p_i \log q_i$



	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hard targets
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 $\text{minimize}: \sum_{i=0}^{9} p_i \log q_i$

true distribution : $p = \{0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}$



0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hard targets
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true distribution : $p = \{0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}$

estimated distribution : q



0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hard targets
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true distribution :
$$p = \{0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}$$

estimated distribution : q

Intuition

• Do not trust the true labels, they may be noisy



0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hard targets
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$$minimize: \sum_{i=0}^{9} p_i \log q_i$$

true distribution :
$$p = \{0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}$$

estimated distribution : q

Intuition

- Do not trust the true labels, they may be noisy
- Instead, use soft targets





$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$1-\varepsilon$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	Soft targets						
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 $\varepsilon = \mathrm{small}$ positive constant



$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$ $\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$ $1-\varepsilon$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$ $\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	
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 $\varepsilon = \mathrm{small}$ positive constant

$$\text{minimize}: \sum_{i=0}^{9} p_i \log q_i$$



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 $\varepsilon = \text{small positive constant}$

$$\text{minimize}: \sum_{i=0}^{9} p_i \log q_i$$

true distribution + noise :
$$p = \left\{ \frac{\varepsilon}{9}, \frac{\varepsilon}{9}, 1 - \varepsilon, \frac{\varepsilon}{9}, \dots \right\}$$



$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$ $\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$ $1-$	ε $\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$ $\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$ $\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	$\frac{\varepsilon}{9}$	
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 $\varepsilon = \text{small positive constant}$

$$\text{minimize}: \sum_{i=0}^{9} p_i \log q_i$$

true distribution + noise :
$$p = \left\{ \frac{\varepsilon}{9}, \frac{\varepsilon}{9}, 1 - \varepsilon, \frac{\varepsilon}{9}, \dots \right\}$$

estimated distribution : q