RANDOM FOREST AND GRADIENT BOOSTING

Note:

- Since we already did all these in previous assignments and we can use the same from it.

```
In [1]:
```

```
#importing libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
from tqdm import tqdm

from plotly.offline import init_notebook_mode, iplot
import plotly.graph_objs as go
#configure_plotly_browser_state()
init_notebook_mode(connected=False)
```

In [2]:

```
data = pd.read_csv('Preprocessed_inc_others.csv')
data.head()
```

Out[2]:

Unnamed: school_state teacher_prefix project_grade_category teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects project_is_approved

0	0	са	mrs	grades_prek_2	53	1
1	1	ut	ms	grades_3_5	4	1
2	2	ca	mrs	grades_prek_2	10	1
3	3	ga	mrs	grades_prek_2	2	1
4	4	wa	mrs	grades_3_5	2	1
4						Þ

```
data.describe()
Out[3]:
         Unnamed: 0 teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects project_is_approved
                                                                                         price
                                                                                                    quantity sentiment_sco
 count 109248.000000
                                                 109248.000000
                                                                    109248.000000
                                                                                 109248.000000
                                                                                               109248.000000
                                                                                                              109248.0000
        54623.500000
                                                    11.153165
                                                                        0.848583
                                                                                    298.119343
                                                                                                  16.965610
                                                                                                                   0.2100
 mean
   std
        31537.325441
                                                    27.777154
                                                                        0.358456
                                                                                    367.498030
                                                                                                  26.182942
                                                                                                                   0.0835
            0.000000
                                                                        0.000000
                                                                                      0.660000
                                                                                                   1.000000
  min
                                                     0.000000
                                                                                                                  -0.1897
        27311.750000
                                                     0.000000
                                                                        1.000000
                                                                                    104.310000
                                                                                                   4.000000
                                                                                                                   0.1543
  25%
        54623.500000
  50%
                                                     2.000000
                                                                        1.000000
                                                                                    206.220000
                                                                                                   9.000000
                                                                                                                   0.2082
        81935.250000
                                                     9.000000
                                                                                    379.000000
                                                                                                  21.000000
                                                                                                                   0.2643
  75%
                                                                        1.000000
  max 109247.000000
                                                    451.000000
                                                                        1.000000
                                                                                   9999.000000
                                                                                                  930.000000
                                                                                                                   0.6633
4
                                                                                                                      Þ
In [4]:
y = data['project_is_approved'].values
#X = data.drop(['project_is_approved'], axis=1)
X = data
X.head(2)
Out[4]:
              school_state teacher_prefix project_grade_category teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects project_is_approved
 0
           0
                      ca
                                   mrs
                                                grades_prek_2
                                                                                                   53
                                                                                                                      1
           1
                       ut
                                                  grades 3 5
                                                                                                                      1
                                   ms
4
                                                                                                                      F
In [5]:
y = y.reshape(-1,1)
print(y.shape)
(109248, 1)
Splitting the Data
In [6]:
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
data train, data test, label train, label test = train test split(X,y, random state=42, test size=0
.3, stratify=y)
In [7]:
print(data_train.shape)
print(data_test.shape)
print(label_train.shape)
print(label_test.shape)
(76473, 15)
```

```
(32775, 15)
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)

In [8]:

X_train = data_train
y_train = label_train
X_test = data_test
y_test = label_test
```

1. Vectorizing all features

1.1 Response Coding

```
In [9]:
```

```
def get_feat_dict(alpha, feature, df):
   value_counts = X_train[feature].value_counts()
    feat dict = dict()
    for i,demominator in value counts.items():
       vec = []
        for k in range(2):
            cls cnt = X train[(X train['project is approved']==k) & (X train[feature]==i)]
            vec.append((cls cnt.shape[0]+alpha*10)/ (demominator+ alpha*20))
        feat dict[i] = vec
    return feat_dict
def get respCoded feature(alpha, feature, df):
   feat_dict = get_feat_dict(alpha, feature, df)
   value_counts = X_train[feature].value_counts()
    encoded_feat = []
    for index, row in df.iterrows():
       if row[feature] in dict(value_counts).keys():
            encoded feat.append(feat dict[row[feature]])
        else:
                encoded_feat.append([1/2, 1/2])
    return encoded_feat
```

1.2 School State - Response Coding

```
In [12]:
```

(76473, 2) (32775, 2)

```
X_train['school_state'].value_counts()
Out[12]:
     10840
са
      5168
ny
       5126
      4379
fl
      3579
      3070
i 1
       2792
ga
sc
      2771
      2174
тi
      2119
ра
      1835
in
      1798
mo
oh
       1730
      1669
ma
la
     1661
wa
     1642
     1587
nj
      1574
ok
az
      1475
      1437
va
wi
      1277
      1237
ut
       1214
al
tn
       1167
      1165
ct
      1038
md
nv
       960
       929
ms
        878
kу
       876
or
       867
mn
       771
CO
       715
ar
id
        488
ia
        471
        443
ks
       384
nm
WV
        364
        361
hi
dc
        359
me
        350
       239
ak
       239
nh
       231
ne
        222
sd
        210
ri
       195
       176
mt
nd
        108
       63
wу
         50
vt
Name: school_state, dtype: int64
In [13]:
alpha = 1
X_train_Sstate_responseCoding = np.array(get_respCoded_feature(alpha, 'school_state', X_train))
X_test_Sstate_responseCoding = np.array(get_respCoded_feature(alpha, 'school_state', X_test))
In [14]:
print(X_train_Sstate_responseCoding.shape)
print(X_test_Sstate_responseCoding.shape)
```

1.3 Clean Categories

```
In [15]:
X train['clean categories'].unique()
Out[15]:
array(['specialneeds', 'health_sports', 'literacy_language specialneeds',
        'appliedlearning literacy language', 'math science',
        'literacy_language', 'literacy_language math_science',
        'history civics music arts', 'appliedlearning specialneeds',
        'math science literacy language', 'math science music arts',
        'health_sports literacy_language',
        'literacy_language appliedlearning', 'math science history civics',
        'math_science specialneeds', 'literacy_language music_arts',
        'health sports specialneeds', 'music arts', 'history civics',
        'math science appliedlearning', 'appliedlearning',
        'warmth care_hunger', 'health_sports math_science',
        'appliedlearning math_science', 'literacy_language history_civics',
        'music arts specialneeds', 'history civics specialneeds',
        'appliedlearning music_arts', 'math_science health_sports',
        'health sports appliedlearning', 'appliedlearning health sports',
        'health_sports music_arts', 'history_civics literacy_language',
        'history_civics math_science', 'specialneeds music_arts',
        'appliedlearning history civics', 'health sports history civics',
        'history_civics appliedlearning',
        'literacy language health sports',
        'specialneeds warmth care hunger', 'specialneeds health sports',
        'music_arts history_civics', 'health_sports warmth care_hunger', 'music_arts health_sports', 'history_civics health_sports',
        'appliedlearning warmth care hunger', 'music arts appliedlearning',
        'math_science warmth care_hunger',
        'literacy language warmth care hunger',
        'music arts warmth care hunger',
        'history civics warmth care hunger'], dtype=object)
In [16]:
len(X train['clean categories'].unique())
Out[16]:
51
In [17]:
X_train_cat_responseCoding = np.array(get_respCoded_feature(alpha, 'clean_categories', X_train))
X_test_cat_responseCoding = np.array(get_respCoded_feature(alpha, 'clean_categories', X_test))
In [18]:
print(X train cat responseCoding.shape)
print(X test cat responseCoding.shape)
(76473, 2)
(32775, 2)
1.4 Clean Sub categories
In [19]:
X train['clean subcategories'].unique()
Out[19]:
array(['specialneeds', 'health_wellness', 'literacy specialneeds',
```

```
'earlydevelopment literacy', 'mathematics',
'literacy literature writing', 'literature writing mathematics',
'esl', 'gym_fitness teamsports', 'literature_writing', 'civics_government visualarts', 'literacy mathematics',
'foreignlanguages', 'other specialneeds', 'appliedsciences',
'health lifescience literature writing',
'appliedsciences visualarts', 'gym_fitness', 'literacy',
'health wellness literature writing', 'esl parentinvolvement',
'health_lifescience socialsciences',
'appliedsciences specialneeds', 'health lifescience literacy',
'literature writing music', 'gym fitness health wellness',
'health_wellness specialneeds', 'performingarts',
'environmentalscience mathematics', 'history_geography',
'literature writing specialneeds',
'appliedsciences environmentalscience',
'appliedsciences mathematics',
'college careerprep literature writing',
'history_geography socialsciences', 'health lifescience',
'appliedsciences extracurricular',
'appliedsciences college careerprep', 'mathematics specialneeds',
'college_careerprep', 'music performingarts',
'literacy visualarts', 'visualarts', 'warmth care_hunger',
'gym_fitness health_lifescience', 'esl specialneeds',
'environmentalscience health lifescience',
'college careerprep health lifescience',
'literature writing visualarts', 'financialliteracy',
'literature writing other', 'nutritioneducation specialneeds',
'other', 'earlydevelopment other',
'health wellness nutritioneducation', 'esl literacy',
'literacy socialsciences', 'college careerprep literacy',
'charactereducation college_careerprep',
'appliedsciences socialsciences', 'music specialneeds',
'socialsciences', 'charactereducation specialneeds',
'financialliteracy specialneeds',
'earlydevelopment literature_writing',
'health_wellness teamsports', 'appliedsciences literacy',
'environmentalscience history_geography',
\hbox{\tt 'charactereducation literature\_writing', 'applied sciences other',}
\verb|'early development mathematics', 'college\_care erprep visual arts',\\
'charactereducation other', 'health_lifescience mathematics',
'earlydevelopment environmentalscience', 'environmentalscience',
'environmentalscience literacy', 'literacy parentinvolvement',
'environmentalscience nutritioneducation', 'economics',
'teamsports', 'music', 'literature writing socialsciences',
'communityservice', 'esl foreignlanguages', 'charactereducation',
'gym fitness specialneeds',
'charactereducation health lifescience',
'earlydevelopment specialneeds', 'college careerprep specialneeds',
'environmentalscience literature writing', 'extracurricular',
'mathematics visualarts', 'health wellness other',
'mathematics other', 'health_wellness mathematics',
'charactereducation health_wellness', 'earlydevelopment',
'foreignlanguages literacy', 'civics_government socialsciences', 'college_careerprep other', 'appliedsciences health_lifescience', 'health_wellness literacy', 'esl literature_writing',
'gym_fitness performingarts', 'history_geography literacy',
'nutritioneducation', 'civics government',
'civics government environmentalscience',
'college careerprep parentinvolvement',
'financialliteracy mathematics', 'college careerprep mathematics',
'specialneeds visualarts', 'appliedsciences literature writing',
'appliedsciences music', 'music visualarts',
'earlydevelopment visualarts',
'foreignlanguages literature_writing',
'college careerprep foreignlanguages',
'socialsciences specialneeds',
'history_geography literature_writing',
'history_geography visualarts',
'college_careerprep history_geography',
'charactereducation literacy', 'extracurricular teamsports',
'civics government history geography',
'earlydevelopment gym_fitness', 'foreignlanguages visualarts', 'economics history_geography', 'economics financialliteracy',
'earlydevelopment health wellness', 'extracurricular music',
'nutritioneducation socialsciences', 'civics government literacy',
'appliedsciences earlydevelopment',
'gym_fitness literature_writing', 'civics_government mathematics',
```

```
'literacy other', 'foreignlanguages mathematics',
'history geography performingarts',
'appliedsciences parentinvolvement',
'environmentalscience specialneeds', 'gym fitness music',
'history_geography specialneeds',
'earlydevelopment health lifescience',
'health_lifescience health_wellness',
'environmentalscience health wellness',
'gym fitness nutritioneducation', 'history geography mathematics',
'literature_writing performingarts',
'health lifescience visualarts',
'college careerprep communityservice',
'mathematics performingarts',
'college careerprep nutritioneducation',
'mathematics socialsciences', 'charactereducation socialsciences',
'appliedsciences history_geography',
'nutritioneducation teamsports', 'environmentalscience visualarts',
'civics government literature_writing',
'health wellness socialsciences',
'communityservice literature_writing', 'other visualarts',
'appliedsciences communityservice',
'charactereducation extracurricular',
'civics_government college_careerprep',
'civics_government parentinvolvement', 'extracurricular literacy',
'mathematics parentinvolvement', 'appliedsciences health wellness',
'earlydevelopment history_geography', 'esl health_wellness',
'performingarts visualarts', 'teamsports visualarts',
'communityservice visualarts', 'earlydevelopment extracurricular',
'health lifescience nutritioneducation',
'health lifescience music', 'parentinvolvement specialneeds',
'extracurricular gym fitness',
'charactereducation environmentalscience',
'charactereducation communityservice',
'communityservice socialsciences',
'literature_writing parentinvolvement',
'extracurricular visualarts',
'charactereducation earlydevelopment',
'civics government communityservice',
'health lifescience history geography', 'mathematics teamsports',
'health_wellness history_geography', 'gym_fitness literacy',
'charactereducation financialliteracy', 'communityservice other',
'esl earlydevelopment', 'environmentalscience performingarts',
'communityservice specialneeds', 'charactereducation teamsports',
'esl socialsciences', 'other parentinvolvement', 'esl mathematics',
'other teamsports', 'college_careerprep financialliteracy',
'college_careerprep performingarts',
'charactereducation mathematics',
'specialneeds warmth care hunger', 'literacy teamsports',
'extracurricular mathematics', 'esl health lifescience',
'health wellness performingarts', 'economics mathematics',
'literacy music', 'mathematics music',
'health lifescience specialneeds',
'earlydevelopment performingarts', 'appliedsciences economics',
'environmentalscience teamsports',
'environmentalscience socialsciences',
'civics_government economics',
'college_careerprep health_wellness', 'socialsciences visualarts',
'communityservice environmentalscience',
'health lifescience parentinvolvement',
'health wellness visualarts', 'charactereducation visualarts',
'communityservice health wellness',
'charactereducation history geography', 'literacy performingarts',
'extracurricular nutritioneducation',
'college_careerprep extracurricular', 'charactereducation music',
'financialliteracy literacy', 'gym_fitness mathematics',
'extracurricular specialneeds', 'esl financialliteracy',
'civics_government health_lifescience',
'charactereducation parentinvolvement',
'foreignlanguages health wellness', 'specialneeds teamsports',
'parentinvolvement', 'appliedsciences esl',
'environmentalscience other', 'appliedsciences charactereducation',
'appliedsciences financialliteracy',
'extracurricular health_wellness',
'college careerprep earlydevelopment',
'performingarts socialsciences', 'communityservice literacy',
'economics socialsciences', 'communityservice nutritioneducation',
'health wellness warmth care hunger', 'appliedsciences teamsports',
```

```
'extracurricular financialliteracy',
'charactereducation civics_government',
'communityservice history geography',
'financialliteracy literature writing',
'earlydevelopment parentinvolvement', 'esl environmentalscience',
'college careerprep gym fitness', 'performingarts specialneeds',
'earlydevelopment music',
'college_careerprep environmentalscience', 'other performingarts',
'environmentalscience foreignlanguages', 'college careerprep esl',
'gym_fitness warmth care_hunger',
'foreignlanguages history_geography', 'communityservice economics',
'extracurricular literature_writing', 'nutritioneducation other', 'college_careerprep socialsciences', 'health_wellness music',
'appliedsciences civics government',
'mathematics nutritioneducation',
'earlydevelopment socialsciences',
'civics government specialneeds', 'gym fitness socialsciences',
'foreignlanguages performingarts', 'economics visualarts',
'music teamsports', 'esl visualarts',
'environmentalscience parentinvolvement',
'civics government financialliteracy', 'history_geography music',
'foreignlanguages socialsciences', 'esl other',
'other socialsciences', 'esl music', 'performingarts teamsports',
'communityservice financialliteracy',
'parentinvolvement visualarts', 'extracurricular performingarts', 'economics literature_writing', 'appliedsciences performingarts',
'parentinvolvement teamsports',
'environmentalscience extracurricular',
'earlydevelopment financialliteracy', 'esl history geography',
'charactereducation esl', 'financialliteracy health wellness',
'environmentalscience financialliteracy',
'civics government performingarts',
'communityservice extracurricular', 'economics other',
'history geography other', 'earlydevelopment teamsports',
'economics environmentalscience',
'charactereducation performingarts',
'parentinvolvement warmth care hunger',
'literature writing teamsports',
'financialliteracy history_geography', 'foreignlanguages music',
'foreignlanguages other', 'communityservice parentinvolvement',
'parentinvolvement performingarts',
'health wellness parentinvolvement', 'extracurricular other',
\verb|'appliedsciences gym_fitness', | financial literacy performing arts', \\
'economics nutritioneducation', 'foreignlanguages specialneeds',
'music other', 'college careerprep music',
'extracurricular socialsciences',
'extracurricular parentinvolvement', 'economics foreignlanguages',
'nutritioneducation visualarts',
'communityservice earlydevelopment', 'gym fitness visualarts',
'health lifescience warmth care hunger',
'health_lifescience teamsports', 'music parentinvolvement',
'financialliteracy visualarts',
'literature writing warmth care hunger',
'financialliteracy foreignlanguages', 'environmentalscience music',
'health lifescience performingarts',
'history_geography parentinvolvement',
'appliedsciences foreignlanguages', 'esl performingarts',
'literacy warmth care hunger', 'environmentalscience gym fitness',
'charactereducation foreignlanguages',
'parentinvolvement socialsciences',
'financialliteracy socialsciences', 'music socialsciences',
'extracurricular history_geography',
'college careerprep economics', 'civics government esl',
'foreignlanguages health lifescience',
'earlydevelopment nutritioneducation',
'nutritioneducation warmth care_hunger', 'economics literacy',
'gym fitness other', 'appliedsciences nutritioneducation',
'communityservice mathematics', 'earlydevelopment economics',
'literacy nutritioneducation',
'financialliteracy health lifescience',
\verb|'charactereducation gym_fitness', | economics special needs', \\
'esl nutritioneducation', 'literature writing nutritioneducation',
'communityservice esl', 'economics music',
'civics_government teamsports', 'extracurricular foreignlanguages',
'other warmth care_hunger', 'gym_fitness history_geography',
'charactereducation warmth care hunger',
'communityservice health_lifescience',
```

```
'gym_fitness parentinvolvement', 'health_lifescience other', 'foreignlanguages gym_fitness', 'college_careerprep teamsports',
        'civics_government foreignlanguages',
        'environmentalscience warmth care hunger',
        'charactereducation nutritioneducation', 'esl gym fitness',
        'charactereducation economics', 'history_geography teamsports',
        'civics government nutritioneducation', 'esl teamsports',
        'earlydevelopment foreignlanguages',
        'extracurricular health_lifescience',
        'earlydevelopment warmth care hunger',
        'economics health_lifescience',
        'appliedsciences warmth care hunger',
        'communityservice gym_fitness', 'esl extracurricular', 'visualarts warmth care_hunger', 'socialsciences teamsports',
        'history geography warmth care hunger'], dtype=object)
In [20]:
len(X train['clean subcategories'].unique())
Out[20]:
392
In [21]:
X train subcat responseCoding = np.array(get respCoded feature(alpha, 'clean subcategories', X trai
X test subcat responseCoding = np.array(get respCoded feature(alpha, 'clean subcategories', X test)
In [22]:
print(X train subcat responseCoding.shape)
print(X test subcat responseCoding.shape)
(76473, 2)
(32775, 2)
1.5 Project Grade Category
In [231:
X train['project grade category'].unique()
Out [23]:
array(['grades prek 2', 'grades 3 5', 'grades 9 12', 'grades 6 8'],
      dtvpe=object)
In [24]:
len(X_train['project_grade_category'].unique())
Out[24]:
4
In [25]:
alpha = 1
X_train_grade_responseCoding = np.array(get_respCoded_feature(alpha, 'project_grade_category',
X_train))
X test grade responseCoding = np.array(get respCoded feature(alpha, 'project grade category',
X test))
In [26]:
```

```
print(X train grade responseCoding.shape)
print(X_test_grade_responseCoding.shape)
(76473, 2)
(32775, 2)
1.5 Teacher Prefix
In [27]:
X train['teacher prefix'].unique()
Out[27]:
array(['mrs', 'ms', 'mr', 'teacher', 'dr'], dtype=object)
In [28]:
len(X_train['teacher_prefix'].unique())
Out[28]:
5
In [29]:
X_train_prefix_responseCoding = np.array(get_respCoded_feature(alpha, 'teacher_prefix', X_train))
X test prefix responseCoding = np.array(get respCoded feature(alpha, 'teacher prefix', X test))
In [30]:
print(X train prefix responseCoding.shape)
print(X_test_prefix_responseCoding.shape)
(76473, 2)
(32775, 2)
1.6 Essay
1.6.1 BOW
In [31]:
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
vectorizer_6 = CountVectorizer(list(X_train['essay'].values), min_df=10)
In [32]:
#We are considering the words which occur in atleat 10 documents and max features=5000 because we
need only those important 5000 words
X_train_essay_bow = vectorizer_6.fit_transform(X_train['essay'].values)
X_test_essay_bow = vectorizer_6.transform(X_test['essay'].values)
In [33]:
print(X train essay bow.shape)
print(X_test_essay_bow.shape)
(76473, 14484)
(32775, 14484)
```

```
1.6.2 TFIDF
```

if cnt words !=0:

vector /= cnt words

```
In [34]:
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
vectorizer_7 = TfidfVectorizer(list(X_train['essay'].values), min_df=10)
In [35]:
X_train_essay_tfidf = vectorizer_7.fit_transform(X_train['essay'].values)
X_test_essay_tfidf = vectorizer_7.transform(X_test['essay'].values)
In [36]:
print(X_train_essay_tfidf.shape)
print(X test essay tfidf.shape)
(76473, 14484)
(32775, 14484)
1.6.3 AvgW2V
In [37]:
X train.head(2)
Out[37]:
                school_state teacher_prefix project_grade_category teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects project_is_appro
 64526
          64526
                                                                                            2
                        tx
                                  mrs
                                              grades_prek_2
                                                                                            7
 82028
          82028
                       wa
                                   ms
                                              grades_prek_2
4
In [38]:
#Unpickling
import pickle
with open('glove_vectors', 'rb') as f:
    model = pickle.load(f)
    glove_words = set(model.keys())
In [39]:
X_train_essay_avg_w2v = []
X_test_essay_avg_w2v = []
for i in tqdm(X_train['essay']):
    vector = np.zeros(300)
    cnt words = 0
    for word in i.split():
         if word in glove_words:
             vector += model[word]
             cnt words +=1
```

```
X train_essay_avg_w2v.append(vector)
for i in tqdm(X test['essay']):
   vector = np.zeros(300)
   cnt words = 0
   for word in i.split():
       if word in glove words :
           vector += model[word]
           cnt words += 1
   if cnt words != 0:
       vector /= cnt_words
   X_test_essay_avg_w2v.append(vector)
100%|
                                                                       76473/76473
[00:22<00:00, 3454.61it/s]
[00:10<00:00, 3244.41it/s]
In [40]:
print(len(X_train_essay_avg_w2v))
print(len(X_train_essay_avg_w2v[0]))
print('='*50)
print(len(X test essay avg w2v))
print(len(X_test_essay_avg_w2v[0]))
76473
300
_____
32775
300
```

1.6.4 TFIDF W2V

In [41]:

```
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
Tf_idf_model = TfidfVectorizer()
Tf_idf_model.fit(X_train['essay'])

dictionary = dict(zip(Tf_idf_model.get_feature_names(), Tf_idf_model.idf_))
tf_idf_words = set(Tf_idf_model.get_feature_names())
```

In [42]:

```
# TFIDF Word2Vec
# compute TFIDF word2vec for each review.
X train essay tfidf w2v = []; # the avg-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
for sentence in tqdm(X_train['essay']): # for each review/sentence
   vector = np.zeros(300) # as word vectors are of zero length
   tf idf weight =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
   for word in sentence.split(): # for each word in a review/sentence
       if (word in glove words) and (word in tf idf words):
           vec = model[word] # getting the vector for each word
            # here we are multiplying idf value(dictionary[word]) and the tf
value((sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())))
           tf_idf = dictionary[word]*(sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())) # getting the tf
idf value for each word
           vector += (vec * tf idf) # calculating tfidf weighted w2v
           tf_idf_weight += tf_idf
   if tf_idf_weight != 0:
       vector /= tf_idf_weight
   X_train_essay_tfidf_w2v.append(vector)
X test essay tfidf w2v = []; # the avg-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
for sentence in tqdm(X test['essay']): # for each review/sentence
   vector = np.zeros(300) # as word vectors are of zero length
   tf idf weight =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
   for word in sentence.split(): # for each word in a review/sentence
```

```
if (word in glove words) and (word in ti idi words):
             vec = model[word] \# getting the vector for each word
             # here we are multiplying idf value(dictionary[word]) and the tf
value((sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())))
            tf_idf = dictionary[word]*(sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())) # getting the tf
idf value for each word
             \texttt{vector} \ += \ (\texttt{vec} \ \texttt{*} \ \texttt{tf\_idf}) \ \# \ \textit{calculating} \ \textit{tfidf} \ \textit{weighted} \ \textit{w2v}
             tf_idf_weight += tf_idf
    if tf idf weight != 0:
        vector /= tf_idf_weight
    X_test_essay_tfidf_w2v.append(vector)
100%|
                                                                                      | 76473/76473 [02:
24<00:00, 527.95it/s]
100%|
                                                                                     | 32775/32775 [01:
02<00:00, 527.12it/s]
In [43]:
print(len(X train essay tfidf w2v))
print(len(X_test_essay_tfidf_w2v))
76473
32775
1.7 Project Title
1.7.1 BOW
In [44]:
vectorizer 8 = CountVectorizer(list(X train['title'].values), min df=10)
In [46]:
X train title bow = vectorizer 8.fit transform(X train['title'].values)
X test title bow = vectorizer 8.transform(X test['title'].values)
In [47]:
print(X_train_title_bow.shape)
print(X_test_title_bow.shape)
(76473, 2689)
(32775, 2689)
1.7.2 TFIDF
In [48]:
vectorizer_9 = TfidfVectorizer(list(X_train['title'].values), min_df=10)
In [49]:
X_train_title_tfidf = vectorizer_9.fit_transform(X_train['title'].values)
X_test_title_tfidf = vectorizer_9.transform(X_test['title'].values)
In [50]:
print(X train title tfidf.shape)
print(X_test_title_tfidf.shape)
```

(76473, 2689) (32775, 2689)

1.7.3 AvgW2V

In [51]:

```
#Avgw2V vector for prepressed essay
X train title avg w2v = []
X test title avg w2v = []
for i in tqdm(X_train['title']):
   vector = np.zeros(300)
    cnt\_words = 0
    for word in i.split():
        if word in glove_words:
            vector += model[word]
            cnt words +=1
    if cnt words !=0:
            vector /= cnt words
    X train title avg w2v.append(vector)
for i in tqdm(X test['title']):
   vector = np.zeros(300)
   cnt_words = 0
    for word in i.split():
        if word in glove words:
            vector += model[word]
            cnt_words +=1
    if cnt_words !=0:
           vector /= cnt_words
    X test title avg w2v.append(vector)
100%|
                                                                             | 76473/76473
[00:01<00:00, 67857.13it/s]
100%|
                                                                            | 32775/32775
[00:00<00:00, 70370.91it/s]
In [52]:
```

```
print(len(X train title avg w2v))
print(len(X train title avg w2v[0]))
print('='*50)
print(len(X_test_title_avg_w2v))
print(len(X test title avg w2v[0]))
76473
300
_____
32775
```

1.7.4 TFIDFW2V

In [53]:

300

```
Tf idf model = TfidfVectorizer()
Tf idf model.fit(X train['title'])
dictionary = dict(zip(Tf_idf_model.get_feature_names(), Tf_idf_model.idf_))
tf idf words = set(Tf idf model.get feature names())
```

```
# TFIDF Word2Vec
# compute TFIDF word2vec for each review.
X train title tfidf w2v = []; # the avg-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
for sentence in tqdm(X_train['title']): # for each review/sentence
   vector = np.zeros(300) # as word vectors are of zero length
    tf idf weight =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
   for word in sentence.split(): # for each word in a review/sentence
        if (word in glove words) and (word in tf idf words):
           vec = model[word] # getting the vector for each word
            \# here we are multiplying idf value(dictionary[word]) and the tf
value((sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())))
           tf idf = dictionary[word]*(sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())) # getting the tf
idf value for each word
           vector += (vec * tf idf) # calculating tfidf weighted w2v
           tf idf_weight += tf_idf
    if tf idf weight != 0:
       vector /= tf idf weight
    X train title tfidf w2v.append(vector)
X test title tfidf w2v = []; # the avg-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
for sentence in tqdm(X test['title']): # for each review/sentence
    vector = np.zeros(300) # as word vectors are of zero length
    tf idf weight =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
    for word in sentence.split(): # for each word in a review/sentence
       if (word in glove_words) and (word in tf_idf_words):
           vec = model[word] # getting the vector for each word
            # here we are multiplying idf value(dictionary[word]) and the tf
value((sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())))
           tf idf = dictionary[word]*(sentence.count(word)/len(sentence.split())) # getting the tf
idf value for each word
           vector += (vec * tf idf) # calculating tfidf weighted w2v
           tf idf weight += tf idf
    if tf_idf_weight != 0:
       vector /= tf_idf_weight
    X test title tfidf w2v.append(vector)
100%|
                                                                             | 76473/76473
[00:02<00:00, 33557.01it/s]
                                                                      32775/32775
[00:00<00:00, 33984.61it/s]
```

In [55]:

```
print(len(X_train_title_tfidf_w2v))
print(len(X_test_title_tfidf_w2v))
```

76473 32775

1.8 Price

1.8.1 Price Unstandardised

```
In [56]:
```

```
X_train_price_unstandardized = X_train['price'].values.reshape(-1,1)
X_test_price_unstandardized = X_test['price'].values.reshape(-1,1)
```

In [57]:

```
print(X_train_price_unstandardized.shape)
print(X_test_price_unstandardized.shape)
```

```
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
```

1.8.2 Price Standardized

```
In [58]:
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc_price = StandardScaler()
X_train_price = sc_price.fit_transform(X_train['price'].values.reshape(-1,1))
X_test_price = sc_price.transform(X_test['price'].values.reshape(-1,1))
```

In [59]:

```
print(X_train_price.shape)
print(X_test_price.shape)

(76473, 1)
```

```
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
```

1.9 Previously posted Projects

1.9.1 Unstandardized

```
In [60]:
```

```
X_train_previous_unstandardized = X_train['teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects'].values.r
eshape(-1,1)
X_test_previous_unstandardized =
X_test['teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects'].values.reshape(-1,1)
```

In [61]:

```
print(X_train_previous_unstandardized.shape)
print(X_test_previous_unstandardized.shape)
```

```
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
```

1.9.2 Standardized

In [62]:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc_previous = StandardScaler()
X_train_previous =
sc_previous.fit_transform(X_train['teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects'].values.reshape(-
1,1))
X_test_previous =
sc_previous.transform(X_test['teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects'].values.reshape(-1,1))
```

In [63]:

```
print(X_train_previous.shape)
print(X_test_previous.shape)

(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
```

1.10 Quantity

1.10.1 Unstandardized

```
In [64]:
```

```
X train quantity unstandardized = X train['quantity'].values.reshape(-1,1)
X_test_quantity_unstandardized = X_test['quantity'].values.reshape(-1,1)
In [65]:
print(X_train_quantity_unstandardized.shape)
print(X_test_quantity_unstandardized.shape)
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
1.10.2 Standardized
In [66]:
sc quantity = StandardScaler()
X train quantity = sc quantity.fit transform(X train['quantity'].values.reshape(-1,1))
X_test_quantity = sc_quantity.transform(X_test['quantity'].values.reshape(-1,1))
In [67]:
print (X train quantity.shape)
print(X_test_quantity.shape)
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
1.11 Sentiment Score
In [68]:
X train sentiment = X train['sentiment score'].values.reshape(-1,1)
X_test_sentiment = X_test['sentiment_score'].values.reshape(-1,1)
In [69]:
print(X train sentiment.shape)
print(X_test_sentiment.shape)
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
1.12 Number of Words in the title
1.12.1 Unstandardized
In [70]:
X train words title unstandardized = X train['No of words in project title'].values.reshape(-1,1)
X test words title unstandardized = X test['No of words in project title'].values.reshape(-1,1)
In [71]:
print(X_train_words_title_unstandardized.shape)
print(X test words title unstandardized.shape)
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
```

1.12.2 Standardized

```
In [72]:
sc title words = StandardScaler()
X train words title = sc title words.fit transform(X train['No of words in project title'].values.r
eshape(-1,1))
X test words title = sc title words.transform(X test['No of words in project title'].values.reshape
(-1, 1))
4
In [73]:
print(X train words title.shape)
print(X test words title.shape)
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
1.13 Number of Words in the essay
1.13.1 Unstandardized
In [74]:
X train words essay unstandardized = X train['No of words in essay'].values.reshape(-1,1)
X_test_words_essay_unstandardized = X_test['No of words in essay'].values.reshape(-1,1)
In [75]:
print(X_train_words_essay_unstandardized.shape)
print(X_test_words_essay_unstandardized.shape)
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
1.13.2 Standardized
In [76]:
sc essay words = StandardScaler()
X_train_words_essay = sc_essay_words.fit_transform( X_train['No of words in essay'].values.reshape(
X test words essay = sc essay words.transform(X test['No of words in essay'].values.reshape(-1,1))
In [77]:
print(X_train_words_essay.shape)
print(X test words essay.shape)
(76473, 1)
(32775, 1)
In [78]:
print(X train Sstate responseCoding.shape)
print(X train cat responseCoding.shape)
print(X_train_subcat_responseCoding.shape)
print(X_train_grade_responseCoding.shape)
print(X train prefix responseCoding.shape)
print(X train price.shape)
print(X train previous.shape)
print(X_train_essay_bow.shape)
print(X_train_essay_tfidf.shape)
print(len(X_train_essay_avg_w2v))
print(len(X_train_essay_tfidf_w2v))
```

```
print(X train title bow.shape)
print(X_train_title_tfidf.shape)
print(len(X_train_title_avg_w2v))
print(len(X train title tfidf w2v))
print(X train quantity.shape)
print(X train sentiment.shape)
print(X_train_words_essay.shape)
print(X train words title.shape)
print('='*50)
print(X test Sstate responseCoding.shape)
print(X_test_cat_responseCoding.shape)
print(X_test_subcat_responseCoding.shape)
print(X_test_grade_responseCoding.shape)
print(X_test_prefix_responseCoding.shape)
print(X test price.shape)
print(X_test_previous.shape)
print(X test essay bow.shape)
print(X_test_essay_tfidf.shape)
print(len(X test essay avg w2v))
print(len(X test essay tfidf w2v))
print(X_test_title_bow.shape)
print(X test title tfidf.shape)
print(len(X test title avg w2v))
print(len(X_test_title_tfidf_w2v))
print(X_test_quantity.shape)
print(X_test_sentiment.shape)
print(X_test_words_essay.shape)
print(X_test_words_title.shape)
(76473, 2)
(76473, 2)
(76473, 2)
(76473, 2)
(76473, 2)
(76473, 1)
(76473, 1)
(76473, 14484)
(76473, 14484)
76473
76473
(76473, 2689)
(76473, 2689)
76473
76473
(76473, 1)
(76473, 1)
(76473, 1)
(76473, 1)
_____
(32775, 2)
(32775, 2)
(32775, 2)
(32775, 2)
(32775, 2)
(32775, 1)
(32775, 1)
(32775, 14484)
(32775, 14484)
32775
32775
(32775, 2689)
(32775, 2689)
32775
32775
(32775, 1)
(32775, 1)
(32775, 1)
(32775, 1)
```

Model - RANDOM FOREST

2. Set - 1

2.1 Merging the above features required for Set-1

```
In [0]:
```

In [91]:

```
print(X_train_1.shape)
print(X_test_1.shape)

(76473, 17185)
(32775, 17185)
```

2.2 Grid Search CV -

```
In [0]:
```

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
classifier_1 = RandomForestClassifier()
```

In [0]:

In [0]:

```
gridsearch_1 = gridsearch_1.fit(X_train_1, y_train)
```

In [98]:

```
results = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(gridsearch_1.cv_results_)
results = results.sort_values(['param_n_estimators'])
results.head()
```

Out[98]:

	mean_fit_time	std_fit_time	mean_score_time	std_score_time	param_max_depth	param_n_estimators	params	split0_test_sc
0	0.339530	0.013261	0.212754	0.000222	2	10	{'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6008

	mean_fit_time	std_fit_time	mean_score_time	std_score_time	param_max_depth	param_n_estimators	{'max params	split0_test_sc
32	0.343403	0.003464	0.259001	0.006278	6	10	6, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.620′
16	0.299457	0.002333	0.251793	0.002223	4	10	{'max_depth': 4, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6098
40	0.400789	0.008480	0.222691	0.005816	8	10	{'max_depth': 8, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.642(
8	0.296549	0.011832	0.255416	0.004061	3	10	{'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.5738
4								Þ

In [99]:

```
best_n_estimators_1 = gridsearch_1.best_params_['n_estimators']
best_max_depth_1 = gridsearch_1.best_params_['max_depth']
print('Best Number of Estimators:', best_n_estimators_1)
print('Best Max depth in a tree:', best_max_depth_1)
```

Best Number of Estimators: 300 Best Max depth in a tree: 10

Note:

- We can see that the best number of estimators is 1000 and Regulariser is 10

2.3 AUC vs Hyperparameter

In [0]:

```
train_auc_1 = results['mean_train_score']
test_auc_1 = results['mean_test_score']
n_estimator_1 = results['param_n_estimators']
max_depth_1 = results['param_max_depth']
```

In [0]:

```
#To plot this into plotly it should be in list
n_estimator_1 = n_estimator_1.to_list()
max_depth_1 = max_depth_1.to_list()
train_auc_1 = train_auc_1.to_list()
test_auc_1 = test_auc_1.to_list()
```

In [102]:

```
# To enable plotly plot in Google Colab
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/47230817/plotly-notebook-mode-with-google-
colaboratory/47230966
def configure_plotly_browser_state():
    import IPython
    display(IPython.core.display.HTML('''
       <script src="/static/components/requirejs/require.js"></script>
        <script>
         requirejs.config({
           paths: {
             base: '/static/base',
             plotly: 'https://cdn.plot.ly/plotly-1.5.1.min.js?noext',
         });
        </script>
        '''))
def enable_plotly_in_cell():
   import IPvthon
```

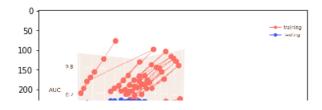
```
from plotly.offline import init notebook mode
    display(IPython.core.display.HTML('''<script src="/static/components/requirejs/require.js"></s
cript>'''))
    init notebook mode(connected=False)
#To enable plotly plot in this cell
enable_plotly_in_cell()
# https://plot.ly/python/3d-axes/
trace1 = go.Scatter3d(x=n_estimator_1, y=max_depth_1, z=train_auc_1, name='training')
trace2 = go.Scatter3d(x=n estimator 1, y=max depth 1, z=test auc 1, name='Testing')
data = [trace1, trace2]
layout = go.Layout(
                    scene=dict(
                                xaxis = dict(title='No of Estimators'),
                                yaxis = dict(title='Max Depth'),
                                zaxis = dict(title='AUC'),
                    )
fig = go.Figure(data=data, layout=layout)
iplot(fig, filename='3d-scatter-colorscale')
```

In [113]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cv2
img_1 = cv2.imread(r'C:\Users\prem.k\Desktop\My projects\Assign\RFGBDT pics\1.PNG')
plt.imshow(img_1)
```

Out[113]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1a50372ea90>



```
250 - 300 - 350 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 - 300 -
```

2.4 Modelling with best C and penalty to find best AUC

```
In [0]:
```

```
classifier_withParam_1 = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=best_n_estimators_1,
max_depth=best_max_depth_1)
classifier_withParam_1.fit(X_train_1, y_train)
```

Out[0]:

2.5 Cross Validation

In [0]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
cv_1 = cross_val_score(estimator=classifier_withParam_1, X=X_train_1, y=y_train, cv=2, scoring='roc_auc')
```

In [0]:

```
best_auc_1 = cv_1.mean()
print('Best AUC: %4f' %best_auc_1)
```

Best AUC: 0.678692

2.6 ROC curve on train and test data

In [0]:

```
def batch_predict(clf, data):
    y_data_pred = []
    tr_loop = data.shape[0] - data.shape[0]%1000
    for i in range(0,tr_loop, 1000):
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[i:i+1000])[:,1])
    if data.shape[0]%1000 != 0:
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[tr_loop:])[:,1])
    return y_data_pred
```

In [0]:

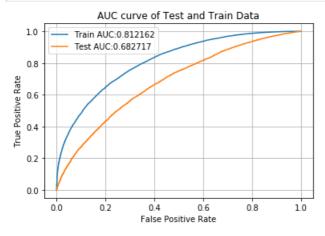
```
y_train_predproba_1 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_1, X_train_1)
y_test_predproba_1 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_1, X_test_1)
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
train_fpr_1, train_tpr_1, train_thresh_1 = roc_curve(y_train, y_train_predproba_1)
test_fpr_1, test_tpr_1, test_thresh_1 = roc_curve(y_test, y_test_predproba_1)
```

In [0]:

```
plt.plot(train_fpr_1, train_tpr_1, label='Train AUC:%4f'%auc(train_fpr_1, train_tpr_1))
plt.plot(test_fpr_1, test_tpr_1, label='Test AUC:%4f'%auc(test_fpr_1, test_tpr_1))

plt.title('AUC curve of Test and Train Data')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



2.7 Finding Confusion Matrix

In [0]:

```
def find_best_threshold( fpr, tpr, threshold):
    t = threshold[np.argmax(tpr*(1-fpr))]
    print('the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is :', max(tpr*(1-fpr)), 'for threshold', np.round(t,3))
    return t
```

In [0]:

```
best_t = find_best_threshold(train_fpr_1, train_tpr_1, train_thresh_1)
```

the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is : 0.5303004217846466 for threshold 0.844

In [0]:

```
def predict_with_threshold(proba, threshold):
    predictions = []
    for i in proba:
        if i>=threshold:
            predictions.append(1)
        else:
            predictions.append(0)

    return predictions
```

In [0]:

```
y_train_pred_1 = predict_with_threshold(y_train_predproba_1, best_t)
y_test_pred_1 = predict_with_threshold(y_test_predproba_1, best_t)
```

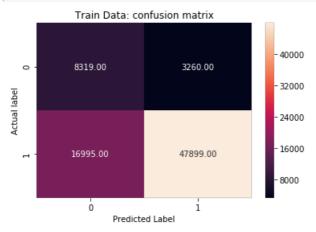
```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

cm_train_1 = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred_1)

cm_test_1 = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_test_pred_1)
```

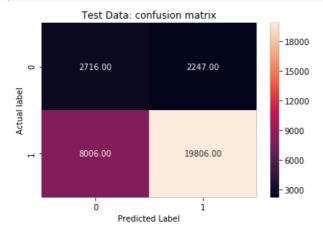
In [0]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_train_1, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Train Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



In [0]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_test_1, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Test Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



Set - 2

3.1 Merging all columns

print(X_train_2.shape)
print(X_test_2.shape)

(76473, 17185)
(32775, 17185)

3.2 GridSearch

In [0]:

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
classifier_2 = RandomForestClassifier()
```

In [0]:

In [0]:

```
gridsearch_2 = gridsearch_2.fit(X_train_2, y_train)
```

In [108]:

```
results_2 = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(gridsearch_2.cv_results_)
results_2 = results_2.sort_values(['param_n_estimators'])
results_2.head()
```

Out[108]:

	mean_fit_time	std_fit_time	mean_score_time	std_score_time	param_max_depth	param_n_estimators	params	split0_test_sc
0	0.375176	0.008768	0.195809	0.000245	2	10	{'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.5653
32	0.491254	0.023783	0.208451	0.002876	6	10	{'max_depth': 6, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6103
16	0.407842	0.000513	0.201795	0.001208	4	10	{'max_depth': 4, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6062
40	0.597254	0.002774	0.205626	0.000111	8	10	{'max_depth': 8, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6317
8	0.355334	0.005091	0.259690	0.002112	3	10	{'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6258
4								Þ

3.3 AUC vs HyperParameter

```
train_auc_2 = results_2['mean_train_score']
test_auc_2 = results_2['mean_test_score']
n_estimator_2 = results_2['param_n_estimators']
```

```
max_depth_2 =results_2['param_max_depth']
```

In [0]:

```
#To plot this into plotly it should be in list
n_estimator_2 = n_estimator_2.to_list()
max_depth_2 = max_depth_2.to_list()
train_auc_2 = train_auc_2.to_list()
test_auc_2 = test_auc_2.to_list()
```

In [111]:

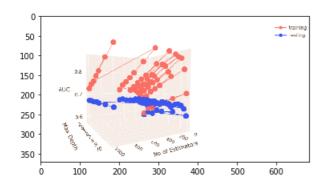
```
# To enable plotly plot in Google Colab
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/47230817/plotly-notebook-mode-with-google-
colaboratory/47230966
def configure plotly_browser_state():
   import IPython
    display(IPython.core.display.HTML('''
        <script src="/static/components/requirejs/require.js"></script>
        <script>
         requirejs.config({
           paths: {
             base: '/static/base',
             plotly: 'https://cdn.plot.ly/plotly-1.5.1.min.js?noext',
          });
        </script>
        '''))
def enable plotly in cell():
    import IPython
    from plotly.offline import init notebook mode
   display(IPython.core.display.HTML('''<script src="/static/components/requirejs/require.js"></s
cript>'''))
   init_notebook_mode(connected=False)
#To enable plotly plot in this cell
enable plotly in cell()
# https://plot.ly/python/3d-axes/
trace1 = go.Scatter3d(x=n estimator 2, y=max depth 2, z=train auc 2, name='training')
trace2 = go.Scatter3d(x=n_estimator_2, y=max_depth_2, z=test_auc_2, name='Testing')
data = [trace1, trace2]
layout = go.Layout(
                    scene=dict(
                                xaxis = dict(title='No of Estimators'),
                                yaxis = dict(title='Max Depth'),
                                zaxis = dict(title='AUC'),
                    )
fig = go.Figure(data=data, layout=layout)
iplot(fig, filename='3d-scatter-colorscale')
```

In [120]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cv2
img_2 = cv2.imread(r'C:\Users\prem.k\Desktop\My projects\Assign\RFGBDT pics\2.PNG')
plt.imshow(img_2)
```

Out[120]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1a503d1d3c8>



3.4 Modelling with best Parameters

In [0]:

```
best_n_estimators_2 = gridsearch_2.best_params_['n_estimators']
best_max_depth_2 = gridsearch_2.best_params_['max_depth']
print('Best Number of Estimators:', best_n_estimators_2)
print('Best Max depth in a tree:', best_max_depth_2)
```

Best Number of Estimators: 500 Best Max depth in a tree: 10

In [0]:

```
classifier_withParam_2 = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=best_n_estimators_2,
max_depth=best_max_depth_2)
classifier_withParam_2.fit(X_train_2, y_train)
```

Out[0]:

```
RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, ccp_alpha=0.0, class_weight=None, criterion='gini', max_depth=10, max_features='auto', max_leaf_nodes=None, max_samples=None, min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None, min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2, min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, n_estimators=500, n_jobs=None, oob_score=False, random_state=None, verbose=0, warm_start=False)
```

3.5 Cross validation

```
In [0]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
cv_2 = cross_val_score(estimator=classifier_withParam_2, X=X_train_2, y=y_train, cv=2, scoring='roc
auc')
```

In [0]:

```
best_auc_2 = cv_2.mean()
print('Best AUC: %4f' %best_auc_2)
```

Best AUC: 0.683514

3.6 ROC curve on train and test data

In [0]:

```
def batch_predict(clf, data):
    y_data_pred = []
    tr_loop = data.shape[0] - data.shape[0]%1000
    for i in range(0,tr_loop, 1000):
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[i:i+1000])[:,1])
    if data.shape[0]%1000 != 0:
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[tr_loop:])[:,1])
    return y_data_pred
```

In [0]:

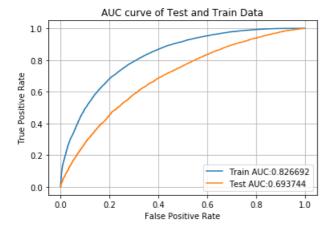
```
y_train_predproba_2 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_2, X_train_2)
y_test_predproba_2 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_2, X_test_2)
```

In [0]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
train_fpr_2, train_tpr_2, train_thresh_2 = roc_curve(y_train, y_train_predproba_2)
test_fpr_2, test_tpr_2, test_thresh_2 = roc_curve(y_test, y_test_predproba_2)
```

```
plt.plot(train_fpr_2, train_tpr_2, label='Train AUC:%4f'%auc(train_fpr_2, train_tpr_2))
plt.plot(test_fpr_2, test_tpr_2, label='Test AUC:%4f'%auc(test_fpr_2, test_tpr_2))

plt.title('AUC curve of Test and Train Data')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



3.7 Confusion Matrix

```
In [0]:
```

```
def find_best_threshold( fpr, tpr, threshold):
    t = threshold[np.argmax(tpr*(1-fpr))]
    print('the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is :', max(tpr*(1-fpr)), 'for threshold', np.round(t,3))
    return t
```

In [0]:

```
best_t = find_best_threshold(train_fpr_2, train_tpr_2, train_thresh_2)
```

the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is : 0.5580240411347649 for threshold 0.844

In [0]:

```
def predict_with_threshold(proba, threshold):
    predictions = []
    for i in proba:
        if i>=threshold:
            predictions.append(1)
        else:
            predictions.append(0)

    return predictions
```

In [0]:

```
y_train_pred_2 = predict_with_threshold(y_train_predproba_2, best_t)
y_test_pred_2 = predict_with_threshold(y_test_predproba_2, best_t)
```

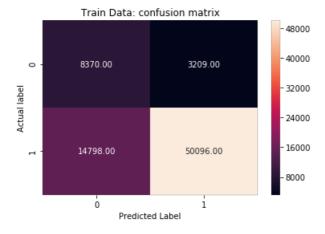
In [0]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

cm_train_2 = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred_2)
cm_test_2 = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_test_pred_2)
```

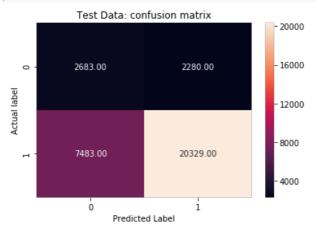
In [0]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_train_2, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Train Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



```
sns.heatmap(cm_test_2, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
slt_title(!Test_Pate: confusion_matrix!)
```

```
pit.title('lest Data: Confusion Matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



4. Set-3

4.1 Merging all the features

In [0]:

```
print(X_train_Sstate_responseCoding.shape)
print(X_train_cat_responseCoding.shape)
print(X train subcat responseCoding.shape)
print(X_train_grade_responseCoding.shape)
print(X_train_prefix_responseCoding.shape)
print(X train previous.shape)
print(X_train_price.shape)
print(len(X train essay avg w2v))
print(len(X train essay avg w2v[1]))
print(len(X_train_title_avg_w2v))
print(len(X train title avg w2v[1]))
(76473, 2)
(76473, 2)
(76473, 2)
(76473, 2)
(76473, 2)
(76473, 1)
(76473, 1)
76473
300
76473
300
```

In [0]:

In [113]:

```
print(X_train_3.shape)
print(X_test_3.shape)
```

```
(76473, 612)
(32775, 612)
```

4.2 GridSearch

```
In [0]:
```

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
classifier_3 = RandomForestClassifier()
```

In [0]:

In [0]:

```
gridsearch_3 = gridsearch_3.fit(X_train_3, y_train)
```

In [117]:

```
results_3 = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(gridsearch_3.cv_results_)
results_3 = results_3.sort_values(['param_n_estimators'])
results_3.head()
```

Out[117]:

	mean_fit_time	std_fit_time	mean_score_time	std_score_time	param_max_depth	param_n_estimators	params	split0_test_sc
0	2.561029	0.015046	0.120870	0.000943	2	10	{'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6279
32	6.375637	0.006324	0.152876	0.001424	6	10	{'max_depth': 6, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.644
16	4.655614	0.032885	0.136830	0.001086	4	10	{'max_depth': 4, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6572
40	8.304157	0.017712	0.173687	0.001947	8	10	{'max_depth': 8, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6452
8	3.498260	0.002466	0.126324	0.001222	3	10	{'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6303
4								<u> </u>

4.3 AUC vs HyperParameter

```
train_auc_3 = results_3['mean_train_score']
test_auc_3 = results_3['mean_test_score']
n_estimator_3 = results_3['param_n_estimators']
max_depth_3 = results_3['param_max_depth']
```

```
#To plot this into plotly it should be in list
n_estimator_3 = n_estimator_3.to_list()
max_depth_3 = max_depth_3.to_list()
train_auc_3 = train_auc_3.to_list()
test_auc_3 = test_auc_3.to_list()
```

In [120]:

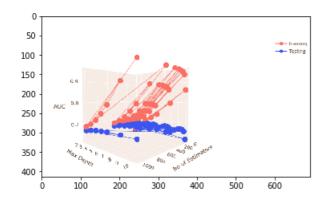
```
# To enable plotly plot in Google Colab
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/47230817/plotly-notebook-mode-with-google-
colaboratory/47230966
def configure plotly browser state():
    import IPython
    display(IPython.core.display.HTML('''
        <script src="/static/components/requirejs/require.js"></script>
        <script>
          requirejs.config({
           paths: {
             base: '/static/base',
             plotly: 'https://cdn.plot.ly/plotly-1.5.1.min.js?noext',
          });
        </script>
        '''))
def enable_plotly_in_cell():
    import IPython
    from plotly.offline import init notebook mode
    display(IPython.core.display.HTML('''<script src="/static/components/requirejs/require.js"></s
cript>'''))
   init notebook mode(connected=False)
#To enable plotly plot in this cell
enable_plotly_in_cell()
# https://plot.ly/python/3d-axes/
trace1 = go.Scatter3d(x=n_estimator_3, y=max_depth_3, z=train_auc_3, name='training')
trace2 = go.Scatter3d(x=n_estimator_3, y=max_depth_3, z=test_auc_3, name='Testing')
data = [trace1, trace2]
layout = go.Layout(
                    scene=dict(
                                xaxis = dict(title='No of Estimators'),
                                yaxis = dict(title='Max Depth'),
                                zaxis = dict(title='AUC'),
fig = go.Figure(data=data, layout=layout)
iplot(fig, filename='3d-scatter-colorscale')
```

In [119]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cv2
img_3 = cv2.imread(r'C:\Users\prem.k\Desktop\My projects\Assign\RFGBDT pics\3.PNG')
plt.imshow(img_3)
```

Out[119]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1a5010a9588>



4.4 Modelling with Parameters

In [0]:

```
best_n_estimators_3 = gridsearch_3.best_params_['n_estimators']
best_max_depth_3 = gridsearch_3.best_params_['max_depth']
print('Best Number of Estimators:', best_n_estimators_3)
print('Best Max depth in a tree:', best_max_depth_3)
```

Best Number of Estimators: 1000 Best Max depth in a tree: 8

In [0]:

```
classifier_withParam_3 = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=best_n_estimators_3,
max_depth=best_max_depth_3)
classifier_withParam_3.fit(X_train_3, y_train)
```

Out[0]:

4.5 Cross Validation

```
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
cv_3 = cross_val_score(estimator=classifier_withParam_3, X=X_train_3, y=y_train, cv=2, scoring='roc_auc')
```

```
In [0]:
```

```
best_auc_3 = cv_3.mean()
print('Best AUC: %4f' %best_auc_3)
```

Best AUC: 0.686137

4.6 ROC curve on Train and Test data

```
In [0]:
```

```
def batch_predict(clf, data):
    y_data_pred = []
    tr_loop = data.shape[0] - data.shape[0]%1000
    for i in range(0,tr_loop, 1000):
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[i:i+1000])[:,1])
    if data.shape[0]%1000 != 0:
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[tr_loop:])[:,1])
    return y_data_pred
```

In [0]:

```
y_train_predproba_3 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_3, X_train_3)
y_test_predproba_3 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_3, X_test_3)
```

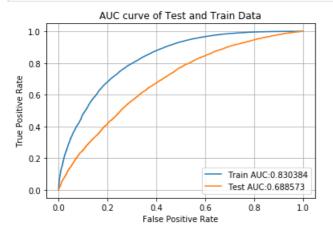
In [0]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
train_fpr_3, train_tpr_3, train_thresh_3 = roc_curve(y_train, y_train_predproba_3)
test_fpr_3, test_tpr_3, test_thresh_3 = roc_curve(y_test, y_test_predproba_3)
```

In [0]:

```
plt.plot(train_fpr_3, train_tpr_3, label='Train AUC:%4f'%auc(train_fpr_3, train_tpr_3))
plt.plot(test_fpr_3, test_tpr_3, label='Test AUC:%4f'%auc(test_fpr_3, test_tpr_3))

plt.title('AUC curve of Test and Train Data')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



4.7 Confusion Matrix

```
In [0]:
```

```
def find_best_threshold( fpr, tpr, threshold):
    t = threshold[np.argmax(tpr*(1-fpr))]
    print('the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is :', max(tpr*(1-fpr)), 'for threshold', np.round(t,3))
    return t
```

In [0]:

```
best_t = find_best_threshold(train_fpr_3, train_tpr_3, train_thresh_3)
```

the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is : 0.56202614983841 for threshold 0.836

In [0]:

```
def predict_with_threshold(proba, threshold):
    predictions = []
    for i in proba:
        if i>=threshold:
            predictions.append(1)
        else:
            predictions.append(0)

    return predictions
```

In [0]:

```
y_train_pred_3 = predict_with_threshold(y_train_predproba_3, best_t)
y_test_pred_3 = predict_with_threshold(y_test_predproba_3, best_t)
```

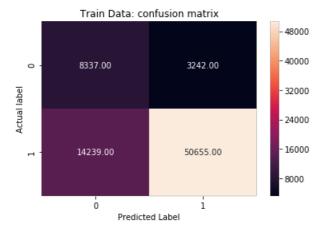
In [0]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

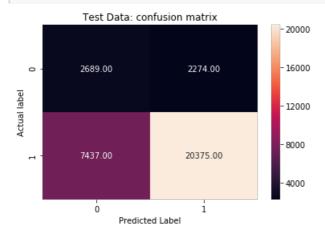
cm_train_3 = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred_3)
cm_test_3 = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_test_pred_3)
```

In [0]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_train_3, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Train Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



```
sns.heatmap(cm_test_3, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Test Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



5. Set - 4

5.1 Merging all the features

In [0]:

In [122]:

```
print(X_train_4.shape)
print(X_test_4.shape)

(76473, 612)
(32775, 612)
```

5.2 GridSearch

In [0]:

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
classifier_4 = RandomForestClassifier()
```

In [0]:

In [0]:

```
gridsearch_4 = gridsearch_4.fit(X_train_4, y_train)
```

```
In [127]:
```

```
results_4 = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(gridsearch_4.cv_results_)
results_4 = results_4.sort_values(['param_n_estimators'])
results_4.head()
```

Out[127]:

	mean_fit_time	std_fit_time	mean_score_time	std_score_time	param_max_depth	param_n_estimators	params	split0_test_sc
0	2.622657	0.003415	0.124250	0.001381	2	10	{'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6320
32	6.410497	0.017726	0.153608	0.001991	6	10	{'max_depth': 6, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6526
16	4.588486	0.013861	0.166723	0.030836	4	10	{'max_depth': 4, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6516
40	8.138636	0.076318	0.177458	0.010768	8	10	{'max_depth': 8, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6499
8	3.564604	0.014185	0.130388	0.002953	3	10	{'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.654
4								Þ

5.3 AUC vs HyperParameter

In [0]:

```
train_auc_4 = results_4['mean_train_score']
test_auc_4 = results_4['mean_test_score']
n_estimator_4 = results_4['param_n_estimators']
max_depth_4 = results_4['param_max_depth']
```

In [0]:

```
#To plot this into plotly it should be in list
n_estimator_4 = n_estimator_4.to_list()
max_depth_4 = max_depth_4.to_list()
train_auc_4 = train_auc_4.to_list()
test_auc_4 = test_auc_4.to_list()
```

In [131]:

```
# To enable plotly plot in Google Colab
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/47230817/plotly-notebook-mode-with-google-
colaboratory/47230966
def configure_plotly_browser_state():
   import IPython
    display(IPython.core.display.HTML('''
        <script src="/static/components/requirejs/require.js"></script>
        <script>
          requirejs.config({
           paths: {
             base: '/static/base',
             plotly: 'https://cdn.plot.ly/plotly-1.5.1.min.js?noext',
           },
         });
        </script>
        '''))
def enable_plotly_in_cell():
    import IPython
    from plotly.offline import init notebook mode
    dienlay (TPuthon core dienlay HTMT. (!!!<errint erc="/etatic/components/requirejs/require is"></e
```

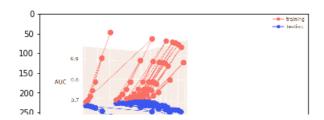
```
cript>'''))
   init notebook mode(connected=False)
#To enable plotly plot in this cell
enable_plotly_in_cell()
# https://plot.ly/python/3d-axes/
trace1 = go.Scatter3d(x=n_estimator_4, y=max_depth_4, z=train_auc_4, name='training')
trace2 = go.Scatter3d(x=n_estimator_4, y=max_depth_4, z=test_auc_4, name='Testing')
data = [trace1, trace2]
layout = go.Layout(
                 scene=dict(
                           xaxis = dict(title='No of Estimators'),
                            yaxis = dict(title='Max Depth'),
                            zaxis = dict(title='AUC'),
                 )
fig = go.Figure(data=data, layout=layout)
iplot(fig, filename='3d-scatter-colorscale')
```

In [117]:

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
img_4 = cv2.imread(r'C:\Users\prem.k\Desktop\My projects\Assign\RFGBDT pics/4.PNG')
plt.imshow(img_4)
```

Out[117]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1a5010fe128>



```
300
350
                                          400
```

5.4 Modelling with Parameters

```
In [132]:
best n estimators 4 = gridsearch 4.best params ['n estimators']
best max depth 4 = gridsearch 4.best params ['max depth']
print('Best Number of Estimators:', best_n_estimators_4)
print('Best Max depth in a tree:', best_max_depth_4)
Best Number of Estimators: 1000
Best Max depth in a tree: 8
In [133]:
\verb|classifier_withParam_4| = \verb|RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=best_n_estimators_4|, \\
max depth=best max depth 4)
classifier_withParam_4.fit(X_train_4, y_train)
Out[133]:
RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, ccp_alpha=0.0, class_weight=None,
                        criterion='gini', max depth=8, max features='auto',
                       max_leaf_nodes=None, max_samples=None,
                       min impurity decrease=0.0, min impurity split=None,
                       min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,
                       min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, n_estimators=1000,
                       n jobs=None, oob score=False, random state=None,
                       verbose=0, warm start=False)
```

5.5 Cross Validation

```
In [0]:
```

```
from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
cv 4 = cross val score(estimator=classifier withParam 4, X=X train 4, y=y train, cv=2, scoring='roc
_auc')
```

In [135]:

```
best auc_4 = cv_4.mean()
print('Best AUC: %4f' %best auc 4)
```

Best AUC: 0.686826

5.6 ROC curve on Train and Test data

```
In [0]:
```

```
def batch predict(clf, data):
   y_data_pred = []
    tr_loop = data.shape[0] - data.shape[0]%1000
    for i in range(0,tr_loop, 1000):
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[i:i+1000])[:,1])
    if data.shape[0]%1000 != 0:
        y data pred.extend(clf.predict proba(data[tr loop:])[:,1])
    return y_data_pred
```

```
y_train_predproba_4 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_4, X_train_4)
y_test_predproba_4 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_4, X_test_4)
```

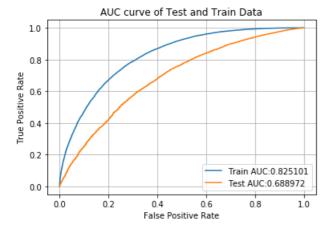
In [0]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
train_fpr_4, train_tpr_4, train_thresh_4 = roc_curve(y_train, y_train_predproba_4)
test_fpr_4, test_tpr_4, test_thresh_4 = roc_curve(y_test, y_test_predproba_4)
```

In [139]:

```
plt.plot(train_fpr_4, train_tpr_4, label='Train AUC:%4f'%auc(train_fpr_4, train_tpr_4))
plt.plot(test_fpr_4, test_tpr_4, label='Test AUC:%4f'%auc(test_fpr_4, test_tpr_4))

plt.title('AUC curve of Test and Train Data')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



5.7 Confusion Matrix

```
In [0]:
```

```
def find_best_threshold( fpr, tpr, threshold):
    t = threshold[np.argmax(tpr*(1-fpr))]
    print('the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is :', max(tpr*(1-fpr)), 'for threshold', np.round(t,3))
    return t
```

In [141]:

```
best_t = find_best_threshold(train_fpr_4, train_tpr_4, train_thresh_4)
```

the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is : 0.5558069236310891 for threshold 0.832

In [0]:

```
def predict_with_threshold(proba, threshold):
    predictions = []
    for i in proba:
        if i>=threshold:
            predictions.append(1)
        else:
            predictions.append(0)

    return predictions
```

```
In [0]:
```

```
y_train_pred_4 = predict_witn_threshold(y_train_predproba_4, best_t)
y_test_pred_4 = predict_with_threshold(y_test_predproba_4, best_t)
```

In [0]:

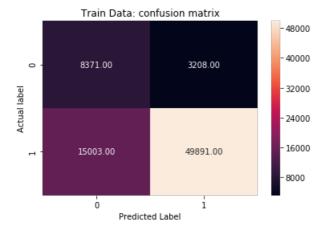
```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

cm_train_4 = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred_4)

cm_test_4 = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_test_pred_4)
```

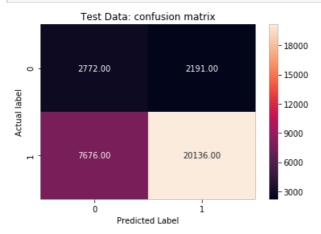
In [145]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_train_4, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Train Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



In [146]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_test_4, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Test Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



Model -2: GRADIENT BOOSTING

6. Set -5

6.1 Merging all together

т... гол

```
ın [U]:
```

In [83]:

```
print(X_train_5.shape)
print(X_test_5.shape)

(76473, 17185)
(32775, 17185)
```

Note:

• Since GBDT is computationally expensive i will take 30k points for training.

In [0]:

```
X_train_5 = X_train_5[0:30000, :]
y_train = y_train[0:30000, :]
```

In [92]:

```
print(X_train_5.shape)
print(y_train.shape)

(30000, 17185)
(30000, 1)
```

6.2 GridSearch

In [0]:

```
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
classifier_5 = GradientBoostingClassifier()
```

In [0]:

In [0]:

```
gridsearch_5 = gridsearch_5.fit(X_train_5, y_train)
```

In [94]:

```
results_5 = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(gridsearch_5.cv_results_)
```

```
results_5 = results_5.sort_values(['param_n_estimators'])
results_5.head()
```

Out[94]:

	mean_fit_time	std_fit_time	mean_score_time	std_score_time	param_max_depth	param_n_estimators	params	split0_test_sc
0	2.352499	0.017494	0.030329	0.000612	2	10	{'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6465
32	8.920089	0.248130	0.036363	0.003004	6	10	{'max_depth': 6, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6607
16	4.916665	0.137015	0.032439	0.000215	4	10	{'max_depth': 4, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6602
40	14.392339	0.453486	0.037717	0.001456	8	10	{'max_depth': 8, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6567
8	3.427374	0.028215	0.030277	0.000902	3	10	{'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6546
4								Þ

6.3 AUC vs HyperParameter

In [0]:

```
train_auc_5 = results_5['mean_train_score']
test_auc_5 = results_5['mean_test_score']
n_estimator_5 = results_5['param_n_estimators']
max_depth_5 = results_5['param_max_depth']
```

In [0]:

```
#To plot this into plotly it should be in list
n_estimator_5 = n_estimator_5.to_list()
max_depth_5 = max_depth_5.to_list()
train_auc_5 = train_auc_5.to_list()
test_auc_5 = test_auc_5.to_list()
```

In [97]:

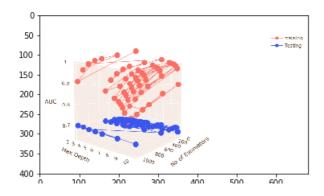
```
# To enable plotly plot in Google Colab
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/47230817/plotly-notebook-mode-with-google-
colaboratory/47230966
def configure plotly browser state():
   import IPython
    display(IPython.core.display.HTML('''
        <script src="/static/components/requirejs/require.js"></script>
       <script>
         requirejs.config({
           paths: {
             base: '/static/base',
             plotly: 'https://cdn.plot.ly/plotly-1.5.1.min.js?noext',
         });
        </script>
        '''))
def enable plotly in cell():
    import IPython
    from plotly.offline import init notebook mode
    display(IPython.core.display.HTML('''<script src="/static/components/requirejs/require.js"></s
cript>'''))
    init notebook mode(connected=False)
```

In [116]:

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
img_5 = cv2.imread(r'C:\Users\prem.k\Desktop\My projects\Assign\RFGBDT pics/5.PNG')
plt.imshow(img_5)
```

Out[116]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1a5011299e8>



6.4 Modelling with Parameters

```
In [98]:
best n estimators 5 = gridsearch 5.best params ['n estimators']
best_max_depth_5 = gridsearch_5.best_params_['max_depth']
print('Best Number of Estimators:', best_n_estimators_5)
print('Best Max depth in a tree:', best max depth 5)
Best Number of Estimators: 1000
Best Max depth in a tree: 2
In [100]:
classifier_withParam_5 = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=best_n_estimators_5, max_depth=be
st max depth 5)
classifier_withParam_5.fit(X_train_5, y_train)
Out[100]:
GradientBoostingClassifier(ccp alpha=0.0, criterion='friedman mse', init=None,
                           learning rate=0.1, loss='deviance', max depth=2,
                           max features=None, max leaf nodes=None,
                           min impurity decrease=0.0, min impurity split=None,
                           min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,
                           min weight fraction leaf=0.0, n estimators=1000,
                           n_iter_no_change=None, presort='deprecated',
                           random_state=None, subsample=1.0, tol=0.0001,
                           validation fraction=0.1, verbose=0,
                           warm start=False)
6.5 Cross Validation
In [0]:
from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
cv_5 = cross_val_score(estimator=classifier_withParam_5, X=X_train_5, y=y_train, cv=2, scoring='roc
_auc')
In [102]:
best_auc_5 = cv_5.mean()
print('Best AUC: %4f' %best auc 5)
```

6.6 ROC curve on Train and Test data

```
In [0]:
```

Best AUC: 0.693973

```
def batch predict(clf, data):
   y_data_pred = []
   tr_loop = data.shape[0] - data.shape[0]%1000
   for i in range(0,tr loop, 1000):
       y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[i:i+1000])[:,1])
   if data.shape[0]%1000 != 0:
       y data pred.extend(clf.predict proba(data[tr loop:])[:,1])
   return y_data_pred
```

```
In [0]:
```

```
y_train_predproba_5 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_5, X_train_5)
v test predproba 5 = batch predict(classifier withParam 5, X test 5)
```

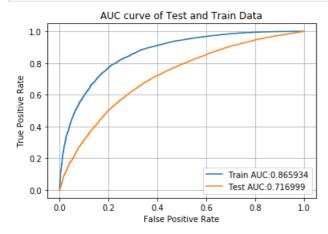
In [0]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
train_fpr_5, train_tpr_5, train_thresh_5 = roc_curve(y_train, y_train_predproba_5)
test_fpr_5, test_tpr_5, test_thresh_5 = roc_curve(y_test, y_test_predproba_5)
```

In [106]:

```
plt.plot(train_fpr_5, train_tpr_5, label='Train AUC:%4f'%auc(train_fpr_5, train_tpr_5))
plt.plot(test_fpr_5, test_tpr_5, label='Test AUC:%4f'%auc(test_fpr_5, test_tpr_5))

plt.title('AUC curve of Test and Train Data')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



6.7 Confusion Matrix

In [0]:

```
def find_best_threshold( fpr, tpr, threshold):
    t = threshold[np.argmax(tpr*(1-fpr))]
    print('the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is :', max(tpr*(1-fpr)), 'for threshold', np.round(t,3))
    return t
```

In [108]:

```
best_t = find_best_threshold(train_fpr_5, train_tpr_5, train_thresh_5)
```

the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is : 0.6203424463828772 for threshold 0.82

In [0]:

```
def predict_with_threshold(proba, threshold):
    predictions = []
    for i in proba:
        if i>=threshold:
            predictions.append(1)
        else:
            predictions.append(0)

    return predictions
```

In [0]:

```
y_train_pred_5 = predict_with_threshold(y_train_predproba_5, best_t)
y_test_pred_5 = predict_with_threshold(y_test_predproba_5, best_t)
```

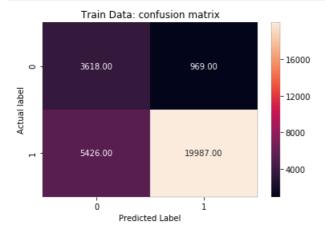
In [0]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

cm_train_5 = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred_5)
cm_test_5 = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_test_pred_5)
```

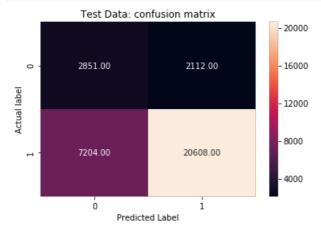
In [112]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_train_5, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Train Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



In [113]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_test_5, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Test Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



7. Set -6

7.1 Merging all the features

In [78]:

```
X_train_title_tfidf, X_train_previous, X_train_price)).tocsr()

X_test_6 = hstack((X_test_Sstate_responseCoding, X_test_cat_responseCoding,

X_test_subcat_responseCoding,

X_test_grade_responseCoding, X_test_prefix_responseCoding, X_test_essay_tfidf,

X_test_title_tfidf, X_test_previous, X_test_price)).tocsr()
```

In [79]:

```
print(X_train_6.shape)
print(X_test_6.shape)

(76473, 17185)
(32775, 17185)
```

In [80]:

```
X_train_6 = X_train_6[0:30000, :]
y_train = y_train[0:30000, :]
print(X_train_6.shape)
print(y_train.shape)
```

(30000, 17185) (30000, 1)

7.2 Grid Search

In [81]:

```
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
classifier_6 = GradientBoostingClassifier()
```

In [93]:

In [94]:

```
gridsearch_6 = gridsearch_6.fit(X_train_6, y_train)
```

In [95]:

```
results_6 = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(gridsearch_6.cv_results_)
results_6 = results_6.sort_values(['param_n_estimators'])
results_6.head()
```

Out[95]:

	mean_fit_time	std_fit_time	mean_score_time	std_score_time	param_max_depth	param_n_estimators	params	split0_test_sc
0	5.045022	0.248844	0.036900	3.989458e-03	2	10	{'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6482
32	14.668584	0.453811	0.034909	8.344650e-07	6	10	{'max_depth': 6, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.664€
10	0.444400	0.070044	0.000040	0.570070 - 07		10	{'max_depth': 4,	0.007/

16	mean_fit_time	std_fit_time	mean_score_time	3.5/62/9e-0/ std_score_time	param_max_depth	param_n_estimators	'n_esti patans '	split0_test_sc
40	21.096567	0.665221	0.039893	1.994610e-03	8	10	{'max_depth': 8, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6628
8	6.748965	0.004986	0.031914	8.344650e-07	3	10	{'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6619
4								Þ

7.3 AUC vs HyperParameters

In [96]:

```
train_auc_6 = results_6['mean_train_score']
test_auc_6 = results_6['mean_test_score']
n_estimator_6 = results_6['param_n_estimators']
max_depth_6 = results_6['param_max_depth']
```

In [97]:

```
#To plot this into plotly it should be in list
n_estimator_6 = n_estimator_6.to_list()
max_depth_6 = max_depth_6.to_list()
train_auc_6 = train_auc_6.to_list()
test_auc_6 = test_auc_6.to_list()
```

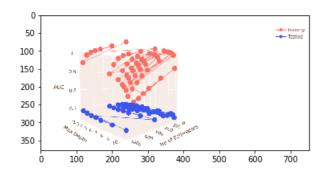
In [98]:

```
In [115]:
```

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
img_6 = cv2.imread(r'C:\Users\prem.k\Desktop\My projects\Assign\RFGBDT pics/6.PNG')
plt.imshow(img_6)
```

Out[115]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1a501159278>



7.4 Modelling with Parameters

In [99]:

```
best_n_estimators_6 = gridsearch_6.best_params_['n_estimators']
best_max_depth_6 = gridsearch_6.best_params_['max_depth']
print('Best Number of Estimators:', best_n_estimators_6)
print('Best Max depth in a tree:', best_max_depth_6)
```

Best Number of Estimators: 300 Best Max depth in a tree: 2

In [102]:

```
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
classifier_withParam_6 = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=best_n_estimators_6, max_depth=be
st_max_depth_6)
classifier_withParam_6.fit(X_train_6, y_train)
```

Out[102]:

7.5 Cross Validation

In [103]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
cv_6 = cross_val_score(estimator=classifier_withParam_6, X=X_train_6, y=y_train, cv=2, scoring='roc_auc')
```

In [104]:

```
best_auc_6 = cv_6.mean()
print('Best AUC: %4f' %best_auc_6)
```

Best AUC: 0.687575

7.6 ROC curve on Train and Test data

In [105]:

```
def batch_predict(clf, data):
    y_data_pred = []
    tr_loop = data.shape[0] - data.shape[0]%1000
    for i in range(0,tr_loop, 1000):
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[i:i+1000])[:,1])
    if data.shape[0]%1000 != 0:
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[tr_loop:])[:,1])
    return y_data_pred
```

In [106]:

```
y_train_predproba_6 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_6, X_train_6)
y_test_predproba_6 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_6, X_test_6)
```

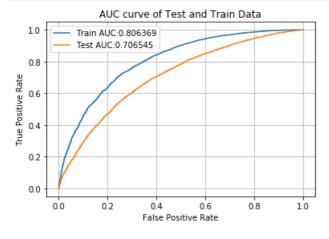
In [107]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
train_fpr_6, train_tpr_6, train_thresh_6 = roc_curve(y_train, y_train_predproba_6)
test_fpr_6, test_tpr_6, test_thresh_6 = roc_curve(y_test, y_test_predproba_6)
```

In [108]:

```
plt.plot(train_fpr_6, train_tpr_6, label='Train AUC:%4f'%auc(train_fpr_6, train_tpr_6))
plt.plot(test_fpr_6, test_tpr_6, label='Test AUC:%4f'%auc(test_fpr_6, test_tpr_6))

plt.title('AUC curve of Test and Train Data')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



7.7 Confusion Matrix

In [109]:

```
print('tne maximum tpr^(1-ipr) is :', max(tpr^(1-ipr)), 'for threshold', np.round(t,3))
return t
```

In [110]:

```
best_t = find_best_threshold(train_fpr_6, train_tpr_6, train_thresh_6)
```

the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is : 0.5367026454817301 for threshold 0.835

In [111]:

```
def predict_with_threshold(proba, threshold):
    predictions = []
    for i in proba:
        if i>=threshold:
            predictions.append(1)
        else:
            predictions.append(0)

    return predictions
```

In [112]:

```
y_train_pred_6 = predict_with_threshold(y_train_predproba_6, best_t)
y_test_pred_6 = predict_with_threshold(y_test_predproba_6, best_t)
```

In [114]:

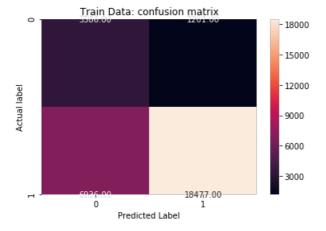
```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

cm_train_6 = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred_6)

cm_test_6 = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_test_pred_6)
```

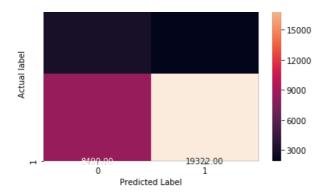
In [115]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_train_6, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Train Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



In [116]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_test_6, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Test Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



8. Set -7

8.1 Merging all features

```
In [78]:
```

In [79]:

```
print(X_train_7.shape)
print(X_test_7.shape)

(76473, 612)
(32775, 612)
```

In [80]:

```
from scipy import sparse
X_train_7 = sparse.csr_matrix(X_train_7)
X_test_7 = sparse.csr_matrix(X_test_7)
```

In [81]:

```
X_train_7 = X_train_7[0:20000, :]
y_train = y_train[0:20000, :]
print(X_train_7.shape)
print(y_train.shape)

(20000, 612)
(20000, 1)
```

8.2 Grid Search

In [82]:

```
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
classifier_7 = GradientBoostingClassifier()
```

In [83]:

In [84]:

```
gridsearch_7 = gridsearch_7.fit(X_train_7, y_train)
```

In [85]:

```
results_7 = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(gridsearch_7.cv_results_)
results_7 = results_7.sort_values(['param_n_estimators'])
results_7.head()
```

Out[85]:

	mean_fit_time	std_fit_time	mean_score_time	std_score_time	param_max_depth	param_n_estimators	params	split0_test_sc
0	15.790856	0.227502	0.070262	0.000062	2	10	{'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6562
32	49.916450	0.328053	0.072494	0.002306	6	10	{'max_depth': 6, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6597
16	31.528388	0.064943	0.075218	0.005008	4	10	{'max_depth': 4, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6673
40	73.440738	1.357955	0.076250	0.003981	8	10	{'max_depth': 8, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6488
8	23.181195	0.050044	0.070249	0.000043	3	10	{'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6670
4								Þ

8.3 AUC vs HyperParameters

In [86]:

```
train_auc_7 = results_7['mean_train_score']
test_auc_7 = results_7['mean_test_score']
n_estimator_7 = results_7['param_n_estimators']
max_depth_7 = results_7['param_max_depth']
```

In [87]:

```
#To plot this into plotly it should be in list
n_estimator_7 = n_estimator_7.to_list()
max_depth_7 = max_depth_7.to_list()
train_auc_7 = train_auc_7.to_list()
test_auc_7 = test_auc_7.to_list()
```

In [89]:

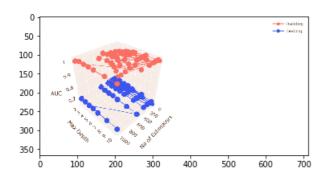
```
# https://plot.ly/python/3d-axes/
trace1 = go.Scatter3d(x=n_estimator_7, y=max_depth_7, z=train_auc_7, name='training')
trace2 = go.Scatter3d(x=n_estimator_7, y=max_depth_7, z=test_auc_7, name='Testing')
data = [trace1, trace2]
layout = go.Layout(
```

In [114]:

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
img_7 = cv2.imread(r'C:\Users\prem.k\Desktop\My projects\Assign\RFGBDT pics/7.PNG')
plt.imshow(img_7)
```

Out[114]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1a501185908>



8.4 Modelling with Parameters

In [90]:

```
best_n_estimators_7 = gridsearch_7.best_params_['n_estimators']
best_max_depth_7 = gridsearch_7.best_params_['max_depth']
print('Best Number of Estimators:', best_n_estimators_7)
print('Best Max depth in a tree:', best_max_depth_7)
```

```
Best Number of Estimators: 150
Best Max depth in a tree: 2
In [91]:
classifier with Param 7 = Gradient Boosting Classifier (n estimators = best n estimators 7, max depth = best n estimators 7.
st max depth 7)
classifier_withParam_7.fit(X_train_7, y_train)
Out[91]:
GradientBoostingClassifier(criterion='friedman mse', init=None,
                            learning_rate=0.1, loss='deviance', max_depth=2,
                            max_features=None, max_leaf_nodes=None,
                            min impurity decrease=0.0, min impurity split=None,
                            min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,
                            min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, n_estimators=150,
                            n iter no change=None, presort='auto',
                            random state=None, subsample=1.0, tol=0.0001,
                            validation fraction=0.1, verbose=0,
                            warm start=False)
```

8.5 Cross Validation

```
In [92]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
cv_7 = cross_val_score(estimator=classifier_withParam_7, X=X_train_7, y=y_train, cv=2, scoring='roc_auc')
```

In [93]:

```
best_auc_7 = cv_7.mean()
print('Best AUC: %4f' %best_auc_7)
```

Best AUC: 0.693946

8.6 ROC curve on Train and Test data

In [94]:

```
def batch_predict(clf, data):
    y_data_pred = []
    tr_loop = data.shape[0] - data.shape[0]%1000
    for i in range(0,tr_loop, 1000):
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[i:i+1000])[:,1])
    if data.shape[0]%1000 != 0:
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[tr_loop:])[:,1])
    return y_data_pred
```

In [95]:

```
y_train_predproba_7 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_7, X_train_7)
y_test_predproba_7 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_7, X_test_7)
```

In [96]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
train_fpr_7, train_tpr_7, train_thresh_7 = roc_curve(y_train, y_train_predproba_7)
test_fpr_7, test_tpr_7, test_thresh_7 = roc_curve(y_test, y_test_predproba_7)
```

```
In [97]:
```

```
plt.plot(train_fpr_7, train_tpr_7, label='Train AUC:%4f'%auc(train_fpr_7, train_tpr_7))
```

```
plt.plot(test_tpr_/, test_tpr_/, label='Test AUC:*41'*auc(test_tpr_/, test_tpr_/))

plt.title('AUC curve of Test and Train Data')

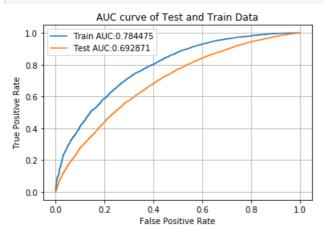
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')

plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')

plt.legend()

plt.grid()

plt.show()
```



7.7 Confusion Matrix

```
In [98]:
```

```
def find_best_threshold( fpr, tpr, threshold):
    t = threshold[np.argmax(tpr*(1-fpr))]
    print('the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is :', max(tpr*(1-fpr)), 'for threshold', np.round(t,3))
    return t
```

In [99]:

```
best_t = find_best_threshold(train_fpr_7, train_tpr_7, train_thresh_7)
```

the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is : 0.5042110647849568 for threshold 0.836

In [100]:

```
def predict_with_threshold(proba, threshold):
    predictions = []
    for i in proba:
        if i>=threshold:
            predictions.append(1)
        else:
            predictions.append(0)

    return predictions
```

In [101]:

```
y_train_pred_7 = predict_with_threshold(y_train_predproba_7, best_t)
y_test_pred_7 = predict_with_threshold(y_test_predproba_7, best_t)
```

In [102]:

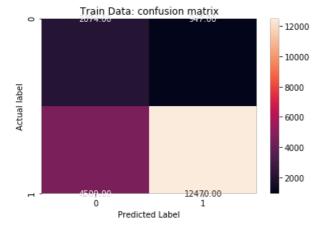
```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

cm_train_7 = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred_7)
cm_test_7 = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_test_pred_7)
```

In [104]:

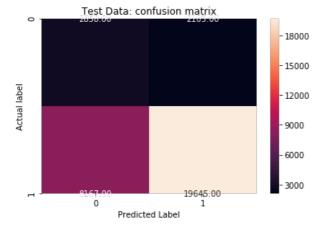
```
sns.heatmap(cm_train_7, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
```

```
pit.title('Train Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



In [105]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_test_7, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Test Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



9. Set -8

9.1 Merging all features

In [79]:

In [80]:

```
from scipy import sparse
X_train_8 = sparse.csr_matrix(X_train_8)
Y_train_8 = sparse.csr_matrix(Y_train_8)
```

```
X_test_8 = sparse.csr_matrix(x_test_8)

In [85]:

X_train_8 = X_train_8[0:20000, :]
y_train = y_train[0:20000, :]
print(X_train_8.shape)
print(y_train.shape)

(20000, 612)
(20000, 1)
```

9.2 GridSearch

In [86]:

```
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
classifier_8 = GradientBoostingClassifier()
```

In [87]:

```
In [88]:
```

```
gridsearch_8 = gridsearch_8.fit(X_train_8, y_train)
```

In [89]:

```
results_8 = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(gridsearch_8.cv_results_)
results_8 = results_8.sort_values(['param_n_estimators'])
results_8.head()
```

Out[89]:

	mean_fit_time	std_fit_time	mean_score_time	std_score_time	param_max_depth	param_n_estimators	params	split0_test_sc
0	16.180439	0.032413	0.072306	0.000498	2	10	{'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6576
32	59.706996	4.866167	0.095255	0.017035	6	10	{'max_depth': 6, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6623
16	39.629723	0.446238	0.099286	0.000988	4	10	{'max_depth': 4, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6647
40	94.690932	0.627219	0.091266	0.001014	8	10	{'max_depth': 8, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.643
8	29.001862	0.055212	0.101298	0.009064	3	10	{'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 10}	0.6618
4								Þ

9.3 AUC vs HyperParameters

In [90]:

```
train_auc_8 = results_8['mean_train_score']
test_auc_8 = results_8['mean_test_score']
n_estimator_8 = results_8['param_n_estimators']
max_depth_8 = results_8['param_max_depth']
```

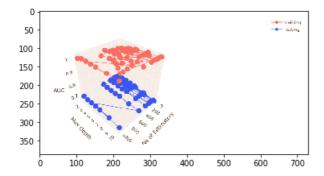
In [91]:

```
#To plot this into plotly it should be in list
n_estimator_8 = n_estimator_8.to_list()
max_depth_8 = max_depth_8.to_list()
train_auc_8 = train_auc_8.to_list()
test_auc_8 = test_auc_8.to_list()
```

In [92]:

In [134]:

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
img_8 = cv2.imread(r'C:\Users\prem.k\Desktop\My projects\Assign\RFGBDT pics/8.PNG')
plt.imshow(img_8)
```



9.4 Modelling with Parameters

```
In [93]:
```

```
best_n_estimators_8 = gridsearch_8.best_params_['n_estimators']
best_max_depth_8 = gridsearch_8.best_params_['max_depth']
print('Best Number of Estimators:', best_n_estimators_8)
print('Best Max depth in a tree:', best_max_depth_8)
```

Best Number of Estimators: 150 Best Max depth in a tree: 2

In [94]:

```
classifier_withParam_8 = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=best_n_estimators_8, max_depth=be
st_max_depth_8)
classifier_withParam_8.fit(X_train_8, y_train)
```

Out[94]:

9.5 Cross Validation

In [95]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
cv_8 = cross_val_score(estimator=classifier_withParam_8, X=X_train_8, y=y_train, cv=2, scoring='roc_auc')
```

In [96]:

```
best_auc_8 = cv_8.mean()
print('Best AUC: %4f' %best_auc_8)
```

Best AUC: 0.692483

9.6 ROC curve on Train and Test data

In [97]:

```
def batch_predict(clf, data):
    y_data_pred = []
    tr_loop = data.shape[0] - data.shape[0]%1000
    for i in range(0,tr_loop, 1000):
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[i:i+1000])[:,1])
    if data.shape[0]%1000 != 0:
        y_data_pred.extend(clf.predict_proba(data[tr_loop:])[:,1])
    return y_data_pred
```

In [98]:

```
y_train_predproba_8 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_8, X_train_8)
y_test_predproba_8 = batch_predict(classifier_withParam_8, X_test_8)
```

In [99]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
train_fpr_8, train_tpr_8, train_thresh_8 = roc_curve(y_train, y_train_predproba_8)
test_fpr_8, test_tpr_8, test_thresh_8 = roc_curve(y_test, y_test_predproba_8)
```

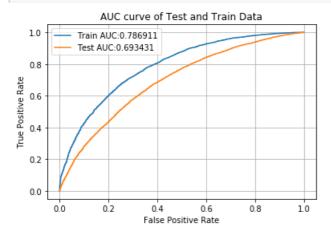
In [101]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
train_fpr_8, train_tpr_8, train_thresh_8 = roc_curve(y_train, y_train_predproba_8)
test_fpr_8, test_tpr_8, test_thresh_8 = roc_curve(y_test, y_test_predproba_8)
```

In [102]:

```
plt.plot(train_fpr_8, train_tpr_8, label='Train AUC:%4f'%auc(train_fpr_8, train_tpr_8))
plt.plot(test_fpr_8, test_tpr_8, label='Test AUC:%4f'%auc(test_fpr_8, test_tpr_8))

plt.title('AUC curve of Test and Train Data')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



9.7 Confusion Matrix

```
In [103]:
```

```
def find_best_threshold( fpr, tpr, threshold):
    t = threshold[np.argmax(tpr*(1-fpr))]
    print('the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is :', max(tpr*(1-fpr)), 'for threshold', np.round(t,3))
    return t
```

In [104]:

```
best_t = find_best_threshold(train_fpr_8, train_tpr_8, train_thresh_8)
```

```
the maximum tpr*(1-fpr) is : 0.5079449254047668 for threshold 0.84
```

```
In [105]:
```

```
def predict_with_threshold(proba, threshold):
    predictions = []
    for i in proba:
        if i>=threshold:
            predictions.append(1)
        else:
            predictions.append(0)

    return predictions
```

In [106]:

```
y_train_pred_8 = predict_with_threshold(y_train_predproba_8, best_t)
y_test_pred_8 = predict_with_threshold(y_test_predproba_8, best_t)
```

In [107]:

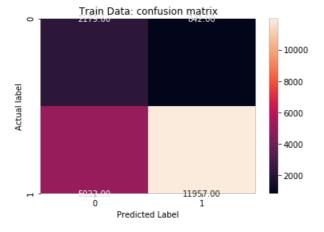
```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

cm_train_8 = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred_8)

cm_test_8 = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_test_pred_8)
```

In [108]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_train_8, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Train Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



In [110]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm_test_8, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Test Data: confusion matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.show()
```



```
- 6000
- 3000
0 1
Predicted Label
```

```
In [133]:
```

```
from prettytable import PrettyTable
#from prettytable import MSWORD FRIENDLY, PLAIN COLUMN
x = PrettyTable()
x.field names = ['Set Number', 'Vectorizer', 'Model', 'Hyperparameter: n estimators', 'Hyperparamet
er: min samples split', 'Best AUC', 'No of Data Points for training']
x.add row(['Set-1', 'BOW + Response Coding', 'Random Forest', str(best_depth_1),
str(best_n_estimators_1), str(best_auc_1), str(no_training_points_1)])
x.add row(['Set-2', 'TFIDF + Response Coding', 'Random Forest', str(best depth 2),
str(best_n_estimators_2), str(best_auc_2), str(no_training_points_2)])
x.add_row(['Set-3', 'AvgW2v + Response Coding', 'Random Forest', str(best_depth_3),
str(best_n_estimators_3), str(best_auc_3), str(no_training_points_3)])
x.add_row(['Set-4', 'TFIDFW2v + Response Coding', 'Gradient Boosting', str(best_depth_4), str(best_
_n_estimators_4), str(best_auc_4), str(no_training_points_4)])
x.add_row(['Set-1', 'BOW + Response Coding', 'Gradient Boosting', str(best_depth_5),
str(best_n_estimators_5), str(best_auc_5), str(no_training_points_5)])
x.add row(['Set-2', 'TFIDF + Response Coding', 'Gradient Boosting', str(best depth 6),
str(best_n_estimators_6), str(best_auc_6), str(no_training_points_6)])
x.add row(['Set-3', 'AvgW2v + Response Coding', 'Gradient Boosting', str(best_depth_7),
str(best n estimators 7), str(best_auc_7), str(no_training_points_7)])
x.add row(['Set-4', 'TFIDFW2v + Response Coding', 'Gradient Boosting', str(best depth 8), str(best
n estimators 8), str(best auc 8), str(no training points 8)])
print(x)
| Set Number | Vectorizer | Model | Hyperparameter: n_estimators | Hype
parameter: min samples split | Best AUC | No of Data Points for training |
+-----
______
| Set-1 | BOW + Response Coding | Random Forest |
                                                               10
                                   76473
300
             | 0.678692 |
| Set-2 | TFIDF + Response Coding | Random Forest |
                                                              10
                                  76473
500
              | 0.683514 |
8
1000
               | 0.686137 |
| Set-4 | TFIDFW2v + Response Coding | Gradient Boosting |
             | 0.686826 |
                                   76473
1000
| Set-1 | BOW + Response Coding | Gradient Boosting |
1000
              | 0.693973 |
                                  30000
| Set-2 | TFIDF + Response Coding | Gradient Boosting |
300
              | 0.687575 | 30000
| Set-3 | AvgW2v + Response Coding | Gradient Boosting |
150
             | 0.693946 | 20000
| Set-4 | TFIDFW2v + Response Coding | Gradient Boosting |
150
          | 0.698483 |
                                   20000
_____
```

That's the end of the code