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(4) Small Omega (w):
    It gives the lower bound;.
         i.e. fen) = wg(n)
      where gens is lower bound of fins
        iff f(n) > cg(n) + n> no and some count. c>0
0.2) What should be the time complexity of
           for (int izi to m)
              i= i * 2 - 0(1)
     i = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, ... n times
        So, a =1, n=2/1=2
           kth value of GP:
                  the = ark1
                   the = 1 (2) K-1
                    27=214
                  Log 2 (210) = 1 Log 2
                    log_2 + log_n = K
                      log_2n +1= K
                     T(n) = 0 ( Log n)
     T(n)= )3T(n-1) If n>0
       T(n) = 3T(n-1)
          T(n)=1
       Put n = n-1 in 1
         T(n-1)= 3T(n-2) - 1
           Put @ in 1
          T(n) = 3 × 3T (n-2)
           T(7) = 9T (n-2) -0
            Put n = n-2 in 0
            T(n-2)= 3T(n-3)
             Put in 1
              T(n): 2+1 (n-1) - 9
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T(K) = 3KT (n-k) — (a)

for kth farm, Let
$$n-k=1$$
 $k=n-1$
 put in (b)

 $T(n) = 3\pi^{2}n^{4} + T(1)$
 $= 3^{m-1}$
 $T(n) = 30\pi^{2}$
 $T(n) = 3\pi^{2}n^{4} + T(1)$
 $= 3^{m-1}$
 $T(n) = 2T(n-1) - 1$
 $T(n) = 2T(n-2) - 1$
 $T(n) = 2^{m-1}(n-k) - 2^{m-1}(1 + \frac{1}{2}k + \dots \frac{1}{2}k)$
 $T(n) = 2^{m-1} + 1$
 $T(n) = 2^{m-1}(1 - 1 + \frac{1}{2}k + \dots \frac{1}{2}k)$
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Q5) What should be time completely of
            Int i=1, s=1;
             while (s == n)
                pnotf(#");
      1= 1 2 3 4 5 6 ....
      5= 1 + 3 + 6+ 10 + 15 + 21 + ...
      sum of s = 1+3+6+10+... Tnn +Tn -3
           0 = 1+2+3+4+ ... N-Tm
           TK= 1+2+3+4+ ...+k
           Th= 1k (++1)
         for 1 iterations
                KCK+1) EN
                    K2+K < n
                      0(K2) = n
                      K = 0(5)
                     T(m)= 0 (5m)
036) Time Complexity of
        void f (int n)
            for (int i=1; i == n; i+1)
          1 int i, count=0;
        1 = 1, 2, 1, 4, .... 59
       E= 1+2+3+4+ ... Ja
             T(n) = In + (Tn+1)
              T(n): 1+5
                 T(m) = 0(m)
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0.7) Time Complainty of
           void f (int n)
             1 int 1, j, k, count = 0;
              for (int i = 1/2; i = n; i++)
               for (int j= 1; j == n; j *= 2)
                for (K=1; K == 1; K += 5)
                   count ++;
               K= 1, 44,8, --- , n
                 a= 1, Y=2
                     1(21-1)
                   n= 2k-1
                    n+1= 2/4
                     log 2 (n) = K
                                Login * Login)
                     log n
                                log en logen
                      m pad
                                log (n) log (m)
                                  إنع رس نمورس
                TC => 0 (n log (n) log (n))
     Time complexity of
          usid function (int n)
           if (n==1) roturn;
              for ( i = 1 to n)
                  printf("+");
             function (n-1);
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for (iz 1 to n)
    we get j n times every ten
         i * j= n2
         T(n) = n2+ +(n-3)
          T(m-3) = 13(n-3)2+ (T (m-6)
          7(n-6) = (n-6)2+ T(n-9)
          and T(1)=1
      Now, substitute each value in T(n)
       T(n) = n2+ T(n-3)2+ (n-6)2+ ...-+1
         let Kn-3K=1
               K = (1-17/3 total turns = Kt
          T(n) = n2 + (n-3)2+ (n-6)2+ -.. 4
          I(w) = + 10-
         T(n) = (14-17/3 n2
            T(n)= 0(n3)
  Time Complexity of
      void function (int n)
          too (int i=1 to m)
             for (int j=1; j == n) j+=i)
                Print + (" x");
                 j= 1+2+ ... n ≥ jH
        3
                 5 = 1 + 3 + 5 + · · · n = j +
     121
for
                 5= 1+ 4+7+ - · · N>j+1
      1=2
      123
            term of AP is
             T(n) = a+d(n-1)
               T(M) = 1+ (m-1)d
                 (W-1) | y = N
              (n1)/2 times
         121
   for
                (n-1)/2 times
          1= n-1
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me get, T(n)= i,j, + î,j, + ··- in-ijn-i $= (n-1) + n-2 + n-3 + \cdots - 1$ = n+ 1 + "/3 + - . . . "/n-1 - n *1 = n[1+ 1/2 + 1/3 + ··· 1/2] - n*1 = n log n - n+1 Since (= log x Q.10) For the function n'R & C". What is the asymptotic relationship T (n)= 0 (n log n) Assume that k > = 1 & c > 1 are writarts. Find out the value of and no of which relationship helds. As given nt & *ic". Relationship blu nt & c" is Nx = 0(c,) n' = a(c") * n > no & constant, a>0 for no =1; c=2

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n = 1 & C=2