The Battle of Neighborhoods Exploring Toronto for Italian Restaurant

Introduction:

As a country of immigrants, when families came to Canada, they typically brought with them a taste of home. These traditional recipes merged with Canadian customs and ingredients to create cuisines that can now be found in all manner of restaurants in Canada. The multiculturalism is seen through the various neighborhoods including; Chinatown, Corso Italia, Little India, Kensington Market, Little Italy, Koreatown and many more. Downtown Toronto being the hub of interactions between ethnicities, brings many opportunities for entrepreneurs to start or grow their business. It is a place where people can try the best of each culture, either while they work or just passing through. Toronto is well known for its great food.

The **objective of this project** is to use Foursquare location data and regional clustering of venue information to determine what might be the 'best' neighborhood in Toronto to open a restaurant. Pizza and Pasta are one of the most bought dishes in Toronto originating from Italy. Toronto being the fourth largest home to Italians with a population over 500k, there are numerous opportunities to open a new Italian restaurant. Through this project we will find the most suitable location for an entrepreneur to open a new Italian restaurant in Toronto, Canada



Target Audience:

• Entrepreneurs who want to open an Italian Restaurant or pizzeria in Toronto and are looking for a suitable neighbourhood.



Data Overview:

The data set required for the following project was acquired from three different data sources.

The three data sources are listed below,

- 1. A Wikipedia Page to fetch boroughs and neighborhoods of Toronto city.
- 2. A csv file to fetch latitudes and longitudes corresponding to each postal code.
- 3. The foursquare api to fetch different public venues in the vicinity of the neighborhood.

The data that will be required will be a combination of CSV files that have been prepared for the purposes of the analysis from multiple sources which will provide the list of neighborhoods in Toronto (via Wikipedia), the Geographical location of the neighborhoods (via Geocoder package) and Venue data pertaining to Italian restaurants (via Foursquare). The Venue data will help find which neighborhood is best suitable to open an Italian restaurant.

Methodology:

First, we will need to extract the data from the data sources:

Source 1: Toronto Neighborhoods via Wikipedia

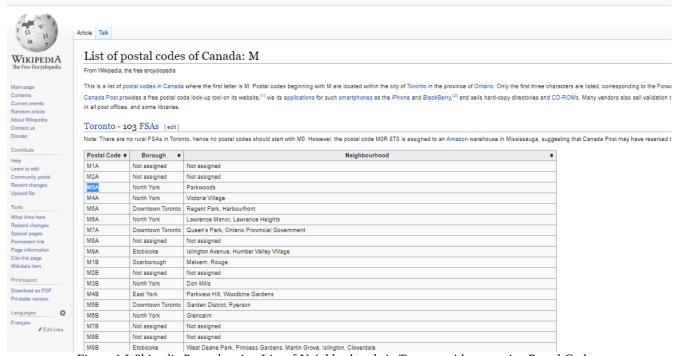


Figure 1:Wikipedia Page showing List of Neighborhoods in Toronto with respective Postal Codes

The Wikipedia site (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_postal_codes_of_Canada:_M) shown above, provided almost all the information about the neighborhoods. It included the postal code, borough and the name of the neighborhoods present in Toronto. Since the data is not in a format that is suitable for analysis, scraping of the data was done from this site (shown in figure2).

Neighl	Borough	PostalCode	
F	North York	МЗА	0
Victo	North York	M4A	1
Regent Park, Ha	Oowntown Toronto	M5A	2
Lawrence Manor, Lawrence	North York	M6A	3
Queen's Park, Ontario Provincial Go	Oowntown Toronto	M7A	4

Figure 2: Data that was scraped from Wikipedia site and put into Pandas data frame

Source2: Geographical Location data using Geocoder Package

4	А	В	С
1	Postal Code	Latitude	Longitude
2	M1B	43.8066863	-79.1943534
3	M1C	43.7845351	-79.1604971
4	M1E	43.7635726	-79.1887115
5	M1G	43.7709921	-79.2169174
6	M1H	43.773136	-79.2394761
7	M1J	43.7447342	-79.2394761

Figure 3: Geographical data of Neighborhoods in Toronto

The second source of data provided (https://cocl.us/Geospatial_data) us with the Geographical coordinates of the neighborhoods with the respective Postal Codes which were converted into data frame

Source3: Venue Data using Foursquare

The retrieval of the location, name and category about the various venues in Toronto was collected through the Foursquare explore API. To obtain the data, it was required to make an account where it would provide a 'Secret Key' as well as 'Client ID' which will allow me to pull any data

Data Pre-processing

Below are the steps performed

- The first step I performed was to scrape data from the Wikipedia page that consisted of all the boroughs and neighborhoods along with their postal codes and convert them into data frame so that we can do analysis using visualization techniques.
- Dropped rows having missing values in the data frame as missing values can cause discrepancy
- Importing data from a Geospatial_Coordinates.csv file. The .csv file consisted of latitude
 and longitude coordinates of each postal code. This .csv file was imported into a data
 frame for ease of analysis in the later stage. Using the Latitude and Longitude
 collected from the Geocoder package, we merged the two tables together based on
 Postal Code.

```
In [19]: # Merging the Data
          df = pd.merge(df, geo_df, on='PostalCode')
          df.head()
   Out[19]:
                  PostalCode
                                   Borough
                                                            Neighbourhood
                                                                            Latitude
                                                                                      Longitude
               0
                                                             Lawrence Park 43.728020 -79.388790
                        M4N Central Toronto
               1
                                                            Davisville North 43.712751 -79.390197
                        M4P Central Toronto
                        M4R Central Toronto North Toronto West, Lawrence Park 43,715383 -79,405678
               3
                        M4S Central Toronto
                                                                 Davisville 43.704324 -79.388790
                        M4T Central Toronto
                                                 Moore Park, Summerhill East 43.689574 -79.383160
```

Figure 4: Merging tables together based on Postal Code

After, the venue data pulled from the Foursquare API was merged with the table above providing us with the local venue within a 500-meter radius shown below.

	Neighbourhood	Neighbourhood Latitude	Neighbourhood Longitude	Venue	Venue Latitude	Venue Longitude	Venue Category
0	Lawrence Park	43.728020	-79.388790	Lawrence Park Ravine	43.726963	-79.394382	Park
1	Lawrence Park	43.728020	-79.388790	Zodiac Swim School	43.728532	-79.382860	Swim School
2	Lawrence Park	43.728020	-79.388790	TTC Bus #162 - Lawrence-Donway	43.728026	-79.382805	Bus Line
3	Davisville North	43.712751	-79.390197	Homeway Restaurant & Brunch	43.712641	-79.391557	Breakfast Spot
4	Davisville North	43.712751	-79.390197	Sherwood Park	43.716551	-79.387776	Park

Figure 5: Local Venues near the respective Neighborhood

Now after cleansing the data, the next step was to analyze the data which will be presented in our next weeks report.