

```

** Title:- Airlines Flight data analysis

#First we need to import the necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# import the CSV Dataset
data = pd.read_csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\david\\\\Downloads\\\\
airlines_flights_data.csv")
data

      index  airline   flight source_city departure_time stops \
0          0 SpiceJet  SG-8709      Delhi        Evening  zero
1          1 SpiceJet  SG-8157      Delhi     Early_Morning  zero
2          2 AirAsia   I5-764      Delhi     Early_Morning  zero
3          3 Vistara   UK-995      Delhi      Morning  zero
4          4 Vistara   UK-963      Delhi      Morning  zero
..        ...
300148  300148  Vistara   UK-822    Chennai      Morning  one
300149  300149  Vistara   UK-826    Chennai  Afternoon  one
300150  300150  Vistara   UK-832    Chennai     Early_Morning  one
300151  300151  Vistara   UK-828    Chennai     Early_Morning  one
300152  300152  Vistara   UK-822    Chennai      Morning  one

      arrival_time destination_city   class duration days_left
price
0            Night           Mumbai Economy     2.17         1
5953
1            Morning          Mumbai Economy     2.33         1
5953
2       Early_Morning          Mumbai Economy     2.17         1
5956
3       Afternoon           Mumbai Economy     2.25         1
5955
4            Morning          Mumbai Economy     2.33         1
5955
..          ...
..          ...
300148      Evening        Hyderabad Business    10.08        49
69265
300149      Night          Hyderabad Business    10.42        49
77105
300150      Night          Hyderabad Business    13.83        49
79099
300151      Evening        Hyderabad Business    10.00        49
81585
300152      Evening        Hyderabad Business    10.08        49
81585

```

```
[300153 rows x 12 columns]

pip install mysql-connector-python

Requirement already satisfied: mysql-connector-python in c:\users\david\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (9.4.0)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

import mysql.connector

try:
    connection = mysql.connector.connect(
        host='localhost',          # Your MySQL host, e.g., localhost
        user='root',              # Your MySQL username
        password='Jyothi@1110',   # Your MySQL password
        # Your database name)
)
    if connection.is_connected():
        print("Successfully connected to MySQL database")
except mysql.connector.Error as err:
    print(f"Error: {err}")

Successfully connected to MySQL database

data.head()

    index  airline  flight source_city departure_time stops
arrival_time \
0      0  SpiceJet  SG-8709        Delhi      Evening  zero
Night
1      1  SpiceJet  SG-8157        Delhi  Early_Morning  zero
Morning
2      2   AirAsia   I5-764        Delhi  Early_Morning  zero
Early_Morning
3      3   Vistara   UK-995        Delhi      Morning  zero
Afternoon
4      4   Vistara   UK-963        Delhi      Morning  zero
Morning

    destination_city  class duration days_left  price
0            Mumbai Economy     2.17       1  5953
1            Mumbai Economy     2.33       1  5953
2            Mumbai Economy     2.17       1  5956
3            Mumbai Economy     2.25       1  5955
4            Mumbai Economy     2.33       1  5955

data.tail()

    index  airline  flight source_city departure_time stops
arrival_time \
```

```

300148 300148 Vistara UK-822      Chennai      Morning   one
Evening
300149 300149 Vistara UK-826      Chennai      Afternoon  one
Night
300150 300150 Vistara UK-832      Chennai  Early_Morning  one
Night
300151 300151 Vistara UK-828      Chennai  Early_Morning  one
Evening
300152 300152 Vistara UK-822      Chennai      Morning   one
Evening

```

	destination_city	class	duration	days_left	price
300148	Hyderabad	Business	10.08	49	69265
300149	Hyderabad	Business	10.42	49	77105
300150	Hyderabad	Business	13.83	49	79099
300151	Hyderabad	Business	10.00	49	81585
300152	Hyderabad	Business	10.08	49	81585

```
data.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 300153 entries, 0 to 300152
Data columns (total 12 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   index            300153 non-null   int64  
 1   airline          300153 non-null   object  
 2   flight            300153 non-null   object  
 3   source_city       300153 non-null   object  
 4   departure_time    300153 non-null   object  
 5   stops             300153 non-null   object  
 6   arrival_time      300153 non-null   object  
 7   destination_city  300153 non-null   object  
 8   class              300153 non-null   object  
 9   duration          300153 non-null   float64 
 10  days_left         300153 non-null   int64  
 11  price              300153 non-null   int64  
dtypes: float64(1), int64(3), object(8)
memory usage: 27.5+ MB

```

```
data.describe()
```

	index	duration	days_left	price
count	300153.000000	300153.000000	300153.000000	300153.000000
mean	150076.000000	12.221021	26.004751	20889.660523
std	86646.852011	7.191997	13.561004	22697.767366
min	0.000000	0.830000	1.000000	1105.000000
25%	75038.000000	6.830000	15.000000	4783.000000
50%	150076.000000	11.250000	26.000000	7425.000000

```

75%      225114.000000      16.170000      38.000000      42521.000000
max      300152.000000      49.830000      49.000000      123071.000000

data.isnull().sum()

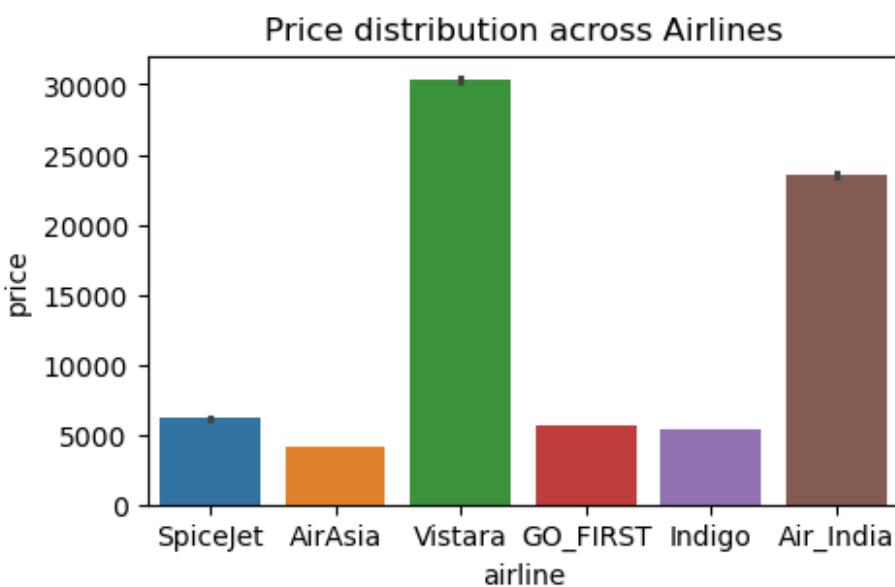
index          0
airline         0
flight          0
source_city     0
departure_time  0
stops           0
arrival_time    0
destination_city 0
class            0
duration         0
days_left        0
price            0
dtype: int64

data[data.duplicated()]

Empty DataFrame
Columns: [index, airline, flight, source_city, departure_time, stops,
arrival_time, destination_city, class, duration, days_left, price]
Index: []

# 1) price distribution across Airlines
plt.figure(figsize=(5, 3))
sns.barplot(data=data,x="airline",y="price",hue="airline")
plt.title("Price distribution across Airlines")
plt.show()

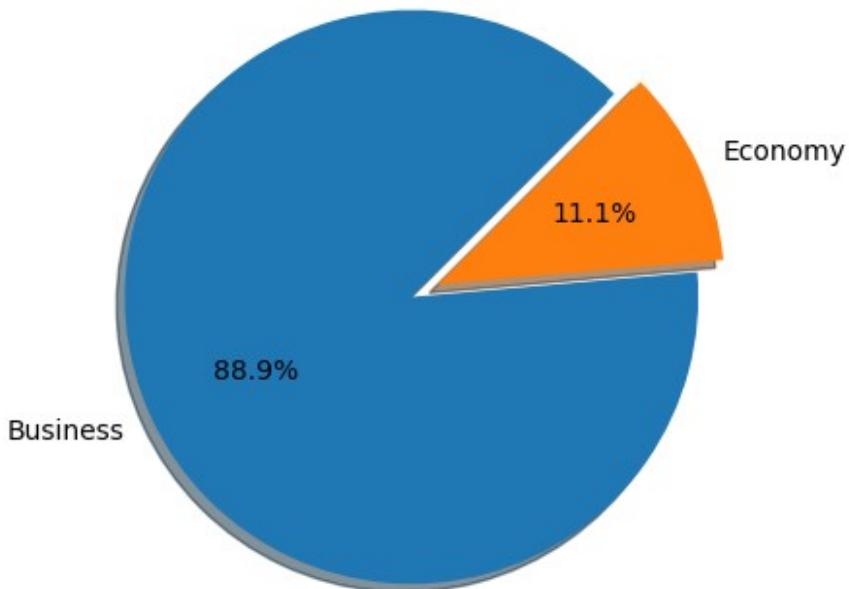
```



```
# 2) Average Price: Economy vs. Business Class
Average_price = data.groupby('class')['price'].mean().reset_index()
values = Average_price['price']
labels = Average_price['class']
explode = [0.1, 0]

plt.pie(values, labels=labels, autopct='%.1f%%',
         startangle=45, shadow=True, explode=explode)
plt.title("Average Price: Economy vs Business Class")
plt.show()
```

Average Price: Economy vs Business Class



3) Busiest Source & Destination Cities

#A) Top Source Cities

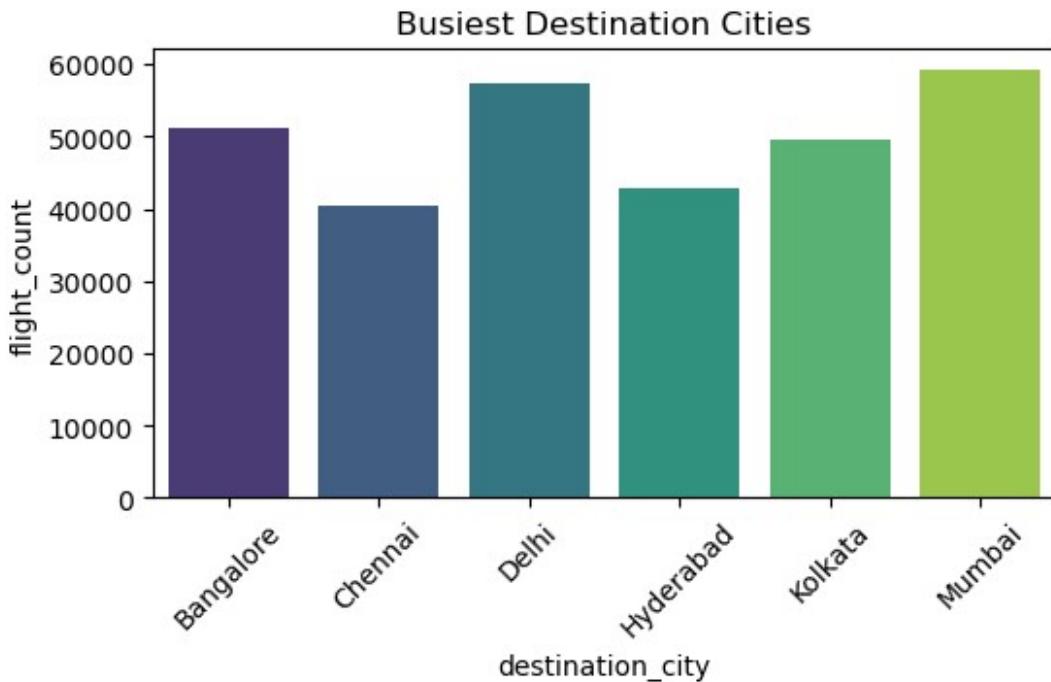
```
source_counts = data.groupby("destination_city")\
["flight"].count().reset_index()
source_counts.rename(columns={"flight": "flight_count"}, inplace=True)

plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
sns.barplot(x="destination_city", y="flight_count",
            data=source_counts, palette="viridis")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.title("Busiest Destination Cities")
plt.show()
```

```
C:\Users\david\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7160\2846909472.py:8:  
FutureWarning:
```

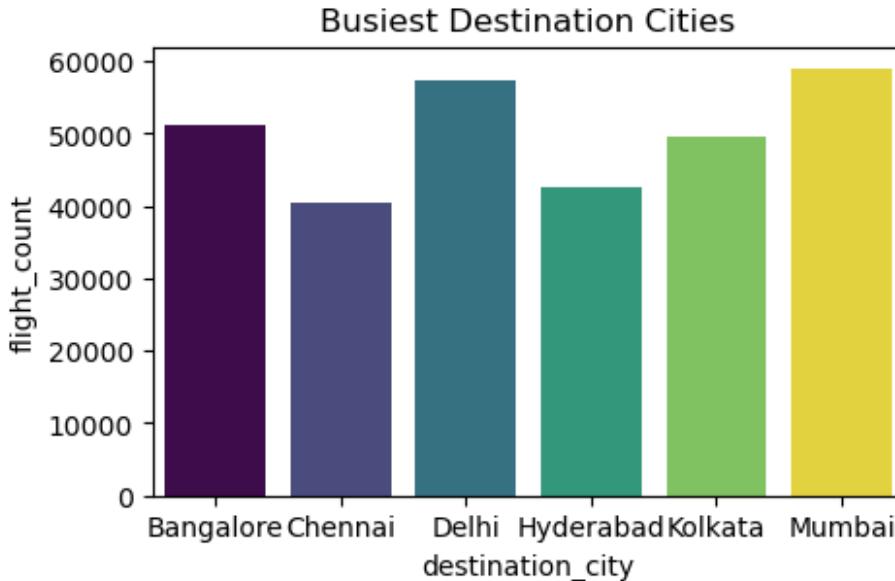
```
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be  
removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set  
`legend=False` for the same effect.
```

```
    sns.barplot(x="destination_city", y="flight_count",  
data=source_counts, palette="viridis")
```



```
#3) Busiest Source & Destination Cities  
#B)Top Destination Cities
```

```
dest_counts = data.groupby("destination_city")  
[ "flight"].count().reset_index()  
dest_counts.rename(columns={"flight": "flight_count"}, inplace=True)  
print(dest_counts.columns)  
  
Index(['destination_city', 'flight_count'], dtype='object')  
  
plt.figure(figsize=(5,3))  
sns.barplot(x="destination_city",y="flight_count",hue=dest_counts.inde  
x, legend=False, data=dest_counts,palette="viridis")  
plt.title("Busiest Destination Cities")  
plt.show()
```



```
# 4) Days Left vs. Ticket Price Trend
avg_price_by_days = data.groupby("days_left")["price"].mean()

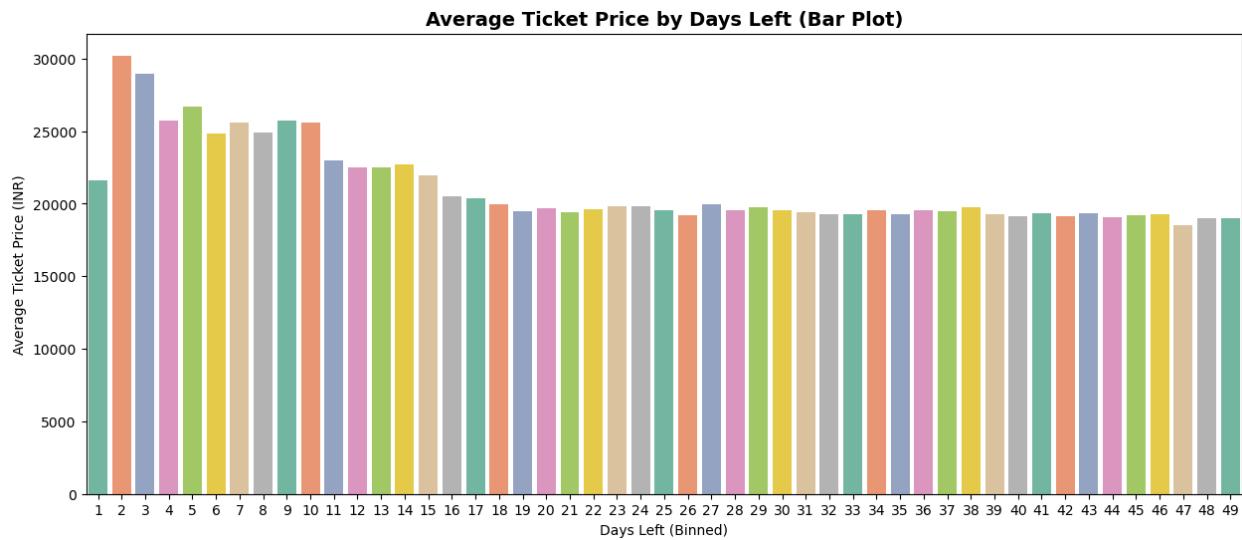
# --- Bar Plot ---
plt.figure(figsize=(15,6))
sns.barplot(x=avg_price_by_days.index,
y=avg_price_by_days.values,dodge=False, palette="Set2")
plt.title("Average Ticket Price by Days Left (Bar Plot)", fontsize=14,
fontweight="bold")
plt.xlabel("Days Left (Binned)")
plt.ylabel("Average Ticket Price (INR)")
plt.show()

print("Average Ticket Price by Days Left Bin:\n")
#print(avg_price_by_days)

C:\Users\david\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_25960\2776151662.py:5:
FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be
removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set
`legend=False` for the same effect.

sns.barplot(x=avg_price_by_days.index,
y=avg_price_by_days.values,dodge=False, palette="Set2")
```

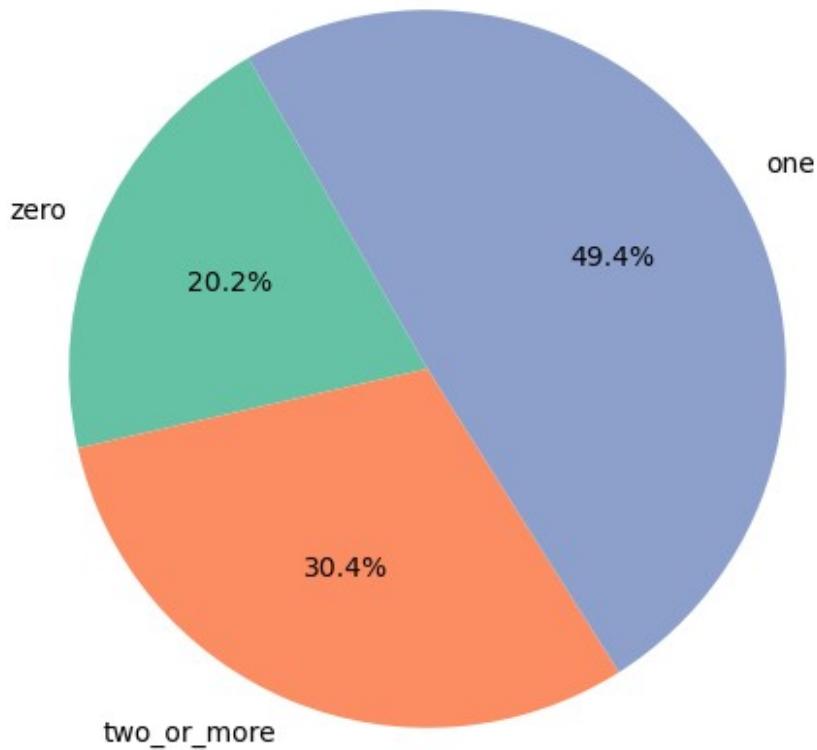


Average Ticket Price by Days Left Bin:

```
# 5)Stops vs. Price Comparison
plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
plt.pie(
    avg_price_by_stops.values,
    labels=avg_price_by_stops.index,
    autopct="%1.1f%%",
    startangle=120,
    colors=sns.color_palette("Set2")
)
plt.title("Average Ticket Price by Stops (Pie Chart)", fontsize=14,
fontweight="bold")
plt.show()

print("Average Price by Stops:\n")
print(avg_price_by_stops)
```

Average Ticket Price by Stops (Pie Chart)



Average Price by Stops:

```
stops
zero           9375.938535
two_or_more    14113.450775
one            22900.992482
Name: price, dtype: float64
```

6) Duration Impact on Ticket Pricing

```
# 1. Create bins for flight durations
bins = [0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12] # adjust according to your dataset
labels = ["0-2h", "2-4h", "4-6h", "6-8h", "8-12h"]

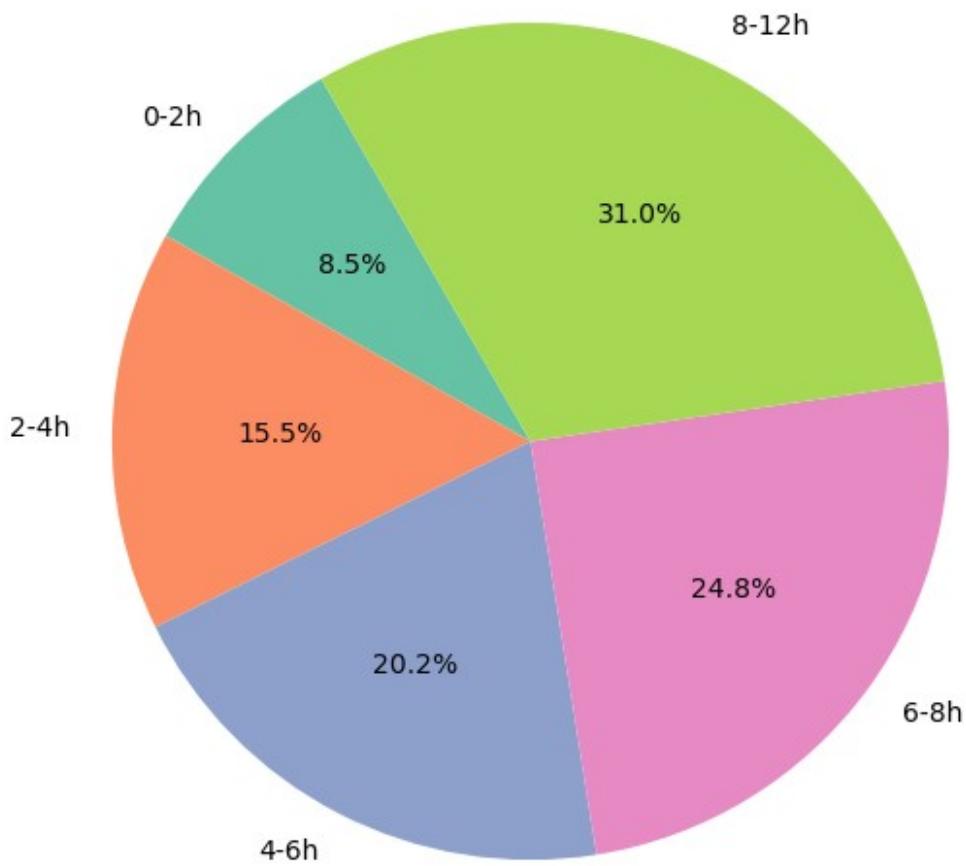
# Create the duration_bin column
data["duration_bin"] = pd.cut(data["duration"], bins=bins,
labels=labels)

avg_price_by_duration = data.groupby("duration_bin")
["price"].mean().dropna()
```

```
# --- Pie Plot ---
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
plt.pie(
    avg_price_by_duration.values,
    labels=avg_price_by_duration.index,
    autopct="%1.1f%%",
    startangle=120,
    colors=sns.color_palette("Set2")
)
plt.title("Average Ticket Price Share by Flight Duration",
fontsize=14, fontweight="bold")
plt.show()

C:\Users\david\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_25816\1675222407.py:10:
FutureWarning: The default of observed=False is deprecated and will be
changed to True in a future version of pandas. Pass observed=False to
retain current behavior or observed=True to adopt the future default
and silence this warning.
    avg_price_by_duration = data.groupby("duration_bin")
    ["price"].mean().dropna()
```

Average Ticket Price Share by Flight Duration



SQL Queries

```
!pip install pandasql

Requirement already satisfied: pandasql in c:\users\david\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (0.7.3)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\david\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandasql) (2.1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in c:\users\david\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandasql) (2.2.3)
Requirement already satisfied: sqlalchemy in c:\users\david\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandasql) (2.0.39)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in c:\users\david\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas->pandasql) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in c:\users\david\
```

```

anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas->pandasql) (2024.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in c:\users\david\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas->pandasql) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\david\anaconda3\
lib\site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas->pandasql)
(1.17.0)
Requirement already satisfied: greenlet!=0.4.17 in c:\users\david\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from sqlalchemy->pandasql) (3.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=4.6.0 in c:\users\
david\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from sqlalchemy->pandasql) (4.12.2)

import pandas as pd
import pandasql as ps

# Load CSV into Pandas DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\david\Downloads\airlines_flights_data.csv")
df

      index  airline   flight source_city departure_time stops \
0          0 SpiceJet  SG-8709        Delhi       Evening    zero
1          1 SpiceJet  SG-8157        Delhi    Early_Morning    zero
2          2 AirAsia   I5-764        Delhi    Early_Morning    zero
3          3 Vistara   UK-995        Delhi      Morning    zero
4          4 Vistara   UK-963        Delhi      Morning    zero
...     ...
300148  300148  Vistara   UK-822      Chennai      Morning    one
300149  300149  Vistara   UK-826      Chennai  Afternoon    one
300150  300150  Vistara   UK-832      Chennai  Early_Morning    one
300151  300151  Vistara   UK-828      Chennai  Early_Morning    one
300152  300152  Vistara   UK-822      Chennai      Morning    one

      arrival_time destination_city      class duration  days_left
price
0                 Night           Mumbai  Economy     2.17         1
5953
1                 Morning          Mumbai  Economy     2.33         1
5953
2            Early_Morning          Mumbai  Economy     2.17         1
5956
3            Afternoon           Mumbai  Economy     2.25         1
5955
4                 Morning          Mumbai  Economy     2.33         1
5955
...             ...
...             ...
300148        Evening        Hyderabad Business    10.08        49
69265
300149        Night        Hyderabad Business    10.42        49
77105

```

300150	Night	Hyderabad	Business	13.83	49
79099					
300151	Evening	Hyderabad	Business	10.00	49
81585					
300152	Evening	Hyderabad	Business	10.08	49
81585					

[300153 rows x 12 columns]

-- 1. Find the average ticket price per airline.

```
import pandasql as ps
```

```
query = """
SELECT airline, AVG(price) as avg_price
FROM df
WHERE source_city = 'Delhi'
GROUP BY airline
ORDER BY avg_price DESC
LIMIT 5;
"""
```

```
result = ps.sql(df(query, locals()))
print(result)
```

	airline	avg_price
0	Vistara	28938.500342
1	Air_India	21899.890758
2	SpiceJet	6084.649762
3	GO_FIRST	5742.409679
4	Indigo	5386.570134

-- 2. List the top 5 most expensive routes (source to destination).

```
import pandasql as ps
```

```
query= """
```

```
SELECT
    source_city,
    destination_city,
    AVG(price) AS Average_price
FROM
    df
GROUP BY
    source_city, destination_city
ORDER BY
    Average_price DESC
LIMIT 5;
"""
```

```
result = ps.sql(df(query, locals()))
print(result)
```

```

source_city destination_city Average_price
0    Chennai           Bangalore  25081.850454
1    Kolkata            Chennai  23660.361040
2    Bangalore          Kolkata  23500.061229
3    Bangalore          Chennai  23321.850078
4    Mumbai              Bangalore  23147.873807

```

#3.Which airline offers the lowest average ticket price for Business class?

```

import pandas as pd
import pandasql as ps
query = """
SELECT airline, AVG(price) AS avg_Business_price
FROM df
WHERE class = 'Business'
GROUP BY airline
ORDER BY avg_Business_price
LIMIT 1;
"""
result = ps.sql(df(query, locals()))
print(result)

      airline avg_Business_price
0  Air_India        47131.039212

```

#4.Find routes with more than 50 flights and their average ticket prices.

```

import pandasql as ps
query = """
SELECT source_city, destination_city, COUNT(*) as
flight_count, AVG(price) as avg_price
FROM df
GROUP BY source_city, destination_city
HAVING COUNT(*) > 50;
"""
result = ps.sql(df(query, locals()))
print(result)

      source_city destination_city  flight_count      avg_price
0    Bangalore            Chennai       6410  23321.850078
1    Bangalore             Delhi       13756  17723.313972
2    Bangalore          Hyderabad       8928  21226.121192
3    Bangalore            Kolkata       10028  23500.061229
4    Bangalore            Mumbai       12939  23128.618672
5    Chennai              Bangalore       6493  25081.850454
6    Chennai                Delhi       9783  18981.863948
7    Chennai              Hyderabad       6103  21591.345404
8    Chennai              Kolkata       6983  22669.932407

```

9	Chennai	Mumbai	9338	22765.849647
10	Delhi	Bangalore	14012	17880.216315
11	Delhi	Chennai	10780	19369.881354
12	Delhi	Hyderabad	9328	17347.288379
13	Delhi	Kolkata	11934	20566.409418
14	Delhi	Mumbai	15289	19355.829812
15	Hyderabad	Bangalore	7854	21347.177998
16	Hyderabad	Chennai	6395	21848.065989
17	Hyderabad	Delhi	8506	17243.945685
18	Hyderabad	Kolkata	7987	20823.893201
19	Hyderabad	Mumbai	10064	20080.865759
20	Kolkata	Bangalore	9824	22744.808428
21	Kolkata	Chennai	6653	23660.361040
22	Kolkata	Delhi	10506	19422.354559
23	Kolkata	Hyderabad	7897	21500.011397
24	Kolkata	Mumbai	11467	22078.883579
25	Mumbai	Bangalore	12885	23147.873807
26	Mumbai	Chennai	10130	22781.899112
27	Mumbai	Delhi	14809	18725.320008
28	Mumbai	Hyderabad	10470	21004.046705
29	Mumbai	Kolkata	12602	22379.146723

#5. Compare average price difference between Economy and Business class per airline.

```
import pandasql as ps
query = """
SELECT
    airline,
    MAX(CASE WHEN class = 'Business' THEN avg_price END) -
    MAX(CASE WHEN class = 'Economy' THEN avg_price END) AS price_diff
FROM (
    SELECT
        airline,
        class,
        AVG(price) AS avg_price
    FROM df
    WHERE class IN ('Economy', 'Business')
    GROUP BY airline, class
) t
GROUP BY airline
ORDER BY price_diff DESC;

"""
result = ps.sql(df(query, locals()))
print(result)

      airline  price_diff
0  Vistara   47670.084132
1  Air_India  39817.357044
```

```
2 SpiceJet      NaN
3 Indigo        NaN
4 GO_FIRST     NaN
5 AirAsia       NaN
```

#6. Which cities have the most incoming flights?

```
import pandasql as ps
query = """
SELECT destination_city as city, COUNT(*) as incoming_flights
FROM df
GROUP BY destination_city
ORDER BY incoming_flights DESC;
"""

result = ps.sql(df, query, locals())
print(result)

      city  incoming_flights
0    Mumbai          59097
1     Delhi          57360
2  Bangalore         51068
3   Kolkata          49534
4  Hyderabad         42726
5   Chennai          40368
```

#7. Which cities have the most outgoing flights?

```
import pandasql as ps
query = """
SELECT source_city as city, COUNT(*) as total_outgoing_flights
FROM df
GROUP BY source_city
ORDER BY total_outgoing_flights DESC;
"""

result = ps.sql(df, query, locals())
print(result)

      city  incoming_flights
0    Mumbai          59097
1     Delhi          57360
2  Bangalore         51068
3   Kolkata          49534
4  Hyderabad         42726
5   Chennai          40368
```

#8. Find the busiest route (most number of flights).

```
import pandasql as ps
query = """
SELECT source_city,destination_city, COUNT(*) as total_flights
FROM df
```

```

GROUP BY source_city,destination_city
ORDER BY total_flights DESC
LIMIT 1;
"""
result = ps.sql(df(query, locals()))
print(result)

   source_city destination_city  total_flights
0      Delhi            Mumbai        15289

#9. List the top 3 airlines with cheapest average prices for each route.

import pandas as pd

# Make route column
df["route"] = df["source_city"] + " → " + df["destination_city"]

# Step 1: Average price per airline per route
avg_prices = (
    df.groupby(["route", "airline"], as_index=False)[["price"]]
    .mean()
    .rename(columns={"price": "avg_price"})
)

# Step 2: Rank airlines within each route
avg_prices["rank"] = avg_prices.groupby("route")[
    ["avg_price"].rank(method="first")]

# Step 3: Keep only top 3 cheapest per route
top3 = avg_prices[avg_prices["rank"] <= 3].sort_values(["route",
    "avg_price"])

top3

          route    airline  avg_price  rank
0  Bangalore → Chennai  AirAsia  2073.043478  1.0
3  Bangalore → Chennai    Indigo  2363.326241  2.0
4  Bangalore → Chennai  SpiceJet  2613.310345  3.0
6  Bangalore → Delhi    AirAsia  4807.092426  1.0
8  Bangalore → Delhi  GO_FIRST  5524.702628  2.0
..
168     ...        ...       ...
168  Mumbai → Hyderabad  GO_FIRST  4603.866889  2.0
169  Mumbai → Hyderabad    Indigo  5870.954610  3.0
171  Mumbai → Kolkata    AirAsia  3977.937365  1.0
173  Mumbai → Kolkata  GO_FIRST  6106.502609  2.0
175  Mumbai → Kolkata  SpiceJet  7065.210689  3.0

[90 rows x 4 columns]

```

```
#10.Find flights with duration more than 5 hours but priced below average.
```

```
import pandasql as ps
query ="""
SELECT *FROM df
WHERE duration >5
AND price < (SELECT AVG(price) FROM df);
"""
result = psssql(query,locals())
print(result)

      index    airline flight source_city departure_time
stops \
0        18    AirAsia  I5-747       Delhi      Evening
one
1        19    AirAsia  I5-747       Delhi      Evening
one
2        20   GO_FIRST  G8-266       Delhi  Early_Morning
one
3        21   GO_FIRST  G8-101       Delhi  Early_Morning
one
4        22   GO_FIRST  G8-103       Delhi      Evening
one
...
...
169086  206663    Vistara  UK-826     Chennai  Afternoon
one
169087  206664    Vistara  UK-822     Chennai    Morning
one
169088  206665    Vistara  UK-824     Chennai      Night
one
169089  258681  Air_India  AI-776  Bangalore  Early_Morning
two_or_more
169090  258806  Air_India  AI-776  Bangalore  Early_Morning
two_or_more

      arrival_time destination_city    class  duration  days_left
price \
0      Early_Morning        Mumbai  Economy    12.25        1
5949
1      Morning        Mumbai  Economy    16.33        1
5949
2      Evening        Mumbai  Economy    11.75        1
5954
3      Night        Mumbai  Economy    14.50        1
5954
4      Morning        Mumbai  Economy    15.67        1
5954
...
...
```

```

...
169086      Morning      Hyderabad  Economy    20.58     49
8640
169087      Morning      Hyderabad  Economy    23.33     49
8640
169088      Night       Hyderabad  Economy    24.42     49
8640
169089      Afternoon    Hyderabad Business   6.67      45
12000
169090      Afternoon    Hyderabad Business   6.67      47
12000

```

	route
0	Delhi → Mumbai
1	Delhi → Mumbai
2	Delhi → Mumbai
3	Delhi → Mumbai
4	Delhi → Mumbai
...	...
169086	Chennai → Hyderabad
169087	Chennai → Hyderabad
169088	Chennai → Hyderabad
169089	Bangalore → Hyderabad
169090	Bangalore → Hyderabad

[169091 rows x 13 columns]

#11. Which flight class shows the highest average price variation (std deviation)?

```

import pandasql as ps
query = """
SELECT
    class, AVG(price) AS price_std_dev
FROM df
GROUP BY class
ORDER BY price_std_dev DESC;
"""

result = ps.sql(df, query, locals())
print(result)

    class  price_std_dev
0  Business  52540.081124
1  Economy   6572.342383

```

#12. Find how ticket prices vary with number of days left before departure.

```

import pandasql as ps
query="""

```

```
SELECT days_left, AVG(price) as avg_price
FROM df
GROUP BY days_left
ORDER BY avg_price DESC;
"""
result = psssqldf(query, locals())
print(result)
```

	days_left	avg_price
0	2	30211.299801
1	3	28976.083569
2	5	26679.773368
3	4	25730.905653
4	9	25726.246072
5	7	25588.367351
6	10	25572.819134
7	8	24895.883995
8	6	24856.493902
9	11	22990.656070
10	14	22678.002363
11	12	22505.803322
12	13	22498.885384
13	15	21952.540852
14	1	21591.867151
15	16	20503.546237
16	17	20386.353949
17	18	19987.445168
18	27	19950.866195
19	23	19840.913451
20	24	19803.908896
21	29	19744.653119
22	38	19734.912316
23	20	19699.983390
24	22	19590.667385
25	25	19571.641791
26	30	19567.580834
27	34	19562.008266
28	28	19534.986047
29	36	19517.688444
30	19	19507.677375
31	37	19506.306516
32	21	19430.494058
33	31	19392.706612
34	41	19347.440460
35	43	19340.528894
36	33	19306.271739
37	46	19305.351623
38	39	19262.095556
39	32	19258.135308
40	35	19255.652996

```
41      26  19238.290278
42      45  19199.876307
43      42  19154.261659
44      40  19144.972439
45      44  19049.080174
46      48  18998.126851
47      49  18992.971888
48      47  18553.272038
```

#13. Which time of day (Morning, Evening, etc.) has the highest average ticket price?

```
import pandasql as ps
query = """
SELECT arrival_time,departure_time, AVG(price) as avg_price
FROM df
GROUP BY arrival_time,departure_time
ORDER BY avg_price DESC
LIMIT 1;
"""
result = ps.sql(df(query, locals()))
print(result)

   arrival_time departure_time    avg_price
0      Evening           Night  31425.824194
```

#14. Find Price trends by airline and travel class

```
import pandasql as ps
query= """
SELECT airline, class, AVG(price) as avg_price
FROM df
GROUP BY airline,class
ORDER BY airline,avg_price DESC;
"""
result = ps.sql(df(query, locals()))
print(result)

   airline    class    avg_price
0  AirAsia  Economy  4091.072742
1  Air_India Business  47131.039212
2  Air_India  Economy  7313.682169
3  GO_FIRST  Economy  5652.007595
4    Indigo  Economy  5324.216303
5  SpiceJet  Economy  6179.278881
6   Vistara Business  55477.027777
7   Vistara  Economy  7806.943645
```

#15. Compare the airlines average prices for non-stop vs. 1-stop vs. 2+ stops flights.

```
import pandasql as ps
query"""
SELECT airline, stops as stop_type, AVG(price) as avg_price
FROM df
GROUP BY airline, stops
ORDER BY airline, avg_price DESC;
"""
result = ps.sql(df, query, locals())
print(result)

      airline  stop_type    avg_price
0     AirAsia  two_or_more  4432.956367
1     AirAsia        one   4096.963741
2     AirAsia       zero   3747.960970
3   Air_India        one  24805.782885
4   Air_India       zero  14403.191918
5   Air_India  two_or_more  13771.177062
6   GO_FIRST  two_or_more   7107.708642
7   GO_FIRST        one   5972.272755
8   GO_FIRST       zero   3526.924915
9     Indigo  two_or_more  7834.838753
10    Indigo        one   5733.028878
11    Indigo       zero   4023.049037
12  SpiceJet        one   6789.364636
13  SpiceJet       zero   4556.430950
14   Vistara        one  32353.149720
15   Vistara  two_or_more  18850.767996
16   Vistara       zero  16416.273587
```