



# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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## Worksheet 9

**Student Name:** Premdeep Singh  
**Branch:** CSE  
**Semester:** 5th  
**Subject Name:** ADBMS

**UID:** 23BCS11890  
**Section/Group:** KRG 2-A  
**Date of Performance:** 30/10/2025  
**Subject Code:** 23CSP-333

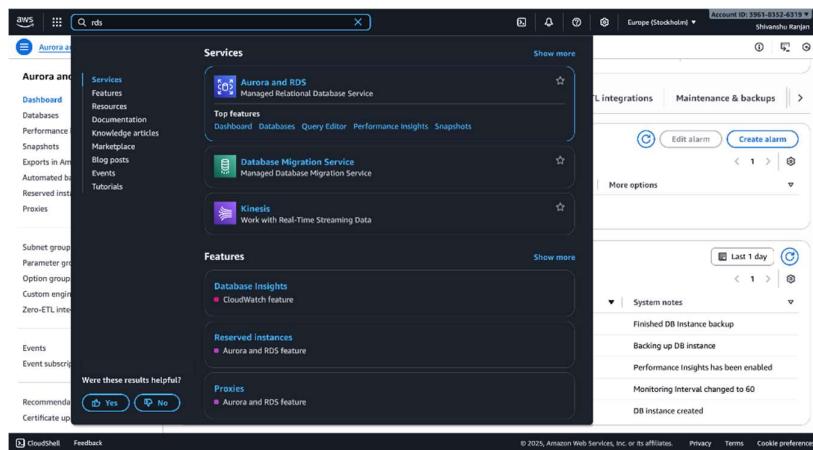
- Aim:** To understand and implement the setup of Amazon Relational Database Service (AWS RDS) by creating a database instance, configuring security groups, and establishing a secure connection between the local pgAdmin tool and the RDS instance hosted on the AWS Cloud.

### 2. Objective:

- To learn the basic concepts and features of Amazon Relational Database Service (AWS RDS).
- To create and configure a new RDS database instance on the AWS Management Console.
- To understand the role and configuration of security groups for controlling database access.
- To connect a local pgAdmin client to the AWS RDS instance securely using proper credentials and endpoint details.
- To verify successful database connectivity and perform basic operations through pgAdmin.

### 3. Code & Output:

#### 1. Sign-in





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## 2. Navigating to RDS Service

The screenshot shows the AWS Aurora and RDS service dashboard. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Databases, Performance insights, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, Zero-ETL integrations, Events, Event subscriptions, Recommendations (0), and Certificate update. The main content area is titled "Databases (0)" and features a search bar, a "Create database" button, and a placeholder message "No resources". A cartoon robot icon is positioned above the message. The top right corner shows account information: Account ID: 3961-8352-6319, Europe (Stockholm), and Shivanshu Ranjan.

## 3. Amazon RDS Dashboard Overview

The screenshot shows the Amazon RDS Dashboard. The left sidebar includes links for Dashboard, Databases, Performance insights, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, Zero-ETL integrations, Events, Event subscriptions, Recommendations (0), and Certificate update. The main content area is divided into sections: "Resources" (listing DB Instances (0/40), DB Clusters (0/40), Snapshots (0), and various parameter and option group counts), "Explore RDS" (with a "Start tutorial" button), "Create a database" (with a "Create a database" button), and "Recommended services" (which currently shows "No recommendations yet"). The top right corner displays account details: Account ID: 3961-8352-6319, Europe (Stockholm), and Shivanshu Ranjan.



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## 4. Creating a New Database Instance

The screenshot shows the 'Create database' step in the AWS RDS console. Under 'Choose a database creation method', 'Standard create' is selected. In the 'Configuration' section, 'PostgreSQL' is chosen from a list of engines: Aurora (MySQL Compatible), Aurora (PostgreSQL Compatible), MySQL, MariaDB, and Oracle. The PostgreSQL option is highlighted with a blue border and features a blue icon of a brain-like shape. The other options have grey icons. At the bottom, there are links for CloudShell, Feedback, and a copyright notice for 2025.

## 5. Selecting PostgreSQL as Database Engine

This screenshot shows the detailed configuration for a PostgreSQL database instance. It includes sections for 'DB instance identifier' (set to 'shivanshu-DB'), 'Master username' (set to 'postgres'), 'Credentials management' (with 'Self managed' selected), and 'Master password' and 'Confirm master password' fields. The 'Auto generate password' checkbox is unchecked. The 'Password strength' bar is at 'Neutral'. The bottom of the page includes standard AWS footer links for CloudShell, Feedback, and legal notices.



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## 6. Choosing Deployment Option and Template

VPC security group	default	Yes
Publicly accessible	No	Yes
Database port	5432	Yes
DB instance identifier	shivanshu-DB	Yes
DB engine version	17.4	Yes
DB parameter group	default.postgres17	Yes
Monitoring type	Database Insights - Standard	Yes
Performance insights	Enabled	Yes
Monitoring	Enabled	Yes
Maintenance	Auto minor version upgrade enabled	Yes
Delete protection	Not enabled	Yes

## 7. Configuring Database Settings (Name, Username, Password)

Creating database shivanshu-db  
Your database might take a few minutes to launch. You can use settings from shivanshu-db to simplify configuration of suggested database add-ons while we finish creating your DB for you.

DB identifier	Status	Role	Engine	Region ...	Size
shivanshu-db	Creating	Instance	PostgreSQL	-	db.t4g.micro



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## 8. Setting Up Instance Size and Storage

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. In the top navigation bar, the 'Dashboard' tab is selected. On the left, the Object Explorer shows three servers: PostgreSQL 17, PostgreSQL 18, and shivanshu-DB. A context menu is open over the 'shivanshu-DB' entry, with the 'Register' option highlighted. Other options in the menu include 'Create', 'Refresh...', 'Remove Server Group', 'Disconnect from all servers', and 'Properties...'. Below the menu, a tooltip for 'pyAUMIITI' is visible, which is a management tool for PostgreSQL. The main pane displays a brief about pgAdmin and quick links for documentation, the website, and community support.

## 9. Configuring Connectivity and VPC Settings

The screenshot shows the 'Register - Server' dialog box in pgAdmin 4. The 'General' tab is selected. The 'Name' field contains 'shivanshu-DB'. Under the 'Feature' section, there is a dropdown for 'Server group' set to 'Servers'. The 'Background' and 'Foreground' checkboxes are both unchecked. The 'Quick Link' section has a 'Connect now?' checkbox which is checked. The 'Getting Started' section includes links for PostgreSQL Documentation, pgAdmin Website, Planet PostgreSQL, and Community Support. At the bottom of the dialog are 'Close', 'Reset', and 'Save' buttons.



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## 10. Gr Setting Up Security Groups for RDS Access

The screenshot shows the 'Register - Server' dialog in the Object Explorer. The 'Connection' tab is active. The host name/address is 'shivanshu-db.czmn8oosyvih.eu-north-1.rds.amazonaws.com', port is 5432, and the database is 'postgres'. The username is 'postgres' and the password is masked. The 'Save password?' checkbox is unchecked. A red error message at the bottom states 'Unable to connect to server: connection timeout expired'.

## 11. Additional Database Configuration Options

The screenshot shows the 'Register - Server' dialog in the Object Explorer. The 'Connection' tab is active. The host name/address is 'shivanshu-db.czmn8oosyvih.eu-north-1.rds.amazonaws.com', port is 5432, and the database is 'postgres'. The username is 'postgres' and the password is masked. The 'Save password?' checkbox is checked. A red error message at the bottom states 'Unable to connect to server: connection timeout expired'.



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## 12. Reviewing and Creating the Database Instance

The screenshot shows the AWS RDS console for the 'shivanshu-db' database instance. The top navigation bar includes the AWS logo, a search bar, and account information (Account ID: 3961-8352-6319, Europe (Stockholm), Shivanshu Ranjan). The left sidebar has sections for Dashboard, Databases, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, Zero-ETL integrations, Events, Event subscriptions, Recommendations (0), and Certificate update. The main content area displays the 'Summary' tab for the 'shivanshu-db' instance, which is currently available. It shows metrics like CPU usage (21.27%), status (Available), role (Instance), engine (PostgreSQL), and region (eu-north-1a). Below the summary, tabs for Connectivity & security, Monitoring, Logs & events, Configuration, Zero-ETL integrations, Maintenance & backups, and Actions are visible. The 'Connectivity & security' tab is selected, showing details about the endpoint, port (5432), networking (VPC: vpc-086507ee77883ae1b, Availability Zone: eu-north-1a), and security (VPC security group: default, Publicly accessible: No, Certificate authority: rds-ca-rsa2048-g1, Certificate authority date: May 25, 2061, DB instance certificate expiration: N/A). The bottom of the page includes CloudShell, Feedback, and standard footer links.

## 13. RDS Instance Creation in Progress

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 Security Groups console for the 'sg-0b4c8dc4647072099 - default' security group. The top navigation bar includes the AWS logo, a search bar, and account information (Account ID: 3961-8352-6319, Europe (Stockholm), Shivanshu Ranjan). The left sidebar shows the EC2 and Security Groups sections. The main content area is titled 'Edit inbound rules' and shows two rules: one for 'All traffic' from 'Custom' source and another for 'PostgreSQL' from 'My IP' source (47.247.118.30/32). A third row is partially visible. At the bottom are buttons for 'Add rule', 'Cancel', 'Preview changes', and 'Save rules'.



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## 14. Viewing Database Instance Details

### ▼ Additional configuration

#### Public access

##### Publicly accessible

RDS assigns a public IP address to the database. Amazon EC2 instances and other resources outside of the VPC can connect to your database. Resources inside the VPC can also connect to the database. Choose one or more VPC security groups that specify which resources can connect to the database.

##### Not publicly accessible

No IP address is assigned to the DB instance. EC2 instances and devices outside the VPC can't connect.

#### Database port

Specify the TCP/IP port that the DB instance will use for application connections. The application connection string must specify the port number. The DB security group and your firewall must allow connections to the port. [Learn more](#)

5432

## 15. Copying the RDS Endpoint for Connection

### Connectivity & security

#### Endpoint & port

##### Endpoint

shivanshu-db.czr8oossyvih.eu-north-1.rds.amazonaws.com

##### Port

5432

#### Networking

##### Availability Zone

eu-north-1a

##### VPC

vpc-086507ee77883ae1b

##### Subnet group

default-vpc-086507ee77883ae1b

##### Subnets

subnet-0db6b45e321b7000a

subnet-087377db566f545dc

subnet-0bac42bdab1e990c5

##### Network type

IPv4

#### Security

##### VPC security groups

default (sg-0b4c8dc4647072099)

Active

##### Publicly accessible

Yes

##### Certificate authority [Info](#)

rds-ca-rsa2048-g1

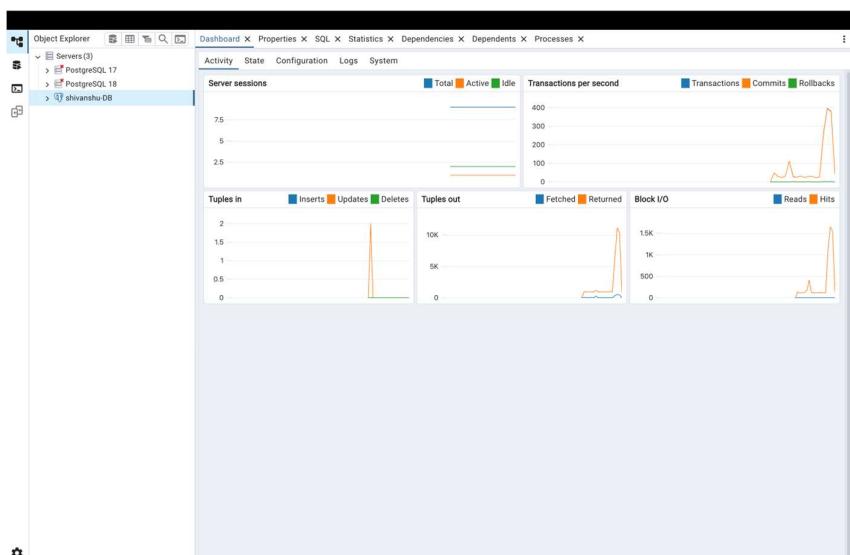
##### Certificate authority date

May 25, 2061, 03:29 (UTC+05:30)

##### DB instance certificate expiration date

October 30, 2026, 23:59 (UTC+05:30)

## 16. Launching pgAdmin on Local Machine

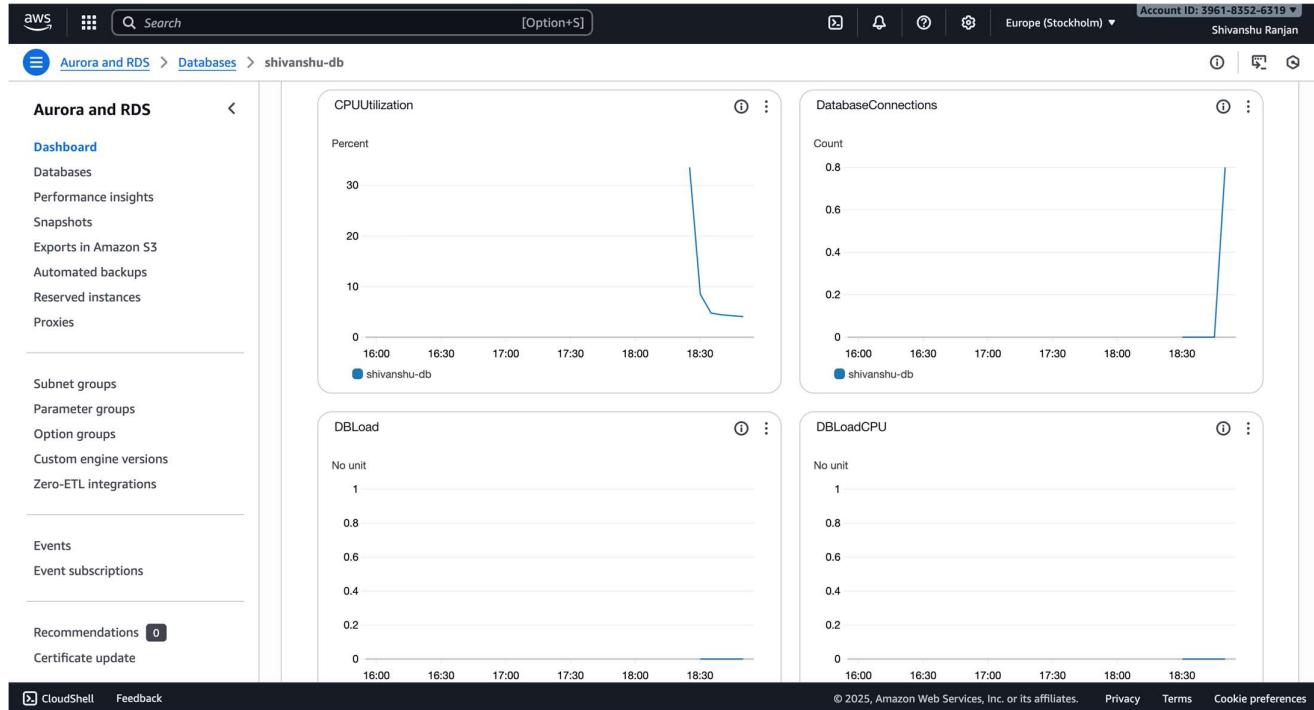




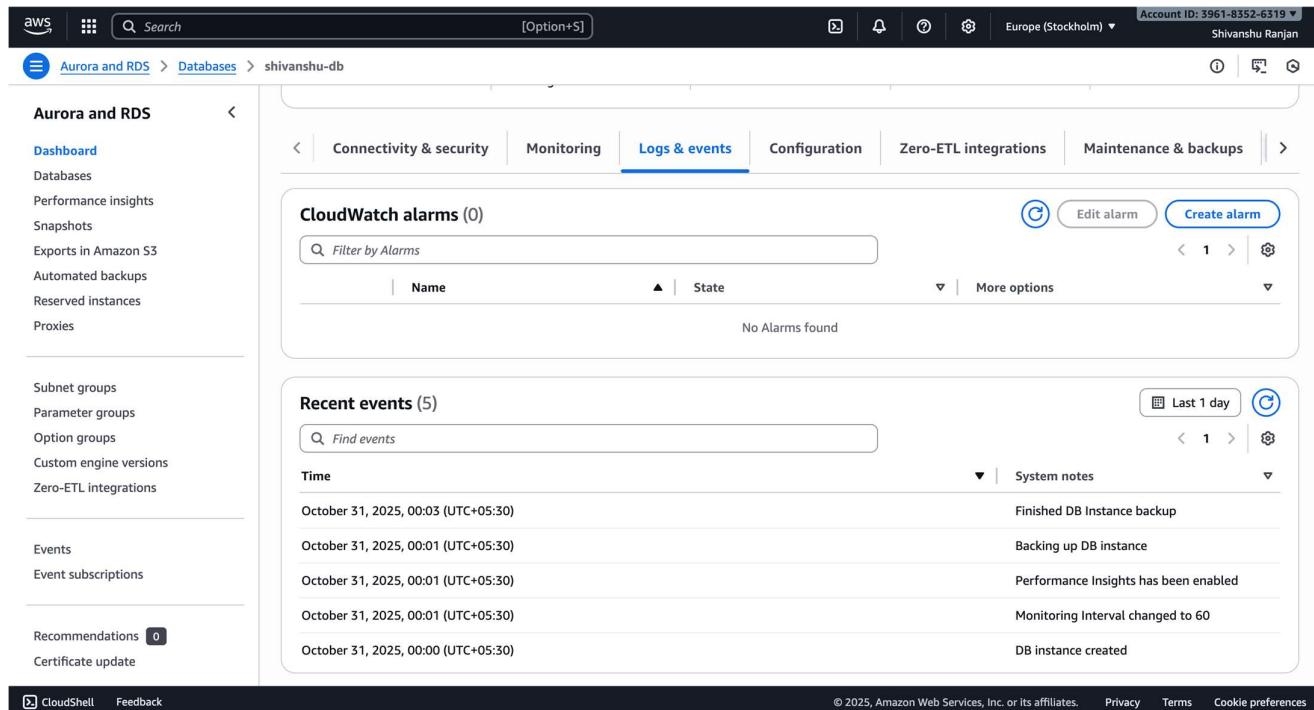
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## 17. Adding a New Server in pgAdmin



## 18. Entering Connection Details (Endpoint, Username, Password)





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## 19. Successful Connection to AWS RDS Database via pgAdmin

The screenshot shows the AWS RDS console interface. The left sidebar includes links for Dashboard, Databases (selected), Performance insights, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, Zero-ETL integrations, Events, Event subscriptions, Recommendations (0), and Certificate update. The main content area is titled "Deleting DB instance shivanshu-db". It shows a table with one row for "shivanshu-db". The columns are DB identifier, Status, Role, Engine, Region ..., and Size. The status is "Deleting". The table has headers for DB identifier, Status, Role, Engine, Region ..., and Size. The bottom right of the main area shows copyright information: "© 2025, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates." and links for Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences.

## 4. Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the fundamental concepts and benefits of using Amazon RDS for relational database management in the cloud.
- Gain practical knowledge of creating and configuring an RDS database instance on AWS.
- Learn how to manage and secure database access using AWS security groups.
- Develop skills to connect a local pgAdmin client to a cloud-hosted RDS instance.
- Be able to monitor, manage, and test database connectivity and performance in a cloud environment.