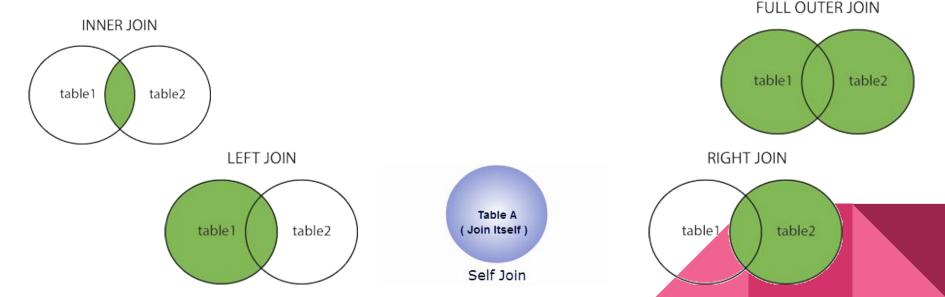
# SQL JOINS

By: L.M.Premitha



### What is Join?

 A <u>Join</u> clause is used to combine rows from two or more tables, based on a related column between them.

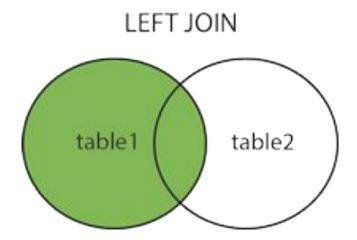


## What are the types of Joins?

- Left Join
- Right Join
- Inner Join
- Full Outer Join
- Self Join

## Left (Outer) Join

 Returns all records from the left table, and the matched records from the right table.

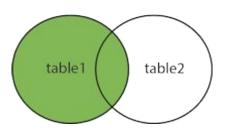


## Left Join

SELECT Orders.or\_id , Customers.cust-name From Orders **LEFT JOIN** Customers ON Orders.cust\_id = Customers.id

or_id	cust_name
601	abc
602	null
603	pqr

#### **LEFT JOIN**



#### **Customers**

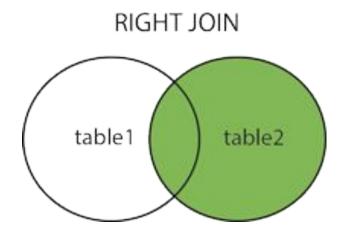
id	cust_name	designation
1	abc	A
2	pqr	В
3	mno	С

#### <u>Orders</u>

or_id	amount	cust_id
601	1000	1 📛
602	2000	4
603	1500	2

## Right (Outer) Join

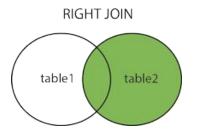
 Returns all records from the right table, and the matched records from the left table.



## Right Join

SELECT Orders.or\_id , Customers.cust-name From Orders **RIGHT JOIN** Customers ON Orders.cust\_id = Customers.id

or_id	cust_name
601	abc
603	pqr
null	mno



#### **Customers**

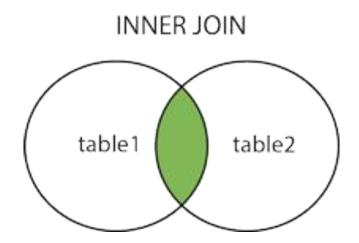
id	cust_name	designation
1	abc	A
2	pqr	В
3	mno	С

#### **Orders**

or_id	amount	cust_id
601	1000	1 📛
602	2000	4
603	1500	2

### Inner Joins

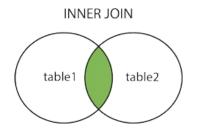
Returns records that have matching values in both tables.



## **Inner Join**

SELECT Orders.or\_id , Customers.cust-name From Orders **INNER JOIN** Customers ON Orders.cust\_id = Customers.id

or_id	cust_name
601	abc
603	pqr



#### **Customers**

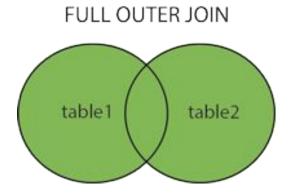
id	cust_name	designation
1	abc	A
2	pqr	В
3	mno	С

#### <u>Orders</u>

or_id	amount	cust_id
601	1000	1 📛
602	2000	4
603	1500	2

## Full (Outer) Join

 Returns all records from the left table, and the matched records from the right table.

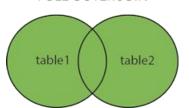


## Full (Outer)Join

SELECT Orders.or\_id , Customers.cust-name From Orders **FULL OUTER JOIN** Customers ON Orders.cust\_id = Customers.id

or_id	cust_name
601	abc
602	null
603	pqr
null	mno

**FULL OUTER JOIN** 



#### **Customers**

id	cust_name	designation
1	abc	A
2	pqr	В
3	mno	С

#### <u>Orders</u>

or_id	amount	cust_id
601	1000	1 📛
602	2000	4
603	1500	2

### Self Join

A self join is a regular join, but the table is joined with itself.



## Self Join

- One table considered as two tables.
- Join table to itself.
- SELECT DISTINCT E.name, From EMPLOYEE INNER JOIN Employee M ON E.emp\_id = M.manager\_id



### **Employee**

emp_id	name	manager_id	DOJ
121	abc	A	
321	pqr	В	
421	mno	С	

