

# Parul University

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## PIET\_Oracle DBMS\_Course

### PIET\_Oracle DBMS\_Session 10\_PAH

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 50  
Marks Obtained : 50

#### Section 1 : COD

##### 1. Problem Statement

Michael is developing a script to analyze employee performance. He needs to find the average performance score of a list of scores. The scores are given as a comma-separated string '80, 90, 85, 95, 88'. Write a PL/SQL block to calculate and display the average score.

##### **Answer**

##### oracle.sql

```
DECLARE
v_scores VARCHAR2(100) := '80, 90, 85, 95, 88';
v_avg_score NUMBER;
v_total NUMBER := 0;
v_count NUMBER := 0;
v_pos NUMBER := 1;
```

```

v_score NUMBER;
BEGIN
WHILE v_pos > 0 LOOP
  v_pos := INSTR(v_scores, ',');
  IF v_pos > 0 THEN
    v_score := TO_NUMBER(TRIM(SUBSTR(v_scores, 1, v_pos - 1)));
    v_scores := SUBSTR(v_scores, v_pos + 1);
  ELSE
    v_score := TO_NUMBER(v_scores);
  END IF;

  v_total := v_total + v_score;
  v_count := v_count + 1;

  EXIT WHEN v_pos = 0;
END LOOP;

v_avg_score := v_total / v_count;

```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

## 2. Problem Statement

Alice is developing a text processing script and needs to find the length of the longest word in the given sentence 'PL/SQL is a powerful language'. Write a PL/SQL block to find and display the length of the longest word in the sentence.

**Answer**

oracle.sql

```

DECLARE
v_sentence VARCHAR2(100) := 'PL/SQL is a powerful language';
v_longest_word VARCHAR2(100);
v_current_word VARCHAR2(100);
v_length NUMBER := 0;
v_max_length NUMBER := 0;
v_pos NUMBER := 1;
BEGIN
WHILE v_pos > 0 LOOP

```

```
v_pos := INSTR(v_sentence, ' ');
IF v_pos > 0 THEN
    v_current_word := SUBSTR(v_sentence, 1, v_pos - 1);
    v_sentence := SUBSTR(v_sentence, v_pos + 1);
ELSE
    v_current_word := v_sentence;
END IF;
```

```
IF LENGTH(v_current_word) > v_max_length THEN
    v_max_length := LENGTH(v_current_word);
END IF;
```

```
EXIT WHEN v_pos = 0;
END LOOP;
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

### 3. Problem Statement

David is developing a text analysis tool and needs to count the number of words in a given sentence. The sentence is processed by repeatedly finding the position of spaces using the INSTR function to determine word boundaries.

Your task is to write a PL/SQL block that counts the number of words in the sentence 'Hello World from Oracle' and outputs the total count.

**Answer**

oracle.sql

DECLARE

v\_string VARCHAR2(100) := 'Hello World from Oracle';

v\_word\_count NUMBER := 0;

v\_pos NUMBER := 1;

BEGIN

LOOP

v\_pos := INSTR(v\_string, ' ', v\_pos) + 1;

EXIT WHEN v\_pos = 1;

v\_word\_count := v\_word\_count + 1;

END LOOP;

v\_word\_count := v\_word\_count + 1;

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

Priya is participating in a coding competition and has been tasked with counting the number of vowels in a given string. For her current problem, she needs to analyze the string "Hello World". Priya must write a PL/SQL block to count the vowels in this string and output the result.

Your task is to help Priya by implementing a PL/SQL block that counts the vowels in the string "Hello World" using the functions INSTR and SUBSTR, and prints the count.

**Answer**

oracle.sql

DECLARE

v\_string VARCHAR2(100) := 'Hello World';

v\_vowel\_count NUMBER := 0;

BEGIN

FOR i IN 1..LENGTH(v\_string) LOOP

```
IF INSTR('AEIOUaeiou', SUBSTR(v_string, i, 1)) > 0 THEN
```

```
    v_vowel_count := v_vowel_count + 1;
```

```
END IF;
```

```
END LOOP;
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

## 5. Problem Statement

Arjun is checking whether a given string reads the same forward and backward. For his current task, he needs to test the string "madam". Arjun needs to write a PL/SQL block to reverse this string and determine if it is a palindrome.

Your task is to help Arjun to complete the task.

**Answer**

oracle.sql

```
DECLARE
```

```
    v_string VARCHAR2(100) := 'madam';
```

```
    v_reversed_string varchar2 (100) := '';
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    FOR i IN REVERSE 1..LENGTH(v_string) LOOP
```

```
        v_reversed_string := v_reversed_string || SUBSTR(v_string, i, 1);
```

```
    END LOOP;
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10