

**PARUL UNIVERSITY**  
**FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**  
**Diploma Engineering, Sample Paper -2**

Semester:1

Subject Code:

Subject Name: (Mathematics I)

Paper-2

Date: (dd/mm/yyyy)

Time: (2hr: 30min)

Total Marks: 60

**Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. English version is considered to be Authentic.

<b>Q.1</b>	<b>Answer any Nine out of twelve. (2 Marks Each)</b>	<b>(18)</b>
	1. Solve: $\frac{x^2}{(x+5)(x^2+7)} = \frac{?}{(x^2+7)} + \frac{?}{(x+5)}$	
	2. Solve: $\log_6 2 + \log_6 3 =$	
	3. Solve: $1024^{\log_2 5} =$	
	4. Convert radian to degree form: (i) $\frac{4\pi}{5} =$ (ii) $7\pi =$	
	5. Solve: (i) $\operatorname{cosec}(3\pi - \theta) =$ (ii) $\cos(270^\circ + \alpha) =$	
	6. If $Z = -4 + \sqrt{2}i$ then find the value of $Z + \bar{Z}$ and $Z - \bar{Z}$ .	
	7. If $Z = 3 - 2i$ then find value of $ Z $ .	
	8. Find invers: $Z = 2 - 3i$	
	9. If $f(x) = \sin(x)$ then find $f(\frac{3\pi}{2} - x)$	
	10. If $f(x) = e^x$ then find $f(0)$	
	11. Find limit: $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} (1 + n)^{1/n}$	
	12. Solve: $e^{\log x}$	
<b>Q.2</b>	A) Solve: $\frac{1}{(x+1)(x-3)}$	<b>(03)</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
	A) If $\tan \theta = -\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{3\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$ , then find the other T-ratio.	<b>(03)</b>
	B) Solve: $\frac{x^2}{(x-1)^2(x+2)}$	<b>(03)</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
	B) Prove that $2 \log\left(\frac{6}{7}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(\frac{81}{61}\right) - \log\left(\frac{27}{196}\right) = \log 12$	<b>(03)</b>
	C) If $z_1 = -5 + 4i$ and $z_2 = 6 - 2i$ then find $ z_1 + z_2 $ .	<b>(04)</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
	C) If $\log(x+3) + \log(x-3) = \log(27)$ then find the value of 'x'.	<b>(04)</b>
	D) Solve: $z = \frac{1-i}{2+i}$ .	<b>(04)</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
	D) Draw the graph $y = \sin x$ then $-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ .	<b>(04)</b>
<b>Q.3</b>	A) Prove that: $\frac{1}{\log_{bc} p} + \frac{1}{\log_{ca} p} + \frac{1}{\log_{ab} p} = 2 \log_p abc$ .	<b>(03)</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
	A) If $f(x) = \log x$ then find (i) $f(xy) = f(x) + f(y)$ .	<b>(03)</b>

	(ii) $f\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = f(x) - f(y).$	
	B) Solve: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3^{4x} - 1}{x}$	(03)
	OR	
	B) If $f(x) = \sin x$ then find $f(x) + f(\pi + x) = 0$	(03)
	C) If $y = e^x - x^e + e^e - \log x$ then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .	(04)
	OR	
	C) Solve: $\frac{\cos 5\theta + i \sin 5\theta}{\cos 2\theta - i \sin 2\theta}$ .	(04)
	D) If $z_1 = 2 - i$ and $z_2 = -2 + 1i$ then find $ z_1 * z_2 $	(04)
	OR	
	D) Solve: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 8x + 7}{7x^2 - 6x - 1}$ .	(04)
Q.4	A) Prove that: $\frac{1}{\log_2 30} + \frac{1}{\log_3 30} + \frac{1}{\log_5 30} = 1$	(03)
	B) If $y = e^x * \log x$	(03)
	C) If $f(x) = \log\left(\frac{x-1}{x}\right)$ then prove that, $f(x) + f(-x) = f(x^2)$ .	(04)
	D) Solve: $z = 2 - 3i$ then find $ z + \bar{z} $ and $z \cdot \bar{z}$	(04)