

## Selection Sort And Merge Sort

① Selection Sort

→ Algorithm: sel\_sort (a[0...n-1])

// Sort a given array by selection sort

// Input: An array a[0...n-1] of orderable elements

// Output: Array a[0...n-1] sort in ascending order

for i ← 0 to n-2 do

    small\_pos ← i

    for j ← i+1 to n-1 do

        if a[j] < a[small\_pos]

            small\_pos ← j

    end if

    end for

    swap a[i] and a[small\_pos]

end for

→ Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <time.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
void selection_sort(int n, int a[]);
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a[15000], n, i, j, ds, temp;
```

```
    clock_t start, end;
```

```
    while (1)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("\n1: for manual entry of N value  
and array elements");  
printf("\n2: To display time taken for sorting  
number of elements N in the  
range 500 to 14500");  
printf("\n3 Enter your choice:");  
scanf("%d", &ch);
```

```
switch (ch)  
{
```

case 1:

```
printf("\n Enter no. of elements:");  
scanf("%d", &n);  
printf("\n Enter array elements:");  
for (i=0; i < n; i++)  
{
```

```
scanf("%d", &a[i]);  
}
```

```
start = clock();
```

```
selSort(a, n);
```

```
end = clock();
```

```
printf("\n sorted array is:");
```

```
for (i=0; i < n; i++)  
{
```

```
printf("%d\t", a[i]);  
}
```

```
printf("\n Time taken to sort
```

```
%d number is %f sec\n",
```

```
n, ((double)(end-start))/  
CLOCKS_PER_SEC);
```

```
break;
```



case 2 :

```
n = 500;  
while (n <= 14500)  
{  
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)  
    {  
        a[i] = rand() % 1000;  
    }  
    start = clock();  
    selection_sort(n, a);  
    for (j=0; j<50000; j++)  
    {  
        temp = 38/600;  
    }  
    end = clock();  
    printf ("Time taken to sort  
    %d numbers is %f \n", n,  
    ((double)(end - start)) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC);  
    n += 1000;  
}  
break;
```

case 3 :

```
exit(0);  
break;
```

default :

```
printf ("Invalid choice. Please try again\n");
```

```
getchar();  
return 0;
```

```
void selectionSort(int n, int a[])
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, j, t, small, pos;
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n-1; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
        pos = i;
```

```
        small = a[i];
```

```
        for (j = i+1; j < n; j++)
```

```
{
```

```
            if (a[j] < small)
```

```
{
```

```
                small = a[j];
```

```
                pos = j;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
    t = a[pos];
```

```
    a[pos] = a[i];
```

```
    a[i] = t;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

30/5/24

②

## Merge Sort

Algorithm - combine ( $a[0 \dots n-1]$ , low, mid, high) $i \leftarrow \text{low}$  $j \leftarrow \text{mid} + 1$  $k \leftarrow \text{low}$ while  $i \leq \text{mid}$  and  $j \leq \text{high}$   
doif  $a[i] < a[j]$  $c[k] \leftarrow a[i]$  $k \leftarrow k + 1$  $i \leftarrow i + 1$ 

else

 $c[k] \leftarrow a[j]$  $k \leftarrow k + 1$  $j \leftarrow j + 1$ 

end if

end while

if  $i > \text{mid}$ while  $j \leq \text{high}$ 

do

 $c[k] \leftarrow a[j]$  $k \leftarrow k + 1$  $j \leftarrow j + 1$ 

end while

end if

if  $j > \text{high}$ while  $i \leq \text{mid}$  do $c[k] \leftarrow a[i]$  $k \leftarrow k + 1$  $i \leftarrow i + 1$ 

end while

end if



```

if j > high
    while i <= mid do
        c[k] ← a[i]
        k ← k+1
        i ← i+1
    end while
end if

```

```

if j > high
    while i <= mid do
        c[k] ← a[i]
        k ← k+1
        i ← i+1
    end while
end if

```

```

for i ← low to high
do
    a[i] ← c[i]
end for

```

Algorithm : split (a[0...n-1], low, high)

```

if low < high
    mid ← (low + high) / 2
    split (a, low, mid)
    split (a, mid+1, high)
    combine (a, low, mid, high)
end if

```

Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
void split (int [], int, int);
void combine (int [], int, int, int);
void main()
{
```

```
    int a [15000], n, i, j, ch, temp;
    clock_t start, end;
```

```
    while (1)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf ("Enter number of N values and  
array elements");
```

```
        printf ("\n2: To display have taken for  
sorting number of elements  
N in the range 500 to  
14500");
```

```
        printf ("\n3 To exit");
```

```
        printf ("\n Enter your choice: ");
```

```
        scanf ("%d", &ch);
```

```
        switch (ch)
```

```
        {
```

```
            case 1: printf ("\n Enter the no.  
no. of elements: ");
```

```
                    scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
                    printf ("\n Enter array elements");
```

```
                    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
                    {
```



```

    start = clock();
    split(a, 0, n-1);
    end = clock();
    printf("\n sorted array is: ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d\t", a[i]);
    printf("\n Time taken to sort %d numbers is\n\n %d Secs", n, ((double)(end - start) / (CLOCKS_PER_SEC)));
    break;

```

case 2:

```

    n = 500;
    while (n <= 14500)
    {
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            a[i] = rand() % 1000;
        }
        start = clock();
        selfsort(a);
        for (j = 0; j < 500000; j++)
        {
            temp = 38 / 600;
        }
        end = clock();
        printf("\n Time taken to sort %d\n\n numbers is %d Secs\n\n", n, ((double)(end - start) / (CLOCKS_PER_SEC)));
        n += 1000;
    }

```



case 3:

exit(0);

break;

default;

printf("Invalid choice. Please try again");

4

getchar();

4

return 0;

void ~~display~~ split (int a[], int low, int high)

{

int mid;

if (low < high)

{

mid = (low + high) / 2;

split(a, low, mid);

split(a, mid + 1, high);

combine(a, low, mid, high);

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void combine (int a[], int low, int mid, int high)

{

int c[10000], i, j, k;

i = k = low;

j = mid + 1;

while (i <= mid && j <= high)

{

if (a[i] < a[j])

{

cl[k] = a[i];

++k;

++i;

}

else

{

cl[k] = a[j];

++k;

++j;

}

}

if (i > mid)

{

while (j <= high)

{

cl[k] = a[j];

++k;

++j;

}

}

if (j > high)

{

while (i <= mid)

{

cl[k] = a[i];

++k;

++i;

}

}

for (i = low; i <= high; i++)

{

a[i] = cl[i];

}

}