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SAP 10: 60004230127

COURSE: COMPUTER NETWORK

Suppose a packet has a total length of 500 bytes, including the IP header and a payload length of 450 bytes. The version of IP address protocol is IPV4, & the header length is 20 bytes. Calculate the value of the following listed. fields in the IP header:

a) Total length

The total length is 500 bytes, so we need
to convert this to hexadecimal notation Exfill the Total Length field, which is a 16 bit field located at offset 2 in the 1P header.

Total length = 0xDIF4 (500 in decimal)

b) Identification

It is a 16 bit field used to identify different 1P datagrams that belong to the same packet. In this case we can dibose any value of 1234 in decimal & convert it to hexadeumal notation to fill in the tield.

Identification = 0x04D2 (1234 in decimal)

Kundaram

of TTL

It specifies the maximum no. of hops that a

packet can take before it is discarded.

Let's choose a value of 64

TTL = 69 (decimal) = 0×40 (hexadecimal)

Suppose a TCP padet has a source port no.

of \$500 and a destination port no. of 80.

The sequence no. is 1000, & the auknowledgement no. is 2000. The window size is

1000 bytes & the TCP header length is

24 bytes: Calculate the value of the

following fields in the TCP header:

a) Cheucsum

Source port: 5500

Destination pont: 80

Sequence no.: 1000

Ack NO: 2000

Data offset: 24

Reserve : 0

Plays: 000000

wire si window size: 1000

5500+ 0050+ 03 E8+ 0700+ 0600+ 0000+ 0000+0000+ 5002+03EB+0000+ 0000=108E we need to take ones complement of this sum,

: Checksum will be 6291



- 192.0.2.1 domain
 - TTL value is TTL is 300 sec.
 - (3) Primary DNS is NSI. Example. com