GNU/Linux

Slackware Software Packaging: How and Where To Start

How many of you are aware of the steps in creating Slackware packages

Pritvi Jheengut

13 March 2015

- 1 Introduction
- 2 What is a Package?
- 3 Preparation For Building
- 4 Building The Source Code
- 5 Creating The Package
- 6 The End

- 1 Introduction

GNU/Linux

Shell

- Some basic shell programming skills

Shell

- Some basic shell programming skills
- GNU Coreutils

Prerequisites The Shell and Coreutils

GNU/Linux

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GNU Coreutils

- mkdir



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GNU Coreutils

- mkdir
- cat
- Is

- tar
- cp/mv/install
- wget/curl
- chmod/chown
- mktemp/mkdir
- strip
- autotools/make/cmake/python/perl/ruby/
- find/xargs/grep

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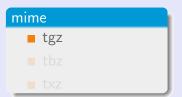
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GNU/Linux

Compression Utility gzip bzip2 xz/Izma





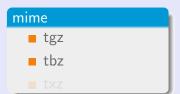
GNU/Linux

Compression Utility

gzip

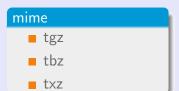
bzip2

xz/lzma



Compression Utility

gzip bzip2 xz/Izma



- pkgtool The Package Manager

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- http://tukaani.org/pkgtools/ an old forked version
- installpkg
- removepkg
- upgradepkg
- explodepkg
- makepkg The Package Creator/Maker
- slackbuild scripting

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- 2 What is a Package?

GNU/Linux

A Package

Definition: An archive format with/out instructions used for the installation of files on a system

Example

■ t?z ■ deb

mime

SlackwareDebianRed Hat



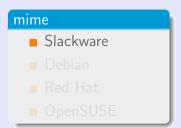
Definition of a package A Slacker's goal to world domination

GNU/Linux

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Definition of a package A Slacker's goal to world domination

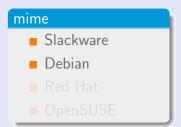
Slackware

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Definition of a package A Slacker's goal to world domination



GNU/Linux

A Package

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Example

- t?z
- deb
- rpm

mime

- Slackware
- Debian
- Red Hat
- OpenSUSE

Package Manager

A package manager is a collection of software tools that

- install
- upgrade
- configure
- remove
- performs other related jobs
- on software packages for a Linux Distribution.

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- 3 Preparation For Building

GNU/Linux

mktmp cd /tmp/\$"The_Temporary_File_Just_Created"



Prepare The Build Directory Sanitize The Build Directory

GNU/Linux

mktmp cd /tmp/\$"The_Temporary_File_Just_Created"

mktmp

Create temporary files/directories that are predictable, safe and to avoid possible race conditions.

GNU//Limux

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Create temporary files/directories that are predictable, safe and to avoid possible race conditions.

/tmp

The /tmp directory is assumed to cleaned regularly, sometimes assumed a tmpfs is mount over tmp $\,$

The source code is often extracted into /tmp directly.



Prepare The Build Directory Putting The Source Code in /tmp

GNU/Linux

Copy The Source Code

Copy the source code archive into the tmp dir

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cp \${old path}/\${source code archive}



Prepare The Build Directory Putting The Source Code in /tmp

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Download The Source Code

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Or Download the source code archive into the tmp dir

```
wget/curl
protocol://url/${source code archive}
```



Extracting the source code into The Build Directory

GNU/Linux

$$/tmp \xrightarrow{D} \$PKG \xrightarrow{D} build$$



Populating The Build Directory Extracting the source code into The Build Directory

Extracting The Source Code

This step is optional

$$/tmp \longrightarrow \$PKG \longrightarrow build$$

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Extracting The Source Code

Extract files into the 'mktmp'/tmp directory

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Extracting The Source Code

Extract files into the 'mktmp'/tmp directory

tar -xvvf ../"\${source_code_archive}"

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- 4 Building The Source Code



GNU/Linux

pre-configuration

Rarely is pre-configuration performed.

Example

autotools

- aclocal
- autoconf
- automake

configuration

Most of the times configuration is needed.

- ./configure
- cmake
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 - amake



GNU//Limux

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Configuration of the source code Sacking

Pre-Configuration and Configuration

GNU/Limux

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GNU/Linux

Building the Source Code

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- perl Makefile.pl
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- python setup.py build

A Summary

A summary of the job done

Pre − Configuration → Configuration → Building

- 5 Creating The Package



The Creation of a Package Populating the package directory

Installation of Package Files in tmp directory

The package files are installed in a directory using the PKG = TMP/package - PRGNAM shell path parameter.

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```
make install DESTDIR=$PKG
python setup.py install — root=$PKG
gem install — install — dir $PKG/$DESTDIR
```

Pre — Configuration — Suilding — Install

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python setup.py install —-root=$PKG
gem install —-install —dir $PKG/$DESTDIR
```

Pre — Configuration — » Configuration — » Building — » Install

The Creation of a Package Performing the usual Slackware Business

GNU/Linux

stripping of binaries

After installation of object files/binaries, they need to be stripped off of unnecessary symbols.

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GNU/Linux

strip and the rest

stripping is one of a few more steps in making a more acceptable package, others include compressing the man and info pages, removing excess data and adding documentation

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GNU/Linux

\$PKG/install directory

An extra install directory exist in all Slackware Packages. This folder normally contains two files.

- slack-desc: This contains a summary and full description of the package.
- doinst.sh: contains instructions for the post installation stage, most of the time linking of files.

 $PKG \xrightarrow{D} install \xrightarrow{F} slack - desc$ fOtherDir doinst.sh



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GNU/Linux

\$PKG/install directory

Copy the slack-desc and a custom doinst.sh if necessary into ./install

GN(U//Limux

\$PKG/install directory

Copy the slack-desc and a custom doinst.sh if necessary into ./install

```
mkdir -p $PKG/install

cat $CWD/slack-desc > \
$PKG/install/slack-desc

cat $CWD/doinst.sh > \
$PKG/install/doinst.sh
```



The Creation of a Package Using makepkg

GNU/Linux

Makepkg

makepkg creates a Slackware compatible package. The package is constructed using the contents of the current directory and all sub directories.

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makepkg creates a Slackware compatible package. The package is constructed using the contents of the current directory and all sub directories.

> cd \$PKG makepkg \$PRGNAM.tgz

GNU/Linux

Example

makepkg options

- option -l :: add any symbolic links found to the install script (doinst.sh) and delete them.
- option -c :: makepkg will reset all directory permissions to 755 and ownership to root:root

The Creation of a Package makepkg options

GNU/Linux

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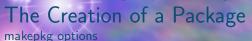
Makepkg

with makepkg full options

```
\label{lem:condition} $$ - I y \\ - c n \\ / tmp/$PRGNAM-$VERSION-$ARCH-$BUILD$TAG.tgz
```

Package

This is it, your package is ready and waiting for you in /tmp.



GNW/Linux

Makepkg

with makepkg full options

```
/sbin/makepkg \
-I y \
-c n \
/tmp/$PRGNAM—$VERSION—$ARCH—$BUILD$TAG.tgz
```

Package

This is it, your package is ready and waiting for you in /tmp.

Slackbuilds

Want to Automate your package building, then the only sane way is maintaining a script that we commonly call slackbuild script. All the steps above are entered into a script and tada, its done.

#!/bin/bash
PKG=/tmp/package-\$PRGNAM
rm -rf \$PKG
mkdir -p \$TMP \$PKG
cd /tmp
rm -rf \$PRGNAM-\$VERSION

Slackbuilds

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```
#!/bin/bash
PKG=/tmp/package-$PRGNAM
rm -rf $PKG
mkdir -p $TMP $PKG
cd /tmp
rm -rf $PRGNAM-$VERSION
```

```
tar xvf $CWD/$PRGNAM—$VERSION.tar.gz
cd $PRGNAM-$VERSION
chown —R root:root...
./configure
make
make install DESTDIR=$PKG
find ... | xargs strip ...
mkdir —p $PKG/install
cat $CWD/slack-desc > $PKG/install/slack-des
cat $CWD/doinst.sh > $PKG/install/doinst.sh
cd $PKG
/sbin/makepkg /tmp/$PRGNAM.tgz
```



GNU/Linux

slackbuilds.org

Templates can be found at http://slackbuilds.org/templates

- 6 The End



Goal A Slacker's goal to world domination

GNU/Linux

- slack the hard way



A Slacker's goal to world domination

GNU/Linux

- slack the hard way
- sip some beer

- slack the hard way
- sip some beer
- Take over the world



Goal A Slacker's goal to world domination

GNU/Linux

- slack the hard way
- sip some beer
- Take over the world
- Relax...



If you want to improve this style

GNU/Linux

LaTeX Beamer

http://latex-beamer.sourceforge.net/

KDE Presentations

http://www.kde.org/kdeslides/

My Prezz at Github

https://github.com/Bluetailedgecko/ Slackware-Software-Packaging-Presentation

GNU/Linux

Questions?

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