INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

DATA SHEET

74AHC139; 74AHCT139 Dual 2-to-4 line decoder/demultiplexer

Product specification File under Integrated Circuits, IC06 1999 Sep 01





Dual 2-to-4 line decoder/demultiplexer

74AHC139; 74AHCT139

FEATURES

- ESD protection: HBM EIA/JESD22-A114-A exceeds 2000 V MM EIA/JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V CDM EIA/JESD22-C101 exceeds 1000 V
- · Balanced propagation delays
- · All inputs have Schmitt trigger actions
- Inputs accept voltages higher than V_{CC}
- For AHC only: operates with CMOS input levels
- For AHCT only: operates with TTL input levels
- Specified from -40 to +85 °C and -40 to +125 °C.

DESCRIPTION

The 74AHC/AHCT139 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with low power Schottky TTL (LSTTL). They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74AHC/AHCT139 are high-speed, dual 2-to-4 line decoder/demultiplexers.

This device has two independent decoders, each accepting two binary weighted inputs (nA_0 and nA_1) and providing four mutually exclusive active LOW outputs ($n\overline{Y}_0$ to $n\overline{Y}_3$). Each decoder has an active LOW enable input ($n\overline{E}$). When $n\overline{E}$ is HIGH, every output is forced HIGH. The enable input can be used as the data input for a 1-to-4 demultiplexer application.

The '139' is identical to the HEF4556 of the HE4000B family.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Ground = 0 V; $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$; $t_r = t_f \le 3.0 \, \text{ns}$.

CVMDOL	DADAMETED	CONDITIONS	TYP	LINUT	
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	AHC	AHCT	UNIT
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}; V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$			
	nA_n to $n\overline{Y}_n$		3.9	4.7	ns
	$n\overline{E}$ to $n\overline{Y}_n$		3.4	3.6	ns
Cı	input capacitance	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	3.0	3.0	pF
Co	output capacitance		4.0	4.0	pF
C _{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	C _L = 50 pF; f = 1 MHz; notes 1 and 2	25.76	22.36	pF

Notes

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$$
 where:

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

 $\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0) = \text{sum of outputs};$

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in Volts.

2. The condition is $V_I = GND$ to V_{CC} .

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FUNCTION TABLE

See note 1.

	INPUTS			OUTPUTS					
nΕ	nA ₀	nA ₁	n₹₀	n₹₁	n₹₂	n₹₃			
Н	Х	Х	Н	Н	Н	Н			
L	L	L	L	Н	Н	Н			
L	Н	L	Н	L	Н	Н			
L	L	Н	Н	Н	L	Н			
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	L			

Note

1. H = HIGH voltage level;

L = LOW voltage level;

X = don't care.

ORDERING INFORMATION

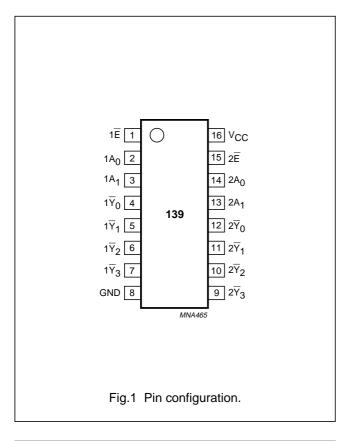
OUTSIDE NORTH	NORTH AMERICA	PACKAGES						
AMERICA	NORTH AWERICA	PINS	PACKAGE	MATERIAL	CODE			
74AHC139D	74AHC139D	16	SO	plastic	SOT109-1			
74AHC139PW	74AHC139PW DH	16	TSSOP	plastic	SOT403-1			
74AHCT139D	74AHCT139D	16	SO	plastic	SOT109-1			
74AHCT139PW	74AHCT139PW DH	16	TSSOP	plastic	SOT403-1			

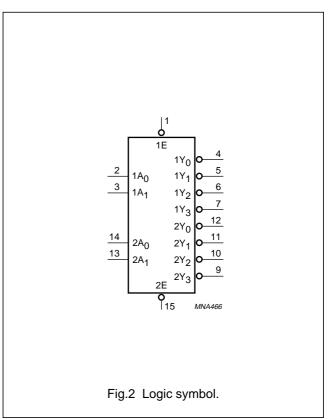
PINNING

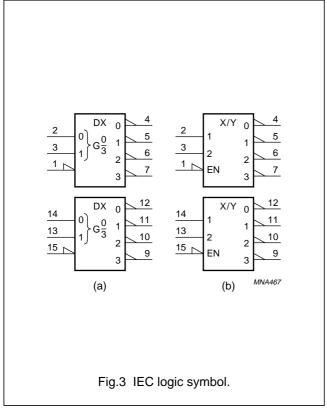
PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1 and 15	1E and 2E	enable inputs (active LOW)
2 and 3	1A ₀ and 1A ₁	address inputs
4, 5, 6 and 7	$1\overline{Y}_0$, $1\overline{Y}_1$, \overline{Y}_2 and $1\overline{Y}_3$	outputs (active LOW)
8	GND	ground (0 V)
9, 10, 11 and 12	$2\overline{Y}_3$, $2\overline{Y}_2$, $2\overline{Y}_1$ and $2\overline{Y}_0$	outputs (active LOW)
13 and 14	2A ₁ and 2A ₀	address inputs
16	V _{CC}	DC supply voltage

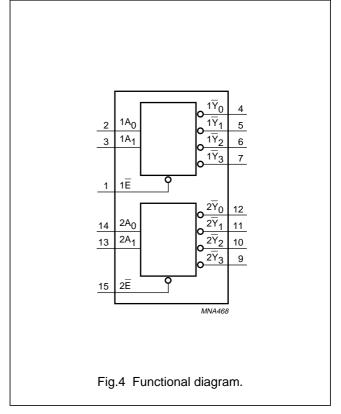
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Dual 2-to-4 line decoder/demultiplexer

74AHC139; 74AHCT139

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	74AHC			7	UNIT		
STWIBOL	MIDGE TAXAMETER CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNII
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		2.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
VI	input voltage		0	_	5.5	0	_	5.5	V
Vo	output voltage		0	_	V _{CC}	0	_	V _{CC}	V
T _{amb}	operating ambient	see DC and AC	-40	+25	+85	-40	+25	+85	°C
	temperature	characteristics per device	-40	+25	+125	-40	+25	+125	°C
$t_r, t_f (\Delta t/\Delta f)$	input rise and fall ratio	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	_	_	100	_	_	_	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 5 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	_	20	_	_	20	

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134); voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5	+7.0	V
VI	input voltage		-0.5	+7.0	V
I _{IK}	DC input diode current	V _I < -0.5 V; note 1	_	-20	mA
lok	DC output diode current	$V_O < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_O > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}; \text{ note 1}$	_	±20	mA
Io	DC output source or sink current	$-0.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{O}} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	±25	mA
I _{CC}	DC V _{CC} or GND current		_	±75	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _D	power dissipation per package	for temperature range: –40 to +125 °C; note 2	_	500	mW

Notes

- 1. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- 2. For SO package: above 70 °C the value of P_D derates linearly with 8 mW/K. For TSSOP package: above 60 °C the value of P_D derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K.

Dual 2-to-4 line decoder/demultiplexer

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DC CHARACTERISTICS

Family 74AHC

Over recommended operating conditions; voltage are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

		TEST CONDIT	IONS			Т	amb (°(C)			
SYMBOL	PARAMETER				25		-40 t	o +85	-40 t	o +125	UNIT
		OTHER	V _{CC} (V)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input		2.0	1.5	_	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	V
	voltage		3.0	2.1	_	_	2.1	_	2.1	_	
			5.5	3.85	_	_	3.85	_	3.85	_	
V _{IL}	LOW-level input		2.0	_	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	V
	voltage		3.0	_	_	0.9	_	0.9	_	0.9	
			5.5	_	_	1.65	_	1.65	_	1.65	
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ;	2.0	1.9	2.0	_	1.9	_	1.9	_	V
	voltage; all outputs	$I_{O} = -50 \mu\text{A}$	3.0	2.9	3.0	_	2.9	_	2.9	_	
	outputs		4.5	4.4	4.5	_	4.4	_	4.4	_	
	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -4.0 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.58	_	_	2.48	_	2.40	_	V
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -8.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	3.94	_	_	3.8	_	3.70	_	
V _{OL}	LOW-level output	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$	2.0	_	0	0.1	_	0.1	_	0.1	V
	voltage; all	$I_O = 50 \mu A$	3.0	_	0	0.1	_	0.1	_	0.1	
	outputs		4.5	_	0	0.1	_	0.1	_	0.1	
	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}$	3.0	_	_	0.36	_	0.44	_	0.55	V
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 8.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	_	_	0.36	_	0.44	_	0.55	
Iı	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.5	_	_	0.1	_	1.0	_	2.0	μΑ
I _{OZ}	3-state output OFF current	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $V_O = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$	5.5	_	_	±0.25	_	±2.5	_	±10.0	μΑ
I _{CC}	quiescent supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$	5.5	_	_	4.0	_	40	_	80	μΑ
C _I	input capacitance		_	_	3	10	_	10	_	10	pF

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Family 74AHCT

Over recommended operating conditions; voltage are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

		TEST CONDI	TIONS			7	「amb (°	C)			
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	OTUED	V 00		25		-40 t	to +85	-40 to +125		UNIT
		OTHER	ER V _{CC} (V)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		4.5 to 5.5	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	2.0	_	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		4.5 to 5.5	_	_	0.8	_	0.8	_	0.8	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage; all outputs	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -50 \mu\text{A}$	4.5	4.4	4.5	_	4.4	_	4.4	_	V
	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -8.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	3.94	_	_	3.8	_	3.70	_	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage; all outputs	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 50 \mu\text{A}$	4.5	_	0	0.1	_	0.1	_	0.1	V
	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 8.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	_	_	0.36	_	0.44	_	0.55	V
II	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	5.5	_	_	0.1	_	1.0	_	2.0	μΑ
l _{oz}	3-state output OFF current	$\begin{aligned} &V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};\\ &V_{O} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}\\ &\text{per input pin;}\\ &\text{other inputs at}\\ &V_{CC} \text{ or GND;}\\ &I_{O} = 0 \end{aligned}$	5.5	_	_	±0.25	-	±2.5	_	±10.0	μΑ
I _{CC}	quiescent supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$	5.5	_	_	4.0	_	40	_	80	μΑ
Δl _{CC}	additional quiescent supply current per input pin	$V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V};$ other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $I_O = 0$	4.5 to 5.5	_	_	1.35	_	1.5	_	1.5	mA
C _I	input capacitance		_	_	3	10	-	10	_	10	pF

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AC CHARACTERISTICS

Type 74AHC139

Ground = 0 V; $t_r = t_f \le 3.0$ ns.

		TEST CONDITION	ONS	T _{amb} (°C)							
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORMS C		25			-40 to +85		-40 to +125		UNIT
		WAVEFORWIS	CL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
$V_{CC} = 3.0$	to 3.6 V; note 1										
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay nA_n to $n\overline{Y}_n$	see Figs 5 and 7	15 pF	_	5.5	11.0	1.0	13.0	1.0	14.0	ns
	propagation delay $n\overline{E}$ to $n\overline{Y}_n$	see Figs 6 and 7		_	4.8	9.2	1.0	11.0	1.0	11.5	ns
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{propagation delay} \\ \text{nA}_{\text{n}} \text{ to } \text{n} \overline{Y}_{\text{n}} \end{array}$	see Figs 5 and 7	50 pF	_	7.9	14.5	1.0	16.5	1.0	18.5	ns
	propagation delay $n\overline{E}$ to $n\overline{Y}_n$	see Figs 6 and 7		_	6.9	12.7	1.0	14.5	1.0	16.0	ns
V _{CC} = 4.5	to 5.5 V; note 2										
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay nA_n to $n\overline{Y}_n$	see Figs 5 and 7	15 pF	_	3.9	7.2	1.0	8.5	1.0	9.0	ns
	propagation delay $n\overline{E}$ to $n\overline{Y}_n$	see Figs 6 and 7		_	3.4	6.3	1.0	7.5	1.0	8.0	ns
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{propagation delay} \\ \text{nA}_{\text{n}} \text{ to } \text{n} \overline{Y}_{\text{n}} \end{array}$	see Figs 5 and 7	50 pF	_	5.6	9.2	1.0	10.5	1.0	11.5	ns
	propagation delay $n\overline{E}$ to $n\overline{Y}_n$	see Figs 6 and 7		_	4.9	8.3	1.0	9.5	1.0	10.5	ns

Notes

- 1. Typical values at V_{CC} = 3.3 V.
- 2. Typical values at $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$.

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Type 74AHCT139

Ground = 0 V; $t_r = t_f \le 3.0$ ns.

		TEST CONDITIONS		T _{amb} (°C)							
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORMS	_	25			-40 t	to +85	-40 to +125		UNIT
		WAVEFORMS	CL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
V _{CC} = 4.5 to 5.5 V; note 1											
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay nA_n to $n\overline{Y}_n$	see Figs 5 and 7	15 pF	_	4.7	7.2	1.0	8.5	1.0	9.0	ns
	propagation delay $n\overline{E}$ to $n\overline{Y}_n$	see Figs 6 and 7		_	3.6	6.3	1.0	7.5	1.0	8.0	ns
	propagation delay nA_n to $n\overline{Y}_n$	see Figs 5 and 7	50 pF	_	6.5	9.2	1.0	10.5	1.0	11.5	ns
	propagation delay $n\overline{E}$ to $n\overline{Y}_n$	see Figs 6 and 7		_	5.2	8.3	1.0	9.5	1.0	10.5	ns

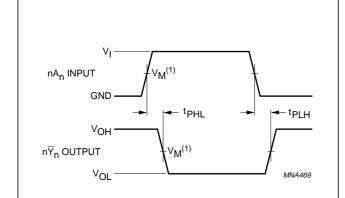
Note

1. Typical values at $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$.

Dual 2-to-4 line decoder/demultiplexer

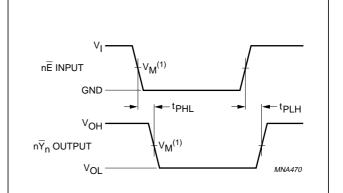
74AHC139; 74AHCT139

AC WAVEFORMS



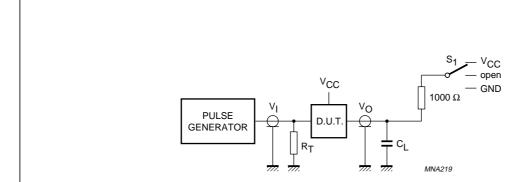
FAMILY	V _I INPUT REQUIREMENTS	V _M INPUT	V _M OUTPUT
AHC	GND to V _{CC}	50% V _{CC}	50% V _{CC}
AHCT	GND to 3.0 V	1.5 V	50% V _{CC}

Fig.5 The address input (nA_n) to output $(n\overline{Y}_n)$ propagation delays.



FAMILY	V _I INPUT REQUIREMENTS	V _M INPUT	V _M OUTPUT	
AHC	GND to V _{CC}	50% V _{CC}	50% V _{CC}	
AHCT	GND to 3.0 V	1.5 V	50% V _{CC}	

Fig.6 The enable input $(n\overline{E})$ to output $(n\overline{Y}_n)$ propagation delays.



TEST	S ₁		
t _{PLH} /t _{PHL}	open		
t _{PLZ} /t _{PZL}	V _{CC}		
t _{PHZ} /t _{PZH}	GND		

Definitions for test circuit:

 C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance. (See Chapter "AC characteristics" for values).

 $R_{T}\!=\!$ Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_{0} of the pulse generator.

Fig.7 Load circuitry for switching times.

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0.028

0.012

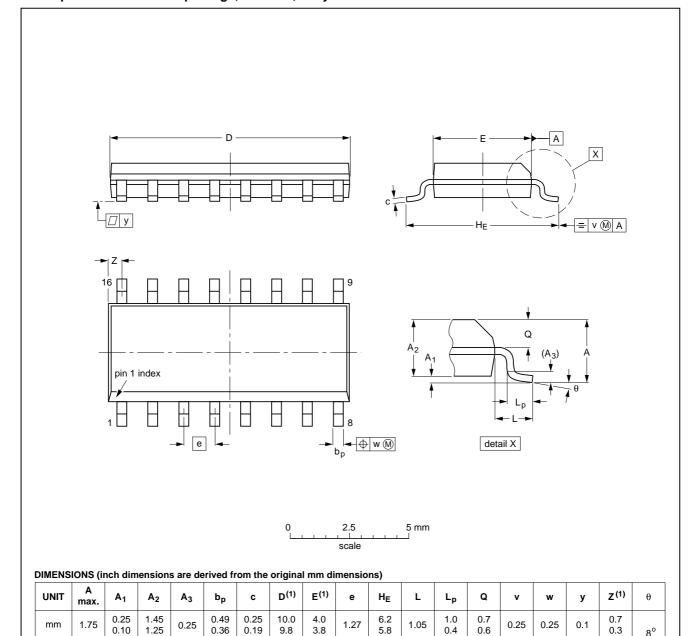
0.004

0.01

PACKAGE OUTLINES

SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1



Note

inches

0.069

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

0.01

0.019

0.014

0.057

0.049

0.010

0.004

0.0100 0.0075

0.39

0.38

0.16

0.15

OUTLINE	REFERENCES			EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE	
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT109-1	076E07S	MS-012AC				95-01-23 97-05-22

0.050

0.244

0.228

0.041

0.039

0.016

0.028

0.020

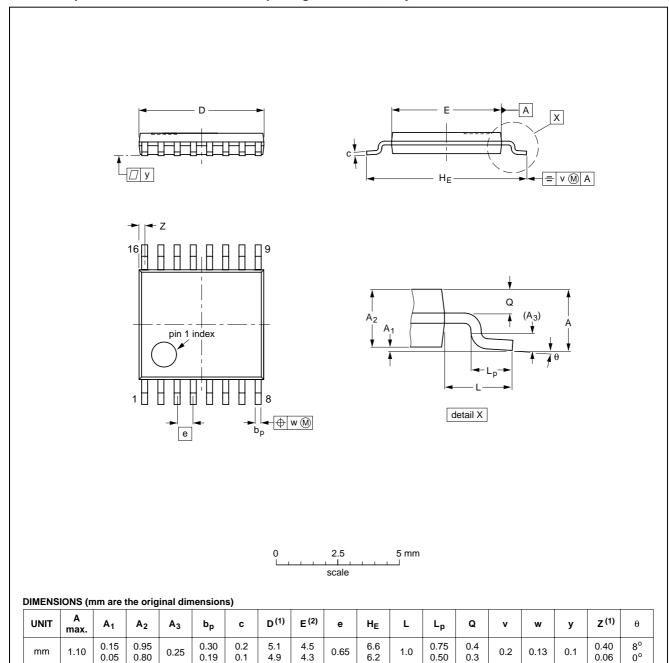
0.01

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TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1



. . .

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE	REFERENCES			EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE	
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT403-1		MO-153				94-07-12 95-04-04

Dual 2-to-4 line decoder/demultiplexer

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SOLDERING

Introduction to soldering surface mount packages

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our "Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages" (document order number 9398 652 90011).

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all surface mount IC packages. Wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mount ICs, or for printed-circuit boards with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several methods exist for reflowing; for example, infrared/convection heating in a conveyor type oven. Throughput times (preheating, soldering and cooling) vary between 100 and 200 seconds depending on heating method.

Typical reflow peak temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C. The top-surface temperature of the packages should preferable be kept below 230 °C.

Wave soldering

Conventional single wave soldering is not recommended for surface mount devices (SMDs) or printed-circuit boards with a high component density, as solder bridging and non-wetting can present major problems.

To overcome these problems the double-wave soldering method was specifically developed.

If wave soldering is used the following conditions must be observed for optimal results:

- Use a double-wave soldering method comprising a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave.
- For packages with leads on two sides and a pitch (e):
 - larger than or equal to 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis is preferred to be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board;
 - smaller than 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis must be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

The footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

 For packages with leads on four sides, the footprint must be placed at a 45° angle to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board. The footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 $^{\circ}$ C. A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

Manual soldering

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use a low voltage (24 V or less) soldering iron applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C.

When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 $^{\circ}$ C.

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Suitability of surface mount IC packages for wave and reflow soldering methods

PACKAGE	SOLDERING METHOD		
PACKAGE	WAVE	REFLOW ⁽¹⁾	
BGA, SQFP	not suitable	suitable	
HLQFP, HSQFP, HSOP, HTQFP, HTSSOP, SMS	not suitable ⁽²⁾	suitable	
PLCC ⁽³⁾ , SO, SOJ	suitable	suitable	
LQFP, QFP, TQFP	not recommended ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	suitable	
SSOP, TSSOP, VSO	not recommended ⁽⁵⁾	suitable	

Notes

- 1. All surface mount (SMD) packages are moisture sensitive. Depending upon the moisture content, the maximum temperature (with respect to time) and body size of the package, there is a risk that internal or external package cracks may occur due to vaporization of the moisture in them (the so called popcorn effect). For details, refer to the Drypack information in the "Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages; Section: Packing Methods".
- 2. These packages are not suitable for wave soldering as a solder joint between the printed-circuit board and heatsink (at bottom version) can not be achieved, and as solder may stick to the heatsink (on top version).
- 3. If wave soldering is considered, then the package must be placed at a 45° angle to the solder wave direction. The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.
- 4. Wave soldering is only suitable for LQFP, TQFP and QFP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.8 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.65 mm.
- 5. Wave soldering is only suitable for SSOP and TSSOP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.65 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.5 mm.

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status			
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.		
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.		
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.		
Limiting values			
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.			

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

Dual 2-to-4 line decoder/demultiplexer

74AHC139; 74AHCT139

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