

Math 343 - Lab 5

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Question 1

a)

To estimate value of $(\tau\beta)_{22}$, first must observe that $\bar{y}_{22} = \frac{100+85.9}{2} = 92.95$. $\bar{y}_{2.} = 85.9$. $\bar{y}_{.2} = 100$.
 $\bar{y}_{...} = \frac{100+79.2+85.9+83.9}{4} = 87.25$.

Therefore: $(\hat{\tau}\beta)_{22} = 92.95 - 85.9 - 100 + 87.25 = -5.7$

b)

First we note the following:

$$\hat{\mu}_{11} = 83.9$$

$$\hat{\mu}_{12} = 85.9$$

$$\hat{\mu}_{22} = 100$$

$$\hat{\mu}_{21} = 79.2$$

The main effect of source of protien (A) is:

$$\frac{79.2+100}{2} - \frac{83.9+85.9}{2} = 4.7$$

The main effect of amount of protien (B) is:

$$\frac{85.9+100}{2} - \frac{83.9+100}{2} = 1$$

The interaction effect of the two sources is:

$$\frac{100+83.9}{2} - \frac{79.2+85.9}{2} = 9.4$$

c)

Analysis of Variance

Source	DF	Adj SS	Adj MS	F-Value	P-Value
Source	1	220.9	220.9	0.99	0.327
Amount	1	1299.6	1299.6	5.81	0.021
Source*Amount	1	883.6	883.6	3.95	0.054
Error	36	8049.4	223.6		
Total	39	10453.5			

Figure 1: The ANOVA table from Minitab.

$\alpha = 0.10$, for each following test.

Test of Significance of Main Effects of Factor A: $H_0: \tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$

H_a : At least one τ_i is different.

Since the p-value = $0.327 > \alpha$, we can conclude the following. There is not enough statistical evidence to support the hypothesis that at least one τ_i is different.

Test of Significance of Main Effects of Factor B: $H_0: \beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$

H_a : At least one β_i is different.

Since the p-value = $0.021 < \alpha$, we can conclude the following. There is enough statistical evidence to support the hypothesis that at least one β_i is different.

Test of Significance of Main Effects of Factor B: $H_0: (\tau\beta)_{11} = (\tau\beta)_{12} = (\tau\beta)_{22} = (\tau\beta)_{21} = 0$

H_a : At least one $(\tau\beta)_{ij}$ is different.

Since the p-value = $0.054 < \alpha$, we can conclude the following. There is enough statistical evidence to support the hypothesis that at least one $(\tau\beta)_{ij}$ is different.

d)

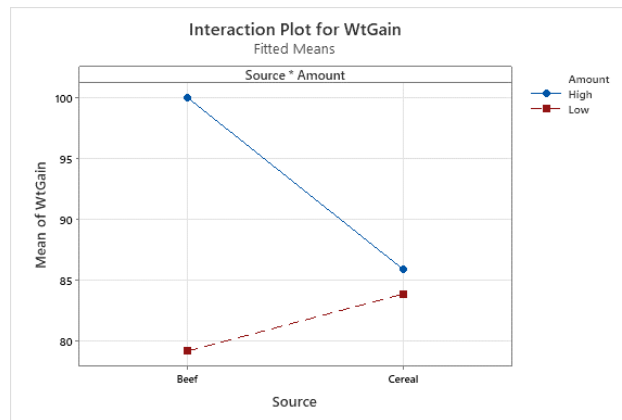


Figure 2: Interaction plot from Minitab.

i.

Yes. Since the lines are not relatively parallel there appears to be interaction.

ii.

Effect of source of protein from graph ~ 4.5 . This does support my previous answer.

iii.

Effect of source of protein at the “low” level ~ 4.7 . This does support my previous answer.

iv.

I would choose source: beef, and Level: high to increase the weight gain in rats.

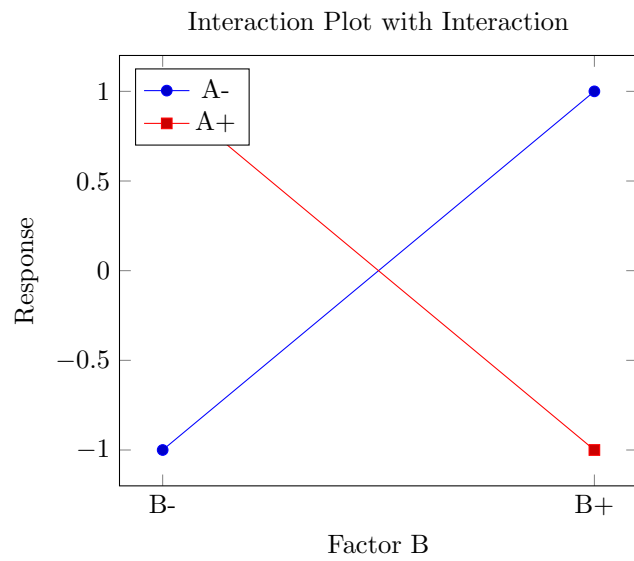
e)

The confidence interval formula is: $\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..} \pm q_{\alpha, a, df_{error}} \sqrt{\frac{MSE}{b \cdot n}}$

The 95% C.I. for the mean weight gain corresponding to high protein diet is: $\bar{y}_{2..} - \bar{y}_{1..} \pm q_{0.05, 2, 1} \sqrt{\frac{MSE}{2 \cdot 10}}$
 $100 - 85.9 \pm 3.67 \sqrt{\frac{223.6}{20}} \quad 14.1 \pm 12.27$

Question 2

a)



b)

