

## CS 4750 Assignment 4

Aleksander Schultz (aps4yi), Kevin Bapat (kb7pcr), Justin Kaplan (jrk5ak)

### PART 1

1.

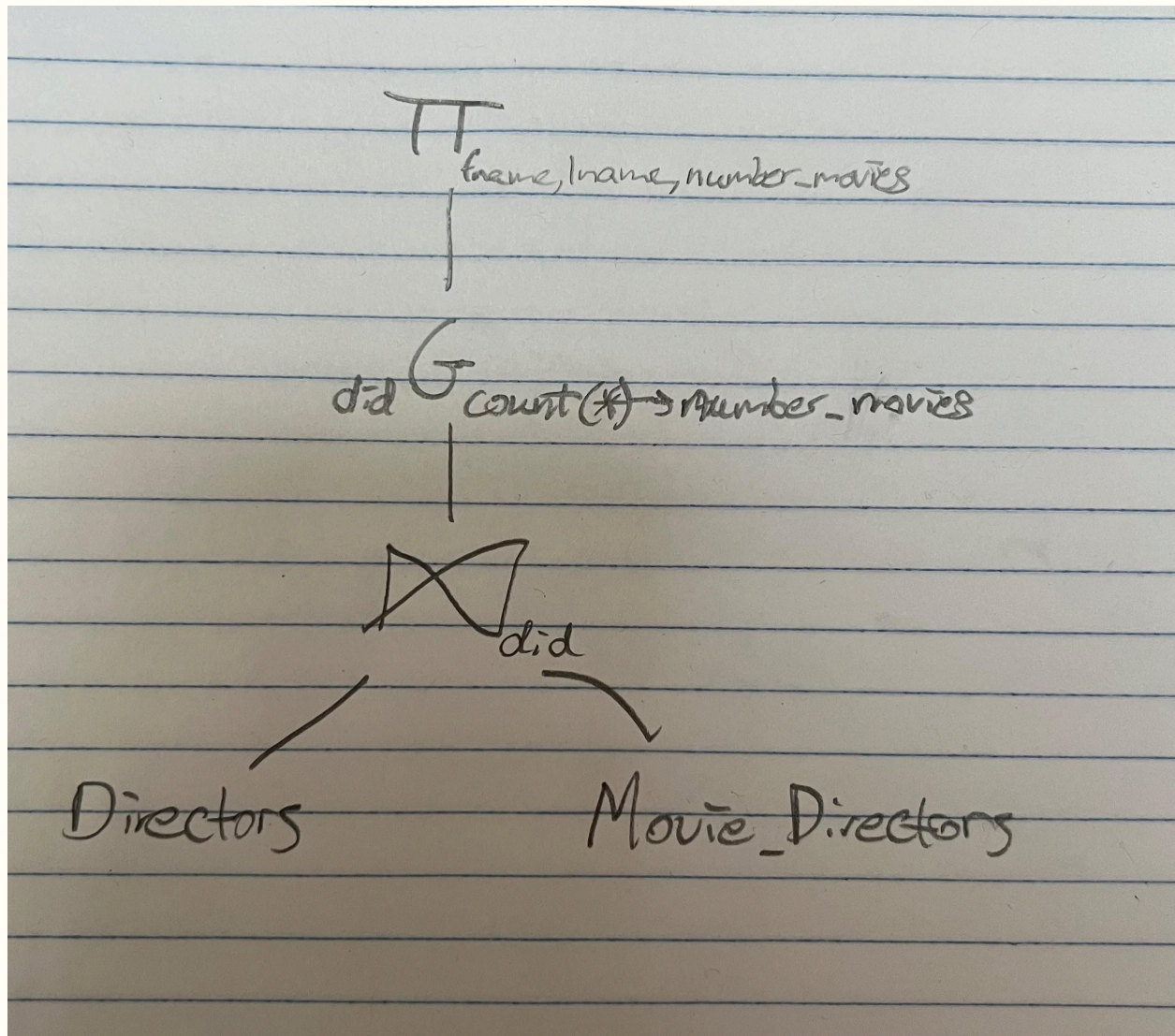
1.  $\pi_{\text{sname, email}} (\sigma_{\text{cID}='CS4750'} (\text{Student} \bowtie \text{Grades}))$
2.  $\pi_{\text{sID}} (\text{Student}) - (\pi_{\text{sID}} (\sigma_{\text{grade}='D'} (\text{Grades})))$
3.  $\pi_{\text{cID, cname}} (\text{Course} \bowtie (\rho_{\text{instructorCount}} (\pi_{\text{cID}}, \text{count}(\text{insID}) (\text{Course})) \bowtie \text{instructorCount} > 1))$
4.  $\pi_{\text{cID, cname}} (\sigma_{\text{num\_ins} \geq 2} (\text{count} (*) \rightarrow \text{num\_ins} G_{\text{cID}} (\pi_{\text{cID, cname}} (\text{Course}) \bowtie \pi_{\text{cID, insID}} (\text{Course}))))$
5.  $\pi_{\text{sID, sname}} (\text{Student}) \cup \pi_{\text{insID, iname}} (\text{Instructor})$

2.

1.  $\pi_{\text{sname}} ((\pi_{\text{sid}} (\pi_{\text{pid}} (\sigma_{\text{color}='red'} (\text{Part}))) \bowtie_{\text{Catalog.pid=Part.pid}} \text{Catalog})) \bowtie_{\text{Supplier.sid=Catalog.sid}} \text{Supplier})$
2.  $\pi_{\text{sid}} ((\sigma_{\text{color}='red'} (\text{Part})) \bowtie_{\text{Catalog.pid=Part.pid}} \text{Catalog}) - \pi_{\text{sid}} (\sigma_{\text{color} \neq 'red'} (\text{Catalog} \bowtie_{\text{Part.pid=Catalog.pid}} \text{Part})))$
3.  $(\pi_{\text{sid, pid}} (\text{Catalog})) \div (\pi_{\text{pid}} (\sigma_{\text{cost} < 20} (\text{Catalog})))$

### PART 2

1.  $\pi_{\text{fname, lname, number\_movies}} (\text{did} G_{\text{count} (*) \rightarrow \text{number\_movies}} (\text{Directors} \bowtie_{\text{Directors.did=Movie\_Directors.did}} \text{Movie\_Directors}))$
2. The following is the RA tree:



Next, we can estimate the number of queries.

We know we can compute the number of queries after the join as  $T(\text{Directors}) * T(\text{Movie\_Directors}) / \max\{V(\text{Directors}, \text{did}), V(\text{Movie\_Directors}, \text{did})\} = 480 * 600 / \max(480, 450) = 288000 / 480 = 600$ .

However, this doesn't matter because next, we are grouping by did, of which we know there are 450 distinct values ( $V(\text{Movie\_directors}, \text{did}) = 450$ ). Thus, there are **450** expected output tuples.

3. The range of number\_movies is hard to estimate without knowing more about the table and the distribution of movies. The minimum value is 1, because a director must direct at least 1 movie to appear in the joined table. The theoretical maximum for number\_movies would occur if 449 of the directors directed exactly 1 movie, and the 450th director directed all the other  $600 - 449 = 151$  movies. In this case, the range is **1 to 151**.