1 Формулы

$$l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi) + l_2 \cdot \cos\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{e_1 - l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi)}{l_2}\right)\right) = x(\phi)$$
 (1)

ТООО: разобраться, как называется этот график в питоне и техе

$$l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi_n) + l_2 \cdot \cos\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{e_1 - l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi_n)}{l_2}\right)\right) = x_{c_1}$$
 (2)

$$0.02 \cdot \cos(\pi) + 0.035 \cdot \cos\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{0.25 \cdot 0.02 - 0.02 \cdot \sin(\pi)}{0.035}\right)\right) =$$

$$= -0.02 + 0.035 \cdot 0.0285714 = 0.014641 = x_{c_1} \quad (3)$$

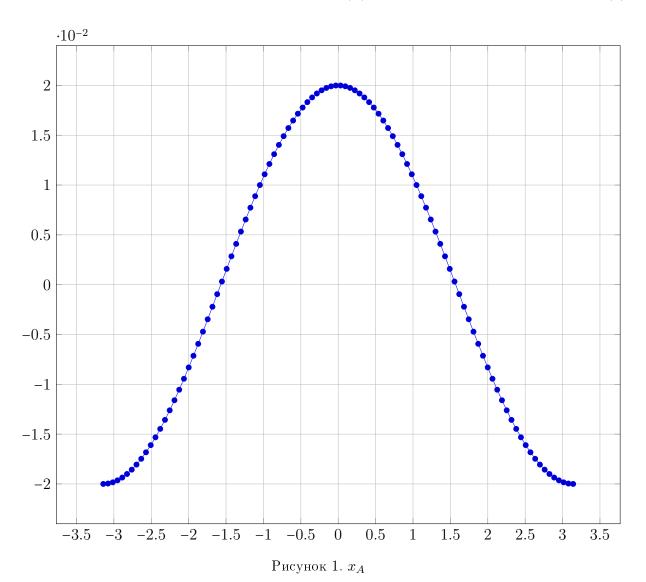
$$y_{c_1} = 0 \tag{4}$$

$$l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi_k) + l_2 \cdot \cos\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{e_1 - l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi_k)}{l_2}\right)\right) = x_{c_2}$$
 (5)

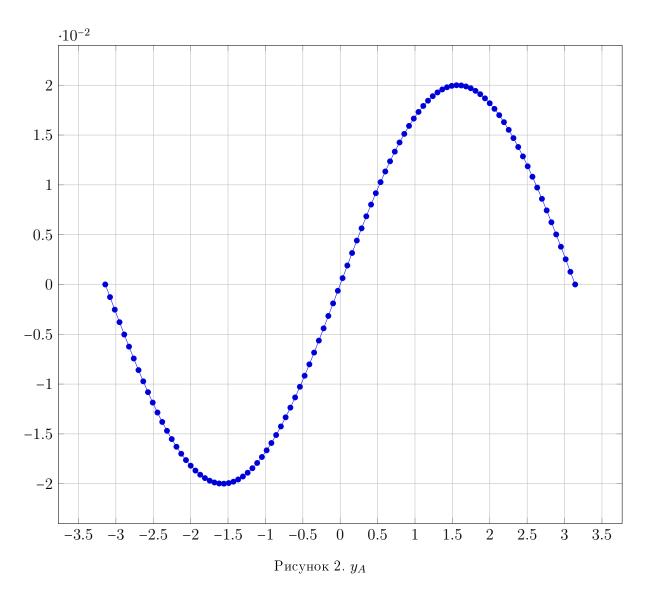
$$y_{c_2} = 0 \tag{6}$$

Координаты A:



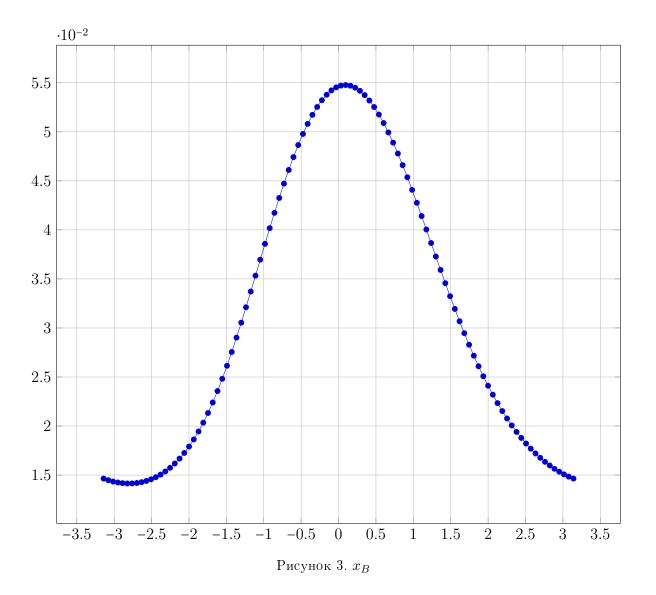




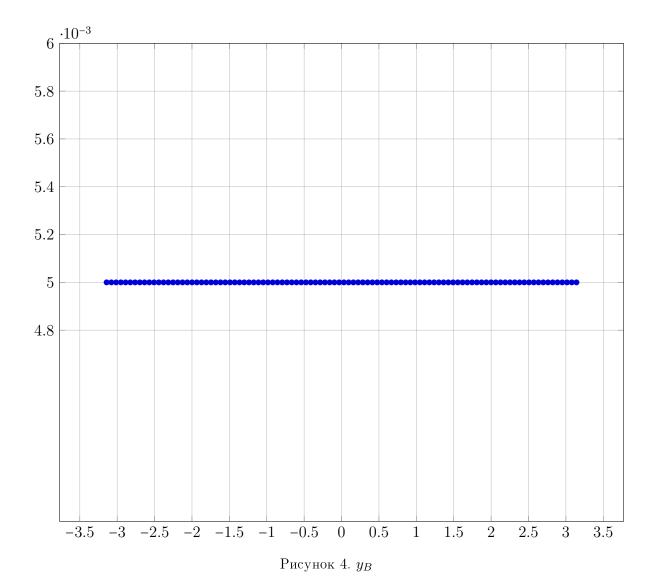


Changed

$$x_B = l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi_n) + \sqrt{l_2^2 - (l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi_n) - e_1)^2} = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{3}}{50} \approx 0.014641$$
 (9)



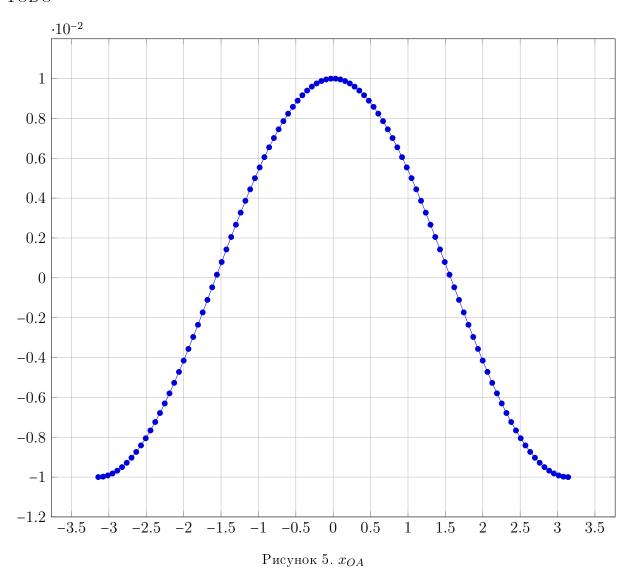
$$y_B = e_1 = 0.005 \tag{10}$$



Середина первого звена OA: TODO

$$x_{OA} = \frac{x_O + x_A}{2} = \frac{0 + l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi)}{2} = \frac{l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi)}{2}$$
 (11)

TODO



$$y_{OA} = \frac{y_O + y_A}{2} = \frac{0 + l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi)}{2} = \frac{l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi)}{2}$$
 (12)

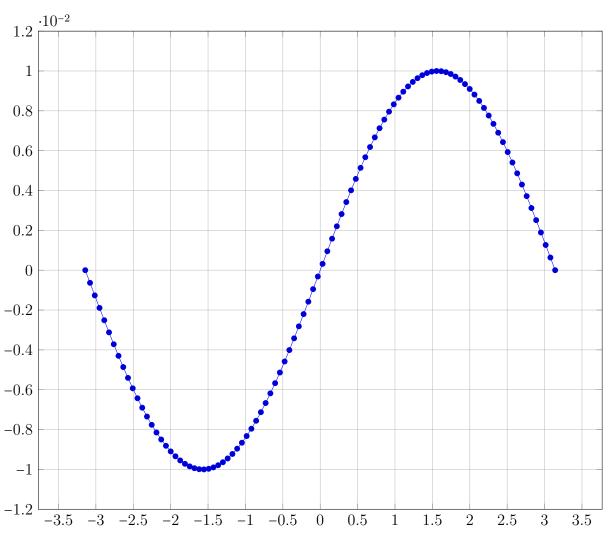


Рисунок 6. y_{OA}

Середина второго звена AB: OLD

$$x_{AB} = \frac{l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi) + l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi) + l_2 \cdot \cos\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{e_1 - l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi)}{l_2}\right)\right)}{2} = \frac{2 \cdot l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi) + l_2 \cdot \cos\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{e_1 - l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi)}{l_2}\right)\right)}{2}$$
(13)

NEW

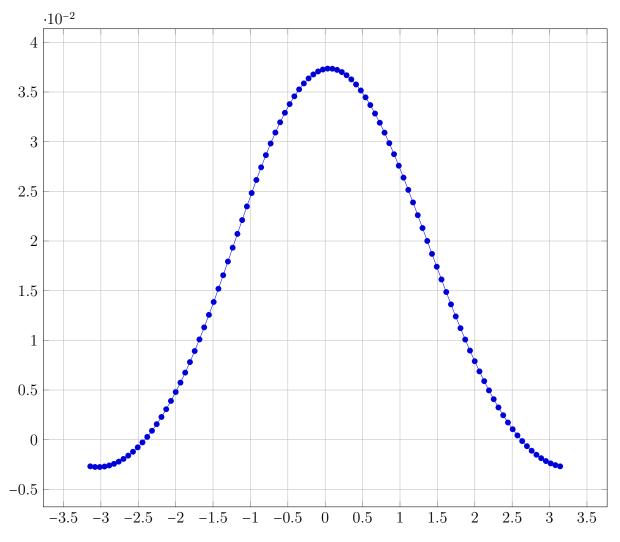


Рисунок 7. x_{AB}

$$y_{AB} = \frac{y_A + y_{c_1}}{2} = \frac{l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi) + 0}{2} = \frac{l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi)}{2}$$
 (14)

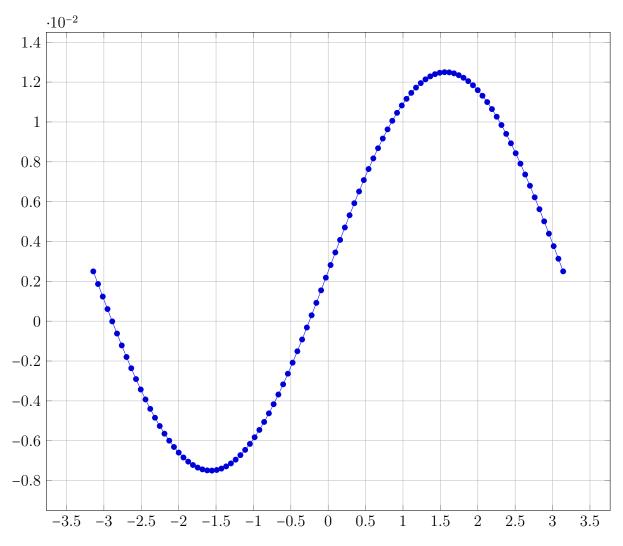
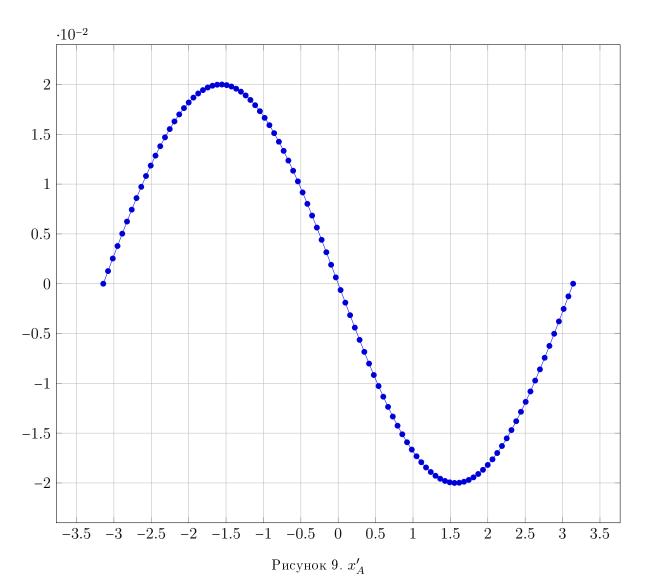


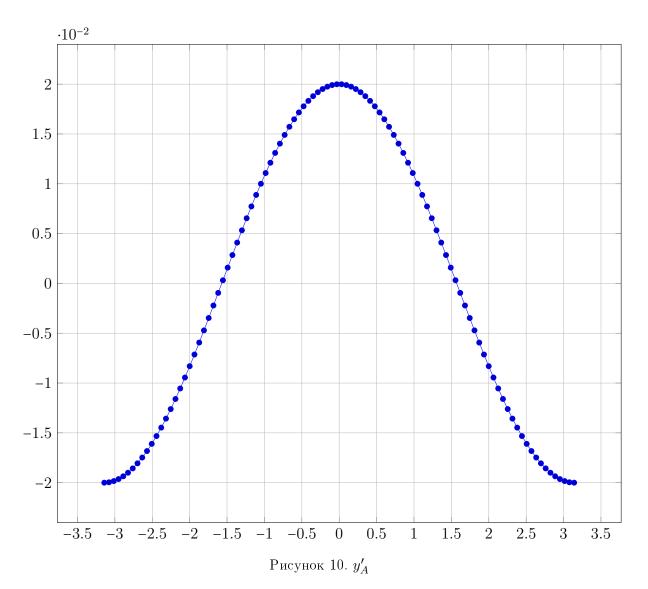
Рисунок 8. y_{AB}

Найдём производные $A,\,OA,\,AB$ по ϕ :

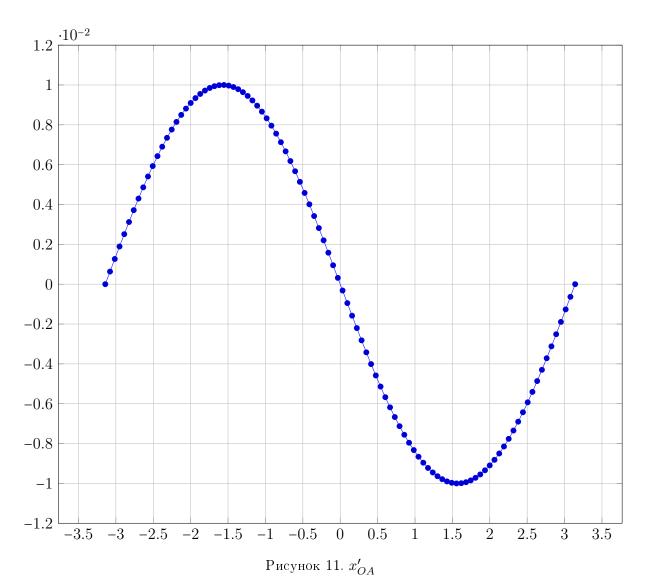
$$x_A' = -l1 \cdot \sin(\phi) \tag{15}$$



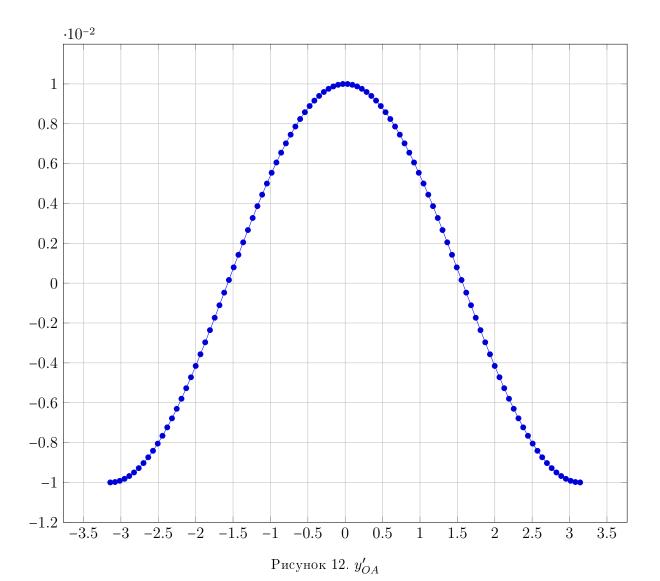




$$x'_{OA} = \frac{-l1 \cdot \sin(\phi)}{2} \tag{17}$$



$$y'_{OA} = \frac{l1 \cdot \cos(\phi)}{2} \tag{18}$$



OLD

$$x'_{AB} = -l1 \cdot \sin(\phi) + \frac{l_2^2 \cdot \left(\frac{e_1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot l_2 \cdot \sin(\phi)\right) \cdot \cos(\phi)}{4 \cdot \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{e_1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot l_2 \cdot \sin(\phi)\right)^2}}$$
(19)

NEW

$$x_{AB}(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{l_2^2 - (l_1\sin(x) - e_1)^2} + l_1\cos(x)) = \frac{1}{2}(-(l_1^2\cos^2(x))/\sqrt{l_2^2 - (l_1\sin(x) - e_1)^2} - \frac{l_1^2\cos^2(x)(l_1\sin(x) - e_1)^2}{(l_2^2 - (l_1\sin(x) - e_1)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{l_1\sin(x)(l_1\sin(x) - e_1)}{\sqrt{l_2^2 - (l_1\sin(x) - e_1)^2}} - l_1\cos(x)$$

$$(20)$$

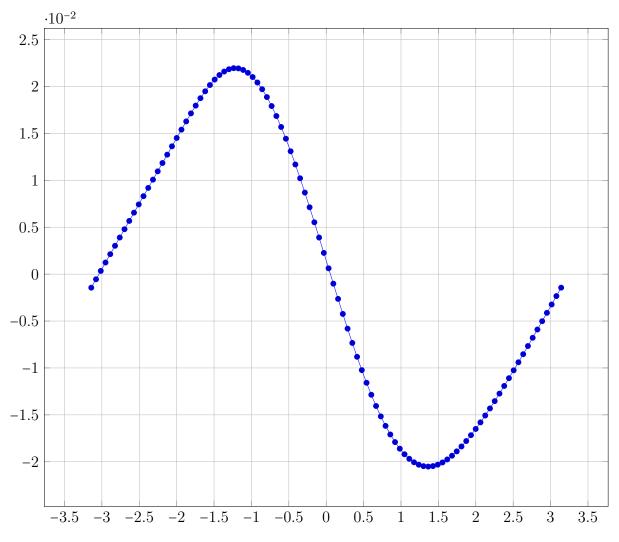
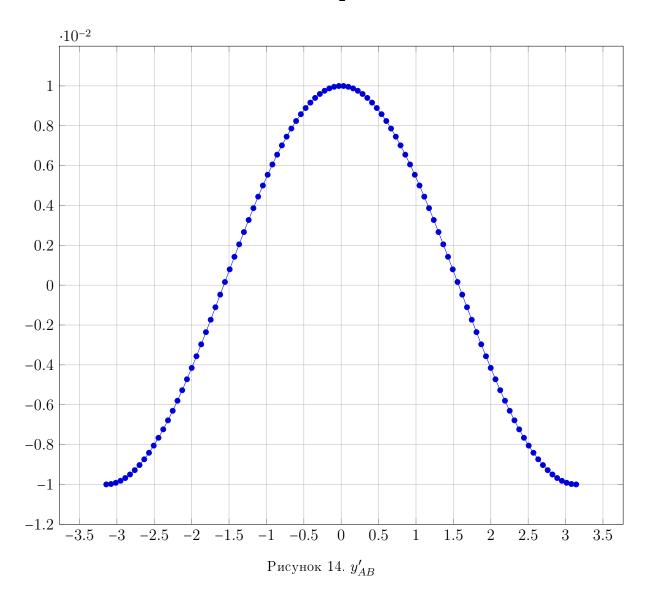


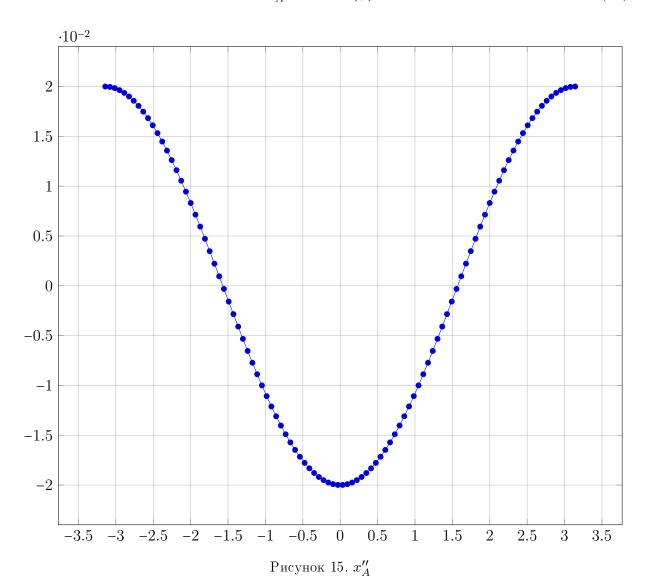
Рисунок 13. x_{AB}

$$y'_{AB} = \frac{l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi)}{2} \tag{21}$$

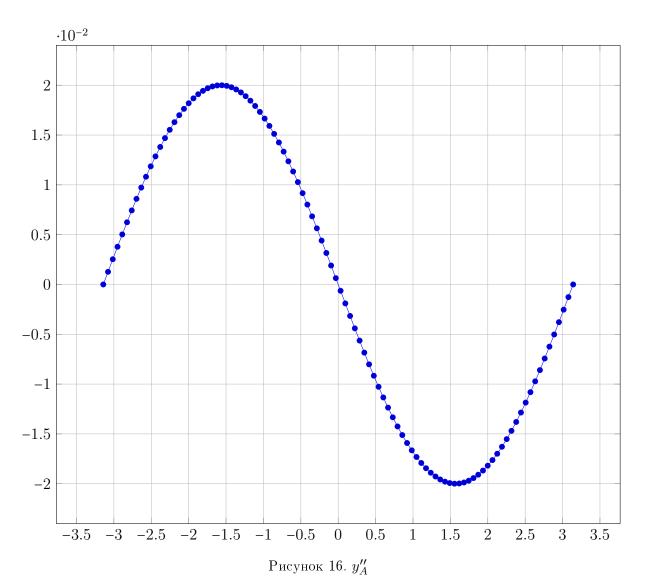


Найдём вторые производные:

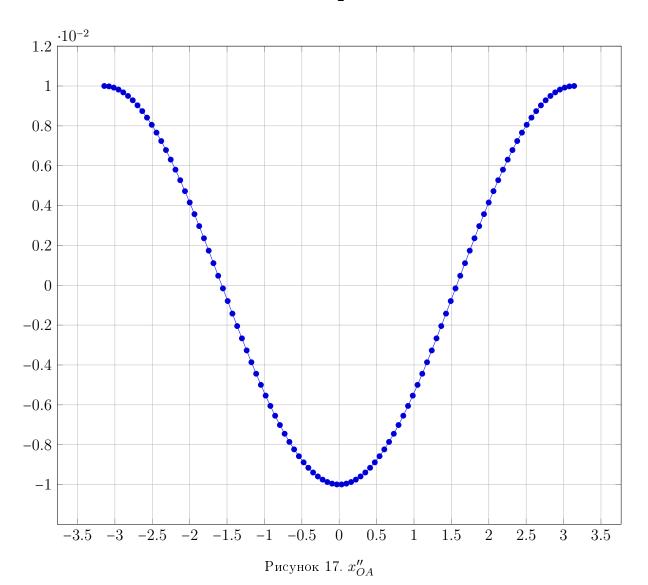
$$x_A'' = -l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi) \tag{22}$$



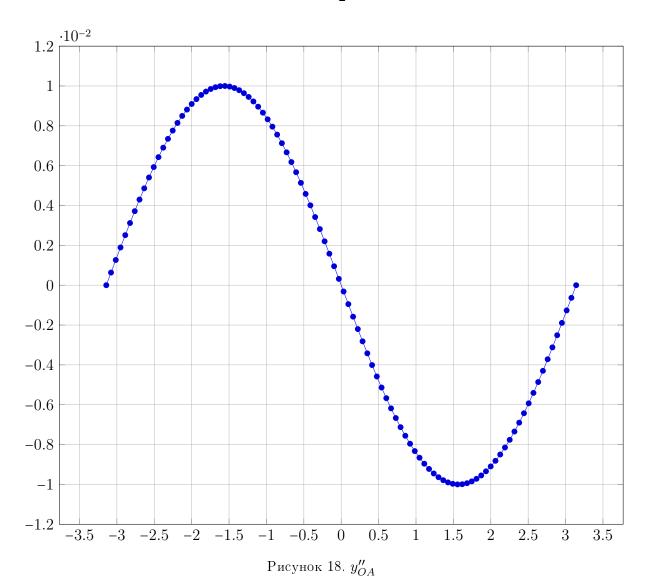




$$x_{OA}^{"} = \frac{-l_1 \cdot \cos(\phi)}{2} \tag{24}$$



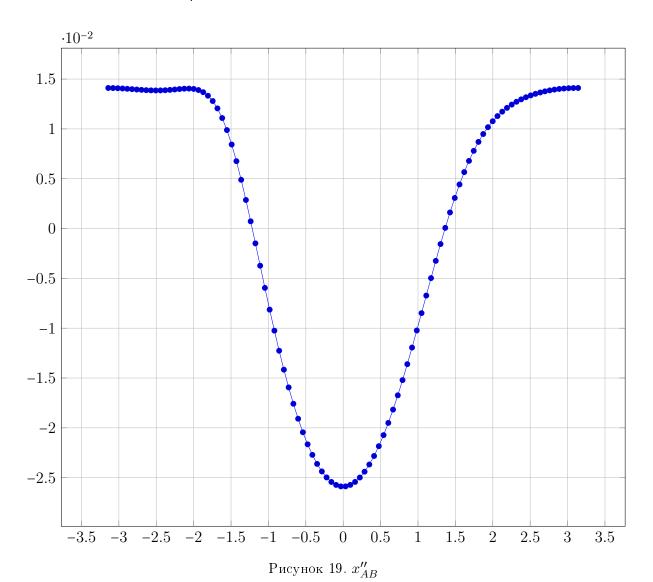
$$y_{OA}'' = \frac{-l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi)}{2} \tag{25}$$



$$x_{AB}'' = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(-\frac{l_2^3 \cdot \cos^2(x)}{4 \cdot \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot (e_1 - l_2 \cdot \sin(x))^2}} - \right)$$
 (26)

$$-\frac{l_2^3 \cdot \cos^2(x) \cdot (e_1 - l_2 \cdot \sin(x))^2}{16 \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot (e_1 - l_2 \cdot \sin(x))^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \tag{27}$$

$$-\frac{l_2^2 \cdot \sin(x) \cdot (e_1 - l_2 \cdot \sin(x))}{4 \cdot \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot (e_1 - l_2 \cdot \sin(x))^2}} - 2 \cdot l_1 \cdot \cos(x)$$
(28)



$$y_{AB}'' = \frac{-l_1 \cdot \sin(\phi)}{2} \tag{29}$$

