Origins of Philippine Pop Culture;

The Experience Economy;

Role of Media and Technology in Philippine Pop Culture

Origins of Philippine Pop Culture

- Lumbera: Philippine pop culture traced its roots from the Spanish era by introducing plays and literature to the public;
- The introduction of Christian and European traditions became the instruments of *pacification*, endorsing interests of the Church and State replacing local traditions: *pasyon, sinakulo, korido, komedya,* and *awit.* [Noche Buena, Thanksgiving, Halloween]
- These expressions were in turn used by nationalists to spread propaganda against the colonizers, and exposing abuses of the Spanish friars.











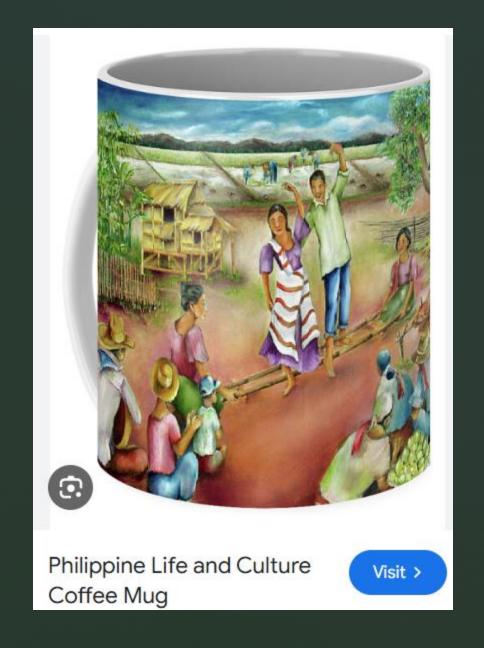




Americans

- Press freedom (printing press, radio, television, film).
- Introduced public educational system and Filipinos learn to speak English.

- Capitalism the vehicle for popular culture to flourish, appealing to the mass market and not for artistic expression.
 - Producing what the general public would like to consume.
 - Not for art's sake but what would bring the most profit.

















Some practices introduced

 Clothing: Levis, Nike – promoted as essential, more advanced, more appealing, of higher quality. Local products were seemed to appear inferior.

Christmas: eating ham/pork/lechon





Philippine popular culture can trace its roots in the colonial period and continue to be influenced by multiple sources.





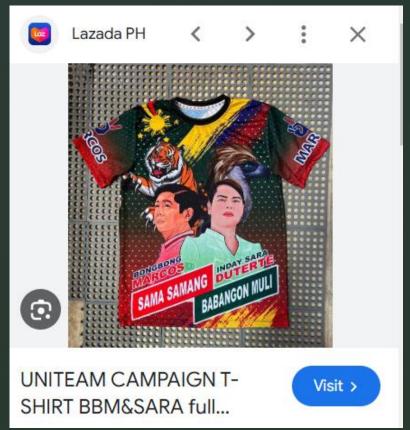


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Popular culture is power: on one hand, it can be used to manipulate; on the other hand, it can be used to question and criticize those who want to manipulate, therefore to empower.





ROLE OF MEDIA AND TECHNOLOGY

- Agenda-Setting Theory: The media influences people to focus on something under a certain agenda, to think that something important is going on or when there is not.
- Headlines of the news tell us what is important, and those that are not part of it are less important, or even not important.



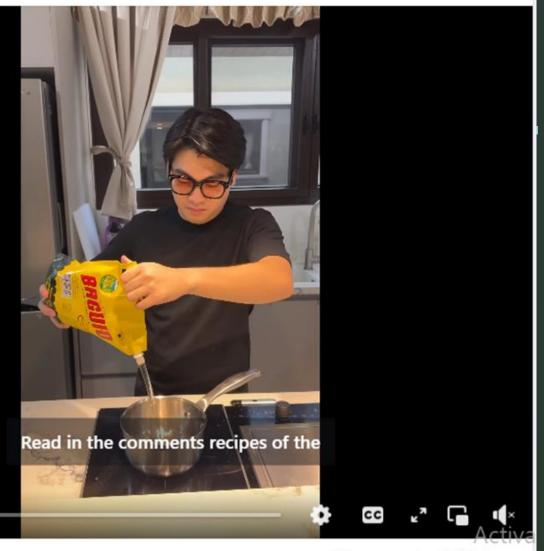
Media

- With media, what seemed to be irrelevant may become important if put on the limelight to amuse people and let them buy it.
- News then becomes entertainment and not for getting the appropriate information. News becomes a source of jokes and reactions.





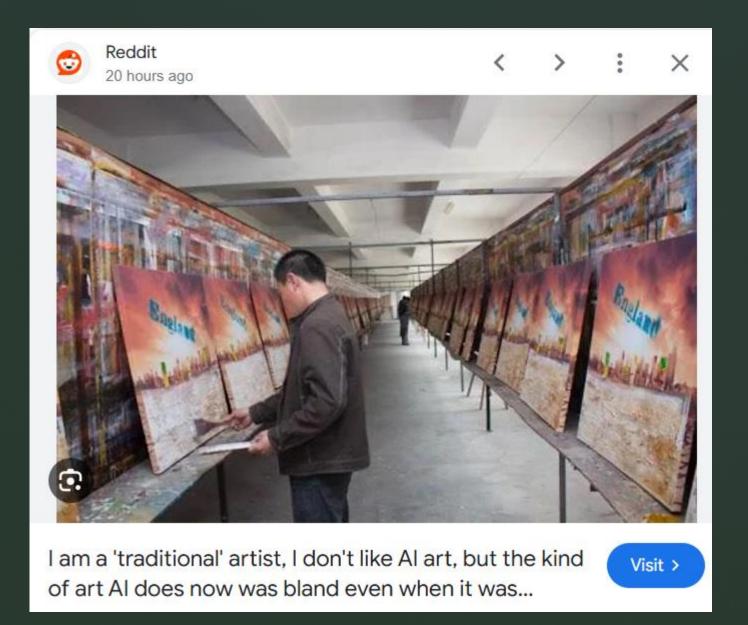
binangkal recipe



Cross-promotions: the promotion of advertisements in subtle ways inside another program or platform.

Vulgarization of art

 tainting pure art
 forms with
 commercial
 purposes.





Media

The internet and social media become a channel for the proliferation and promotion of popular culture elements - music, food, beauty products, language, dances, sports, etc.

Sharing and hyping

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172K

0

3.4K

Why 'terrorism' raps? Sara Duterte went beyond words, says DOJ exec

Vice President Sara Duterte could face terrorism charges under the very law her father had signed as the Department of Justice viewed her threat to kill the President as an act intended to "harm or threaten the lives of people," to instill fear.

SCREENGRAB FROM RTVM



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262 comments 17 sha

276







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Social media empower users through:

- Reacting
- Sharing or forwarding contents
- Creating new content

EXPERIENCE ECONOMY

- The kinds of value in the economic offerings:
 - Commodity
 - Good (with added value)
 - Service
 - Experience "an experience occurs when a company intentionally uses services as the stage, and goods as props, to engage individual customers in a way that creates a memorable event" (Pine and Gilmore).



The value added on the immersion and 'feels' brought about by purchasing and availing the commodity or service.



 Millennials (people born in 1981-1996) are the largest living generation. They prefer memorable experiences more than material possessions.



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Millennials are big on posting "Instagrammable" photos online; and creating a concept that will gain the most interaction or "likes" will herd the most consumers.





Experience economy thrives in tourism: wearing the traditional garb, eating street food, dining in local restaurants, food-and-wine tasting, tattooing (pambabatok) etc.

Experience economy incorporates entertainment and active participation through the utilization of popular culture.



Philippine popular culture is a hybrid of cultural practices that globalization has introduced to the contemporary world.



- Singing has been a huge part of pop culture in the Philippines.
 - Roberto del Rosario, a
 Filipino inventor holds
 its patent for inventing
 the Karaoke Sing Along system in 1975.
 - In the Philippines, the terms "videoke" and "karaoke" means the same thing.







Organisasyon ng mga
Pilipinong Mang-aawit (OPM),
was created to address the
needs of Filipino popular artists,
along with many songwriting
competitions that encouraged
songwriters to produce music in
their native language

OPM also stood for Original Pilipino Music, as an umbrella term for all types of music produced by Filipino songwriters.



SHOWBIZ

Filtered by: Showbiz



'Hello, Love, Again' tops box offices around the world



By GMA Integrated News



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"Hello, Love, Again" continues to make waves around the world!