

E-commerce Supply Chain Analysis

Python(pandas , numpy) , SQL , Power bi

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```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
3
4 # Load files
5
6 orders = pd.read_csv('order_details_table.csv')
7 delivery_person = pd.read_csv('delivery_person_table.csv')
8
9 # Standardize column names
10
11 orders.columns = orders.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', '_')
12 delivery_person.columns = delivery_person.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', '_')
13
14 print(orders.describe())
15 print(delivery_person.describe())
16
17 # Handle missing values In Tables
18
19 print('orders-\n' ,orders.isnull().sum())
20 print('delivery_person-\n' ,delivery_person.isnull().sum())
21
22 # Fill missing ratings with mean
23
24 delivery_person['delivery_person_ratings'] = pd.to_numeric(delivery_person[['delivery_person_ratings']], errors= 'coerce')
25
26 delivery_person['delivery_person_ratings'] = delivery_person['delivery_person_ratings'].fillna(
27     delivery_person['delivery_person_ratings'].mean())
28
29
```

```
29
30     # Fill missing ages with median
31
32     delivery_person['delivery_person_age']= pd.to_numeric(delivery_person['delivery_person_age'], errors= 'coerce')
33
34     delivery_person['delivery_person_age']= delivery_person['delivery_person_age'].fillna(
35         delivery_person['delivery_person_age'].median())
36
37
38     # Handle Duplicates
39
40     print('orders-\n' ,orders.duplicated().sum())
41     print('delivery_person-\n' ,delivery_person.duplicated().sum())
42
43     # No Duplicates
44
45     # Clean Time_taken(min) column
46
47     orders['time_taken(min)'] = orders['time_taken(min)'].str.replace(r'\(min\)\s*', ' ', regex=True)
48
49     # # Convert to numeric
50
51     orders['time_taken(min)'] = pd.to_numeric(orders['time_taken(min)'], errors='coerce')
52
53     print(orders['time_taken(min)'].dtype)
54
55     orders['order_date'] = pd.to_datetime(orders['order_date'], format='%d-%m-%Y')
56
57
58     # to save
59
60     orders.to_csv("cleaned_orders.csv", index=False)
61     delivery_person.to_csv("cleaned_delivery_person.csv", index=False)
62
```

Python to SQL Data transfer

```
from sqlalchemy import create_engine

# Replace with your database details
user = "root"
password = *****
host = "localhost"
database = "supply_chain_analysis"

# Create connection engine
engine = create_engine(f"mysql+pymysql://{'root'}:{'*****'}@{'localhost'}/{'supply_chain_analysis'}")

# Save orders table to SQL
orders.to_sql("orders", engine, index=False, if_exists="replace")

# Save delivery_person table
delivery_person.to_sql("delivery_person", engine, index=False, if_exists="replace")

print("✅ Data successfully uploaded to SQL database!")
```

```
1 •  create database supply_chain_analysis;
2 •  use supply_chain_analysis;
3
4 •  select count(*) from delivery_person ;
5 •  select count(*) from location ;
6 •  select count(*) from orders;
7
8      ----- Total Orders Placed -----
9
10 •   SELECT
11       COUNT(*) AS total_orders
12   FROM
13       orders;
14
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	total_orders
▶	45593

```
16      -- Orders by City --
17
18 •   SELECT
19      city , COUNT(id) AS total_orders
20  FROM
21      orders
22  GROUP BY city
23  ORDER BY total_orders desc;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wrap

city	total_orders
Metropolitan	34093
Urban	10136
Nan	1200
Semi-Urban	164

```
26      -- Rename column --
27
28 • ALTER TABLE orders
29     CHANGE `time_taken(min)` time_taken_min BIGINT;
30
31      -- Average Delivery Time by City --
32
33 • SELECT
34         city, ROUND(AVG(time_taken_min), 2) AS avg_delivery_time
35     FROM
36         orders
37     GROUP BY city
38     ORDER BY avg_delivery_time DESC;
```

```
39
```

city	avg_delivery_time
Semi-Urban	49.73
Metropolitan	27.32
Urban	22.98
NaN	22.06

```
41      -- Average Delivery Time by Weather --
42
43 •   SELECT
44         weatherconditions,
45         ROUND(AVG(time_taken_min), 2) AS avg_delivery_time
46     FROM
47         orders
48     GROUP BY weatherconditions
49     ORDER BY avg_delivery_time DESC;
```

50

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	weatherconditions	avg_delivery_time
▶	conditions Cloudy	28.92
	conditions Fog	28.92
	conditions NaN	26.55
	conditions Windy	26.12
	conditions Sandstorms	25.88
	conditions Stormy	25.87
	conditions Sunny	21.86

```
52    -- Impact of Traffic on Delivery Time --
53
54 •   SELECT
55     road_traffic_density,
56     ROUND(AVG(time_taken_min), 2) AS avg_delivery_time
57   FROM
58     orders
59   GROUP BY 1
60   ORDER BY 2 DESC;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:

road_traffic_density	avg_delivery_time
Jam	31.18
High	27.24
Medium	26.70
NaN	26.54
Low	21.27

```
--  
63    -- Festival Impact on Delivery Time --  
64  
65 •  SELECT  
66      festival, ROUND(AVG(time_taken_min), 2) AS avg_delivery_time  
67  FROM  
68      orders  
69  GROUP BY 1  
70  ORDER BY 2 DESC;
```

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a result grid. The grid has two columns: 'festival' and 'avg_delivery_time'. The data is as follows:

	festival	avg_delivery_time
▶	Yes	45.52
	No	25.98
	NaN	11.17

At the top of the grid, there are buttons for 'Result Grid', 'Filter Rows:', 'Export:', and 'Wrap Cell Content:'. The 'No' row is highlighted with a light blue background.

```
73      -- Top 5 Fastest Delivery Persons --
74
75 •   SELECT
76      delivery_person_id,
77      ROUND(AVG(time_taken_min), 2) AS avg_delivery_time
78  FROM
79      delivery_person
80      JOIN
81      orders ON delivery_person.id = orders.id
82  GROUP BY 1
83  ORDER BY 2 asc limit 5 ;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content: Fetch ro

	delivery_person_id	avg_delivery_time
1	KOLRES06DEL03	19.44
2	DEHRES20DEL03	19.60
3	DEHRES17DEL01	19.75
4	KOLRES01DEL03	19.82
5	KNPRES01DEL01	20.00

```
86      -- Average Delivery Person Age & Rating by City --
87
88 •   SELECT
89       city,
90       ROUND(AVG(delivery_person_age)) AS avg_age,
91       ROUND(AVG(delivery_person_ratings), 2) AS avg_rating
92   FROM
93       delivery_person
94       JOIN
95       orders ON delivery_person.id = orders.id
96   GROUP BY 1;
97
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: _____ | Export: Wrap Cell Content:

city	avg_age	avg_rating
Urban	29	4.67
Metropolitan	30	4.62
Semi-Urban	32	4.5
Nan	29	4.67

```
--  
99      -- Orders per Type of Order --  
100  
101 •  SELECT  
102      type_of_order, COUNT(id) AS orders  
103  FROM  
104      orders  
105  GROUP BY 1;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wrap C

	type_of_order	orders
▶	Snack	11533
	Drinks	11322
	Buffet	11280
	Meal	11458



E-Commerce Supply Chain Analysis Dashboard

Total_orders

45.59K

Avg_Delivery_Time

26.3

Avg_Driver_Age

30

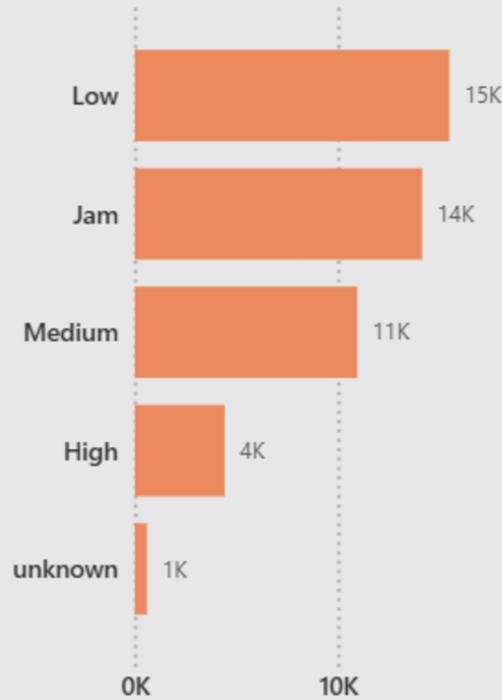
Avg_Driver_Rating

4.63

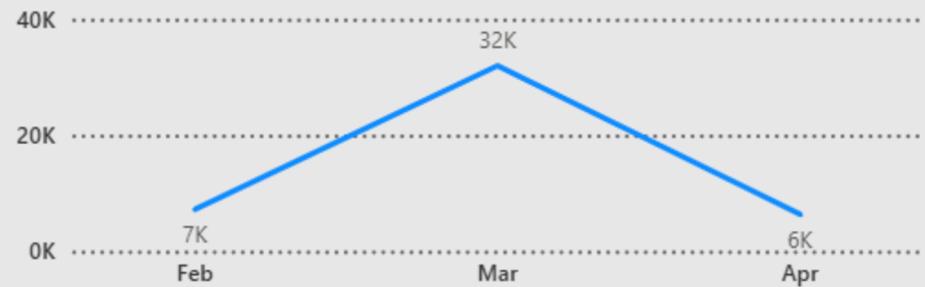
Delivery_Person

1320

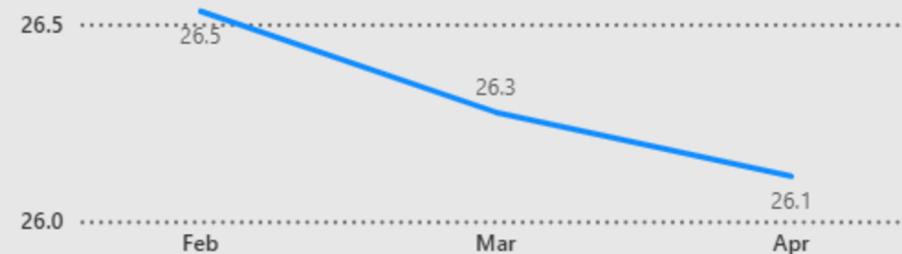
orders by road_traffic_density



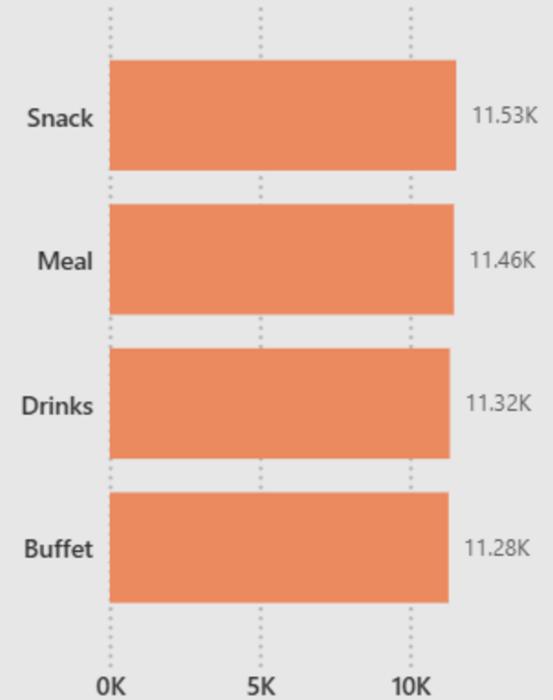
Total_orders by Month



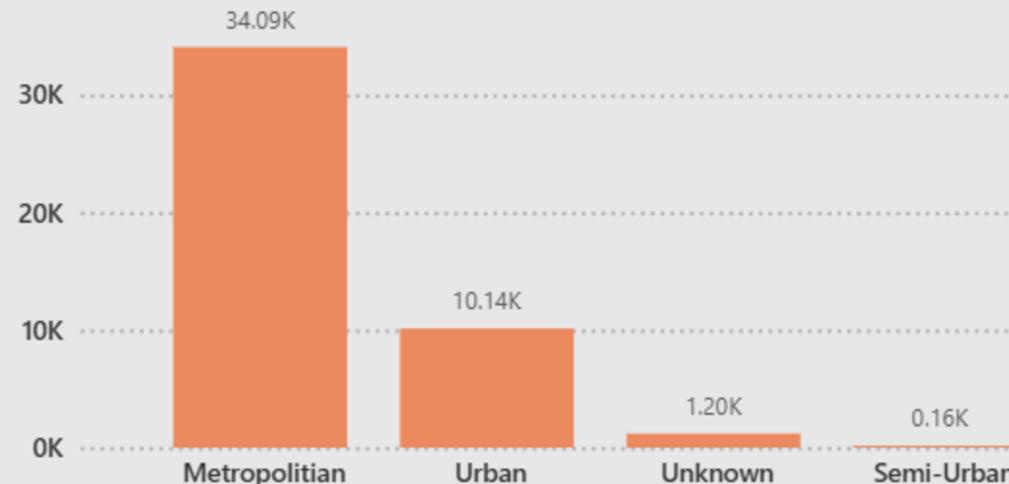
Avg_Delivery_Time by Month



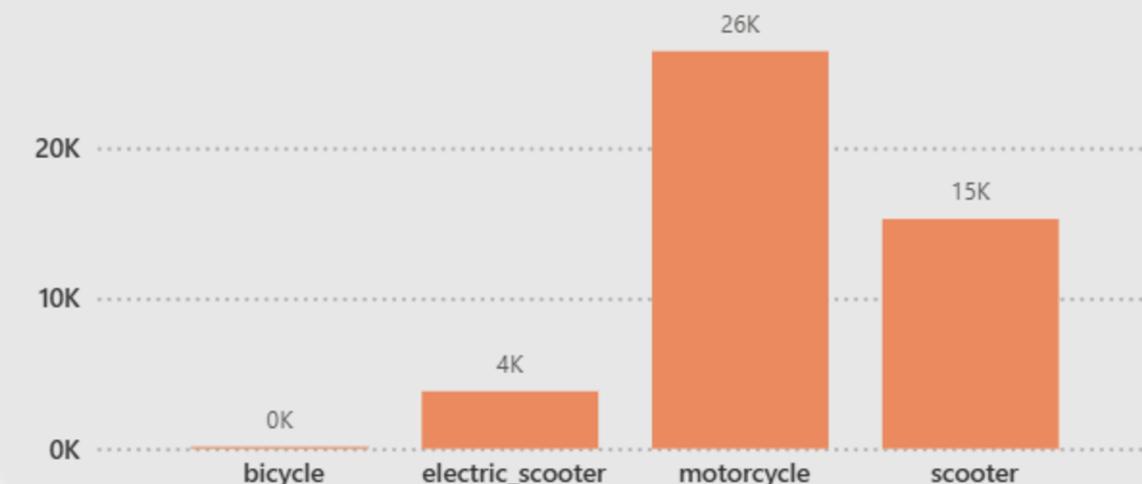
orders by type_of_order



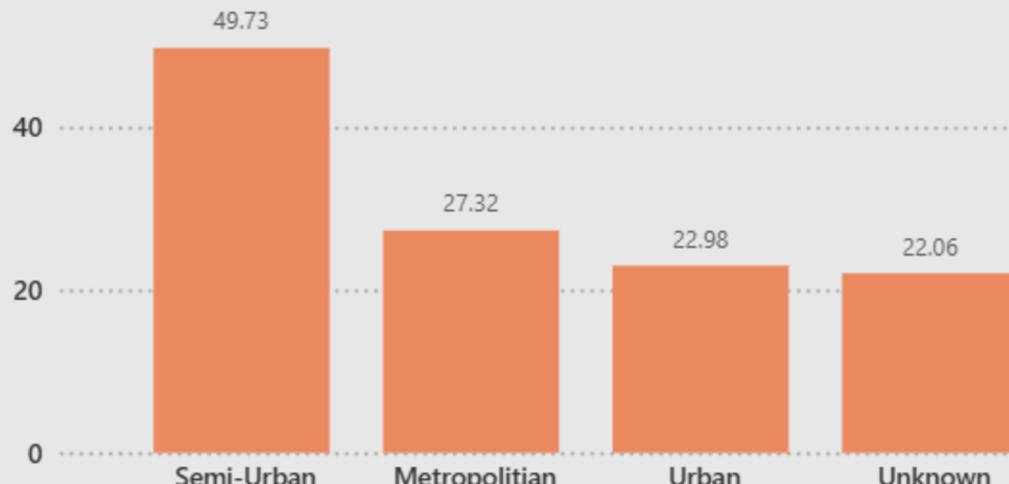
orders by city



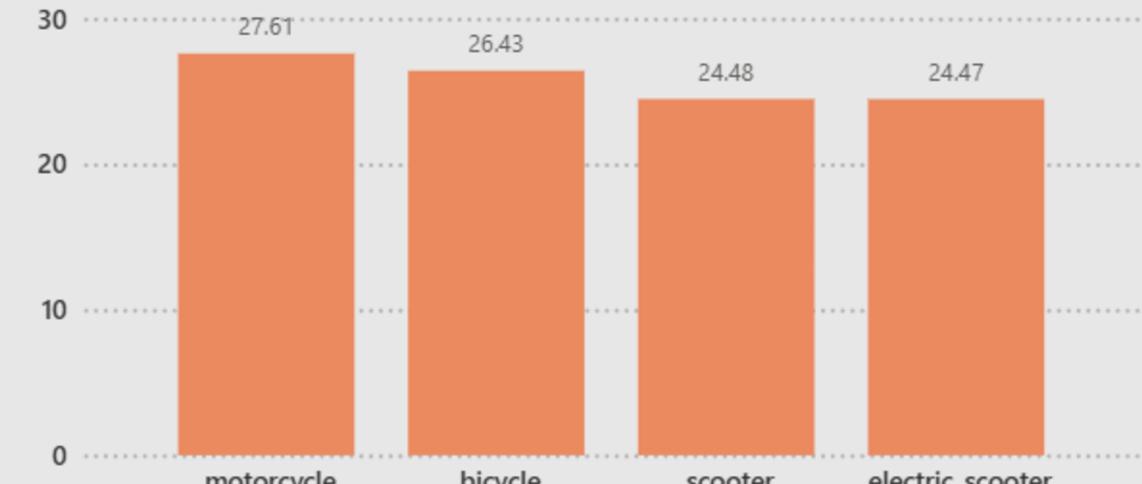
orders by type_of_vehicle

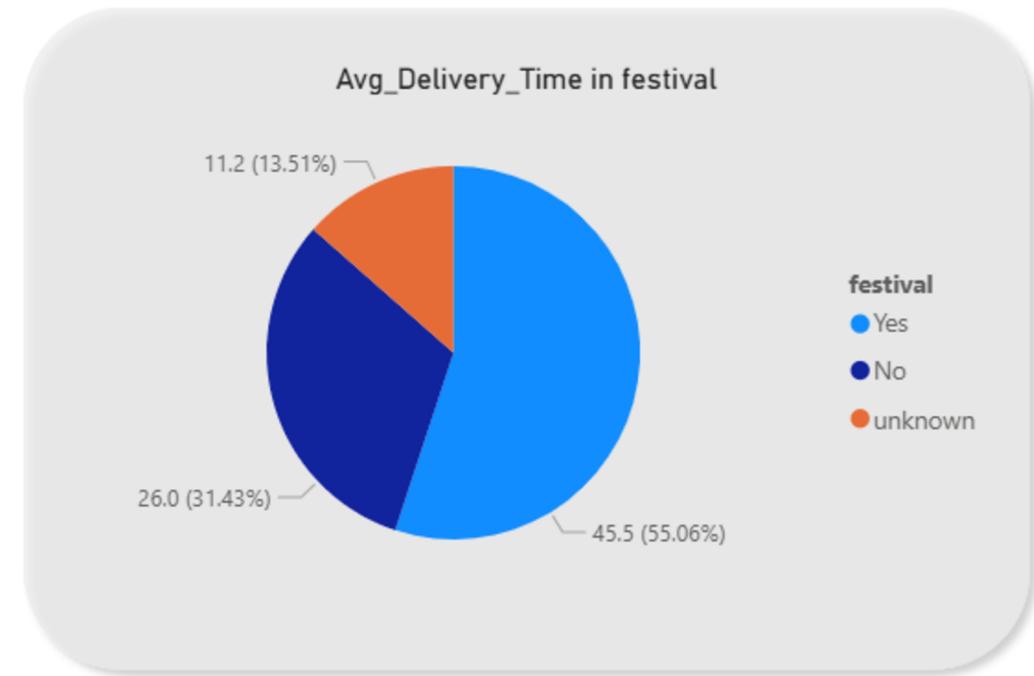
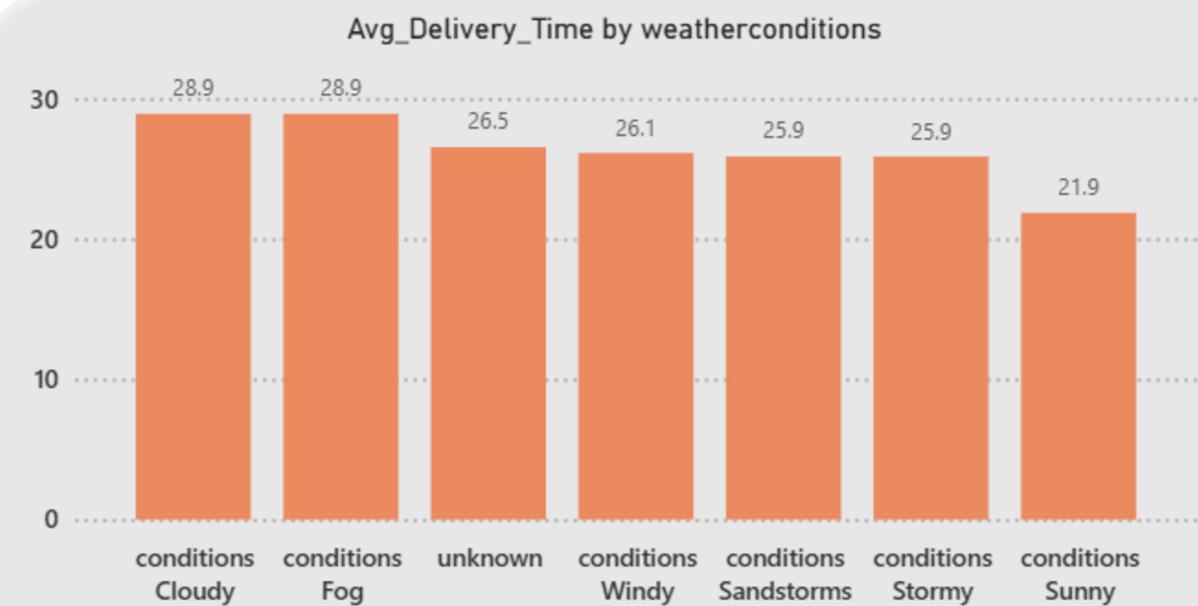


Avg_Delivery_Time by city



Avg_Delivery_Time by city





Slicers

city

- Metropolitan
- Semi-Urban
- Unknown
- Urban

Monthname

- Feb
- Mar
- Apr

road_traffic_density

High	Medium
Jam	unknown
Low	

type_of_vehicle

- bicycle
- electric_scooter
- motorcycle
- scooter