Define a simple Car class with attributes for make, model, and year. Create an object of this class and print its attributes.

```
class Car:
    def __init__(self,make,model,year):
        self.r=make
        self.model=model
        self.year=year

obj1=Car("swift","zdi+",2020)
print(obj1.r)
print(obj1.model)
print(obj1.year)

    swift
    zdi+
    2020
```

Create a Person class with attributes for name and age. Add a method to print a greeting message. Create an object and call the method.

```
class Person:
    def __init__(self, name, age):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age

    def greeting_function(self):
        print("Hey, you are welcome!")

# Create an object of the Person class
obj = Person("Nitin", 85)

# Call the greeting function
obj.greeting_function()

# Print the name attribute of the object
print(obj.name)

Hey, you are welcome!
Nitin
```

Define a Rectangle class with attributes for length and width. Add a method to calculate the area of the rectangle. Create an object and print the area.

```
class Rectangle:
    def __init__(self,lenght,width):
        self.lenght=lenght
        self.width=width
    def printing(self):
        print("Area=",self.lenght*self.width)

obj=Rectangle(6,8)
obj.printing()

Area= 48
```

. Create a Student class with attributes for name and grades (a list of numbers). Add a method to calculate the average grade. Create an object and print the average grade.

Define a Book class with attributes for title, author, and pages. Add a method to display the book's details. Create an object and call the method.

Double-click (or enter) to edit

. Define a BankAccount class with attributes for account number and balance. Add methods to deposit and withdraw money. Create an object and test the methods.

```
class bankaccount:
 def __init__(self,acc_no,bal):
    self.acc_no=acc_no
    self.bal=bal
 def deposit(self,amount):
    self.bal+=amount
 def widhdraw(self,amount):
    if self.bal<amount:</pre>
     print("no sufficient amount")
    else:
      self.bal-=amount
 def balance(self):
    print("total balace=",self.bal)
obj=bankaccount(9,50)
obj.deposit(20)
obj.balance()
obj.widhdraw(70)
obj.balance()
obj.widhdraw(20)
→ total balace= 70
     total balace= 0
     no sufficient amount
Double-click (or enter) to edit
import math
class Point:
    def __init__(self, x, y):
        self.x = x
       self.y = y
    def distance(self, other_point):
        print( math.sqrt((point1.x - point2.x) ** 2 + (self.point1 - point2.y) ** 2))
point1 = Point(0, 0)
point2 = Point(3, 4)
class Calendar:
    def __init__(self, day, month, year):
       self.day = day
        self.month = month
        self.year = year
    def display_date(self):
       print(f"{self.day}/{self.month}/{self.year}")
calendar = Calendar(12, 6, 2024)
calendar.display_date()
→ 12/6/2024
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

```
class Person:
    def __init__(self, name, age):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
    def greet(self):
        print(f"Hello, my name is {self.name} and I am {self.age} years old.")
    def compare_age(self, other_person):
        if self.age > other_person.age:
           return f"{other_person.name} is younger than me."
        elif self.age < other_person.age:</pre>
           return f"{other_person.name} is older than me."
           return f"{other_person.name} is the same age as me."
# Creating objects
p1 = Person('Alice', 30)
p2 = Person('Bob', 25)
p3 = Person('Charlie', 30)
# Comparing ages
print(p1.compare_age(p2)) # Output: "Bob is younger than me."
print(p1.compare_age(p3)) # Output: "Charlie is the same age as me."
print(p2.compare_age(p3)) # Output: "Charlie is older than me."
\rightarrow Bob is younger than me.
     Charlie is the same age as me.
     Charlie is older than me.
Double-click (or enter) to edit
class OnesThreesNines:
    def __init__(self, num):
       self.num = num
        self.nines = self.num // 9
        self.threes = self.num // 3
        self.ones = self.num
# Example usage
n1 = OnesThreesNines(5)
print(n1.nines) # Output: 0
print(n1.ones) # Output: 5
print(n1.threes) # Output: 1
n2 = OnesThreesNines(10)
print(n2.nines) # Output: 1
print(n2.ones) # Output: 10
print(n2.threes) # Output: 3
→ 0
     1
     10
class Calculator:
    def add(self, a, b):
       return a + b
    def subtract(self, a, b):
        return a - b
    def multiply(self, a, b):
        return a * h
    def divide(self, a, b):
           return "Error: Division by zero is not allowed."
        return a / b
# Example usage
calc = Calculator()
print(calc.add(10, 5))
                              # Output: 15
print(calc.subtract(10, 5)) # Output: 5
print(calc.multiply(10, 5)) # Output: 50
print(calc.divide(10, 5))
                              # Output: 2.0
print(calc.divide(10, 0))
                              \mbox{\tt\#} Output: Error: Division by zero is not allowed.
    15
→
     50
```

```
6/24/24, 11:50 PM
         2.0
         Error: Division by zero is not allowed.
        # Class attribute to keep track of the number of instances
        user count = 0
        def __init__(self, name):
            self.name = name
            User.user_count += 1 # Increment the count whenever a new instance is created
    # Example usage
    user1 = User("Alice")
    user2 = User("Bob")
    user3 = User("Charlie")
    # Access the user_count directly through the class name
    print(User.user_count) # Output: 3
     <del>_</del>→ 3
    class BasicPlan:
        can_stream = True
        can_download = True
        has_SD = True
        has_HD = False
        has_UHD = False
        num of devices = 1
        price = "$8.99"
        @classmethod
        def display_info(cls):
            print(f"{cls.__name__}} Plan:")
            print(f"Can stream: {cls.can_stream}")
            print(f"Can download: {cls.can_download}")
            print(f"Has SD: {cls.has_SD}")
            print(f"Has HD: {cls.has_HD}")
            print(f"Has UHD: {cls.has_UHD}")
            print(f"Number of devices: {cls.num_of_devices}")
            print(f"Price: {cls.price}")
            print()
    class StandardPlan(BasicPlan):
        has_HD = True
        num_of_devices = 2
        price = "$12.99"
    class PremiumPlan(StandardPlan):
        has_UHD = True
        num\_of\_devices = 4
        price = "$15.99"
    # Example usage
    BasicPlan.display_info()
    StandardPlan.display_info()
    PremiumPlan.display_info()
     → BasicPlan Plan:
         Can stream: True
         Can download: True
         Has SD: True
         Has HD: False
         Has UHD: False
Number of devices: 1
         Price: $8.99
         StandardPlan Plan:
         Can stream: True
         Can download: True
         Has SD: True
         Has HD: True
         Has UHD: False
Number of devices: 2
         Price: $12.99
         PremiumPlan Plan:
         Can stream: True
         Can download: True
         Has SD: True
         Has HD: True
         Has UHD: True
         Number of devices: 4
         Price: $15.99
```