

Document Title	Modeling Show Cases
Document Owner	AUTOSAR
Document Responsibility	AUTOSAR
Document Identification No	789
Document Classification	Auxiliary

Document Status	Final
Part of AUTOSAR Standard	Classic Platform
Part of Standard Release	4.3.0

Document Change History			
Date Release Changed by		Changed by	Description
2016-11-30	4.3.0	AUTOSAR Release Management	Initial release







Disclaimer

This specification and the material contained in it, as released by AUTOSAR, is for the purpose of information only. AUTOSAR and the companies that have contributed to it shall not be liable for any use of the specification.

The material contained in this specification is protected by copyright and other types of Intellectual Property Rights. The commercial exploitation of the material contained in this specification requires a license to such Intellectual Property Rights.

This specification may be utilized or reproduced without any modification, in any form or by any means, for informational purposes only. For any other purpose, no part of the specification may be utilized or reproduced, in any form or by any means, without permission in writing from the publisher.

The AUTOSAR specifications have been developed for automotive applications only. They have neither been developed, nor tested for non-automotive applications.

The word AUTOSAR and the AUTOSAR logo are registered trademarks.

Advice for users

AUTOSAR specifications may contain exemplary items (exemplary reference models, "use cases", and/or references to exemplary technical solutions, devices, processes or software).

Any such exemplary items are contained in the specifications for illustration purposes only, and they themselves are not part of the AUTOSAR Standard. Neither their presence in such specifications, nor any later documentation of AUTOSAR conformance of products actually implementing such exemplary items, imply that intellectual property rights covering such exemplary items are licensed under the same rules as applicable to the AUTOSAR Standard.



Table of Contents

1	Intro	duction			7
2	Ove	rview			8
3	Mea	surement	and Ca	libration	9
	3.1	Introduc	ctory Sh	now Case	10
		3.1.1	•	cal System	10
		3.1.		Components Overview	11
		3.1.	1.2	The Environment	12
		3.1.	1.3	The Plant	13
		3.1.	1.4	The Controller	14
		3.1.2	AUTO	DSAR Modeling	16
		3.1.3		Generation, Measurement and Calibration	17
		3.1.		FlatMap	18
		3.1.	3.2	ECU Documentation, Measurement and Calibration	18
		3.1.4	A2L F	File	18
		3.1.5	Imple	mentation in C	20
		3.1.6		k with T_Plant through the Show Case	23
		3.1.		Physical System	23
		3.1.	6.2	AUTOSAR Modeling	24
		3.1.	6.3	System	36
		3.1.	6.4	ECU Configuration	37
		3.1.	6.5	RTE Generation	39
		3.1.	6.6	Implementation in C	42
		3.1.	6.7	A2L File	43
		3.1.	6.8	Measurement and Calibration Tool	44
		3.1.7	Show	cases in the Example	45
		3.1.	7.1	CompositionSwComponentTypes	45
		3.1.	7.2	ParameterSwComponentTypes	46
		3.1.	7.3	ApplicationSwComponentTypes	47
		3.1.	7.4	ParameterInterfaces	53
		3.1.	7.5	SenderReceiverInterfaces	56
		3.1.	7.6	ApplicationDataTypes, Category VALUE	57
		3.1.	7.7	Units	61
		3.1.	7.8	PhysicalDimensions	63
		3.1.	7.9	SwAddrMethods	66
	3.2	Advanc	ed Shov	w Case	67
		3.2.1	Gene	ral Objectives of the Model Structure	67
		3.2.	1.1	The Ecu Description	67
		3.2.	1.2	The Ecu Extract	67
		3.2.	1.3	Data Types and Data Objects	68
		3.2.	1.4	Axis, Curves and Maps	69
		3.2.	1.5	Axis, Curves and Maps on ApplicationDataType level	69





	3.2.1.6	Axis, Curves and Maps on DataPrototype	and	
		SwComponentPrototype level		71
	3.2.1.7	Arrays of Maps and Axes		
	3.2.1.8	Measurement of Modes		
	3.2.2 Show c	ases in the Example		79
	3.2.2.1	CompositionSwComponentTypes		79
	3.2.2.2	ParameterSwComponentTypes		86
	3.2.2.3	ApplicationSwComponentTypes		88
	3.2.2.4	ParameterInterfaces		92
	3.2.2.5	ModeSwitchInterfaces		95
	3.2.2.6	SenderReceiverInterfaces		96
	3.2.2.7	ApplicationDataTypes, Category BOOLEAN		98
	3.2.2.8	ApplicationDataTypes, Category VALUE		
	3.2.2.9	ApplicationDataTypes, Category COM_AXIS .		103
	3.2.2.10	ApplicationDataTypes, Category CURVE		105
	3.2.2.11	ApplicationDataTypes, Category MAP		
	3.2.2.12	ApplicationArrayDataTypes		
	3.2.2.13	ApplicationRecordDataTypes		
	3.2.2.14	ModeDeclarationGroups		
	3.2.2.15	Units		110
	3.2.2.16	Physical Dimensions		112
	3.2.2.17	SwAddrMethods		114
Α	Mentioned Class Tables			116



Bibliography

- [1] Methodology AUTOSAR_TR_Methodology
- [2] Modeling Show Cases Examples AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases
- [3] Software Component Template AUTOSAR_TPS_SoftwareComponentTemplate
- [4] Specification of Platform Types AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes



1 Introduction

The objective of this report is the illustration and execution of AUTOSAR modeling and the AUTOSAR methodology (see [1]) for selected show cases.

Each show case focuses on a few specific topics and gives an overview of their basic usage and their application in the field. Where appropriate, the show cases are based on real world applications of the AUTOSAR standard.

It contains

- explanatory background on the functional use case for which the specific part of the AUTOSAR modeling is applied.
- illustration of the AUTOSAR model content in form of interlinked tables
- explanation of the processing results of these AUTOSAR models (e.g. C code, A2L files, ...)
- snippets of the full-blown examples. The complete examples are provided in the archive AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases.zip [2].



2 Overview

The report is organized in chapters according to the main focus of the contained show cases. Each chapter contains a topic specific overview and at least one show case. Each chapter is self contained and understandable without reading any other chapter.

The technical report on the AUTOSAR Methodology [1] deserves a special mentioning as accompanying document for going through the show cases.

In this first version of the technical report, the show cases are targeting the topic of measurement and calibration, involving the creation of A2L files based on AUTOSAR models. For these show cases, also the specification of the SoftwareComponent-Template [3] is a good accompanying document.



3 Measurement and Calibration

Measurements and Calibration (short: MC) is a major step in the development of electronic control units (ECUs). Measurement and Calibration systems (MC systems), involving software tools (MC tools) as well as the hardware to access an ECU (not in focus here), enable the developer to measure variables and to adapt calibration parameters (or "characteristics") during the run-time of the ECU.

For instance, the following tasks are regularly done by "Measurement and Calibration"

- Adaptation to real hardware (e.g. inserting the electrical characteristics of a sensor)
- Calibration of controllers (e.g. adjusting the parameters of a closed loop controller)
- Tuning of ECU internal environment models (e.g. for "virtual sensors")
- Validation of ECU functions
- Tracking of development errors
- Collecting data for automated optimization of parameters

The "Introductory Show Case" (see 3.1), illustrates all basic artifacts on the way from a physical system that is to be controlled by an ECU until measuring and calibrating with a MC system.

As didactic simplification only a few data types were used, e.g. neither CURVES¹ nor MAPS² were chosen, nor any ApplicationCompositeDataType.

However, those advanced topics, their modeling in AUTOSAR as well as their transfer to a MC tool, is of particular interest: they are regularly needed and used the field. Therefore, the "Advanced Show Case" in chapter 3.2 especially highlights these topics. This show case is directly derived from the real world modeling and structuring approach of a major Tier 1 in the powertrain domain. So it also illustrates "good practices" in the field for designing AUTOSAR systems which are to be measured and calibrated later on in their development.

¹CURVES are two dimensional functions defined via axis points and the corresponding function values. Interpolation or extrapolation is used to calculate function values that are not directly defined.

²MAPs are similar to CURVES but three dimensional



3.1 Introductory Show Case

As introduction to measurement and calibration with AUTOSAR a simple, artificial closed-loop control system was chosen. This allows interesting feedback of the system when using a \mbox{MC} tool. At the same time, the model, the source code and generated files are still comprehensible.

A drawback is, that not all typical "real world" data types are featured, for instance. Such topics are covered in the "Advanced Show Case", chapter 3.2.

3.1.1 Physical System

This section contains a description of the physical system setup. It can safely be skipped, if only the AUTOSAR modeling itself is of interest to the reader.

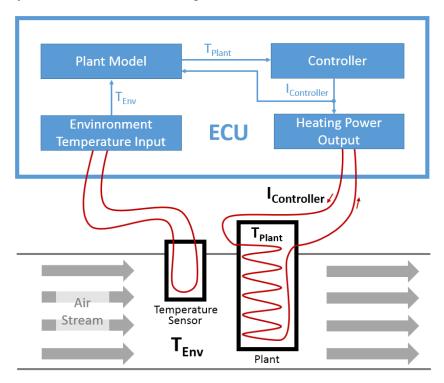


Figure 3.1: Physical Overview

Figure 3.1 shows the major physical values and entities of our system. The control task is the following: The plant is a sensor in an airstream that requires heating. The temperature T_{Plant} is to be controlled by the ECU. However, there is no direct way to measure T_{Plant} .

For the estimation of T_{Plant} the following properties of the system are used:

• T_{Plant} depends on the temperature of the environment T_{Env} , i.e. the temperature of the air stream. T_{Env} can be measured directly.



- T_{Plant} depends on the current $I_{Controller}$ which is output by the ECU and controlled by the controller and therefore known.
- The plant itself acts as a thermal energy storage. So T_{Plant} also depends on the heat quantity that is currently stored within the plant.
- All other influences on T_{Plant} are considered to be insignificant. So they can safely be ignored for this control task.

An estimation of T_{Plant} can be calculated by a plant model, which uses T_{Env} and $I_{Controller}$ as inputs and has the stored heat quantity as internal state.

3.1.1.1 Components Overview

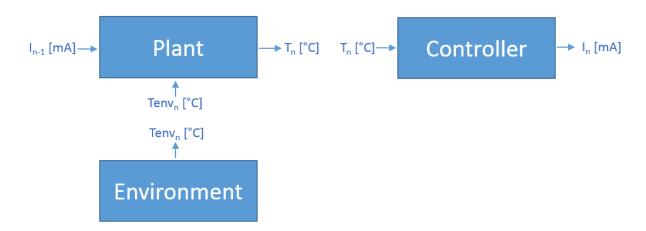


Figure 3.2: Component Overview

For this show case, the interaction with a real physical environment is completely left out, i.e. there is no Heating Power Output component and the profile of T_{Env} is randomly generated inside the component Environment. This cuts off a lot of complexity from the example, and allows to run the software system on a PC without complex environment simulations.

For completeness: The plant model is calculated inside the component Plant and the controller inside the component Controller.

As typical for ECUs the calculations happen in a time-discrete manner, i.e. the calculations in the components are executed periodically at discrete in time steps. In the following, the index $n \in \{1, 2, ...\}$ denotes the current time step. The previous time step is denoted by the index n-1. The index 0 denotes the initialization value. This also means that time step 1 is the first, that is actually calculated by the ECU.

Furthermore Δt denotes the time in seconds, that elapsed between the calculation of the previous time step and the current time step. In case of time step 1, Δt denotes the time that elapsed between initialization of the system and time step 1. For setting



the actual value of Δt the frequency bandwidth of the physical properties in the system has to be taken into account. Decreasing the value of Δt usually increases the quality of the sampling of physical signals up to a certain point where the costs of further decreasing the value of Δt outweighs the benefit gained in terms of signal quality.

3.1.1.2 The Environment

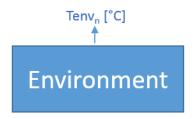


Figure 3.3: Environment

The modeling and implementation of the environment is not in the focus of this show case. The temperature $Tenv_n[^{\circ}C]$ is generated (pseudo) randomly. This is done in order to see the controller and the plant model "in action" during run-time of the system.

The generated profile is a random walk limited by an upper and a lower boundary, with saturation at these boundaries.

The random walk is configurable via $T_{LowLimit}$ [°C] and $T_{HighLimit}$ [°C], for the boundaries, and $T_{StepSize}$ [K], for the change of the temperature during one time step.

Assuming $rand_n$ [-] $\in \{-1, 0, 1\}$ and $n \in \{1, 2, 3, ...\}$ then $Tenv_n$ is characterized by this equation (with $Tenv_0$ [°C] = -273.15 [°C]):

$$Tenv_{n}\left[^{\circ}\mathbf{C}\right] \ = \ Tenv_{n-1}\left[^{\circ}\mathbf{C}\right] + \mathbf{T_{StepSize}}\left[\mathbf{K}\right] \cdot rand_{n}\left[\text{-}\right]$$

if and only if $Tenv_n$ would be inside the boundaries, i.e.

$$T_{\texttt{LowLimit}} < Tenv_n < T_{\texttt{HighLimit}}$$

If $Tenv_n$ would be outside one of the boundaries, it is set to the value of that boundary.



3.1.1.3 The Plant

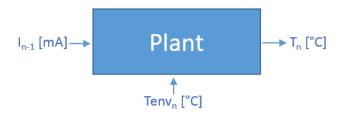


Figure 3.4: Plant

The plant is an electrically heated mass that is exposed to the air flow in the environment. The heat quantity Qplant that is stored inside the plant is considered to always be directly proportional to the temperature T with constant proportionality factor. Neither the mass of the plant, nor the specific heat capacity changes during the run-time of our system.

For simplicity, this proportionality factor is considered to be $1[\frac{J}{K}]$. For the calculations inside the Plant component, we are always using [K] as unit for temperatures, so the conversion from and to $[^{\circ}C]$ only happens at the interface of the component.

With this, we have the following:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} Qplant_{n}\left[\mathtt{J}\right] & = & T_{n}\left[\mathtt{K}\right] \cdot 1 \left[\frac{\mathtt{J}}{\mathtt{K}}\right] \\ \\ T_{n}\left[\mathtt{K}\right] & = & \frac{Qplant_{n}\left[\mathtt{J}\right]}{1 \left[\frac{\mathtt{J}}{\mathtt{K}}\right]} \end{array}$$

This also means, that $Qplant_n[J] = 0[J]$ corresponds $T_n[K] = 0[K]$, i.e. absolute zero. So $Qplant_n[J] \ge 0[J]$ shall always be true.

In each time step, there are two heat flows: One from the electrical heater to the plant and one from the plant to the environment. A negative heat flow means that heat energy is flowing away from the plant. Respectively, a positive heat flow means that heat energy is stored in the plant.

The heat flow $Qheater_n[\mathtt{J}]$ from the electrical heater to the plant in one time step is considered to be proportional to the current $I_n[\mathtt{m}\mathtt{A}]$ through the plant during this time step. The proportionality factor is $\mathtt{h}_{\mathtt{Heater}}[\frac{\mathtt{J}}{\mathtt{m}\mathtt{A}\,\mathtt{s}}]$. Of course, the plant can only be heated up by the electrical heater, i.e. a "negative" current I_n would not cool down the plant, but causes the same heat up as $-I_n$. So we have

$$Qheater_{n}[J] = |I_{n}| [mA] \cdot h_{Heater} \left[\frac{J}{mAs}\right] \cdot \Delta t[s]$$

The cool down of the plant can only happen via the second heat flow, i.e. the heat flow $Qenv_n$ [J] from the plant to the environment. The flow in one time step is considered



to be proportional to the difference between the temperature of the plant (calculated from the stored heat quantity during the last time step) and the temperature of the environment (received in this time step, but actually "measured" during the last time step). With the proportionality factor $h_{\text{Env}}\left[\frac{J}{K}\right]$, we have:

$$Qenv_{n}\left[\mathbf{J}\right] \; = \; \left(Tenv_{n}\left[\mathbf{K}\right] - T_{n-1}\left[\mathbf{K}\right]\right) \cdot \mathbf{h}_{\mathtt{Env}}\left[\frac{\mathbf{J}}{\mathbf{K}}\right] \cdot \Delta t \left[\mathbf{s}\right]$$

The heat quantity that was stored in the plant in last time step $Qplant_{n-1}$ is now modified by these two heat flows. This results in the stored heat quantity in the current time step. With $Qplant_0[J] = 0[J]$, we have

$$Qplant_n[J] = Qplant_{n-1}[J] + Qheater_n[J] + Qenv_n[J]$$

3.1.1.4 The Controller



Figure 3.5: Controller

For the closed loop control an I controller (by and large) was chosen for component Controller. This means that the amplification of the input signal is proportional to the integral of the errors, i.e. the deviation between measured variable and setpoint. Because the controller cannot actively cool down the temperature of the plant, the output $I_n >= 0$ for all n.

Again, all temperatures are converted to and from $[^{\circ}C]$ at the interface of the component. All internal calculation are done in [K].

The error during the current time step is the difference between $T_{\texttt{SetPoint}}[K]$ and the measured variable $T_n[K]$:

$$e_n\left[\mathtt{K}\right] \ = \ \mathtt{T}_{\mathtt{SetPoint}}\left[\mathtt{K}\right] - T_n\left[\mathtt{K}\right]$$

The integral part of the controller is calculated via summing up all errors from the previous steps. With $eSum_n$ [Ks] = 0 [Ks] we have:

$$eSum_n [Ks] = eSum_{n-1} [Ks] + e_n [K] \cdot \Delta t$$

A further design decision for the controller was, to limit the integral and to saturate at the limits. This has the benefit that it limits the current I_n that is output by the controller. Furthermore, it enables the controller to react faster after long deviations.



The lower limit is $0\,[{\rm Ks}]$. So if $eSum_n$ would fall below zero in time step n, we set $eSum_n[{\rm Ks}] = 0\,[{\rm Ks}]$. The upper limit is ${\rm L_{MaxESum}}\,[{\rm Ks}]$. If $eSum_n$ would exceed $L_{MaxESum}$ in time step n we set $eSum_n[{\rm Ks}] = {\rm L_{MaxESum}}\,[{\rm Ks}]$.

The integral state $eSum_n$ of the controller is then amplified by $\mathbf{k} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\mathbf{m} \mathbf{A}}{\mathbf{K} \mathbf{s}} \end{bmatrix}$ to calculate the current $I_n [\mathbf{m} \mathbf{A}]$, i.e. the output of the controller:

$$I_n\left[\mathtt{mA}\right] = eSum_n\left[\mathtt{Ks}\right] \cdot \mathtt{k}\left[\frac{\mathtt{mA}}{\mathtt{Ks}}\right]$$

So the limitations of the $eSum_n$ guarantee, that

$$0\,[\mathrm{mA}] \,\, \leq \,\, I_n\,[\mathrm{mA}] \,\, \leq \,\, \mathrm{L}_{\mathtt{MaxESum}}\,[\mathtt{Ks}] \cdot \mathtt{k}\, \left[\tfrac{\mathtt{mA}}{\mathtt{Ks}} \right]$$



3.1.2 AUTOSAR Modeling

This section gives a brief overview of the AUTOSAR modeling. More insight can be gained by browsing through the hyper-linked tables in section 3.1.7. These tables are generated from the AUTOSAR model of this show case. If this is still not sufficient, the complete model is available in .arxml format in AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases.zip [2].

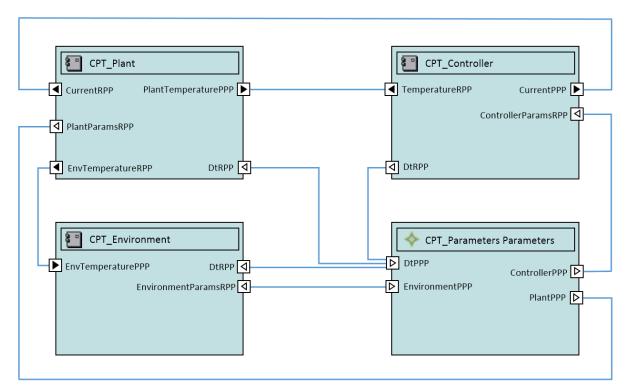


Figure 3.6: Example Composition

In this show case the components specified in section 3.1.1.1 are modeled as ApplicationSwComponentTypeS.

- Environment
- Plant
- Controller

To keep the example simple, no SwcImplementations were modeled. For some tasks, like generation of a MemMap for an embedded controller, this would be needed.

The in- and outputs of the ApplicationSwComponentTypes are modeled as SenderReceiverInterface. The internal state is realized as implicitInter-RunnableVariables. Besides the illustrative aspect, the rationale for this design decision was that the internal state is likely to be used by more than one runnable in ApplicationSwComponentTypes (at least "outside" of an introductory show case).



For variables that should just be available for measurement in a MC tool, arTyped-PerInstanceMemorys are used. For this use case, no synchronization of access to the variable needs to be implemented, so the way with the least overhead was chosen.

All parameters in the specification of the components were put in a fourth SwComponentType, in the ParameterSwComponentType "Parameters".

A distinct ParameterInterface was defined for the parameters of each of the three ApplicationSwComponentTypes. The respective PPortPrototypes of the ParameterSwComponentType hold the initValue for each ParameterDataPrototype in the PortPrototypes. Each value is specified in a ValueSpecification aggregated by a ParameterProvideComSpec.

The component types are instantiated in the CompositionSwComponentType "Composition".

This Composition is the type of the rootSoftwareComposition of the ECU_Extract. This also implies that all SwComponentPrototypes of Composition are mapped to one EcuInstance.

Some information on the FlatMap can be found in section 3.1.3.1.

3.1.3 RTE Generation, Measurement and Calibration

The McSupport file is an interface between the RTE generator and the A2L generator. A RTE generator provides a McDataInstance for each calibrateable or measurable object. From logical view the generation of McSupport could be seen in two steps:

- 1. Provide unique names for all parameters, measurements, component prototypes which are instantiated one or multiple times. This is done by the used AUTOSAR Authoring Tool.
- 2. Generate the McSupport itself. This is usually done by the RTE generator. A2L supports only one global namespace, while AUTOSAR defines own namespaces within each ARPackage. This means, that on the one hand unique names are needed for all objects which are to be accessible during measurement and calibration (parameters, measurements, component prototypes). But on the other hand, unique names are needed for all other things that will appear in A2L, e.g. CompuMethods, Units. For them the RTE generator will create unique names.

AUTOSAR specifies additionally an AliasNameSet to override names which is not used here.

See AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases.zip [2] for the generated Rte_McSupportData.arxml file.



3.1.3.1 FlatMap

In this show case, the FlatMap gives unique names to the

- dataElementS
- implicitInterRunnableVariableS
- arTypedPerInstanceMemoryS

The RTE-Generator uses this information for the generation of the McSupport file as well as for generation of the .c and .h files.

The FlatMap consists of a FlatInstanceDescriptor for each instance of these VariableDataPrototypes.

The flat map for this use case can be found in AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases.zip [2].

3.1.3.2 ECU Documentation, Measurement and Calibration

When developing an ECU one usual requirement is, that objects described in A2L can be easily found in the documentation of the ECU. This is a challenge since documentation is on the level of SwComponentTypes while A2L is defined on the level of a System of category "ECU EXTRACT".

- The names of SwComponentPrototypes are potentially different to the names of SwComponentTypes
- The names of McDataInstances are potentially different to the names of DataPrototypes

The challenge gets bigger, if types are instantiated multiple times. This issue needs to be solved by proper architecture, modeling conventions and clever generation of the FlatMap.

In this show case, this topic is only slightly touched by instantiating TemperatureSRIF two times, for the interface transporting T_{Env} as well as for the interface transporting T_{Plant} .

It is demonstrated that the FlatMap can be used to solve the issue. However, we manually crafted our FlatMap, which is usually not possible in the field. FlatMaps are usually automatically generated by customizable, "clever", not standardized tools.

3.1.4 A2L File

With the information in the McSupport file an A2L file is generated. However, for this generation the memory addresses for the variables and characteristics are needed. They are usually extracted from the map file that is output by the linker of the ECU





executable. The exact process as well as the tool for the ${\tt A2L}$ file generation is not standardized.

An example A2L file is provided in AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases.zip.



3.1.5 Implementation in C

The implementation in C is a straight forward realization of the physical specification within the AUTOSAR modeling (see section 3.1.1.1 and 3.1.2). Therefore, the listings are presented without further explanation besides the comments in the source code.

A remark on the (pseudo) random numbers generated in line 22 of Environment.c (Listing 3.1): The numbers don't have good "pseudo randomness" properties but are sufficient for this show case, nevertheless. This way of generation was only chosen, because it fits in one line of C code without introducing a dependency to a library.

Listing 3.1: Environment.c

```
1 #include "Rte_Environment.h"
3 #define envRE START SEC CODE
4 #include "Environment_MemMap.h"
6 FUNC (void, Environment_CODE) envRE_func (void)
7
      /* read parameters for simulation of the temperature profile
8
     float32 lLowLimit = Rte_Prm_EnvParamsRPP_env_TLowLimit();
9
     float32 lStepSize = Rte_Prm_EnvParamsRPP_env_TStepSize();
10
11
      /* retrieve internal state
                                                                          */
12
      uint32 lSeed = Rte_IrvIRead_envRE_Seed();
float32 lTEnv = Rte_IrvIRead_envRE_TEnv();
13
14
      float32 direction = (float32)(lSeed % 3) - 1.0;
15
16
      /* calc high limit with parameter, store for measurement
      *Rte Pim THighLimit()
18
           = lLowLimit + Rte_Prm_EnvParamsRPP_env_THighLimitDistance();
19
20
      /* update state for pseudo random number generation
      1Seed = (8253729 * 1Seed + 2396403);
22
23
      /* calculate environment temperature
24
      lTEnv += lStepSize * direction;
26
      /* saturating environment temperature at the bounds
27
      if( lTEnv < lLowLimit) { lTEnv = lLowLimit; }</pre>
      if( lTEnv > *Rte_Pim_THighLimit())
29
                               { lTEnv = *Rte_Pim_THighLimit(); }
30
31
      /* Store internal state
      Rte_IrvIWrite_envRE_Seed(lSeed);
      Rte_IrvIWrite_envRE_TEnv(lTEnv);
34
35
      /* write output
      Rte IWrite envRE EnvTemperaturePPP T(lTEnv);
37
38 }
39 #define envRE_STOP_SEC_CODE
40 #include "Environment_MemMap.h"
```



Listing 3.2: Plant.c

```
1 #include "Rte_Plant.h"
3 #define plantRE_START_SEC_CODE
4 #include "Plant_MemMap.h"
6 FUNC (void, Plant_CODE) plantRE_func (void)
7
      /* read input
                                                                      */
8
     float32 lTenv = Rte_IRead_plantRE_EnvTemperatureRPP_T();
9
     float32 lI
                     = Rte_IRead_plantRE_CurrentRPP_I();
10
11
     /* retrieve internal state
                                                                      */
12
     float32 lQPlant = Rte_IrvIRead_plantRE_QPlant();
13
     /* read parameters
15
     float32 lDt = Rte_Prm_DtRPP_Dt();
16
      float32 lEFactor = Rte_Prm_PlantParamsRPP_plnt_EnvFactor();
17
     float32 lHFactor = Rte_Prm_PlantParamsRPP_plnt_HeaterFactor();
19
      /* heat capacity of 1 assumed
                                                                      */
20
     float32 lTPlant = lQPlant;
21
22
      /st calculate heat flows, store in PIM to make them measurable st/
23
     *Rte_Pim_QEnv() = (lTenv - lTPlant) * lEFactor * lDt;
24
      *Rte_Pim_QHeater() = lI * lHFactor * lDt;
27
     /* update heat quantity in plant
                                                                      */
     lQPlant = lQPlant + *Rte_Pim_QHeater() + *Rte_Pim_QEnv();
28
      /* limit heat quantity to absolute zero
     lQPlant = lQPlant < 0 ? 0 : lQPlant;</pre>
31
32
     /* heat capacity of 1 assumed
     lTPlant = lQPlant;
34
35
     /* store internal state of plant: stored heat quantity
36
     Rte_IrvIWrite_plantRE_QPlant(lQPlant);
38
      /* Write output of plant: temerature of plant
                                                                      */
39
     Rte_IWrite_plantRE_PlantTemperaturePPP_T(lTPlant);
40
41 }
42 #define plantRE_STOP_SEC_CODE
43 #include "Plant_MemMap.h"
```



Listing 3.3: Controller.c

```
1 #include "Rte_Controller.h"
3 #define ControllerRE_START_SEC_CODE
4 #include "Controller_MemMap.h"
6 FUNC (void, Controller_CODE) controllerRE_func (void)
     /* read input, define output variable
8
     float32 lT = Rte IRead ControllerRE TemperatureRPP T();
9
     float32 lI;
10
11
    /* retrieve internal state: Sum of errors until last time step */
12
    float32 lESum = Rte_IrvIRead_ControllerRE_ESum();
13
    /* read parameters
                                                                    */
15
     float32 1Dt = Rte_Prm_DtRPP_Dt();
16
     float32 lSetPoint = Rte_Prm_ControllerParamsRPP_ctrl_SetPoint();
17
    float32 lK = Rte_Prm_ControllerParamsRPP_ctrl_K();
    float32 lMaxESum = Rte_Prm_ControllerParamsRPP_ctrl_MaxESum();
19
20
     /* store current error in PIM to make it measurable
21
22
     *Rte_Pim_E() = lSetPoint - lT;
23
     /* update eSum
24
     lESum += *Rte_Pim_E() * lDt;
27
     /* limit eSum
     if(lESum > lMaxESum) { lESum = lMaxESum; }
28
     if(lESum < 0) { lESum = 0;
     /* Controller equation: Calculation of manipulated variable
31
     lI = lESum * lK;
32
     /* Store internal state
                                                                    */
34
    Rte_IrvIWrite_ControllerRE_ESum(lESum);
35
36
     /* Write output of controller
38
     Rte_IWrite_ControllerRE_CurrentPPP_I(11);
39 }
40 #define ControllerRE_STOP_SEC_CODE
41 #include "Controller_MemMap.h"
```



3.1.6 A walk with T_Plant through the Show Case

This section revisits the complete show case, but focuses on one physical value: T_{Plant} . It visits all artifacts and highlights all places that relate to T_{Plant} to illustrate the dependencies between all artifacts.

3.1.6.1 Physical System

Our journey begins at the physical system, where the value of the physical system outside of the ECU is identified with a software value inside the ECU.

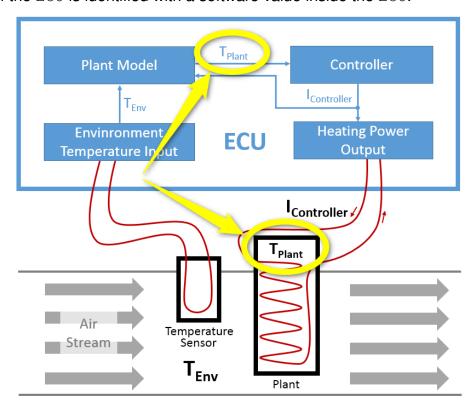


Figure 3.7: Physical Overview

3.1.6.1.1 Components

It was located at the interface between two architectural components, sent by the Plant and received by the Controller. Furthermore a sequencing was introduced³, i.e. in one time step the Plant is calculated before the Controller.

³Please note that this sequencing is a design decision. As there is also a data flow from the Plant to the Controller one could also argue for another calculation sequence.



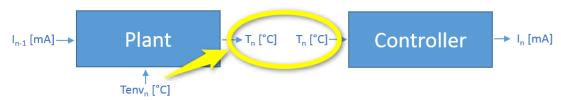


Figure 3.8: Component Overview

3.1.6.1.2 **Equations**

The functional behavior is defined by the equations for the Plant

$$Qplant_n [J] = \begin{bmatrix} T_n [K] \end{bmatrix} 1 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{J}{K} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$T_n [K] = \frac{Qplant_n [J]}{1 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{J}{K} \end{bmatrix}}$$

Figure 3.9: Dependency between Q_{Plant} and T_{Plant}

$$Qenv_{n}[\mathbf{J}] = (Tenv_{n}[\mathbf{K}] - T_{n-1}[\mathbf{K}]) \cdot \mathbf{h}_{\mathsf{Env}} \left[\frac{\mathbf{J}}{\mathbf{K}} \right] \cdot \Delta t [\mathbf{s}]$$

Figure 3.10: Heat flow from the Plant to the Environment

 T_{Plant} is also used by the physical equations in the component Controller:

$$e_n\left[\mathtt{K}
ight] = \mathtt{T}_{\mathtt{SetPoint}}\left[\mathtt{K}
ight] - T_n\left[\mathtt{K}
ight]$$

Figure 3.11: Calculation of the control error in the Controller

Furthermore, calculations inside the components are done in Kelvin [K]. The conversion from and to $[^{\circ}C]$ happens at the interface level.

3.1.6.2 AUTOSAR Modeling

This architecture, i.e. the layout of the physical system, is modeled in AUTOSAR. The functional behavior defined by the equations will be implemented in C Code later on.

3.1.6.2.1 Physical Dimension and Unit

A Physical Dimension is defined: T_{Plant} is a temperature.



Common PhysicalDimension attributes		
shortName	Temperature	
currentExp	0	
lengthExp	0	
luminousIntensity- Exp	0	
massExp	0	
molarAmountExp	0	
temperatureExp	1	
timeExp	0	

Table 3.1: Physical Dimension Temparature

The corresponding ARXML description is:

Listing 3.4: Physical Dimension of Temperature

 T_{Plant} shall have the Unit DegreeCelsius:

С	Common Unit attributes		
s	hortName	DegreeCelsius	
	displayName	°C	
	offsetSiToUnit	-273.15	
	factorSiToUnit	1.0	
	physicalDimension	Temparature	
		-	

Table 3.2: Unit DegreeCelsius

The corresponding ARXML description is:

Listing 3.5: Unit Degree Celsius



</UNIT>

The following is presented for completeness, although not directly needed for T_{Plant} . It is possible to link more than one unit to a physical dimension. So in the model, there is also a definition for the unit Kelvin:

С	Common Unit attributes		
s	hortName	Kelvin	
	displayName	K	
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0	
	factorSiToUnit	1.0	
	physicalDimension	Temperature	

Table 3.3: Unit Kelvin

The corresponding ARXML Code is:

Listing 3.6: Unit Kelvin

3.1.6.2.2 Application Data Type

A new ApplicationDataType is defined for temperatures in degree Celsius:



Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
shortName	1	Temperature C		
category	\	VALUE		
desc	7	Type for a temperature in [°C]		
swCalibrationA	ccess	readOnly		
unit	Γ	DegreeCelsi	ıs	
Range	Range			
Conversion				
category	L	LINEAR		
direction	C	compuInternalToPhys		
desc	1	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator/ compuDenominator
-	-		-	$Phys = \frac{-273.15 + 1 * Internal}{1}$

Table 3.4: ApplicationDataType Temperature_C

The corresponding ARXML Code is split between the definition of the Application-DataType:

Listing 3.7: Datatype

```
<APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE>
 <SHORT-NAME>Temperature_C
 <DESC>
 <L-2 L="EN">Type for a temperature in [^{\circ}C]</L-2>
 </DESC>
 <CATEGORY>VALUE</CATEGORY>
 <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
 <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
   <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
   <SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>READ-ONLY</SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>
   <COMPU-METHOD-REF DEST="COMPU-METHOD">
     /McInt/CompuMethods/Temperature C
   </COMPU-METHOD-REF>
   <UNIT-REF DEST="UNIT">/McInt/Units/DegreeCelsius
   </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
 </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
 </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
</APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE>
```

and the CompuMethod, which is referenced by the ApplicationDataType:

Listing 3.8: Conversion

```
<COMPU-METHOD>
  <SHORT-NAME>Temperature_C</SHORT-NAME>
  <DESC>
  <L-2 L="EN">Conversion from [°C] to [K]</L-2>
  </DESC>
  <CATEGORY>LINEAR</CATEGORY>
```



```
<DISPLAY-FORMAT>%.1f
 <UNIT-REF DEST="UNIT">/McInt/Units/DegreeCelsius
 <COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
 <COMPU-SCALES>
   <COMPU-SCALE>
   <COMPU-RATIONAL-COEFFS>
     <COMPU-NUMERATOR>
     <V>-273.15</V>
     <V>1</V>
     </COMPU-NUMERATOR>
     <COMPU-DENOMINATOR>
     <V>1</V>
     </COMPU-DENOMINATOR>
   </COMPU-RATIONAL-COEFFS>
   </COMPU-SCALE>
 </COMPU-SCALES>
 </COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
</COMPU-METHOD>
```

This ApplicationDataType is mapped to the ImplementationDataType float32. The DataTypeMappingSet that contains this DataTypeMap is referenced inside the SwcInternalBehaviors of the ApplicationSwComponentTypes presented later on.

Listing 3.9: Type Mapping

For completeness, also the ARXML containing the definition of float32 is inserted here:

Listing 3.10: Implementation Type and Base Type

```
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>AUTOSAR_PlatformTypes
<AR-PACKAGES>
  <AR-PACKAGE>
    <SHORT-NAME>ImplementationDataTypes
<SHORT-NAME>ImplementationDataTypes
<ELEMENTS>
  <IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE>
    <SHORT-NAME>float32
<SHORT-NAME>float32
<CATEGORY>VALUE</CATEGORY>
    <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
```



```
<SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
       <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
       <BASE-TYPE-REF DEST="SW-BASE-TYPE">/AUTOSAR_PlatformTypes/
           SwBaseTypes/float32/BASE-TYPE-REF>
       </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
     </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
     </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
   </IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE>
   </ELEMENTS>
 </AR-PACKAGE>
 <AR-PACKAGE>
   <SHORT-NAME>SwBaseTypes
    <ELEMENTS>
   <SW-BASE-TYPE>
     <SHORT-NAME>float32
     <CATEGORY>FIXED_LENGTH</CATEGORY>
     <BASE-TYPE-SIZE>32</BASE-TYPE-SIZE>
     <BASE-TYPE-ENCODING>IEEE754// BASE-TYPE-ENCODING>
   </SW-BASE-TYPE>
    </ELEMENTS>
 </AR-PACKAGE>
</AR-PACKAGE>
```

3.1.6.2.3 Port Interface

The Temperature_C is used to define the SenderReceiverInterface which is used to type the "transport" of a temperature in degree Celsius between SwComponentTypes. Please note that in the show case, this PortInterface is not only used to type the "transport" of T_{Plant} , but also to type the "transport" of T_{Env} .

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes			
shortName	TemperatureSRIF		
desc	Interface type for transferring temperatures in [°C]		
properties of the dataEleme	properties of the dataElementsS		
properties of VariableDa	taPrototype		
shortName	Т		
type	Temperature_C		
swImplPolicy	standard		
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly		
swAddrMethod	VAR		

Table 3.5: SenderReceiverInterface TemperatureSRIF

In ARXML:

Listing 3.11: Port Interface



```
<SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>
  <SHORT-NAME>TemperatureSRIF</SHORT-NAME>
  <L-2 L="EN">Interface type for transferring temperatures in [°C]</L-2</pre>
  </DESC>
  <IS-SERVICE>false
  <DATA-ELEMENTS>
  <VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
   <SHORT-NAME>T</SHORT-NAME>
   <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
   <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
     <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
      <SW-ADDR-METHOD-REF DEST="SW-ADDR-METHOD">/McInt/SwAddrMethods/
         VAR</SW-ADDR-METHOD-REF>
     <SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>READ-ONLY</SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>
     <SW-IMPL-POLICY>STANDARD</SW-IMPL-POLICY>
      </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
    </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
    </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
    <TYPE-TREF DEST="APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE">/McInt/
       ApplicationDataTypes/Temperature_C</TYPE-TREF>
  </VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
  </DATA-ELEMENTS>
</SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>
```

For completeness, also the referenced SwAddrMethod is described here:

С	Common SwAddrMethod attributes		
s	hortName	VAR	
d	esc	Memory section for variables	
	sectionType	var	
	memoryAllocation- KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName	
	sectionInitializa- tionPolicy	-	
	option	safetyQM	

Table 3.6: SwAddrMethod VAR

In ARXML:

Listing 3.12: Software Address Method

```
<SW-ADDR-METHOD>
     <SHORT-NAME>VAR</SHORT-NAME>
     <DESC>
      <L-2 L="EN">Memory section for variables</L-2>
      </DESC>
      <OPTIONS>
      <OPTION>safetyQM</OPTION>
      </OPTIONS>
</SW-ADDR-METHOD>
```



3.1.6.2.4 Software Components

The two ApplicationSwComponentTypes Controller and Plant are using T_{Plant} .

In Plant a PPortPrototype, typed by TemperatureSRIF, is defined for sending out T_{Plant} .

Furthermore dataWriteAccess is granted to the single RunnableEntity in this ApplicationSwComponentType. You also see the symbol, i.e. the name of the implementing C function, as well as the TimingEvent that triggers the execution of the RunnableEntity. These two are of further interest for tying together the system.

Common ApplicationSwComponentType attributes					
shortName	Plant				
properties of the ports					
properties of PPortProt	otype				
shortName	PlantTemperaturePPP				
desc	Port for sending out the estimated temperature of the plant				
providedInterface	TemperatureSRIF				
[]					
internalBehavior	PlantInternalBehavior				
[]	[]				
properties of the runnable	s				
properties of RunnableE	ntity				
shortName	plantRE				
symbol	plantRE_func				
properties of the events	properties of the events				
properties of TimingEve	properties of TimingEvent				
shortName	plant100ms				
startOnEvent	plantRE				
period	0.1				

Table 3.7: ApplicationSwComponentType Plant

In ARXML:

Listing 3.13: Plant

```
<APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
     <SHORT-NAME>Plant
     <PORTS>
     <P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
          <SHORT-NAME>PlantTemperaturePPP</SHORT-NAME>
          <DESC>
          <L-2 L="EN">Port for sending out the estimated temperature of the plant</L-2>
```



```
</DESC>
   <PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF DEST="SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE">
    /McInt/PortInterfaces/TemperatureSRIF
   </PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF>
 </P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
 </PORTS>
 <INTERNAL-BEHAVIORS>
 <SWC-INTERNAL-BEHAVIOR>
   <SHORT-NAME>PlantInternalBehavior
   <DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REFS>
   <DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REF DEST="DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-SET">
     /McInt/DataTypeMappings/DataTypeMappingSet
   </DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REF>
   </DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REFS>
   <EVENTS>
   <TIMING-EVENT>
     <SHORT-NAME>plant100ms
     <START-ON-EVENT-REF DEST="RUNNABLE-ENTITY">
      /McInt/SwComponents/Plant/PlantInternalBehavior/plantRE
     </START-ON-EVENT-REF>
     <PERIOD>0.1</PERIOD>
   </TIMING-EVENT>
   </EVENTS>
   <RUNNABLES>
   <RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
     <SHORT-NAME>plantRE
     <DATA-WRITE-ACCESSS>
     <VARIABLE-ACCESS>
       <SHORT-NAME>DWA_PlantTemperature
       <ACCESSED-VARIABLE>
       <AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
         <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">
            /McInt/SwComponents/Plant/PlantTemperaturePPP
         </PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
         <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">
            /McInt/PortInterfaces/TemperatureSRIF/T
         </TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
       </AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
       </ACCESSED-VARIABLE>
     </VARIABLE-ACCESS>
     </DATA-WRITE-ACCESSS>
   </RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
    </RUNNABLES>
 </SWC-INTERNAL-BEHAVIOR>
 </INTERNAL-BEHAVIORS>
</APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
```

In Controller a RPortPrototype, typed by TemperatureSRIF, is defined for receiving T_{Plant} .

Furthermore dataReadAccess is granted to the single RunnableEntity in this ApplicationSwComponentType. You also see the symbol, i.e. the name of the im-



plementing C function, as well as the TimingEvent that triggers the execution of the RunnableEntity. These two are of further interest for tying together the system.

Common ApplicationSwComponentType attributes		
shortName	Controller	
properties of the ports		
properties of RPortProt	otype	
shortName	TemperatureRPP	
desc	Port to receive the temperature of the plant	
requiredInterface	TemperatureSRIF	
[]		
internalBehavior	ControllerInternalBehavior	
[]		
properties of the runnables	S	
properties of RunnableE	ntity	
shortName	ControllerRE	
symbol	controllerRE_func	
properties of the events		
properties of TimingEver	nt	
shortName	controller100ms	
startOnEvent	ControllerRE	
period	0.1	

Table 3.8: ApplicationSwComponentType Controller

In ARXML:

Listing 3.14: Controller

```
<APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
 <SHORT-NAME>Controller
 <PORTS>
 <R-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
   <SHORT-NAME>TemperatureRPP</SHORT-NAME>
   <L-2 L="EN">Port to receive the temperature of the plant</L-2>
   </DESC>
   <REQUIRED-INTERFACE-TREF DEST="SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE">
     /McInt/PortInterfaces/TemperatureSRIF
    </REQUIRED-INTERFACE-TREF>
 </R-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
 . . .
 </PORTS>
 <INTERNAL-BEHAVIORS>
 <SWC-INTERNAL-BEHAVIOR>
   <SHORT-NAME>ControllerInternalBehavior
   <DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REFS>
   <DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REF DEST="DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-SET">
```



```
/McInt/DataTypeMappings/DataTypeMappingSet
   </DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REF>
   </DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REFS>
   <EVENTS>
   <TTMTNG-EVENT>
     <SHORT-NAME>controller100ms
     <START-ON-EVENT-REF DEST="RUNNABLE-ENTITY">
      /McInt/SwComponents/Controller/ControllerInternalBehavior/
          ControllerRE
     </START-ON-EVENT-REF>
     <PERIOD>0.1</PERIOD>
   </TIMING-EVENT>
   </EVENTS>
   <RUNNABLES>
   <RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
     <SHORT-NAME>ControllerRE
     <DATA-READ-ACCESSS>
     <VARIABLE-ACCESS>
       <SHORT-NAME>DRA_temperature
       <ACCESSED-VARIABLE>
       <AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
         <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">
          /McInt/SwComponents/Controller/TemperatureRPP
         </PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
         <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">
          /McInt/PortInterfaces/TemperatureSRIF/T
         </TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
       </AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
       </ACCESSED-VARIABLE>
     </VARIABLE-ACCESS>
     </DATA-READ-ACCESSS>
   </RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
   </RUNNABLES>
 </SWC-INTERNAL-BEHAVIOR>
  </INTERNAL-BEHAVIORS>
</APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
```

The two ApplicationSwComponentTypes are then used to type SwComponent-Prototypes in the Composition. The PortPrototypes of the SwComponent-Prototypes are connected by an AssemblySwConnector:



hortName	Composition	
roperties of the comp	onents	
properties of SwCor	ponentPrototype	
shortName	CPT_Controller	
type	Controller	
properties of SwCor	ponentPrototype	
shortName	CPT_Plant	
type	Plant	

Table 3.9: CompositionSwComponentType Composition

In ARXML:

Listing 3.15: Composision

```
<COMPOSITION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
 <SHORT-NAME>Composition
 <COMPONENTS>
 <SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE>
   <SHORT-NAME>CPT Controller
   <TYPE-TREF DEST="APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE">/McInt/SwComponents
       /Controller</TYPE-TREF>
 </SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE>
   <SHORT-NAME>CPT Plant
   <TYPE-TREF DEST="APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE">/McInt/SwComponents
       /Plant</TYPE-TREF>
 </SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE>
 </COMPONENTS>
 <CONNECTORS>
 <ASSEMBLY-SW-CONNECTOR>
    <SHORT-NAME>
       ASC_CPT_Plant_TemperaturePPP_CPT_Controller_TemperatureRPP</
       SHORT-NAME>
   <PROVIDER-IREF>
   <CONTEXT-COMPONENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/
       SwComponents/Composition/CPT_Plant</CONTEXT-COMPONENT-REF>
   <TARGET-P-PORT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/SwComponents/
       Plant/PlantTemperaturePPP</TARGET-P-PORT-REF>
   </PROVIDER-IREF>
   <REQUESTER-IREF>
   <CONTEXT-COMPONENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/
       SwComponents/Composition/CPT Controller</CONTEXT-COMPONENT-REF>
   <TARGET-R-PORT-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/SwComponents/
       Controller/TemperatureRPP</TARGET-R-PORT-REF>
   </REQUESTER-IREF>
  </ASSEMBLY-SW-CONNECTOR>
 </CONNECTORS>
```



</COMPOSITION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>

3.1.6.3 System

In the ECU_Extract, i.e. a System with category ECU_EXTRACT, the Composition is used to type the rootSoftwareComposition. All SwComponentPrototypes in Composition are mapped to the single EcuInstance in this show case.

Listing 3.16: System and Eculnstance

```
<ECU-INSTANCE>
 <SHORT-NAME>EcuInstance
</ECU-INSTANCE>
<SYSTEM>
 <SHORT-NAME>EcuExtract
 <CATEGORY>ECU_EXTRACT</CATEGORY>
 <MAPPINGS>
 <SYSTEM-MAPPING>
   <SHORT-NAME>SystemMapping
   <SW-MAPPINGS>
   <SWC-TO-ECU-MAPPING>
     <SHORT-NAME>SwcToEcuMapping
     <COMPONENT-TREES>
     <COMPONENT-IREF>
       <CONTEXT-COMPOSITION-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">
         /McInt/System/EcuExtract/RootSwCompositionPrototype
       </CONTEXT-COMPOSITION-REF>
       <TARGET-COMPONENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">
         /McInt/SwComponents/Composition/CPT_Controller
        </TARGET-COMPONENT-REF>
     </COMPONENT-IREF>
     <COMPONENT-IREF>
       <CONTEXT-COMPOSITION-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">
        /McInt/System/EcuExtract/RootSwCompositionPrototype
       </CONTEXT-COMPOSITION-REF>
       <TARGET-COMPONENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">
        /McInt/SwComponents/Composition/CPT_Plant
       </TARGET-COMPONENT-REF>
     </COMPONENT-IREF>
     </COMPONENT-IREFS>
     <ECU-INSTANCE-REF DEST="ECU-INSTANCE">/McInt/System/EcuInstance</
         ECU-INSTANCE-REF>
   </SWC-TO-ECU-MAPPING>
   </SW-MAPPINGS>
 </SYSTEM-MAPPING>
  </MAPPINGS>
  <ROOT-SOFTWARE-COMPOSITIONS>
 <ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE>
   <SHORT-NAME>RootSwCompositionPrototype
   <FLAT-MAP-REF DEST="FLAT-MAP">/McInt/System/FlatMap/FLAT-MAP-REF>
   <SOFTWARE-COMPOSITION-TREF DEST="COMPOSITION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE">
      /McInt/SwComponents/Composition
   </SOFTWARE-COMPOSITION-TREF>
```



```
</ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE>
</ROOT-SOFTWARE-COMPOSITIONS>
</SYSTEM>
```

The FlatMap that is referenced in the ECU_Extract, gives the name TPlant to a dataElement (see ecuExtractReference below). The name TPlant is later on displayed in the MC Tool.

Listing 3.17: FlatMap

```
<FLAT-MAP>
  <SHORT-NAME>FlatMap</SHORT-NAME>
  <INSTANCES>
  <FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
   <SHORT-NAME>TPlant
    <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/
       System/EcuExtract/RootSwCompositionPrototype</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/
       SwComponents/Composition/CPT_Plant</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/SwComponents/
       Plant/PlantTemperaturePPP</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <TARGET-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/PortInterfaces/
       TemperatureSRIF/T</TARGET-REF>
    </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
  </FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  </INSTANCES>
</FLAT-MAP>
```

3.1.6.4 ECU Configuration

There are further things that need to be defined before the RTE and the OS can be generated. For instance, the order in which the RTEEvents for the RunnableEntitys are invoked and the assignment to an OsTask. This is done via EcucModuleConfigurationValues. The interesting parts of the RTE configuration are:

Listing 3.18: RTE Config



```
<DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteMappedToTaskRef/DEFINITION-REF>
   <VALUE-REF ...>.../OS/OS_CFG/task_100ms</VALUE-REF>
 </ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
 <ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
   <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteEventRef
    <VALUE-REF DEST="TIMING-EVENT">.../controller100ms</VALUE-REF>
 </ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
 </REFERENCE-VALUES>
</ECUC-CONTAINER-VALUE>
<ECUC-CONTAINER-VALUE>
 <SHORT-NAME>plant100ms
 <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteEventToTaskMapping/DEFINITION-REF>
  <PARAMETER-VALUES>
  <ECUC-NUMERICAL-PARAM-VALUE>
   <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RtePositionInTask/DEFINITION-REF>
   <VALUE>2</VALUE>
 </ECUC-NUMERICAL-PARAM-VALUE>
 </PARAMETER-VALUES>
 <REFERENCE-VALUES>
  <ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
   <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteMappedToTaskRef/DEFINITION-REF>
   <VALUE-REF ...>.../OS/OS_CFG/task_100ms</VALUE-REF>
 </ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
 <ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
   <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteEventRef
    <VALUE-REF DEST="TIMING-EVENT">..../plant100ms</VALUE-REF>
 </ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
  </REFERENCE-VALUES>
</ECUC-CONTAINER-VALUE>
```

This part of the OS configuration defines the name of the OSTask, that we see later on in the generated C code:

Listing 3.19: OsConfig



These configurations are tied to the ECU_Extract by an EcucValueCollection:

Listing 3.20: EcuC Value Collection

```
<ECUC-VALUE-COLLECTION>
  <SHORT-NAME>EcucValueCollection
  <ECU-EXTRACT-REF DEST="SYSTEM">/McInt/System/EcuExtract/McInt/System/EcuExtract
     REF>
  <ECUC-VALUES>
  <ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF-CONDITIONAL>
    <ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF DEST="ECUC-MODULE-</pre>
       CONFIGURATION-VALUES">/McInt/RTE/RTE_CFG</ECUC-MODULE-
       CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF>
  </ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF-CONDITIONAL>
  <ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF-CONDITIONAL>
    <ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF DEST="ECUC-MODULE-</pre>
       CONFIGURATION-VALUES">/McInt/OS/OS CFG</ECUC-MODULE-
       CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF>
  </ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF-CONDITIONAL>
  </ECUC-VALUES>
</ECUC-VALUE-COLLECTION>
```

This completes the presentation of the AUTOSAR modeling in our walk through.

3.1.6.5 RTE Generation

In the following, some snippets of the generated RTE are presented. However, they are examples only and may differ if different RTE generators are used.

Among other things, the OsTask is generated as defined in the ECU configuration above:

Listing 3.21: Rte.c

```
2 #define RTE START SEC VAR
3 #include "MemMap.h" /*lint !e537 permit multiple inclusion */
5 VAR(float32, RTE_DATA) TPlant;
  #define RTE_STOP_SEC_VAR
8 #include "MemMap.h" /*lint !e537 permit multiple inclusion */
10 TASK(task 100ms)
11 {
12
     Rte_ImplicitBufs.isa_1._task_100ms.sbuf1.value = TPlant;
13
14
    plantRE_func();
15
16
17
    controllerRE_func();
18
     TPlant = Rte_ImplicitBufs.isa_1._task_100ms.sbuf1.value;
19
21 } /* task_100ms */
```



22 ...

Also a MACRO to write T_{Plant} in the Plant

Listing 3.22: Rte_Plant.h

and to read T_{Plant} in the Controller

Listing 3.23: Rte_Controller.h

was generated. Furthermore, the McSupport file is generated as an interface between the "AUTOSAR world" and the "A2L world". As the reader can see, this is a compilation of necessary data from the AUTOSAR model presented before:

Listing 3.24: McSupportData

```
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>BswImplementations
  <ELEMENTS>
   <BSW-IMPLEMENTATION>
    <SHORT-NAME>Rte
    <MC-SUPPORT>
     <MC-VARIABLE-INSTANCES>
       <MC-DATA-INSTANCE>
        <SHORT-NAME>TPlant
        <DESC>
          <L-2 L="EN">Type for a temperature in [°C]</L-2>
        </DESC>
        <CATEGORY>VALUE</CATEGORY>
        <FLAT-MAP-ENTRY-REF DEST="FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR">/McInt/
            System/FlatMap/TPlant</FLAT-MAP-ENTRY-REF>
        <RESULTING-PROPERTIES>
          <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
          <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
            <BASE-TYPE-REF BASE="Rte_MCSD_SwBaseTypes" DEST="SW-BASE-</pre>
               TYPE">float32</BASE-TYPE-REF>
            <SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>READ-ONLY</SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>
            <COMPU-METHOD-REF BASE="Rte_MCSD_CompuMethods" DEST="COMPU</pre>
               -METHOD">McInt_CompuMethods_Temperature_C</COMPU-
               METHOD-REF>
            <DISPLAY-FORMAT>%.1f
            <UNIT-REF BASE="Rte_MCSD_Units" DEST="UNIT">
               McInt Units DegreeCelsius</UNIT-REF>
          </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
          </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
```



```
</RESULTING-PROPERTIES>
        <SYMBOL>TPlant</SYMBOL>
        </MC-DATA-INSTANCE>
     </MC-VARIABLE-INSTANCES>
  </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>Units
  <ELEMENTS>
   <UNIT>
   <SHORT-NAME>McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius</SHORT-NAME>
   <DISPLAY-NAME>°C
   <FACTOR-SI-TO-UNIT>1.0/FACTOR-SI-TO-UNIT>
   <OFFSET-SI-TO-UNIT>-273.15/OFFSET-SI-TO-UNIT>
   <PHYSICAL-DIMENSION-REF BASE="Rte_MCSD_PhysicalDimensions" DEST="</pre>
      PHYSICAL-DIMENSION">McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature<//
      PHYSICAL-DIMENSION-REF>
   </UNIT>
  </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>CompuMethods
  <ELEMENTS>
   <COMPU-METHOD>
   <SHORT-NAME>McInt_CompuMethods_Temperature_C</SHORT-NAME>
   <DESC>
     <L-2 L="EN">Conversion from [°C] at an interface to [K] for
         internal computations</L-2>
   </DESC>
   <CATEGORY>LINEAR</CATEGORY>
   <DISPLAY-FORMAT>%f</DISPLAY-FORMAT>
   <UNIT-REF BASE="Rte MCSD Units" DEST="UNIT">
      McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius
   <COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
     <COMPU-SCALES>
     <COMPU-SCALE>
       <COMPU-RATIONAL-COEFFS>
       <COMPU-NUMERATOR>
         <v>-273.15</v>
         <V>1</V>
       </COMPU-NUMERATOR>
       <COMPU-DENOMINATOR>
         <V>1</V>
       </COMPU-DENOMINATOR>
       </COMPU-RATIONAL-COEFFS>
     </COMPU-SCALE>
     </COMPU-SCALES>
   </COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
   </COMPU-METHOD>
    . . .
   </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>PhysicalDimensions
```



```
<ELEMENTS>
   <PHYSICAL-DIMENSION>
   <SHORT-NAME>McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature/SHORT-NAME>
   <LENGTH-EXP>0</LENGTH-EXP>
   <mass-exp>0</mass-exp>
   <TIME-EXP>0</TIME-EXP>
   <CURRENT-EXP>0</CURRENT-EXP>
   <TEMPERATURE-EXP>1</TEMPERATURE-EXP>
   <molar-amount-exp>0</molar-amount-exp>
   <LUMINOUS-INTENSITY-EXP>0</LUMINOUS-INTENSITY-EXP>
   </PHYSICAL-DIMENSION>
</AR-PACKAGE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>SwBaseTypes
  <ELEMENTS>
  <SW-BASE-TYPE>
  <SHORT-NAME>float32
  <CATEGORY>FIXED_LENGTH</CATEGORY>
  <BASE-TYPE-SIZE>32</BASE-TYPE-SIZE>
  <BASE-TYPE-ENCODING>IEEE754// BASE-TYPE-ENCODING>
  </SW-BASE-TYPE>
  </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
```

3.1.6.6 Implementation in C

The implementation in C-Code is a direct implementation of the physical equations. The Plant uses the MACRO, generated by the RTE generator, to write T_{Plant} :

Listing 3.25: Plant

```
#include "Rte_Plant.h"

...

FUNC (void, Plant_CODE) plantRE_func (void)

{

...

/* heat capacity of 1 assumed

/* float32 lTPlant = lQPlant;

/* calculate heat flows, store in PIM to make them measurable */

*Rte_Pim_QEnv() = (lTenv - lTPlant) * lEFactor * lDt;

/* heat capacity of 1 assumed

/* lTPlant = lQPlant;

...

/* Write output of plant: temerature of plant

Rte_IWrite_plantRE_PlantTemperaturePPP_T(lTPlant);

Rte_IWrite_plantRE_PlantTemperaturePPP_T(lTPlant);

/* Rte_IWrite_plantRE_PlantTemperaturePPP_T(lTPlant);
```

The Controller uses the MACRO, generated by the RTE generator, to read T_{Plant} :

Listing 3.26: Controller



```
1 #include "Rte_Controller.h"
3 FUNC (void, Controller_CODE) controllerRE_func (void)
4
      /* read input, define output variable
5
     float32 1T = Rte_IRead_ControllerRE_TemperatureRPP_T();
6
      . . .
8
      /* store current error in PIM to make it measurable
9
                                                                      */
     *Rte_Pim_E() = lSetPoint - lT;
10
11
12 }
```

3.1.6.7 A2L File

Using the McSupport file and the map file from the linker, an example A2L file was generated for this show case. The snippet below is an example only and could differ if a different A2L file generator is used:

Listing 3.27: A2L File

```
2 /begin MEASUREMENT TPlant
3
      "TPlant"
         FLOAT32_IEEE
4
        McInt_CompuMethods_Temperature_C
5
        0
        0
        -1E+32
8
         1E+32
9
        DISPLAY IDENTIFIER "TPlant"
10
         ECU ADDRESS 0xe000001c
11
         FORMAT "%.1f"
12
         PHYS_UNIT "°C"
13
14 /end MEASUREMENT
15 . . .
16 /begin UNIT McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature
          "McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature"
17
          "McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature"
18
19
         EXTENDED_SI
          SI_EXPONENTS 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
20
21 /end UNIT
22 /begin UNIT McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius
          "McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius"
23
          "°C"
24
          DERIVED
25
         REF_UNIT McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature
          UNIT_CONVERSION 1 -273.15
27
28 /end UNIT
29 /begin COMPU_METHOD McInt_CompuMethods_Temperature_C
30
         "McInt_CompuMethods_Temperature_C"
         LINEAR
31
         "%f"
32
          "°С"
```



```
COEFFS_LINEAR 1 -273.15
REF_UNIT McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius
/end COMPU_METHOD
...
```

3.1.6.8 Measurement and Calibration Tool

The A2L file is then used by a MC tool to measure T_{Plant} . Of course, in addition to the A2L file a suitable ECU access⁴ must be available, to actually do measurement and calibration with the AUTOSAR system of this show case. However, the ECU access is not presented because this is not in the focus of this show case.

Below is a typical screen shot from a MC tool during an actual measurement and calibration task. You can see T_{Plant} measured and displayed in degree Celsius.

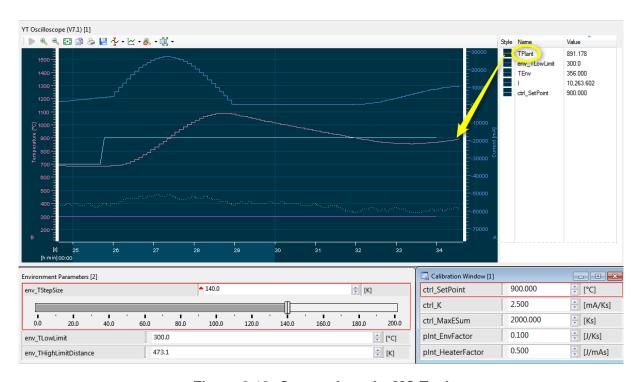


Figure 3.12: Screenshot of a MC Tool

⁴for instance, a measurement and calibration service like XCP or a hardware access to the memory of the micro controller



3.1.7 Show cases in the Example

3.1.7.1 CompositionSwComponentTypes

nortName	Composition	
operties of the components		
properties of SwCon	nponentPrototype	
shortName	CPT_Controller	
type	Controller	
properties of SwCon	nponentPrototype	
shortName	CPT_Parameters	
type	Parameters	
properties of SwComponentPrototype		
shortName	CPT_Plant	
type	Plant	
properties of SwComponentPrototype		
shortName	CPT_Environment	
type	Environment.	

Table 3.10: CompositionSwComponentType Composition



3.1.7.2 ParameterSwComponentTypes

ommon ParameterSwComponentType attributes			
shortName	Parameters		
desc	Type for providing the parameters to the ApplicationSwCompoments		
roperties of the ports			
properties of PPortProt	otype		
shortName	ControllerPPP		
desc	Port for providing the parameters for the controller		
providedInterface	ControllerPIF		
properties of PPortProt	properties of PPortPrototype		
shortName	PlantPPP		
desc	Port for providing the parameters for the plant		
providedInterface	PlantPIF		
properties of PPortProt	otype		
shortName	EnvironmentPPP		
desc	Port for providing the parameters for the environment		
providedInterface	EnvironmentPIF		
properties of PPortPrototype			
shortName	DtPPP		
desc	Time of one time step		
providedInterface	DtPIF		

Table 3.11: ParameterSwComponentType Parameters



3.1.7.3 ApplicationSwComponentTypes

ommon ApplicationSwComponentType attributes		
shortName	Controller	
operties of the ports		
properties of RPortProt	properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	TemperatureRPP	
desc	Port to receive the temperature of the plant	
requiredInterface	TemperatureSRIF	
properties of PPortProt	otype	
shortName	CurrentPPP	
desc	Port for sending out the current output by this controller	
providedInterface	CurrentSRIF	
properties of RPortProt	otype	
shortName	ControllerParamsRPP	
desc	Port to get the parameters for the controller	
requiredInterface	ControllerPIF	
properties of RPortProt	properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	DtRPP	
desc	Port to get delta t, i.e. time of one time step	
requiredInterface	DtPIF	
internalBehavior	ControllerInternalBehavior	

Table 3.12: ApplicationSwComponentType Controller



ortName	ControllerInternalBehavior
operties of implicitInterRunnableVariables / explicitInterRunnableVariables	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	ESum
desc	Internal state of the controller: the sum of control errors
type	ESum
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	CODE
operties of the arTypedPe	erInstaceMemoryS
properties of VariableDa	_
shortName	E
desc	Measurement point for the control error, the deviation between set point and acutal temperature of the plant, in the current time step
type	Temperature_K
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	CODE
operties of the runnables	3
properties of RunnableEr	ntity
shortName	ControllerRE
symbol	controllerRE_func
operties of the events	
properties of TimingEver	ic I
shortName	controller100ms
startOnEvent	ControllerRE
period	0.1

 Table 3.13: SwcInternalBehavior ControllerInternalBehavior



ommon ApplicationSwComponentType attributes			
shortName	Plant		
roperties of the ports			
properties of RPortProt	properties of RPortPrototype		
shortName	CurrentRPP		
desc	Port to receive the current from the controller		
requiredInterface	CurrentSRIF		
properties of PPortProt	properties of PPortPrototype		
shortName	PlantTemperaturePPP		
desc	Port for sending out the estimated temperature of the plant		
providedInterface	TemperatureSRIF		
properties of RPortProt	properties of RPortPrototype		
shortName	PlantParamsRPP		
desc	Port to get the parameters for the plant		
requiredInterface	PlantPIF		
properties of RPortProt	properties of RPortPrototype		
shortName	EnvTemperatureRPP		
desc	Port to receive the tempertature of the environment		
requiredInterface	TemperatureSRIF		
properties of RPortProt	properties of RPortPrototype		
shortName	DtRPP		
desc	Port to get delta t, i.e. time of one time step		
requiredInterface	DtPIF		
internalBehavior	PlantInternalBehavior		

Table 3.14: ApplicationSwComponentType Plant



ortName	PlantInternalBehavior
	erRunnableVariableS / explicitInterRunnableVariableS
	<u> </u>
properties of VariableDa	ataPrototype
shortName	QPlant
desc	Internal state of the plant: the stored energy quantity in the current time step
type	Energy
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	CODE
operties of the arTypedPe	erInstaceMemoryS
properties of VariableDa	-
<u> </u>	
shortName	QHeater
desc	Measurement point for heat flow between the electrical heater and the plant in the current time step.
type	Energy
swImplPolicy	standard
<pre>swCalibrationAccess</pre>	readOnly
swAddrMethod	VAR
properties of VariableDa	ataPrototype
shortName	QEnv
desc	Measurement point for heat flow between the plant and the environment in the current time step.
type	Energy
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	CODE
operties of the runnables	
properties of RunnableEr	
shortName	plantRE
symbol	plantRE_func
operties of the events	
properties of TimingEver	nt .
shortName	plant100ms
startOnEvent	plantRE
period	0.1

Table 3.15: SwcInternalBehavior PlantInternalBehavior



shortName	Environment	
proportion of the marks	Environment	
roperties of the ports		
properties of PPortProt	cotype	
shortName	EnvTemperaturePPP	
desc	Port to send out the temperature of the environment	
providedInterface	TemperatureSRIF	
properties of RPortPrototype		
shortName	EnvParamsRPP	
desc	Port to get the parameters for the environment	
requiredInterface	EnvironmentPIF	
properties of RPortPrototype		
shortName	DtRPP	
desc	Port to get delta t, i.e. time of one time step	
requiredInterface	DtPIF	
.nternalBehavior	EnvironmentInternalBehavior	

 Table 3.16: ApplicationSwComponentType Environment



ortName	EnvironmentInternalBehavior
operties of implicitInte	erRunnableVariableS / explicitInterRunnableVariableS
properties of VariableDa	ataPrototype
shortName	Seed
desc	Internal state of the environment: the current seed for the (pseudo) random number generation
type	uint32
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
swAddrMethod	CODE
properties of VariableDa	ataPrototype
shortName	TEnv
desc	Internal state of the environment: the temperture of the environment
type	Temperature_C
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
	CODE
swAddrMethod operties of the arTypedPe properties of VariableDa	_
operties of the arTypedPe	erInstaceMemoryS
operties of the arTypedPe	erInstaceMemoryS ataPrototype
operties of the arTypedPe properties of VariableDa shortName	erInstaceMemoryS ataPrototype THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature
operties of the arTypedPe properties of VariableDa shortName desc	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile
operties of the arTypedPe properties of VariableDa shortName desc type	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile Temperature_C
operties of the arTypedPer properties of VariableDa shortName desc type swImplPolicy	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile Temperature_C standard
operties of the arTypedPer properties of VariableDa shortName desc type swImplPolicy swCalibrationAccess	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile Temperature_C standard readOnly CODE
properties of the arTypedPer properties of VariableDa shortName desc type swImplPolicy swCalibrationAccess swAddrMethod	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile Temperature_C standard readOnly CODE
operties of the arTypedPer properties of VariableDa shortName desc type swImplPolicy swCalibrationAccess swAddrMethod	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile Temperature_C standard readOnly CODE
operties of the arTypedPerproperties of VariableDerics shortName desc type swImplPolicy swCalibrationAccess swAddrMethod operties of the runnables properties of RunnableEr	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile Temperature_C standard readOnly CODE
operties of the arTypedPer properties of VariableDa shortName desc type swImplPolicy swCalibrationAccess swAddrMethod operties of the runnableS properties of RunnableEr shortName	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile Temperature_C standard readOnly CODE Tity envRE
operties of the arTypedPer properties of VariableDa shortName desc type swImplPolicy swCalibrationAccess swAddrMethod operties of the runnableS properties of RunnableEr	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile Temperature_C standard readOnly CODE tity envRE envRE_func
operties of the arTypedPer properties of VariableDa shortName desc type swImplPolicy swCalibrationAccess swAddrMethod operties of the runnables properties of RunnableEr shortName symbol operties of the events	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile Temperature_C standard readOnly CODE tity envRE envRE_func
operties of the arTypedPerproperties of VariableDermoperties of VariableDermoperties of VariableDermoperties of VariableDermoperties of the runnableSuproperties of RunnableErmoperties of the eventsupproperties of the eventsupproperties of TimingEvermoperties of TimingEvermop	THighLimit Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile Temperature_C standard readOnly CODE tity envRE envRE_func

 Table 3.17: SwcInternalBehavior EnvironmentInternalBehavior



3.1.7.4 ParameterInterfaces

ommon ParameterInterface attributes		
shortName	ControllerPIF	
desc	Interface with all parameters for the controller	
roperties of the parameters		
properties of ParameterI	properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	ctrl_SetPoint	
desc	Set point for the temperature of the plant	
type	Temperature_C	
swImplPolicy	standard	
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite	
swAddrMethod	CALIB	
properties of ParameterI	properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	ctrl_K	
desc	Amplification factor for the I-controller	
type	Amplification	
swImplPolicy	standard	
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite	
swAddrMethod	CALIB	
properties of ParameterI	properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	ctrl_MaxESum	
desc	Upper limit of the integal part of the I-controller	
type	ESum	
swImplPolicy	standard	
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite	
swAddrMethod	CALIB	

Table 3.18: ParameterInterface ControllerPIF



ommon ParameterInterface attributes			
shortName	PlantPIF		
desc	Interface with all parameters for the plant		
roperties of the parameters			
properties of ParameterI	properties of ParameterDataPrototype		
shortName	pInt_EnvFactor		
desc	Proportionality factor for the heat flow between plant and environment		
type	EnvFactor		
swImplPolicy	standard		
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite		
swAddrMethod	CALIB		
properties of Parameter	DataPrototype		
shortName	plnt_HeaterFactor		
desc	Proportionality factor for the heat flow between plant and the electrical heater		
type	HeaterFactor		
swImplPolicy	standard		
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite		
swAddrMethod	CALIB		

Table 3.19: ParameterInterface PlantPIF



nortName	EnvironmentPIF
esc	Interface with all parameters for the environment
roperties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterI	
shortName	env_TLowLimit
desc	Lower limit of the generated temeprature profile
type	Temperature_C
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB
properties of ParameterI	DataPrototype
shortName	env_TStepSize
desc	The maximal temperature diffenrence of the environment in one time step
type	Temperature_K
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB
properties of ParameterI	DataPrototype
shortName	env_THighLimitDistance
desc	Distance of the upper limit from the lower limit for the generated temeprature profile.
type	Temperature_K
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB

Table 3.20: ParameterInterface EnvironmentPIF

Common ParameterInterface attributes		
shortName	DtPIF	
properties of the parameters		
properties of Parameter	properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	Dt	
desc	Scheduling time of the components	
type	Time	
swImplPolicy	standard	
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite	
swAddrMethod	CALIB	

Table 3.21: ParameterInterface DtPIF

— AUTOSAR CONFIDENTIAL —



3.1.7.5 SenderReceiverInterfaces

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes		
shortName	TemperatureSRIF	
desc Interface type for transferring temperatures in [°C]		
properties of the dataElementsS		
properties of VariableDataPrototype		
shortName	Т	
type	Temperature_C	
swImplPolicy	standard	
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly	
swAddrMethod	VAR	

Table 3.22: SenderReceiverInterface TemperatureSRIF

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes		
shortName	CurrentSRIF	
desc Interface type for transferring a current in [mA]		
properties of the dataEleme	entsS	
properties of VariableDataPrototype		
shortName	1	
type	Current	
swImplPolicy	standard	
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly	
swAddrMethod	VAR	

Table 3.23: SenderReceiverInterface CurrentSRIF



3.1.7.6 ApplicationDataTypes, Category VALUE

Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
shortName	Temperature_C	Temperature_C		
category	VALUE			
desc	Type for a temp	perature in [°C]		
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly			
unit	DegreeCelsi	DegreeCelsius		
Range	Range			
Conversion				
category	LINEAR			
direction	compuIntern	compuInternalToPhys		
desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator/ compuDenominator	
-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{-273.15 + 1 * Internal}{1}$	

Table 3.24: ApplicationDataType Temperature_C

O	Common ApplicationDataType attributes			
S	shortName	Current		
0	ategory	VALUE		
d	lesc	Type for the current in [mA]		
s	wCalibrationAccess	readOnly		
u	unit MilliAmpere			
R	Range			
C	Conversion			
	category	LINEAR		
	direction	compuIntern	alToPhys	
	desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator/ compuDenominator
	-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 1000 * Internal}{1}$

Table 3.25: ApplicationDataType Current



Common ApplicationDataType attributes		
shortName EnvFactor		
category VALUE		
desc Type for the environt factor in [J/Ks]		
swCalibrationAccess readOnly		
unit JoulePerKelvinSecond		
Range		
Conversion		
category	IDENTICAL	
direction	-	

Table 3.26: ApplicationDataType EnvFactor

Common ApplicationDataType attributes		
shortName	Temperature_K	
category VALUE		
desc Type for a temperature in [K]		
swCalibrationAccess readOnly		
unit Kelvin		
Range		
Conversion		
category	IDENTICAL	
direction	-	

Table 3.27: ApplicationDataType Temperature_K

Common ApplicationDataType attributes		
shortName Amplification		
category	VALUE	
desc Type for an amplification factor in a controller in [mA/Ks]		
swCalibrationAccess readOnly		
unit MilliAmperePerKelvinSecond		
Range		
Conversion		
category	category IDENTICAL	
direction	-	

Table 3.28: ApplicationDataType Amplification



Co	Common ApplicationDataType attributes		
shortName		Energy	
Ca	ategory	VALUE	
de	desc Type for energy [J]		
swCalibrationAccess readOr		readOnly	
unit Joul		Joule	
Ra	Range		
Co	Conversion		
	category	IDENTICAL	
	direction	-	
_			

Table 3.29: ApplicationDataType Energy

Common ApplicationDataType attributes		
shortName ESum		
category	VALUE	
desc Type for the sum of control errors of an I controller in [Ks]		
swCalibrationAccess readOnly		
unit KelvinSecond		
Range		
Conversion		
category	IDENTICAL	
direction	-	

Table 3.30: ApplicationDataType ESum

Common ApplicationDataType attributes			
shortName HeaterFactor			
category	VALUE		
Type of a proportionality factor for the heat flow from an electrical heater to a thermal energy storage in [J/mAs]			
swCalibrationAccess readOnly			
unit JoulePerMilliAmpereSecond			
Range			
Conversion	Conversion		
category	IDENTICAL		
direction	-		

Table 3.31: ApplicationDataType HeaterFactor



Time		
VALUE		
desc Type for time in [s]		
readOnly		
unit Second		
Range		
Conversion		
IDENTICAL		
-		

Table 3.32: ApplicationDataType Time



3.1.7.7 Units

C	Common Unit attributes		
shortName DegreeCelsius			
	displayName	°C	
	offsetSiToUnit	-273.15	
	factorSiToUnit	1.0	
	physicalDimension	Temperature	

Table 3.33: Unit DegreeCelsius

С	Common Unit attributes	
s	hortName	Kelvin
	displayName	К
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	1.0
	physicalDimension	Temperature

Table 3.34: Unit Kelvin

Common Unit attributes		
S	hortName	Joule
	displayName	J
·	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	1.0
	physicalDimension	Energy

Table 3.35: Unit Joule

С	Common Unit attributes	
S	hortName	MilliAmpere
	displayName	mA
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	1000.0
	physicalDimension	Current

Table 3.36: Unit MilliAmpere



С	Common Unit attributes	
s	hortName	KelvinSecond
	displayName	Ks
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	1.0
	physicalDimension	TemperatureTime

Table 3.37: Unit KelvinSecond

С	Common Unit attributes	
s	hortName	JoulePerKelvinSecond
	displayName	J/Ks
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	1.0
	physicalDimension	EnergyPerTemperatureTime

Table 3.38: Unit JoulePerKelvinSecond

С	Common Unit attributes	
s	hortName	JoulePerMilliAmpereSecond
	displayName	J/mAs
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	0.001
	physicalDimension	EnergyPerCurrentTime

Table 3.39: Unit JoulePerMilliAmpereSecond

С	Common Unit attributes	
s	hortName	MilliAmperePerKelvinSecond
	displayName	mA/Ks
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	1000.0
	physicalDimension	CurrentPerTemperatureTime

Table 3.40: Unit MilliAmperePerKelvinSecond

С	Common Unit attributes	
S	hortName	Second
	displayName	S
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	1.0
	physicalDimension	Time

Table 3.41: Unit Second



3.1.7.8 Physical Dimensions

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	Energy
currentExp	0
lengthExp	2
luminousIntensity- Exp	0
massExp	1
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	0
timeExp	-2

Table 3.42: PhysicalDimension Energy

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	Current
currentExp	1
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity- Exp	0
massExp	0
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	0
timeExp	0

Table 3.43: PhysicalDimension Current

Common PhysicalDimension attributes		
shortName	CurrentPerTemperatureTime	
currentExp	1	
lengthExp	0	
luminousIntensity- Exp	0	
massExp	0	
molarAmountExp	0	
temperatureExp	-1	
timeExp	-1	

Table 3.44: PhysicalDimension CurrentPerTemperatureTime



Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	EnergyPerCurrentTime
currentExp	-1
lengthExp	2
luminousIntensity- Exp	0
massExp	1
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	0
timeExp	-3

Table 3.45: PhysicalDimension EnergyPerCurrentTime

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	EnergyPerTemperatureTime
currentExp	0
lengthExp	2
luminousIntensity- Exp	0
massExp	1
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	-1
timeExp	-3

Table 3.46: PhysicalDimension EnergyPerTemperatureTime

Common PhysicalDimension attributes		
shortNa	ame	Time
curr	entExp	0
leng	thExp	0
lumi:	nousIntensity-	0
massi	Exp	0
mola	rAmountExp	0
temp	eratureExp	0
time	Ехр	1

Table 3.47: PhysicalDimension Time



Common PhysicalDimension attributes		
shortName	Temperature	
currentExp	0	
lengthExp	0	
luminousIntensity- Exp	0	
massExp	0	
molarAmountExp	0	
temperatureExp	1	
timeExp	0	

Table 3.48: PhysicalDimension Temperature

Common PhysicalDimension attributes		
shortName	TemperatureTime	
currentExp	0	
lengthExp	0	
luminousIntensity- Exp	0	
massExp	0	
molarAmountExp	0	
temperatureExp	1	
timeExp	1	

Table 3.49: PhysicalDimension TemperatureTime



3.1.7.9 SwAddrMethods

С	Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
s	hortName	VAR
d	lesc	Memory section for variables
	sectionType	var
	memoryAllocation- KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
	sectionInitializa- tionPolicy	-
	option	safetyQM

Table 3.50: SwAddrMethod VAR

С	Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
s	hortName	CALIB
d	esc	Memory section for calibration parameters
	sectionType	var
	memoryAllocation- KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
	sectionInitializa- tionPolicy	-
	option	safetyQM

Table 3.51: SwAddrMethod CALIB

С	Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
s	hortName	CODE
d	esc	Memory section for code
	sectionType	var
	memoryAllocation- KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
	sectionInitializa- tionPolicy	-
	option	safetyQM

Table 3.52: SwAddrMethod CODE



3.2 Advanced Show Case

3.2.1 General Objectives of the Model Structure

3.2.1.1 The Ecu Description

Since focusing calibrathe show case is on measurement and file tion minimal system model is provided. Hereby the onlv а Pprj_EcuDescr_U_SystemNodeStub.arxml defines the System SystemU_EcuDescr of category ECU_SYSTEM_DESCRIPTION which contains only the RootSwCompositionPrototype. The file Pprj_EcuDescr_U.arxml contains the according CompositionSwComponentType describing the hierarchical top-level-composition of software components shown in table SystemURootComposition EcuDescr.

3.2.1.2 The Ecu Extract

The file Pprj_EcuExtract_U_SystemNodeStub.arxml defines the System SystemU_System of category ECU_EXTRACT which contains only the RootSwCompositionPrototype SystemU referencing the ECU Flat Map and the flat top-level-composition SystemU_Root. The file Pprj_EcuExtract_U.arxml contains the according CompositionSwComponentType describing the flat top-level-composition of software components shown in table SystemU_Root.

Please note that the flat top-level-composition uses the identical software component types as the hierarchical top-level-composition. Therefore an identification of component and data instances in the hierarchical software component structure or in the flat structure requires the correct iteration from the according System nodes.

3.2.1.2.1 The ECU Flat Map

The file Pprj_EcuExtract_U_FlatMap.arxml contains the ECU Flat Map.

The ECU Flat Map is utilized to assign unique and comprehensible names to all DataPrototypes representing measurements and characteristics. This is important for the calibration engineers⁵

The applied strategy for the creation of a FlatInstanceDescriptor.shortName is to shorten it to the shortName of the DataPrototype when only a single instance of the DataPrototype is used.

⁵Calibration engineers in this context means the engineers working with measurement and calibration tooling e.g. to determine the correct calibration parameter values in order to adopt functionality in the software components to the mechanical components in the vehicle.



3.2.1.3 Data Types and Data Objects

The components are designed top down coming from the physical function down to the implementation in the target programming language C. Hereby the interfaces of Software Components are typically typed with ApplicationDataTypes in order to describe the physical meaning of the DataPrototypes. The only exceptions are the interfaces to AUTOSAR Services which are typed by ImplementationDataTypes directly as those are standardized. ApplicationPrimitiveDataTypes are mainly of category

- BOOLEAN
- VALUE
- CURVE
- MAP
- COM_AXIS

and the most important CompuMethod categorys are

- LINEAR
- TEXTTABLE

In case of LINEAR conversions it is supported to differentiate the Unit used for the implemented calculations and an additional Unit used in the MCD system. This relationship of such Units are expressed with UnitGroups. The ARElements are structured in a way to support the common usage of elements relevant for the interface description up to the level of Port-Interfaces by several Component Descriptions. Those elements are located under Tier1/ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/<KindPackage> in the file Pprj_DataDictionary.arxml.

The CompuMethods and DataConstrs are exclusively used by one Application-PrimitiveDataType. The possible reuse between ApplicationPrimitiveDataTypes supported by AUTOSAR is not used in this model structure. When such a ApplicationDataType is defined the intended mapping to the reasonable ImplementationDataType is already considered in order to get an optimal usage of the possible range of the ImplementationDataType. Nevertheless, the several physical meanings are not reflected by the definition of individual ImplementationDataType but only the standardized Platform Types [4] are used to describe primitives on implementation level. This has the effect that the RTE APIs are typed by the standardized Platform Types in cases of primitives and arrays of primitives. Only structure types are getting observable in the types of RTE APIs. This approach allows the direct usage of data read from RTE in mathematical or interpolation libraries without any type cast.

The memory allocation of the data objects is controlled by the usage of SwAddrMethods. Those are defined for ParameterDataPrototypes and Variable-DataPrototypes on level of the PortInterfaces. A few examples are shown in



the chapter 3.2.2.17 for the basic uses cases like calibration parameter, normal data and code.

3.2.1.4 Axis, Curves and Maps

The show case contains description for axis, curves and maps which are in AUTOSAR so called compound primitives. In order to understand the structure and the defined attributes in the example it is helpful to understand how such objects are described in AUTOSAR. For this it is necessary to look at the hierarchy of ApplicationDataTypes, DataPrototypes, PortPrototypes, SwComponentTypes and FlatMap.

3.2.1.5 Axis, Curves and Maps on ApplicationDataType level

Figure 3.13 is based on the example of the ApplicationPrimitiveDataType Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16. It shows the relationships between the Application-PrimitiveDataTypes describing the

- MAP itself
- its axis being a group axis
- in turn the properties of a matching working point

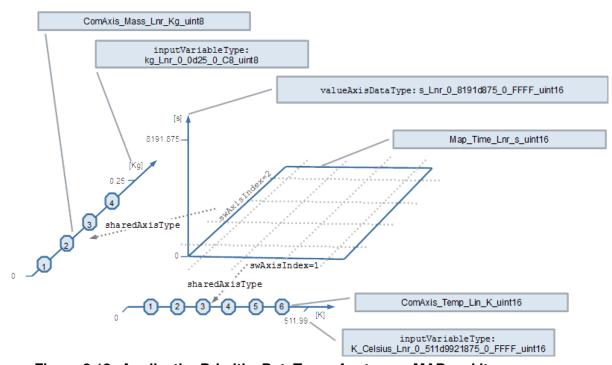


Figure 3.13: ApplicationPrimitiveDataType of category MAP and its group axes



The ApplicationPrimitiveDataType Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16 defines a data type for a MAP with group axes. The physical meaning and range of the contained values is described with the ApplicationPrimitiveDataType s_Lnr_0_8191d875_0_FFFF_uint16. It is referenced with the valueAxisDataType attribute. This means it's a value in the range 0 .. 8191.875 [second] with the resolution of 0.125 [second].

The referenced ApplicationPrimitiveDataType in the role valueAxis—DataType represents the primitive data type of the value axis within a compound primitive (e.g. CURVE, MAP). It supersedes CompuMethod, Unit, and BaseType. In the particular example, the valueAxisDataType provides the properties of the primitive elements of the CURVE or MAP via a valueAxisDataType reference to an ApplicationPrimitiveDataType. This in turn defines the attributes:

- dataConstr
- compuMethod
- displayFormat
- unit
- swCalibrationAccess

Thereby, despite being set, the value of swCalibrationAccess of the referenced ApplicationPrimitiveDataType is meaningless for the using CURVE and MAP. Note: The referenced data type needs to be a real primitive (typically of category VALUE. Category BOOLEAN is also supported).

The ApplicationPrimitiveDataType of the CURVE and MAP can additionally define SwDataDefProps which are relevant for the whole compound primitive. Currently the following attributes are used in the example:

- swCalprmAxisSet
- swRecordLayout
- swCalibrationAccess (but will be refined on DataPrototype level)

Further on, via the dataTypeMapping of the using software component, the properties of ImplementationDataType and SwBaseType are described.

As axes of the MAP two group axes are used. The properties of the group axes are described by two ApplicationPrimitiveDataTypes of category COM_AXIS. The attribute swAxisIndex indicates for which dimension the group axis applies (1 = X, 2 = Y). With the attribute sharedAxisType the reference to the ApplicationPrimitiveDataType describing the axis is defined.

In the example, the group axis <code>ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</code> defines the the applicable minimum and maximum number of axis points. Additionally the <code>inputVariableType</code> reference to the <code>ApplicationPrimitiveDataType</code> <code>K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16</code> defines the properties of the



input value for the axis. This in turn corresponds to the values stored as axis point. The same principle applies for the group axis ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8.

Please note, the above mentioned properties are defined on the level of ApplicationDataTypes and so far not any data instance implementing such properties exists. This requires an instantiation of such ApplicationDataTypes.

3.2.1.6 Axis, Curves and Maps on DataPrototype and SwComponentPrototype level

3.2.1.6.1 Instantiation of Axis, Curves and Maps

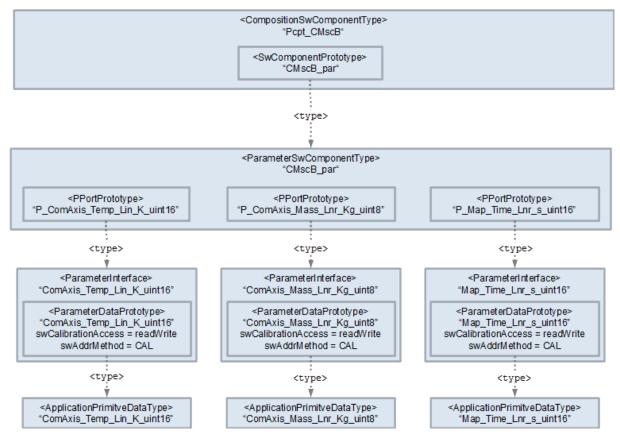


Figure 3.14: Instantiation of a MAP and its group axes

Figure 3.14 shows the instantiation of the ApplicationPrimitiveDataType ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16, ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8, and Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16 up to the level of the CompositionSwComponentType Pcpt_CMscB.

Thereby ParameterDataPrototypes are typed by the mentioned Application—PrimitiveDataTypes. Each ParameterDataPrototype is owned by an own ParameterInterface. This offers the most flexibility to instantiate the map and axes independently from each other. On the level of the ParameterDataPrototype additionally the swCalibrationAccess and the swAddrMethod is defined. Further on,



the ParameterSwComponentType CMscB_par defines three PPortPrototypes typed by the ParameterInterfaces.

Please note that a group axes of a curve or map are not necessarily provided by the same ParameterSwComponentType as the one providing the curve or map. This case is illustrated with the map ArrldMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16 using the group axes ArrldComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16 provided by CMscD_par and ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kq_uint8 provided by CMscB_par.

3.2.1.6.2 Usage of Axis, Curves and Maps by Software Components

3.2.1.6.3 Linking map and curve instances to its axes instances

Consider a software component that uses curves and maps with group axes. It is than required to denote which instance of curve and map uses which instance of a group axis as axis of abscissae and, in case of a map, as axis of ordinate.

The AUTOSAR meta model provides hereby two possibilities:

- RunnableEntity.parameterAccess.swDataDefPropsor
- SwcInternalBehavior.instantiationDataDefProps.swDataDef-Props.

Inside one software component it's very unlikely, that the same curve or map is used with different axes by different RunnableEntitys (note that this cannot be expressed by ASAM MCD-2MC, also). Therefore, in this show case the second ability is used. This avoids the risk of inconsistencies when several RunnableEntitys are defining parameterAccesses to the same curve or map instance.

The according instantiationDataDefProps.parameterInstance references the map instance in the scope of the SwComponentType and the swDataDef-Props.swCalprmAxisSet.swCalprmAxis.swCalprmAxisTypeProps.swCalprmRef references the applied group axes with the according SwCalprmAxis.swAx-isIndex

Listing 3.28: Example of an InstantiationDataDefProps for an map



```
<SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
      <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
        <SW-CALPRM-AXIS-SET>
          <SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
            <SW-AXIS-INDEX>1</SW-AXIS-INDEX>
            <SW-AXIS-GROUPED>
              <AR-PARAMETER>
                <autosar-parameter-iref>
                  <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
                     ARPlatform1/Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB/
                     R_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                  <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-
                     PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/
                     PortInterfaces/V1 0 0/ComAxis Temp Lin K uint16/
                     ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-
                     REF>
                </AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
              </AR-PARAMETER>
            </SW-AXIS-GROUPED>
          </SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
          <SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
            <SW-AXIS-INDEX>2</SW-AXIS-INDEX>
            <SW-AXIS-GROUPED>
              <AR-PARAMETER>
                <AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
                  <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
                     ARPlatform1/Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB/
                     R_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8</port-prototype-REF>
                  <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-
                     PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/
                     PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8/
                     ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8</TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-
                     REF>
                </AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>ARPlatform1
              </AR-PARAMETER>
            </SW-AXIS-GROUPED>
          </SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
        </SW-CALPRM-AXIS-SET>
      </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
    </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
  </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
</INSTANTIATION-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
```

3.2.1.6.4 Linking axes instances to its working point instances

When a software component uses compound primitives containing axes (e.g. curves, maps, or group axes) it's beneficial to indicate which data is used as input for the according axis. This enables the measurement and calibration tool to display the current working point. Like explained in section 3.2.1.6.3, this information can be provided

• at the ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps of the compound primitives containing the axis or



• by means of instantiationDataDefProps.swDataDefProps.

In this show case the second ability is used for the same reasons as discussed in section 3.2.1.6.3.

The according instantiationDataDefProps.parameterInstance references the axes instance in the scope of the SwComponentType CMscB. The swDataDef-Props.swCalprmAxisSet.swCalprmAxis.swCalprmAxisTypeProps.swVariableRef references the applied working point variable (in this case, a dataElement in a RPortPrototype) with the according SwCalprmAxis.swAxisIndex.

Listing 3.29: Example of an InstantiationDataDefProps for an axis

```
<INSTANTIATION-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
  <PARAMETER-INSTANCE>
    <AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
      <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
         Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB/R_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</PORT-PROTOTYPE-
      <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1
         /ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/
         ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16/ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</TARGET-
         DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
    </AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
  </PARAMETER-INSTANCE>
  <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
    <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
      <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
        <SW-CALPRM-AXIS-SET>
          <SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
            <SW-AXIS-INDEX>1</SW-AXIS-INDEX>
            <SW-AXIS-INDIVIDUAL>
              <SW-VARIABLE-REFS>
                <AUTOSAR-VARIABLE>
                  <AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
                    <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
                       ARPlatform1/Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB/
                       R_PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16</PORT-
                       PROTOTYPE-REF>
                    <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-
                       PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/
                       PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/
                       PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16/
                       PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16</TARGET-
                       DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                  </AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
                </AUTOSAR-VARIABLE>
              </SW-VARIABLE-REFS>
            </SW-AXIS-INDIVIDUAL>
          </SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
        </SW-CALPRM-AXIS-SET>
      </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
    </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
  </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
</INSTANTIATION-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
```



3.2.1.6.5 Axis, Curves and Maps in the ECU Flat Map

The ECU Flat Map contains entries for all curves, maps, axes and working point variables. The used naming patterns are described in 3.2.1.2.1.

Listing 3.30: Example of a FlatInstanceDescriptor for map axis and working point variable

```
<FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
  <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/SystemU_System/SystemU</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/CompositionSwComponentTypes/SystemU Root/
       CMscB par</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB_par/P_Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-
    <TARGET-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16/
       Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</TARGET-REF>
  </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
</FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
<FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</SHORT-NAME>
  <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/SystemU_System/SystemU</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/CompositionSwComponentTypes/SystemU Root/
       CMscB par</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB_par/P_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</CONTEXT-
       ELEMENT-REF>
    <TARGET-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1 0 0/ComAxis Temp Lin K uint16/
       ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</TARGET-REF>
  </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
</FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
<FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16</SHORT-NAME>
  <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/SystemU_System/SystemU</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/CompositionSwComponentTypes/SystemU_Root/
       CMscA</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       Pcpt CMscA/CMscA/P PrimData Temperature Lin K C uint16</CONTEXT
       -ELEMENT-REF>
    <TARGET-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/
       PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16/
       PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16</TARGET-REF>
  </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
```



</FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>

3.2.1.7 Arrays of Maps and Axes

The ability of curves, maps and cuboids is usually used to describe the physical dependency of a characteristic on other physical input values. Hereby each input value is described by an orthogonal axis. In contrast to this, arrays are used to group a set of values of the same nature which can be handled by the same algorithm. Typically, in this case the algorithm iterates over the array with an index. Nevertheless, each array element may represent a particular part of the vehicle, e.g. a specific cylinder or a specific sensor. It's possible to combine these design principles. This ends up in the need to describe arrays of curves, maps, cuboids and the according axes.

The show case illustrates the model of those objects by the following elements:

- Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
- Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
- ArrldPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16

Hereby, the array of the map <code>Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</code> uses for the x-axis an array of group axes <code>Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</code> which in turn uses an array of primitive values as working points <code>Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16</code>. In this case, the n'th map uses the n'th x-axes which uses the n'th value as working point. In contrast, the map uses one group axis <code>ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8</code> for the y-axis. In this case all maps in the array are using the same y-axis.

3.2.1.7.1 Arrays of Maps and Axes in the ECU Flat Map

In the ECU Flat Map the ability to reference ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototypes is used to express the specific meaning of each array element in the array of map and group axis.

For instance, each element in the array <code>Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</code> is named in a way to indicate the specific meaning:

- ArrldMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_FrontLeft
- Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_FrontRight
- ArrldMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_RearLeft
- ArrldMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_RearRight

The following listing shows the structure of such an FlatInstanceDescriptior on one example:



Listing 3.31: Example of a FlatInstanceDescriptor for an ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype

```
<FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>ArrldMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_FrontLeft/SHORT-NAME>
  <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/SystemU_System/SystemU</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/CompositionSwComponentTypes/SystemU_Root/
       CMscD par</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       Pcpt_CMscD/CMscD_par/P_Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</CONTEXT-
       ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/
       ArrldMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16/ArrldMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</CONTEXT-
       ELEMENT-REF>
    <TARGET-REF DEST="APPLICATION-ARRAY-ELEMENT" INDEX="0">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/ApplicationDataTypes/
       Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels/
       Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels/TARGET-REF>
  </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
</FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
```

Please note the usage of the index attribute in the target reference.

3.2.1.8 Measurement of Modes

3.2.1.8.1 Enabling Measurement of Modes

The measurement of a mode is enabled in the software-component description by setting the ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype.swCalibrationAccess to read-Only. See ModeDirection.

3.2.1.8.2 Modes in the ECU Flat Map

AUTOSAR supports the measurement of the current mode, the previous mode and the next mode. Hereby the last two are useful when the mode is measured during a ongoing transition to identify the kind of transition. In this show case only the measurement of the current mode is illustrated. For this, the FlatMap contains a FlatInstanceDescriptor pointing to the ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype which is to be measured. The role attribute of the FlatInstanceDescriptor is set to CURRENT_MODE

Listing 3.32: Example of a FlatInstanceDescriptor for a ModeDeclarationGroup-Prototype

```
<FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
    <SHORT-NAME>ModeDirection</SHORT-NAME>
    <ROLE>CURRENT_MODE</ROLE>
```



<ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>

- <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
 - ARPlatform1/System/SystemU_SystemU</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
- <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
 - ARPlatform1/System/CompositionSwComponentTypes/SystemU_Root/CMscA</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
- <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
 - Pcpt_CMscA/CMscA/P_ModeDirection// CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
- <TARGET-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
 ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/ModeDirection/
 ModeDirection
- </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
- </FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>



- 3.2.2 Show cases in the Example
- 3.2.2.1 CompositionSwComponentTypes



ortName	Pcpt_CMscA
SC	Modeling show case for primitive measurement and calculation.
perties of the ports	
properties of PPortProt	otype
shortName	P ModeDirection
desc	Mode to indicate a direction
providedInterface	ModeDirection
properties of PPortProt	otype
shortName	P_PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg
desc	Primitive calibration parameter for minimum egg mass.
providedInterface	PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg
properties of PPortProt	otype
shortName	P_PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Mass in kilogram
providedInterface	PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of PPortProt	otype
shortName	P_PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
desc	Stepwise speed indication
providedInterface	PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
properties of PPortProt	otype
shortName	P_PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
providedInterface	PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
properties of RPortProt	otype
shortName	R_PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
desc	Stepwise speed indication
requiredInterface	PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
perties of the componer	ats
properties of SwCompone	
shortName	CMscA
type	CMscA
properties of SwCompone	entPrototype
shortName	CMscA_par
туре	CMscA_par

Table 3.53: CompositionSwComponentType Pcpt_CMscA



ortName	SystemU_Root	
operties of the com	ponentS	
properties of SwCor	aponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscA	
type	CMscA	-
properties of SwCor	nponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscA_par	
type	CMscA_par	
properties of SwCor	properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscB	
type	CMscB	
properties of SwComponentPrototype		
shortName	CMscB_par	
type	CMscB_par	-
properties of SwComponentPrototype		
shortName	CMscC_nvm	
type	CMscC_nvm	
properties of SwCor	nponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscD	
type	CMscD	
properties of SwComponentPrototype		
shortName	CMscD_par	
type	CMscD_par	

Table 3.54: CompositionSwComponentType SystemU_Root

Common CompositionSwComponentType attributes			
shortName	SystemURootComposition_EcuDescr		
properties of the components			
properties of SwComponer	properties of SwComponentPrototype		
shortName	CMscC		
type	Pcpt_CMscC		

Table 3.55: CompositionSwComponentType SystemURootComposition_EcuDescr



ommon CompositionSwComponentType attributes	
hortName Pcpt_CMscD	
esc	Modeling show case for arrays of axes and mapes.
roperties of the ports	
properties of RPortProt	otype
shortName	R_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Shared axis for mass
requiredInterface	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortProt	otype
shortName	R_PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.
requiredInterface	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
roperties of the componer	ats
properties of SwCompone	entPrototype
shortName	CMscD
type	CMscD
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscD_par
type	CMscD_par

Table 3.56: CompositionSwComponentType Pcpt_CMscD



Common CompositionSwComponentType attributes			
shortName	Pcpt_CMscC		
desc	Composit of modeling show case C		
properties of the ports	properties of the ports		
properties of PPortProto	otype		
shortName	P_PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16		
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.		
providedInterface	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16		
properties of PPortProto	otype		
shortName	P_PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean		
desc	Boolean representing the data validity		
providedInterface	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean		
properties of the component	:S		
properties of SwComponentPrototype			
shortName	CMscA		
type	Pcpt_CMscA		
properties of SwComponer	ntPrototype		
shortName	CMscB		
type	Pcpt_CMscB		
properties of SwComponentPrototype			
shortName	CMscC_nvm		
type	CMscC_nvm		
properties of SwComponer	ntPrototype		
shortName	CMscD		
type	Pcpt_CMscD		

Table 3.57: CompositionSwComponentType Pcpt_CMscC



ortName	Pcpt_CMscB	
sc	Modeling show case for axes, curves and mapes.	
operties of the ports		
properties of PPortPrototype		
shortName	P_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
desc	Shared axis for mass	
providedInterface	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
properties of PPortPro	totype	
shortName	P_PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.	
providedInterface	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
properties of PPortProt	totype	
shortName	P_PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16	
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.	
providedInterface	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16	
properties of PPortProf	totype	
shortName	P_PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean	
desc	Boolean representing the data validity	
providedInterface	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean	
properties of RPortPrototype		
shortName	R_ModeDirection	
desc	Mode to indicate a direction	
requiredInterface	ModeDirection	
properties of RPortProt	totype	
shortName	R_PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
desc	Mass in kilogram	
requiredInterface	PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
properties of RPortPro	totype	
shortName	R_PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8	
desc	Stepwise speed indication	
requiredInterface	PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8	
properties of RPortProt	totype	
shortName	R_PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16	
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius	
requiredInterface	PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16	
operties of the componer		



shortName	CMscB
type	CMscB
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscB_par
type	CMscB_par

Table 3.58: CompositionSwComponentType Pcpt_CMscB



3.2.2.2 ParameterSwComponentTypes

Common ParameterSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	CMscA_par
desc	Modeling show case for primitive measurement and calculation.
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg
desc	Primitive calibration parameter for minimum egg mass.
providedInterface	PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg

Table 3.59: ParameterSwComponentType CMscA_par

Common ParameterSwComponentType attributes		
shortName	CMscD_par	
desc	Modeling show case for arrays of axes and mapes.	
properties of the ports	properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype		
shortName	P_Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16	
desc	Array of shared axis for temperature	
providedInterface	ArrldComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16	
properties of PPortProto	otype	
shortName	P_Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16	
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.	
providedInterface	ArrldMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16	

Table 3.60: ParameterSwComponentType CMscD_par



ommon ParameterSwComponentType attributes	
hortName	CMscB_par
lesc	Modeling show case for axes, curves and mapes.
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortProt	cotype
shortName	P_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Shared axis for mass
providedInterface	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of PPortProt	otype
shortName	P_ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
desc	Shared axis for speed steps
providedInterface	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Shared axis for temperature
providedInterface	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
properties of PPortProt	cotype
shortName	P_Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Curve to get mass according differnt speed steps.
providedInterface	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
providedInterface	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16

Table 3.61: ParameterSwComponentType CMscB_par



3.2.2.3 ApplicationSwComponentTypes

Common ApplicationSwComponentType attributes		
shortName	CMscD	
desc	Modeling show case for arrays of axes and mapes.	
properties of the ports		
properties of PPortProto	otype	
shortName	P_Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16	
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius	
providedInterface	ArrldPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16	
properties of RPortProto	otype	
shortName	R_Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16	
desc	Array of shared axis for temperature	
requiredInterface	ArrldComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16	
properties of RPortProto	otype	
shortName	R_Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16	
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.	
requiredInterface	ArrldMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16	
properties of RPortProto	otype	
shortName	R_Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16	
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius	
requiredInterface	Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16	
properties of RPortProto	otype	
shortName	R_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
desc	Shared axis for mass	
requiredInterface	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
properties of RPortProto	otype	
shortName	R_PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.	
requiredInterface	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
internalBehavior	CMscD	

Table 3.62: ApplicationSwComponentType CMscD



С	Common SwcInternalBehavior attributes		
S	hortName	CMscD	
р	properties of the runnables		
	properties of RunnableEntity		
	shortName	CMscD_Process	
	symbol	CMscD_Process	

Table 3.63: SwcInternalBehavior CMscD



hortName	CMscB
esc	Modeling show case for axes, curves and mapes.
operties of the ports	
properties of PPortProt	cotype
shortName	P_PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.
providedInterface	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of PPortProt	cotype
shortName	P_PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.
providedInterface	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
properties of PPortProt	cotype
shortName	P PrimData ValidState Txt noUnit boolean
desc	Boolean representing the data validity
providedInterface	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
properties of RPortProt	
shortName	R_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Shared axis for mass
requiredInterface	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortProt	-
shortName	
	R_ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
desc	Shared axis for speed steps
requiredInterface properties of RPortProt	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
· · ·	
shortName	R_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Shared axis for temperature
requiredInterface	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
properties of RPortProt	cotype
shortName	R_Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Curve to get mass according differnt speed steps.
requiredInterface	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
requiredInterface	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
properties of RPortProt	cotype
shortName	R_ModeDirection
desc	Mode to indicate a direction



requiredInterface	ModeDirection
properties of RPortProt	otype
shortName	R_PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Mass in kilogram
requiredInterface	PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortProt	otype
shortName	R_PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.
requiredInterface	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortProt	otype
shortName	R_PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
desc	Stepwise speed indication
requiredInterface	PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
requiredInterface	PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
properties of RPortProt	otype
shortName	R_PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.
requiredInterface	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
properties of RPortProt	otype
shortName	R_PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
desc	Boolean representing the data validity
requiredInterface	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
nternalBehavior	CMscB

Table 3.64: ApplicationSwComponentType CMscB

Common SwcInternalBehavior attributes		
shortName	CMscB	
properties of the runnables		
properties of RunnableEntity		
shortName	CMscB_Process	
desc	cyclic process for calculation	
symbol	CMscB_Process	

Table 3.65: SwcInternalBehavior CMscB



3.2.2.4 ParameterInterfaces

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Array of shared axis for temperature
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Array of shared axis for temperature
type	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16_ScNoOfWheels
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.66: ParameterInterface Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
type	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.67: ParameterInterface Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
Shared axis for mass	
properties of the parameters	
DataPrototype	
ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
Shared axis for mass	
ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
standard	
readWrite	
CAL	

Table 3.68: ParameterInterface ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8



Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
desc	Shared axis for speed steps
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
desc	Shared axis for speed steps
type	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.69: ParameterInterface ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8

С	Common ParameterInterface attributes	
S	hortName	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
d	lesc	Shared axis for temperature
p	properties of the parameters	
	properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
	shortName	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
	desc	Shared axis for temperature
	type	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
	swImplPolicy	standard
	swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
	swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.70: ParameterInterface ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Curve to get mass according differnt speed steps.
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Curve to get mass according differnt speed steps.
type	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.71: ParameterInterface Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8



Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
type	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.72: ParameterInterface Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg
desc	Primitive calibration parameter for minimum egg mass.
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg
desc	Primitive calibration parameter for minimum egg mass.
type	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.73: ParameterInterface PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg



3.2.2.5 ModeSwitchInterfaces

C	Common ModeSwitchInterface attributes		
s	hortName	ModeDirection	
d	esc	Mode to indicate a direction	
р	properties of the modeGroupS		
	shortName	ModeDirection	
Ì	swCalibrationAccess	readOnly	
	type	Direction	

Table 3.74: ModeSwitchInterface ModeDirection



3.2.2.6 SenderReceiverInterfaces

ommon SenderReceiverInterface attributes				
shortName	Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16			
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius			
properties of the dataEleme	entsS			
properties of VariableDa	ataPrototype			
shortName	Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16 Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius			
desc				
type	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16_ScNoOfWheels			
swImplPolicy	standard			
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly			
swAddrMethod	DATA			

Table 3.75: SenderReceiverInterface Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes				
shortName	PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8			
desc	Mass in kilogram			
properties of the dataEleme	entsS			
properties of VariableDataPrototype				
shortName	PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8 Mass in kilogram			
desc				
type	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8			
swImplPolicy	standard			
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly			
swAddrMethod	DATA			

Table 3.76: SenderReceiverInterface PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes				
shortName	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8			
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.			
properties of the dataEleme	entsS			
properties of VariableDa	taPrototype			
shortName	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8			
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.			
type	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8			
swImplPolicy	standard			
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly			
swAddrMethod	DATA			

Table 3.77: SenderReceiverInterface PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8



Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes				
shortName	PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16			
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius			
properties of the dataEleme	entsS			
properties of VariableDa	ataPrototype			
shortName	PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16 Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius			
desc				
type	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16			
swImplPolicy	standard			
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly			
swAddrMethod	DATA			

Table 3.78: SenderReceiverInterface PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes				
shortName	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16			
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.			
properties of the dataEleme	entsS			
properties of VariableDa	taPrototype			
shortName	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16 Primitve data holding a time value.			
desc				
type	s_Lnr_0_8191d875_0_FFFF_uint16			
swImplPolicy	standard			
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly			
swAddrMethod	DATA			

Table 3.79: SenderReceiverInterface PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes				
shortName	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean			
desc	Boolean representing the data validity			
properties of the dataEleme	entsS			
properties of VariableDa	ataPrototype			
shortName	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean			
desc	Boolean representing the data validity			
type	DataValidityType			
swImplPolicy	standard			
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly			
swAddrMethod	DATA			

Table 3.80: SenderReceiverInterface PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean



3.2.2.7 ApplicationDataTypes, Category BOOLEAN

С	Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
s	hortName	DataValidityType			
C	ategory	BOOLEAN			
d	esc	Boolean to repr	esent the data va	alidity	
s	wCalibrationAccess	notAccessib	le		
u	nit	NoUnit			
R	ange				
		lowerLimit upperLimit			
	physConstrs	0		1	
С	onversion				
	category	TEXTTABLE			
	direction	compuInternalToPhys			
	desc	lowerLimit upperLimit		vt	symbol
	-	0	0	Invalid	
	-	1	1	Valid	

Table 3.81: ApplicationDataType DataValidityType



3.2.2.8 ApplicationDataTypes, Category VALUE

Common ApplicationDataType attributes					
shortName	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16				
category	VALUE				
desc	Temperature				
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessib	le			
unit	K				
Range	Range				
	lowerLimit		upperLimit		
physConstrs	0		511.9921875		
Conversion					
category	LINEAR				
direction	compuInterna	alToPhys			
desc	lowerLimit upperLimit		compuNumerator/ compuDenominator		
-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 0.0078125 * Internal}{1}$		

Table 3.82: ApplicationDataType K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16

С	Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
s	hortName	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8			
C	eategory VALUE				
d	lesc	Mass			
s	wCalibrationAccess	notAccessib	le		
u	nit	kg			
R	Range				
		lowerLimit upperLimit			
	physConstrs	0 0.25			
С	onversion				
	category	LINEAR			
	direction	compuInterna	alToPhys		
	desc	lowerLimit upperLimit		compuNumerator/ compuDenominator	
	-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 0.00125 * Internal}{1}$	

Table 3.83: ApplicationDataType kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8



С	Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
S	hortName	NoUnit_Lnr_1_4_1_4_uint8			
C	ategory	VALUE			
S	wCalibrationAccess	notAccessib	le		
ט	ınit	NoUnit			
R	lange				
		lowerLimit		upperLimit	
	physConstrs	1 4			
С	Conversion				
	category	LINEAR			
	direction	compuIntern	alToPhys		
	desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator/ compuDenominator	
	-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 1 * Internal}{1}$	

Table 3.84: ApplicationDataType NoUnit_Lnr_1_4_1_4_uint8

С	Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
shortName NoUnit_Lnr_1_65535_1_FFFF_uint16				uint16	
C	ategory	VALUE			
s	wCalibrationAccess	notAccessib	le		
u	nit	NoUnit			
R	ange				
		lowerLimit	lowerLimit upperLimit		
	physConstrs	1 65535			
C	onversion				
	category	LINEAR			
	direction	compuIntern	alToPhys		
	desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator/ compuDenominator	
	-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 1 * Internal}{1}$	

Table 3.85: ApplicationDataType NoUnit_Lnr_1_65535_1_FFFF_uint16



Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
shortName	s_Lnr_0_8191d875_0_FFFF_uint16			
category	VALUE			
desc	cooking time in	seconds		
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessib	le		
unit	S			
Range				
	lowerLimit		upperLimit	
physConstrs	0		8191.875	
Conversion				
category	LINEAR			
direction	compuIntern	alToPhys		
desc	lowerLimit upperLimit		compuNumerator/ compuDenominator	
-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 0.125 * Internal}{1}$	

Table 3.86: ApplicationDataType s_Lnr_0_8191d875_0_FFFF_uint16

shortName	speedSteps			
category	VALUE	VALUE		
desc	Possible speed	l steps		
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessib	notAccessible		
unit	NoUnit			
Range				
	lowerLimit		upperLimit	
physConstrs	-1	-1		
Conversion				
category	TEXTTABLE	TEXTTABLE		
direction	compuIntern	compuInternalToPhys		
desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	vt	symbol
-	-1	-1	Stop	
-	0	0	LightSpeed	
-	1	1	RidiculousSpeed	
-	2	2	LudicrousSpeed	

Table 3.87: ApplicationDataType speedSteps



С	Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
s	shortName TxWheelNames				
C	ategory	VALUE			
d	esc	Wheel names			
S	wCalibrationAccess	notAccessib	le		
unit NoUnit					
R	Range				
		lowerLimit		upperLimit	
	physConstrs	0		3	
С	Conversion				
	category	TEXTTABLE			
	direction	compuInternalToPhys			
	desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	vt	symbol
	-	0	0	FrontLeft	
	-	1	1	FrontRight	
	-	2	2	RearLeft	
	-	3	3	RearRight	
		1	'	1	1

Table 3.88: ApplicationDataType TxWheelNames



3.2.2.9 ApplicationDataTypes, Category COM_AXIS

Common ApplicationDataType attributes			
shortName	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16		
category	COM_AXIS		
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible		
swRecordLayout	RL20_ME_Axis		
properties of the axes (swCalprmAxisSet)			
properties of SwAxisIndividual (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)			
swAxisIndex	1		
category COM_AXIS			
inputVariableType	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16		
swMaxAxisPoints	6		
swMinAxisPoints	6		

Table 3.89: ApplicationDataType ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16

Common ApplicationDataType attributes		
shortName	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8	
category	COM_AXIS	
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible	
swRecordLayout	swRecordLayout RL20_ME_Axis	
properties of the axes (swCalprmAxisSet)		
properties of SwAxisIndividual (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)		
swAxisIndex	1	
category	COM_AXIS	
inputVariableType	speedSteps	
swMaxAxisPoints	4	
swMinAxisPoints	4	

Table 3.90: ApplicationDataType ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8



Common ApplicationDataType attributes		
shortName	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8	
category	COM_AXIS	
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible	
swRecordLayout RL20_ME_Axis		
properties of the axes (swCalprmAxisSet)		
properties of SwAxisIndividual (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)		
swAxisIndex	1	
category	COM_AXIS	
inputVariableType	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8	
swMaxAxisPoints	4	
swMinAxisPoints	4	

Table 3.91: ApplicationDataType ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8



3.2.2.10 ApplicationDataTypes, Category CURVE

Common ApplicationDataType attributes			
shortName	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8		
category CURVE			
swCalibrationAccess notAccessible			
swRecordLayout RL20_ME_1DimMap			
<pre>valueAxisDataType kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8</pre>			
properties of the axes (swCalprmAxisSet)			
properties of SwAxisGrouped (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)			
swAxisIndex	1		
category	COM_AXIS		
sharedAxisType	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8		

Table 3.92: ApplicationDataType Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8



3.2.2.11 ApplicationDataTypes, Category MAP

Common ApplicationDataType attributes		
shortName	 Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16	
category	MAP	
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible	
swRecordLayout	RL20_ME_2DimMap	
valueAxisDataType	s_Lnr_0_8191d875_0_FFFF_uint16	
properties of the axes (swCalprmAxisSet)		
properties of SwAxisGrouped (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)		
swAxisIndex 1		
category	COM_AXIS	
sharedAxisType ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16		
properties of SwAxisGrouped (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)		
swAxisIndex 2		
category	COM_AXIS	
sharedAxisType ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8		

Table 3.93: ApplicationDataType Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16



3.2.2.12 ApplicationArrayDataTypes

Common ApplicationArrayDataType attributes			
shortName	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16_ScNoOfWheels		
category	ARRAY		
swCalibrationAccess notAccessible			
properties of the elements	properties of the elements		
properties of ApplicationArrayElement			
shortName	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16_ScNoOfWheels		
category	COM_AXIS		
type	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16		
arraySizeSemantics	fixedSize		
maxNumberOfElements			

Table 3.94: ApplicationArrayDataType ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16_ScNoOfWheels

Common ApplicationArrayDataType attributes				
shortName K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16_ScNoOfWhe				
category	ARRAY			
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible			
properties of the elements	properties of the elements			
properties of ApplicationArrayElement				
shortName	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16_ScNoOfWheels			
category	VALUE			
type	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16			
arraySizeSemantics	fixedSize			
maxNumberOfElements				

Table 3.95: ApplicationArrayDataType K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16_ScNoOfWheels

Common ApplicationArrayDataType attributes		
shortName Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels		
category ARRAY		
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible	
properties of the elements		
properties of ApplicationArrayElement		
shortName Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels		
category MAP		
type	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16	
arraySizeSemantics	fixedSize	
maxNumberOfElements		

Table 3.96: ApplicationArrayDataType Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels



3.2.2.13 ApplicationRecordDataTypes

Common ApplicationRecordDataType attributes		
CMscC_nvm_NvBlockATyp		
STRUCTURE		
wCalibrationAccess notAccessible		
properties of the elements		
properties of ApplicationRecordElement		
PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8		
VALUE		
speedSteps		

Table 3.97: ApplicationRecordDataType CMscC_nvm_NvBlockATyp



3.2.2.14 ModeDeclarationGroups

Common ModeDeclarationGroup attributes		
shortName	Direction	
category	EXPLICIT_ORDER	
initialMode	Halt	
properties of the mode	eDeclarationS	
properties of Model	Declaration	
shortName	Backward	
desc	Backward direction	
value	2	
properties of ModeDeclaration		
shortName	Forward	
desc	Forward direction	
value	1	
properties of Model	Declaration	
shortName	Halt	
desc	Standstill	
value	0	

Table 3.98: ModeDeclarationGroup Direction



3.2.2.15 Units

С	Common Unit attributes	
s	hortName	Celsius
d	esc	Degrees Celsius
	displayName	°C
	offsetSiToUnit	-273.15
	factorSiToUnit	1.0
	physicalDimension	PD_K

Table 3.99: Unit Celsius

С	Common Unit attributes	
s	hortName	К
d	esc	Temperature
	displayName	K
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	1.0
	physicalDimension	PD_K

Table 3.100: Unit K

Common Unit attributes	
ortName	kg
sc	Mass
displayName	kg
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	PD_kg
	sc displayName offsetSiToUnit factorSiToUnit

Table 3.101: Unit kg

С	Common Unit attributes	
s	hortName	NoUnit
desc No Unit		No Unit
	displayName	-
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	1.0
	physicalDimension	PD_NoUnit

Table 3.102: Unit NoUnit



С	Common Unit attributes	
s	hortName	s
d	esc	Time
	displayName	S
	offsetSiToUnit	0.0
	factorSiToUnit	1.0
	physicalDimension	PD_s

Table 3.103: Unit s



3.2.2.16 Physical Dimensions

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	PD_K
currentExp	0
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity- Exp	0
massExp	0
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	1
timeExp	0

Table 3.104: PhysicalDimension PD_K

Common PhysicalDimension attributes		
shortName	PD_kg	
currentExp	0	
lengthExp	0	
luminousIntensity- Exp	0	
massExp	1	
molarAmountExp	0	
temperatureExp	0	
timeExp	0	

Table 3.105: PhysicalDimension PD_kg

Common PhysicalDimension attributes		
shortName	PD_NoUnit	
currentExp	0	
lengthExp	0	
luminousIntensity- Exp	0	
massExp	0	
molarAmountExp	0	
temperatureExp	0	
timeExp	0	

Table 3.106: PhysicalDimension PD_NoUnit



Common PhysicalDimension attributes		
shortName	PD_s	
currentExp	0	
lengthExp	0	
<pre>luminousIntensity- Exp</pre>	0	
massExp	0	
molarAmountExp	0	
temperatureExp	0	
timeExp	1	

Table 3.107: PhysicalDimension PD_s



3.2.2.17 SwAddrMethods

С	Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
s	hortName	CAL
d	esc	Calibratable constants; safety level QM. Constants will be located in different memory sections depending on the alignment of the constant.
	sectionType	calprm
	memoryAllocation- KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortNameAndAlignment
	sectionInitializa- tionPolicy	-
	option	safetyQM

Table 3.108: SwAddrMethod CAL

С	Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
s	hortName	CODE_10MS
d	esc	Code of ECU-functions called every 10 ms; safety level QM.
	sectionType	code
	memoryAllocation- KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
	sectionInitializa- tionPolicy	-
	option	safetyQM

Table 3.109: SwAddrMethod CODE_10MS

С	Common SwAddrMethod attributes					
S	hortName	CONST_SLOW				
d	esc	Non calibratable constants of ECU-functions called seldom; safety level QM.				
	sectionType	const				
	memoryAllocation- KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName				
	sectionInitializa- tionPolicy					
	option	safetyQM				

Table 3.110: SwAddrMethod CONST_SLOW



С	Common SwAddrMethod attributes					
s	hortName	DATA				
d	lesc	Variables of ECU-functions; safety level QM. Variables will be located in different memory sections depending on the alignment of the variable.				
	sectionType	var				
	memoryAllocation- KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortNameAndAlignment				
	sectionInitializa- tionPolicy	INIT				
option safetyQM						

Table 3.111: SwAddrMethod DATA

С	Common SwAddrMethod attributes					
s	hortName	DATA_NVDAT				
d	lesc	Variables stored in non-volatile memory; safety level QM.				
	sectionType	var addrMethodShortName				
	memoryAllocation- KeywordPolicy					
	sectionInitializa- tionPolicy	NO-INIT				
	option	nvData, safetyQM				

Table 3.112: SwAddrMethod DATA_NVDAT



A Mentioned Class Tables

For the sake of completeness, this chapter contains a set of class tables representing meta-classes mentioned in the context of this document but which are not contained directly in the scope of describing specific meta-model semantics.

Class	ARElement (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTer	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage				
Note	An element that can be defined stand-alone, i.e. without being part of another element (except for packages of course).					
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Attribute	Type Mul. Kind Note					
_	_	_	_	-		

Table A.1: ARElement

Class	ARPackage						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Generi	cStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage			
Note	AUTOSAR package, allowing to create top level packages to structure the contained ARElements. ARPackages are open sets. This means that in a file based description system multiple files can be used to partially describe the contents of a package. This is an extended version of MSR's SW-SYSTEM.						
Base	ARObject, AtpBlue MultilanguageRefe			rintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, ole			
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note			
arPackage	ARPackage	*	aggr	This represents a sub package within an ARPackage, thus allowing for an unlimited package hierarchy. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=30			
element	PackageableEle ment	*	aggr	Elements that are part of this package Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime xml.sequenceOffset=20			



referenceB ase	ReferenceBase	*	aggr	This denotes the reference bases for the package. This is the basis for all relative references within the package. The base needs to be selected according to the base attribute within the references.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortLabel xml.sequenceOffset=10

Table A.2: ARPackage

Class	AliasNameSet	AliasNameSet			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::FlatMap	
Note	This meta-class represents a set of AliasNames. The AliasNameSet can for example be an input to the A2L-Generator. It shall not be used by the RTE generator to generate the MC-Support.				
	aliasName per Fla Tags: atp.recomm	atlnstand	ceDescr	·	
Base	ARElement, AROI	oject, At	pBluepr	int, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement,	
	Identifiable, Multila	anguage	Referra	ble, PackageableElement, Referrable	
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
aliasName	AliasNameAssig nment	1*	aggr	AliasNames contained in the AliasNameSet.	
	Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation				
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortLabel	
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime	

Table A.3: AliasNameSet

Class	AnyInstanceRef	AnyInstanceRef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::AnyInstance Ref						
Note	Describes a reference to any instance in an AUTOSAR model. This is the most generic form of an instance ref. Refer to the superclass notes for more details.						
Base	ARObject,AtpInstanceRef						
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note			
base	AtpClassifier	1	ref	This is the base from which navigation path begins. Stereotypes: atpDerived			
contextEle ment	AtpFeature	*	ref	This is one step in the navigation path specified by the instance ref.			
target	AtpFeature	1	ref	This is the target of the instance ref.			

Table A.4: AnyInstanceRef



Class	ApplicationArray	ApplicationArrayDataType			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes	
Note	An application data type which is an array, each element is of the same application data type.				
	Tags: atp.recomm	nendedF	Package:	=ApplicationDataTypes	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, ApplicationCompositeDataType, ApplicationDataType, Atp Blueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, Collectable Element, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
dynamicAr raySizePro file	String	01	attr	Specifies the profile which the array will follow if it is a variable size array.	
element	ApplicationArray Element	1	aggr	This association implements the concept of an array element. That is, in some cases it is necessary to be able to identify single array elements, e.g. as input values for an interpolation routine.	

Table A.5: ApplicationArrayDataType

Class	ApplicationArrayElement						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes						
Note	Describes the pro	perties o	of the ele	ements of an application array data type.			
Base	ARObject, ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note			
arraySizeH andling	ArraySizeHandli ngEnum	01	attr	The way how the size of the array is handled.			
arraySizeS emantics	ArraySizeSema nticsEnum	01	attr	This attribute controls how the information about the array size shall be interpreted.			
indexData Type	ApplicationPrimi tiveDataType	01	ref	This reference can be taken to assign a CompuMethod of category TEXTTABLE to the array. The texttable entries associate a textual value to an index number such that the element with that index number is represented by a symbolic name.			
maxNumb erOfEleme nts	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The maximum number of elements that the array can contain. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			

Table A.6: ApplicationArrayElement



Class	ApplicationCompositeDataType (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes				
Note	Abstract base class for all application data types composed of other data types.				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, ApplicationDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Atp Classifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Attribute	Type Mul. Kind Note				
_	_	_	_	_	

Table A.7: ApplicationCompositeDataType

Class	ApplicationCom	ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes		
Note	This class represents a data prototype which is aggregated within a composite application data type (record or array). It is introduced to provide a better distinction between target and context in instanceRefs.					
Base	ARObject, AtpFea Referrable, Referr		pPrototy	pe, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage		
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
type	ApplicationData 1 tref This represents the corresponding data type. Type					
				Stereotypes: isOfType		

Table A.8: ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype

Class	ApplicationData1	Гуре (al	ostract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTer	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes		
Note		ApplicationDataType defines a data type from the application point of view. Especially it should be used whenever something "physical" is at stake.				
	An ApplicationDataType represents a set of values as seen in the application model, such as measurement units. It does not consider implementation details such as bit-size, endianess, etc. It should be possible to model the application level aspects of a VFB system by using					
	ApplicationDataTypes only.					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
_	_	_	_	-		

Table A.9: ApplicationDataType



Class	ApplicationPrimi	tiveDat	аТуре			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes		
Note	A primitive data ty	pe defin	es a set	of allowed values.		
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationDataTypes					
Base				nDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Atp		
	Classifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage					
	Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mul. Kind Note				
_	_	_	_	-		

Table A.10: ApplicationPrimitiveDataType

Class	ApplicationRecordDataType				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes	
Note	An application data type which can be decomposed into prototypes of other application data types. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationDataTypes				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, ApplicationCompositeDataType, ApplicationDataType, Atp Blueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, Collectable Element, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
element (ordered)	ApplicationReco rdElement	1*	aggr	Specifies an element of a record. The aggregation of ApplicationRecordElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a ApplicationrecordDataType. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime	

Table A.11: ApplicationRecordDataType

Class	ApplicationRecordElement			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	Describes the properties of one particular element of an application record data type.			
Base	ARObject, ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note
_	_	_	_	-

Table A.12: ApplicationRecordElement



Class	ApplicationSwComponentType			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Components
Note	The ApplicationSv	vCompo	nentTyp	e is used to represent the application software.
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SwComponentTypes			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtomicSwComponentType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,			
A	PackageableElement, Referrable, SwComponentType			
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note
_	_	_	_	_

Table A.13: ApplicationSwComponentType

Enumeration	ArraySizeSemanticsEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ImplementationDataTypes
Note	This type controls how the information about the number of elements in an ApplicationArrayDataType is to be interpreted.
Literal	Description
fixedSize	This means that the ApplicationArrayDataType will always have a fixed number of elements. Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=0
variableSize	This implies that the actual number of elements in the ApplicationArrayDataType might vary at run-time. The value of arraySize represents the maximum number of elements in the array. Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=1

Table A.14: ArraySizeSemanticsEnum

Class	AssemblySwCor	AssemblySwConnector			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Composition	
Note		AssemblySwConnectors are exclusively used to connect SwComponentPrototypes in the context of a CompositionSwComponentType.			
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SwConnector				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
provider	AbstractProvide dPortPrototype	01	iref	Instance of providing port.	
requester	AbstractRequire dPortPrototype	01	iref	Instance of requiring port.	

Table A.15: AssemblySwConnector



Class	AtomicSwComponentType (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Components		
Note	An atomic softwar decomposed and			atomic in the sense that it cannot be further ss multiple ECUs.		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, SwComponentType					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
internalBe havior	SwcInternalBeh avior	01	aggr	The SwcInternalBehaviors owned by an AtomicSwComponentType can be located in a different physical file. Therefore the aggregation is "atpSplitable". Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=internalBehavior, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
symbolPro ps	SymbolProps	01	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps for the AtomicSwComponentType. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName		

Table A.16: AtomicSwComponentType

Class	AutosarDataPrototype (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes	
Note	Base class for pro	totypica	l roles o	f an AutosarDataType.	
Base		ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable			
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
type	AutosarDataTyp	1	tref	This represents the corresponding data type.	
	е				
				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table A.17: AutosarDataPrototype

Class	CompositionSwComponentType					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Composition					
Note	A CompositionSwComponentType aggregates SwComponentPrototypes (that in turn are typed by SwComponentTypes) as well as SwConnectors for primarily connecting SwComponentPrototypes among each others and towards the surface of the CompositionSwComponentType. By this means hierarchical structures of software-components can be created. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SwComponentTypes					
D						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, SwComponentType					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		



component	SwComponentP rototype	*	aggr	The instantiated components that are part of this composition. The aggregation of SwComponentPrototype is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of a SwComponentPrototype. Please be aware: if the conditional existence of SwComponentPrototypes is resolved post-build the deselected SwComponentPrototypes are still contained in the ECUs build but the instances are inactive in in that they are not scheduled by the RTE.
				The aggregation is marked as atpSplitable in order to allow the addition of service components to the ECU extract during the ECU integration.
				The use case for having 0 components owned by the CompositionSwComponentType could be to deliver an empty CompositionSwComponentType to e.g. a supplier for filling the internal structure.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
connector	SwConnector	*	aggr	SwConnectors have the principal ability to establish a connection among PortPrototypes. They can have many roles in the context of a CompositionSwComponentType. Details are refined by subclasses.
				The aggregation of SwConnectors is subject to variability with the purpose to support variant data flow.
				The aggregation is marked as atpSplitable in order to allow the extension of the ECU extract with AssemblySwConnectors between ApplicationSwComponentTypes and ServiceSwComponentTypes during the ECU integration.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
constantVa lueMappin g	ConstantSpecifi cationMappingS et	*	ref	Reference to the ConstantSpecificationMapping to be applied for initValues of PPortComSpecs and RPortComSpec.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=constantValueMapping



dataTypeM apping	DataTypeMappi ngSet	*	ref	Reference to the DataTypeMapping to be applied for the used ApplicationDataTypes in PortInterfaces. Background: when developing subsystems it may happen that ApplicationDataTypes are used on the surface of CompositionSwComponentTypes. In this case it would be reasonable to be able to also provide the intended mapping to the ImplementationDataTypes. However, this mapping shall be informal and not technically binding for the implementers mainly because the RTE generator is not concerned about the CompositionSwComponentTypes. Rationale: if the mapping of ApplicationDataTypes on the delegated and inner PortPrototype matches then the mapping to ImplementationDataTypes is
instantiatio	InstantiationRT	*	aggr	not impacting compatibility. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataTypeMapping This allows to define instantiation specific
nRTEEven tProps	EEventProps		4991	properties for RTE Events, in particular for instance specific scheduling.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortLabel, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime

Table A.18: CompositionSwComponentType

Class	CompuConstTex	CompuConstTextContent				
Package	M2::MSR::AsamH	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod				
Note	This meta-class re	This meta-class represents the textual content of a scale.				
Base	ARObject, Compu	ARObject, CompuConstContent				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
vt	VerbatimString	1	attr	This represents a textual constant in the computation method.		

Table A.19: CompuConstTextContent



Class	CompuMethod					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express the relationship between a physical value and the mathematical representation. Note that this is still independent of the technical implementation in data types. It only specifies the formula how the internal value corresponds to its physical pendant.					
	Tags: atp.recomm	nendedF	Package:	=CompuMethods		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
compulnter nalToPhys	Compu	01	aggr	This specifies the computation from internal values to physical values. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=80		
compuPhy sToInternal	Compu	01	aggr	This represents the computation from physical values to the internal values. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=90		
displayFor mat	DisplayFormatS tring	01	attr	This property specifies, how the physical value shall be displayed e.g. in documents or measurement and calibration tools. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20		
unit	Unit	01	ref	This is the physical unit of the Physical values for which the CompuMethod applies. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30		

Table A.20: CompuMethod

Class	CompuRationalC	CompuRationalCoeffs			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamH	do::Cor	nputatio	nMethod	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express a rational function by specifying the coefficients of nominator and denominator.				
Base	ARObject				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
compuDen ominator	CompuNominat orDenominator	1	aggr	This is the denominator of the expression.	
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30	
compuNu merator	CompuNominat orDenominator	1	aggr	This is the numerator of the rational expression.	
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20	

Table A.21: CompuRationalCoeffs



Class	CompuScale					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify one segment of a segmented computation method.					
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
desc	MultiLanguage OverviewParagr aph	01	aggr	<desc> represents a general but brief description of the object in question.</desc>		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30		
compulnve rseValue	CompuConst	01	aggr	This is the inverse value of the constraint. This supports the case that the scale is not reversible per se.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=60		
compuScal eContents	CompuScaleCo ntents	01	aggr	This represents the computation details of the scale.		
				Tags: xml.roleElement=false; xml.roleWrapper Element=false; xml.sequenceOffset=70; xml.type Element=false; xml.typeWrapperElement=false		
IowerLimit	Limit	01	attr	This specifies the lower limit of the scale.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=40		
mask	PositiveInteger	01	attr	In difference to all the other computational methods every COMPU-SCALE will be applied including the bit MASK. Therefore it is allowed for this type of COMPU-METHOD, that COMPU-SCALES overlap.		
				To calculate the string reverse to a value, the string has to be split and the according value for each substring has to be summed up. The sum is finally transmitted.		
				The processing has to be done in order of the COMPU-SCALE elements.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=35		
shortLabel	Identifier	01	attr	This element specifies a short name for the particular scale. The name can for example be used to derive a programming language identifier.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20		
symbol	Cldentifier	01	attr	The symbol, if provided, is used by code generators to get a C identifier for the CompuScale. The name will be used as is for the code generation, therefore it needs to be unique within the generation context.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=25		



upperLimit	Limit	01	attr	This specifies the upper limit of a of the scale.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=50

Table A.22: CompuScale

Class	DataConstr	DataConstr				
Package	M2::MSR::AsamH	ldo::Cor	straints:	::GlobalConstraints		
Note	This meta-class re	epresen	ts the ab	oility to specify constraints on data.		
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=DataConstrs					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
dataConstr Rule	DataConstrRule	*	aggr	This is one particular rule within the data constraints.		
				Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.roleWrapper Element=true; xml.sequenceOffset=30; xml.type Element=false; xml.typeWrapperElement=false		

Table A.23: DataConstr

Class	DataConstrRule					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamH	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Constraints::GlobalConstraints				
Note	This meta-class re	epresent	ts the ab	oility to express one specific data constraint rule.		
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
constrLeve	Integer	01	attr	This attribute describes the category of a constraint. One of its functions is in the area of constraint violation, where it can be used from a certain level, to produce error messages. The lower the level, the more stringent the check. Used to distinguish hard or soft limits. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20		
internalCo nstrs	InternalConstrs	01	aggr	Describes the limitations applicable on the internal domain (as opposed to the physical domain). Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40		
physConst rs	PhysConstrs	01	aggr	Describes the limitations applicable on the physical domain (as opposed to the internal domain). Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30		

Table A.24: DataConstrRule



Class	DataPrototype (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	Base class for prototypical roles of any data type.				
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProp s	01	aggr	This property allows to specify data definition properties which apply on data prototype level.	

Table A.25: DataPrototype

Class	DataTypeMap	DataTypeMap			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes	
Note	This class represents the relationship between ApplicationDataType and its implementing ImplementationDataType.				
Base	ARObject				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
application DataType	ApplicationData Type	1	ref	This is the corresponding ApplicationDataType	
implement ationDataT ype	Implementation DataType	1	ref	This is the corresponding ImplementationDataType.	

Table A.26: DataTypeMap

Class	DataTypeMappin	gSet			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes	
Note	This class represents a list of mappings between ApplicationDataTypes and ImplementationDataTypes. In addition, it can contain mappings between ImplementationDataTypes and ModeDeclarationGroups. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=DataTypeMappingSets				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
dataTypeM ap	DataTypeMap	*	aggr	This is one particular association between an ApplicationDataType and its ImplementationDataType.	
modeRequ estTypeMa p	ModeRequestT ypeMap	*	aggr	This is one particular association between an ModeDeclarationGroup and its ImplementationDataType.	

Table A.27: DataTypeMappingSet



Class	Eculnstance					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Systen	nTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreTopology		
Note	ECUInstances are used to define the ECUs used in the topology. The type of the ECU is defined by a reference to an ECU specified with the ECU resource description. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=EcuInstances					
Base	ARObject, Collect PackageableElem			bexElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,		
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
associated ComIPduG roup	ISignalIPduGro up	*	ref	With this reference it is possible to identify which ISignalIPduGroups are applicable for which CommunicationConnector/ ECU.		
				Only top level ISignallPduGroups shall be referenced by an EcuInstance. If an ISignallPduGroup contains other ISignallPduGroups than these contained ISignallPduGroups shall not be referenced by the EcuInstance. Contained ISignallPduGroups are associated to an EcuInstance via the top level ISignallPduGroup.		
associated PdurlPduG roup	PdurlPduGroup	*	ref	With this reference it is possible to identify which PduR IPdu Groups are applicable for which CommunicationConnector/ ECU.		
clientIdRan ge	ClientIdRange	01	aggr	Restriction of the Client Identifier for this Ecu to an allowed range of numerical values. The Client Identifier of the transaction handle is generated by the client RTE for inter-Ecu Client/Server communication.		
comConfig urationGw TimeBase	TimeValue	01	attr	The period between successive calls to Com_MainFunctionRouteSignals of the AUTOSAR COM module in seconds.		
comConfig urationRxT imeBase	TimeValue	01	attr	The period between successive calls to Com_MainFunctionRx of the AUTOSAR COM module in seconds.		
comConfig urationTxTi meBase	TimeValue	01	attr	The period between successive calls to Com_MainFunctionTx of the AUTOSAR COM module in seconds.		
comEnable MDTForCy clicTransm ission	Boolean	01	attr	Enables for the Com module of this EcuInstance the minimum delay time monitoring for cyclic and repeated transmissions (TransmissionModeTiming has cyclicTiming assigned or eventControlledTiming with numberOfRepetitions > 0).		
commCont roller	Communication Controller	1*	aggr	CommunicationControllers of the ECU.		
connector	Communication Connector	*	aggr	All channels controlled by a single controller.		
diagnostic Address	Integer	01	attr	An ECU specific ID for responses of diagnostic routines.		
diagnostic Props	DiagnosticEcuP rops	01	aggr	This represents the diagnostic-related properties of an entire ECU.		



ethSwitchP ortGroupD erivation	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether the derivation of SwitchPortGroups based on VLAN and/or CouplingPort.pncMapping shall be performed for this Eculnstance. If not defined the derivation shall not be done.
partition	EcuPartition	*	aggr	Optional definition of Partitions within an Ecu.
pnResetTi me	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the runtime of the reset timer in seconds. This reset time is valid for the reset of PN requests in the EIRA and in the ERA.
pncPrepar eSleepTim er	TimeValue	01	attr	Time in seconds the PNC state machine shall wait in PNC_PREPARE_SLEEP.
sleepMode Supported	Boolean	1	attr	Specifies whether the ECU instance may be put to a "low power mode"
				true: sleep mode is supported
				false: sleep mode is not supported
				Note: This flag may only be set to "true" if the feature is supported by both hardware and basic software.
v2xSuppor ted	V2xSupportEnu m	01	attr	This attribute is used to control the existence of the V2X stack on the given Eculnstance.
wakeUpOv erBusSupp orted	Boolean	1	attr	Driver support for wakeup over Bus.

Table A.28: EcuInstance



Class	EcucModuleConfigurationValues					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::ECUCI	DescriptionTemplate		
Note	Head of the config the RTE and ECU			Module. A Module can be a BSW module as well as		
	As part of the BSW module description, the EcucModuleConfigurationValues elemen has two different roles:					
	The recommende BSW module vene		uration o	contains parameter values recommended by the		
	The preconfigured by the implementa			ontains values for those parameters which are fixed the changed.		
		guration	Values (tionValues are used when the base (as part of the base ECU configuration) is created to		
	Tags: atp.recomn	nendedF	ackage	=EcucModuleConfigurationValuess		
Base	ARElement, ARO PackageableElem			eElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,		
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
container	EcucContainerV alue	1*	aggr	Aggregates all containers that belong to this module configuration.		
				atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00078]		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=definition, shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=10		
definition	EcucModuleDef	1	ref	Reference to the definition of this EcucModuleConfigurationValues element. Typically, this is a vendor specific module configuration.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-10		
ecucDefEd ition	RevisionLabelSt ring	1	attr	This is the version info of the ModuleDef ECUC Parameter definition to which this values conform to / are based on.		
				For the Definition of ModuleDef ECUC Parameters the AdminData shall be used to express the semantic changes. The compatibility rules between the definition and value revision labels is up to the module's vendor.		
implement ationConfi gVariant	EcucConfigurati onVariantEnum	1	attr	Specifies the kind of deliverable this EcucModuleConfigurationValues element provides. If this element is not used in a particular role (e.g. preconfiguredConfiguration or recommendedConfiguration) then the value must be one of VariantPreCompile, VariantLinkTime, VariantPostBuild.		



moduleDe scription	BswImplementa tion	01	ref	Referencing the BSW module description, which this EcucModuleConfigurationValues element is configuring. This is optional because the EcucModuleConfigurationValues element is also used to configure the ECU infrastructure (memory map) or Application SW-Cs. However in case the EcucModuleConfigurationValues are used to configure the module, the reference is mandatory in order to fetch module specific "common"
				published information.

Table A.29: EcucModuleConfigurationValues

Class	EcucValueCollection					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::ECUCI	DescriptionTemplate		
Note	This represents th	e ancho	or point o	of the ECU configuration description.		
	Tags: atp.recomm	nendedF	ackage:	=EcucValueCollections		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
ecuExtract	System	1	ref	Represents the extract of the System Configuration that is relevant for the ECU configured with that ECU Configuration Description.		
ecucValue	EcucModuleCo nfigurationValue s	1*	ref	References to the configuration of individual software modules that are present on this ECU.		
				atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_0079]		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		

Table A.30: EcucValueCollection



Class	FlatInstanceDesc	criptor		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::FlatMap
Note	instance tree of a	software ations of	e systen	a component instance or data element) of the n. The purpose of this element is to map the various tance to a flat representation and assign a unique
	Use cases:			
	Specify uni	que nan	nes of m	neasurable data to be used by MCD tools
	Specify uni	que nan	nes of ca	alibration data to be used by MCD tool
	 Specify a u extract of the 	•		an instance of a component prototype in the ECU iption
		<u> </u>		to assign alias names via AliasNameAssignment.
Base	ARObject, Identifia		ıltilangu	ageReferrable, Referrable
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note
ecuExtract Reference	AtpFeature	01	iref	Refers to the instance in the ECU extract. This is valid only, if the FlatMap is used in the context of an ECU extract. The reference shall be such that it uniquely defines the object instance. For example, if a data prototype is declared as a role within an SwcInternalBehavior, it is not enough to state the SwcInternalBehavior as context and the aggregated data prototype as target. In addition, the reference shall also include the complete path identifying instance of the component prototype and the AtomicSoftwareComponentType, which is refered by the particular SwcInternalBehavior. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40
role	Identifier	01	attr	The role denotes the particular role of the downstream memory location described by this FlatInstanceDescriptor. It applies to use case where one upstream object results in multiple downstream objects, e.g. ModeDeclarationGroupPrototypes which are measurable. In this case the RTE will provide locations for current mode, previous mode and next mode.
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProp s	01	aggr	The properties of this FlatInstanceDescriptor.



	1			
upstreamR eference	AtpFeature	01	iref	Refers to the instance in the context of an "upstream" descriptions, wich could be the system or system extract description, the basic software module description or (if a flat map is used in preliminary context) a description of an atomic component or composition. This reference is optional in case the flat map is used in ECU context.
				The reference shall be such that it uniquely defines the object instance in the given context. For example, if a data prototype is declared as a role within an SwcInternalBehavior, it is not enough to state the SwcInternalBehavior as context and the aggregated data prototype as target. In addition, the reference shall also include the complete path identifying the instance of the component prototype that contains the particular instance of SwcInternalBehavior.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table A.31: FlatInstanceDescriptor

Class	FlatMap					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::FlatMap					
Note	Contains a flat list of references to software objects. This list is used to identify instances and to resolve name conflicts. The scope is given by the RootSwCompositionPrototype for which it is used, i.e. it can be applied to a system, system extract or ECU-extract. An instance of FlatMap may also be used in a preliminary context, e.g. in the scope of					
	a software component before integration into a system. In this case it is not referred by a RootSwCompositionPrototype. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=FlatMaps					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Attribute	Type Mul. Kind Note					



instance	FlatInstanceDes criptor	1*	aggr	A descriptor instance aggregated in the flat map.
	·			The variation point accounts for the fact, that the system in scope can be subject to variability, and thus the existence of some instances is variable.
				The aggregation has been made splitable because the content might be contributed by different stakeholders at different times in the workflow. Plus, the overall size might be so big that eventually it becomes more manageable if it is distributed over several files.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild

Table A.32: FlatMap

Class	Identifiable (abst	Identifiable (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Generi	cStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable		
Note	Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (within the namespace borders). In addition to this, Identifiables are objects which contribute significantly to the overall structure of an AUTOSAR description. In particular, Identifiables might contain Identifiables.					
Base	ARObject, Multilar	nguageF	Referrab	le, Referrable		
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
desc	MultiLanguage OverviewParagr aph	01	aggr	This represents a general but brief (one paragraph) description what the object in question is about. It is only one paragraph! Desc is intended to be collected into overview tables. This property helps a human reader to identify the object in question. More elaborate documentation, (in particular how the object is built or used) should go to "introduction".		
category	CategoryString	01	attr	Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-60 The category is a keyword that specializes the semantics of the Identifiable. It affects the expected existence of attributes and the applicability of constraints. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-50		
adminData	AdminData	01	aggr	This represents the administrative data for the identifiable object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-40		



annotation	Annotation	*	aggr	Possibility to provide additional notes while defining a model element (e.g. the ECU Configuration Parameter Values). These are not intended as documentation but are mere design notes. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-25
introductio n	Documentation Block	01	aggr	This represents more information about how the object in question is built or is used. Therefore it is a DocumentationBlock. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-30
uuid	String	01	attr	The purpose of this attribute is to provide a globally unique identifier for an instance of a meta-class. The values of this attribute should be globally unique strings prefixed by the type of identifier. For example, to include a DCE UUID as defined by The Open Group, the UUID would be preceded by "DCE:". The values of this attribute may be used to support merging of different AUTOSAR models. The form of the UUID (Universally Unique Identifier) is taken from a standard defined by the Open Group (was Open Software Foundation). This standard is widely used, including by Microsoft for COM (GUIDs) and by many companies for DCE, which is based on CORBA. The method for generating these 128-bit IDs is published in the standard and the effectiveness and uniqueness of the IDs is not in practice disputed. If the id namespace is omitted, DCE is assumed. An example is "DCE:2fac1234-31f8-11b4-a222-08002b34c003". The uuid attribute has no semantic meaning for an AUTOSAR model and there is no requirement for AUTOSAR tools to manage the timestamp. Tags: xml.attribute=true

Table A.33: Identifiable

Class	ImplementationDataType				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ImplementationDataTypes				
Note	Describes a reusable data type on the implementation level. This will typically correspond to a typedef in C-code. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ImplementationDataTypes				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
dynamicAr raySizePro file	String	01	attr	Specifies the profile which the array will follow in case this data type is a variable size array.	



subElemen t (ordered)	Implementation DataTypeEleme nt	*	aggr	Specifies an element of an array, struct, or union data type. The aggregation of ImplementionDataTypeElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a ImplementationDataType representing a structure. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbolPro ps	SymbolProps	01	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps for the ImplementationDataType. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName
typeEmitte r	NameToken	01	attr	This attribute is used to control which part of the AUTOSAR toolchain is supposed to trigger data type definitions.

Table A.34: ImplementationDataType

Class	InstantiationDataDefProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior:: InstantiationDataDefProps					
Note	This is a general of instantiations of a			apply additional SwDataDefProps to particular		
	Typically the accessibility and further information like alias names for a particular data is modeled on the level of DataPrototypes (especially VariableDataPrototypes, ParameterDataPrototypes). But due to the recursive structure of the meta-model concerning data types (a composite (data) type consists out of data prototypes) a part of the MCD information is described in the data type (in case of ApplicationCompositeDataType). This is a strong restriction in the reuse of data typed because the data type should be re-used for different VariableDataPrototypes and ParameterDataPrototypes to guarantee type compatibility on C-implementation level (e.g. data of a Port is stored in PIM or a ParameterDataPrototype used as ROM Block and shall be typed by the same data type as NVRAM Block).					
	This class overcor	nes suc	h a resti	riction if applied properly.		
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
parameterl nstance	AutosarParamet erRef	01 aggr This is the particular ParameterDataPrototypes on which the swDataDefProps shall be applied.				
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProp s	1 aggr These are the particular data definition properties which shall be applied				
variableIns tance	AutosarVariable Ref	01	aggr	This is the particular VariableDataPrototypes on which the swDataDefProps shall be applied.		

Table A.35: InstantiationDataDefProps



Class	InternalBehavior (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::InternalBehavior					
Note	Common base class (abstract) for the internal behavior of both software components and basic software modules/clusters.					
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
constantM emory	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Describes a read only memory object containing characteristic value(s) implemented by this InternalBehavior.		
				The shortName of ParameterDataPrototype has to be equal to the "C' identifier of the described constant.		
				The characteristic value(s) might be shared between SwComponentPrototypes of the same SwComponentType.		
				The aggregation of constantMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software component or module implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
constantVa lueMappin g	ConstantSpecifi cationMappingS et	*	ref	Reference to the ConstanSpecificationMapping to be applied for the particular InternalBehavior		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable		
—			_	Tags: atp.Splitkey=constantValueMapping		
dataTypeM apping	DataTypeMappi ngSet	*	ref	Reference to the DataTypeMapping to be applied for the particular InternalBehavior		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataTypeMapping		
exclusiveA rea	ExclusiveArea	*	aggr	This specifies an ExclusiveArea for this InternalBehavior. The exclusiveArea is local to the component resp. module. The aggregation of ExclusiveAreas is subject to variability. Note: the number of ExclusiveAreas might vary due to the conditional existence of RunnableEntities or BswModuleEntities.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		



exclusiveA reaNesting Order	ExclusiveAreaN estingOrder	*	aggr	This represents the set of ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder owned by the InternalBehavior. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
staticMem	VariableDataPr ototype	*	aggr	Describes a read and writeable static memory object representing measurerment variables implemented by this software component. The term "static" is used in the meaning of "non-temporary" and does not necessarily specify a linker encapsulation. This kind of memory is only supported if supportsMultipleInstantiation is FALSE. The shortName of the VariableDataPrototype has to be equal with the "C' identifier of the described variable. The aggregation of staticMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software component's implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table A.36: InternalBehavior



Class	McDataInstance							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport				
Note	Describes the specific properties of one data instance in order to support measurement and/or calibration of this data instance.							
	The most important attributes are:							
				m the ECU Flat map (if applicable) and will be used by the MC system.				
				n the corresponding data type (ApplicationDataType nentationDataType) as far as applicable.				
		actual r	nemory	d in the programming language. It will be used to address by the final generation tool with the help of n.				
It is assumed that in the M1 model this part and all the aggregated and referred elements (with the exception of the Flat Map and the references from ImplementationElementInParameterInstanceRef and McAccessDetails) are completely generated from "upstream" information. This means, that even if an element like e.g. a CompuMethod is only used via reference here, it will be copi the M1 artifact which holds the complete McSupportData for a given Implement								
Base	-			ageReferrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note				
arraySize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The existence of this attribute turns the data instance into an array of data. The attribute determines the size of the array in terms of number of elements.				
displayIde ntifier	Mcdldentifier	01	attr	An optional attribute to be used to set the ASAM ASAP2 DISPLAY_IDENTIFIER attribute.				
flatMapEnt ry	FlatInstanceDes criptor	01	ref	Reference to the corresponding entry in the ECU Flat Map. This allows to trace back to the original specification of the generated data instance. This link shall be added by the RTE generator mainly for documentation purposes.				
				The reference is optional because				
				 The McDataInstance may represent an array or struct in which only the subElements correspond to FlatMap entries. 				
				 The McDataInstance may represent a task local buffer for rapid prototyping access which is different from the "main instance" used for measurement access. 				
instanceIn Memory	Implementation ElementInPara meterInstanceR ef	01	aggr	Reference to the corresponding data instance in the description of calibration data structures published by the RTE generator. This is used to support emulation methods inside the ECU, it is not required for A2L generation.				



mcDataAc cessDetail s	McDataAccess Details	01	aggr	Refers to "upstream" information on how the RTE uses this data instance. Use Case: Rapid Prototyping
mcDataAs signment	RoleBasedMcD ataAssignment	*	aggr	An assignment between McDataInstances. This supports the indication of related McDataElement implementing the of ?RP global buffer", ?RP global measurement buffer", ?RP enabler flag".
resultingPr operties	SwDataDefProp s	01	aggr	These are the generated properties resulting from decisions taken by the RTE generator for the actually implemented data instance. Only those properties are relevant here, which are needed for the measurement and calibration system.
resultingR ptSwProtot ypingAcce ss	RptSwPrototypi ngAccess	01	aggr	Describes the implemented accessibility of data and modes by the rapid prototyping tooling.
role	Identifier	01	attr	An optional attribute to be used for additional information on the role of this data instance, for example in the context of rapid prototyping.
rptImplPoli cy	RptImplPolicy	01	aggr	Describes the implemented code preparation for rapid prototyping at data accesses for a hook based bypassing.
subElemen t (ordered)	McDataInstance	*	aggr	This relation indicates, that the target element is part of a "struct" which is given by the source element. This information will be used by the final generator to set up the correct addressing scheme.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



symbol	SymbolString	01	attr	This String is used to determine the memory address during final generation of the MC configuration data (e.g. "A2L" file). It shall be the name of the element in the programming language such that it can be identified in linker generated information.
				In case the McDataInstance is part of composite data in the programming language, the symbol String may include parts denoting the element context, unless the context is given by the symbol attribute of an enclosing McDataInstance. This means in particular for the C language that the "." character shall be used as a separator between the name of a "struct" variable the name of one of its elements.
				The symbol can differ from the shortName in case of generated C data declarations.
				It is an optional attribute since it may be missing in case the instance represents an element (e.g. a single array element) which has no name in the linker map.

Table A.37: McDataInstance

Enumeration	MemoryAllocationKeywordPolicyType
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::AuxillaryObjects
Note	Enumeration to specify the name pattern of the Memory Allocation Keyword.
Literal	Description
addrMethod ShortName	The MemorySection shortNames of referring MemorySections and therefore the belonging Memory Allocation Keywords in the code are build with the shortName of the SwAddrMethod. This is the default value if the attribute does not exist. Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=0
addrMethod ShortName AndAlign- ment	The MemorySection shortNames of referring MemorySections and therefore the belonging Memory Allocation Keywords in the code are build with the shortName of the SwAddrMethod and a variable alignment postfix. Thereby the alignment postfix needs to be consistent with the alignment attribute of the related MemorySection.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=1

Table A.38: MemoryAllocationKeywordPolicyType

Enumeration	MemorySectionType
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::AuxillaryObjects
Note	Enumeration to specify the essential nature of the data which can be allocated in a common memory class by the means of the AUTOSAR Memory Mapping.



Literal	Description
calibration Variables	This memory section is reserved for "virtual variables" that are computed by an MCD system during a measurement session but do not exist in the ECU memory.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=2
calprm	To be used for calibratable constants of ECU-functions.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=3
code	To be used for mapping code to application block, boot block, external flash etc.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=4
configData	Constants with attributes that show that they reside in one segment for module configuration.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=5
const	To be used for global or static constants.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=6
excludeFrom Flash	This memory section is reserved for "virtual parameters" that are taken for computing the values of so-called dependent parameter of an MCD system. Dependent Parameters that are not at the same time "virtual parameters" are allocated in the ECU memory.
	Virtual parameters, on the other hand, are not allocated in the ECU memory. Virtual parameters exist in the ECU Hex file for the purpose of being considered (for computing the values of dependent parameters) during an offline-calibration session.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=7
var	To be used for global or static variables. The expected initialization is specified with the attribute sectionInitializationPolicy.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=9

Table A.39: MemorySectionType

Class	ModeDeclaration				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration			
Note	Declaration of one Mode. The name and semantics of a specific mode is not defined in the meta-model.				
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Type Mul. Kind Note				
value	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The RTE shall take the value of this attribute for generating the source code representation of this ModeDeclaration.	

Table A.40: ModeDeclaration



Class	ModeDeclaration	Group				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration					
Note	A collection of Mode Declarations. Also, the initial mode is explicitly identified.					
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ModeDeclarationGroups					
Base				int, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement,		
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
initialMode	ModeDeclaratio n	1	ref	The initial mode of the ModeDeclarationGroup. This mode is active before any mode switches occurred.		
modeDecl aration	ModeDeclaratio n	1*	aggr	The ModeDeclarations collected in this ModeDeclarationGroup.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivation Time		
modeMana gerErrorBe havior	ModeErrorBeha vior	01	aggr	This represents the ability to define the error behavior expected by the mode manager in case of errors on the mode user side (e.g. terminated mode user).		
modeTran sition	ModeTransition	*	aggr	This represents the avaliable ModeTransitions of the ModeDeclarationGroup		
modeUser ErrorBeha vior	ModeErrorBeha vior	01	aggr	This represents the definition of the error behavior expected by the mode user in case of errors on the mode manager side (e.g. terminated mode manager).		
onTransitio nValue	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The value of this attribute shall be taken into account by the RTE generator for programmatically representing a value used for the transition between two statuses.		

Table A.41: ModeDeclarationGroup

Class	ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration				
Note		The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype specifies a set of Modes (ModeDeclarationGroup) which is provided or required in the given context.				
Base	ARObject, AtpFea	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
swCalibrati onAccess	SwCalibrationA ccessEnum	01	attr	This allows for specifying whether or not the enclosing ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype can be measured at run-time.		
type	ModeDeclaratio nGroup	1	tref	The "collection of ModeDeclarations" (= ModeDeclarationGroup) supported by a component		
				Stereotypes: isOfType		

Table A.42: ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype



Class	ModeSwitchInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::PortInterface	
Note	A mode switch interface declares a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype to be sent and received. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Port Interface, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
modeGrou p	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	1	aggr	The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype of this mode interface.	

Table A.43: ModeSwitchInterface

Class	NumericalValue	NumericalValueSpecification				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	emplates	::Comm	onStructure::Constants		
Note	l .	A numerical ValueSpecification which is intended to be assigned to a Primitive data element. Note that the numerical value is a variant, it can be computed by a formula.				
Base	ARObject, Values	Specifica	tion			
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
value	Numerical	Numerical 1 attr This is the value itself.				
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		

Table A.44: NumericalValueSpecification

Class	PPortPrototype				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components			
Note	Component port p	roviding	a certa	in port interface.	
Base	ARObject, AbstractProvidedPortPrototype, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, Atp Prototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PortPrototype, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
providedInt erface	PortInterface	1	tref	The interface that this port provides.	
				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table A.45: PPortPrototype



Class	ParameterAccess				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::Data Elements				
Note	The presence of a ParameterAccess implies that a RunnableEntity needs access to a ParameterDataPrototype.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractAccessPoint, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
accessedP arameter	AutosarParamet erRef	1	aggr	Refernce to the accessed calibration parameter.	
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProp s	01	aggr	This allows denote instance and access specific properties, mainly input values and common axis.	

Table A.46: ParameterAccess

Class	ParameterDataPı	ParameterDataPrototype			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes	
Note	A parameter element used for parameter interface and internal behavior, supporting signal like parameter and characteristic value communication patterns and parameter and characteristic value definition.				
Base		ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
initValue	ValueSpecificati on	01	aggr	Specifies initial value(s) of the ParameterDataPrototype	

Table A.47: ParameterDataPrototype

Class	ParameterInterface			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface			
Note	A parameter interface declares a number of parameter and characteristic values to be exchanged between parameter components and software components.			
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaces			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DataInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mul. Kind Note		
parameter	ParameterData Prototype	1*	aggr	The ParameterDataPrototype of this ParameterInterface.

Table A.48: ParameterInterface



Class	ParameterProvideComSpec				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Communication	
Note	"Communication" specification that applies to parameters on the provided side of a connection.				
Base	ARObject, PPortC	omSpe	0		
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
initValue	ValueSpecificati on	01	aggr	The initial value applicable for the corresponding ParameterDataPrototype.	
parameter	ParameterData Prototype	1	ref	The ParameterDataPrototype to which the ParameterComSpec applies.	

Table A.49: ParameterProvideComSpec

Class	ParameterSwComponentType						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Components			
Note	The ParameterSwComponentType defines parameters and characteristic values accessible via provided Ports. The provided values are the same for all connected SwComponentPrototypes Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SwComponentTypes						
Base		nt, <mark>Ident</mark>	ifiable, N	int, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement,			
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note			
constantM apping	ConstantSpecifi cationMappingS et	*	ref	Reference to the ConstanSpecificationMapping to be applied for the particular ParameterSwComponentType Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=constantMapping			
dataTypeM apping	DataTypeMappi ngSet	*	ref	Reference to the DataTypeMapping to be applied for the particular ParameterSwComponentType Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataTypeMapping			
instantiatio nDataDefP rops	InstantiationDat aDefProps	*	aggr	The purpose of this is that within the context of a given SwComponentType some data def properties of individual instantiations can be modified. The aggregation of InstantiationDataDefProps is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of PortPrototypes			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			

Table A.50: ParameterSwComponentType



Class	PhysConstrs	PhysConstrs					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Constraints::GlobalConstraints						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express physical constraints. Therefore it has (in opposite to InternalConstrs) a reference to a Unit.						
Base	ARObject						
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note			
lowerLimit	Limit	01	attr	This specifies the lower limit of the constraint.			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=20			
maxDiff	Numerical	01	attr	Maximum difference that is permitted between two consecutive values if the constraint is applied to an axis.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=60			
maxGradie nt	Numerical	01	attr	This element specifies the maximum slope that may be used in curves and maps.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=50			
monotony	MonotonyEnum	01	attr	This specifies the monotony constraints on the data object. Note that this applies only to curves and maps. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=70			
scaleConst r (ordered)	ScaleConstr	*	aggr	This is one particular scale which contributes to the data constraints.			
				Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.roleWrapper Element=true; xml.sequenceOffset=40; xml.type Element=false; xml.typeWrapperElement=false			
unit	Unit	01	ref	This is the unit to which the physical constraints relate to. In particular, it is the physical unit of the specified limits.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=80			
upperLimit	Limit	01	attr	This specifies the upper limit of the constraint. Stereotypes: atpVariation			
				Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=30			

Table A.51: PhysConstrs



Class	PhysicalDimension						
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Units						
Note	This class represents a physical dimension. If the physical dimension of two units is identical, then a conversion between them is possible. The conversion between units is related to the definition of the physical dimension.						
				xponents does not per se define the convertibility. chare the same exponents (Nm).			
	Please note further the value of an exponent does not necessarily have to be an integer number. It is also possible that the value yields a rational number, e.g. to compute the square root of a given physical quantity. In this case the exponent value would be a rational number where the numerator value is 1 and the denominator value is 2.						
	Tags: atp.recomn	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=PhysicalDimensions					
Base	ARElement, ARO PackageableElem			eElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,			
Attribute	Type Mul. Kind Note						
currentExp	Numerical	01	attr	This attribute represents the exponent of the physical dimension "electric current".			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=50			
lengthExp	Numerical	01	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "length". Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20			
luminousIn tensityExp	Numerical	01	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "luminous intensity".			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=80			
massExp	Numerical	01	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "mass".			
	NI 2I	0.4	- 11 -	Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30			
molarAmo untExp	Numerical	01	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "quantity of substance".			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=70			
temperatur eExp	Numerical	01	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "temperature".			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=60			
timeExp	Numerical	01	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "time".			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40			

Table A.52: PhysicalDimension



Class	PortInterface (ab	stract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface				
Note	Abstract base class software compone		interfac	ce that is either provided or required by a port of a	
Base				int, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement,	
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
isService	Boolean	1	attr	This flag is set if the PortInterface is to be used for communication between an	
				 ApplicationSwComponentType or 	
				 ServiceProxySwComponentType or 	
				 SensorActuatorSwComponentType or 	
				 ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType 	
				ServiceSwComponentType	
				EcuAbstractionSwComponentType	
				and a ServiceSwComponentType (namely an AUTOSAR Service) located on the same ECU. Otherwise the flag is not set.	
serviceKin d	ServiceProvider Enum	01	attr	This attribute provides further details about the nature of the applied service.	

Table A.53: PortInterface

Class	PortPrototype (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components					
Note	Base class for the ports of an AUTOSAR software component.					
	The aggregation of PortPrototypes is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports.					
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
clientServe rAnnotatio n	ClientServerAnn otation	*	aggr	Annotation of this PortPrototype with respect to client/server communication.		
delegated PortAnnota tion	DelegatedPortA nnotation	01	aggr	Annotations on this delegated port.		
ioHwAbstr actionServ erAnnotati on	IoHwAbstraction ServerAnnotatio n	*	aggr	Annotations on this IO Hardware Abstraction port.		
modePortA nnotation	ModePortAnnot ation	*	aggr	Annotations on this mode port.		



nvDataPort Annotation	NvDataPortAnn otation	*	aggr	Annotations on this non voilatile data port.
parameter PortAnnota tion	ParameterPortA nnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this parameter port.
senderRec eiverAnnot ation	SenderReceiver Annotation	*	aggr	Collection of annotations of this ports sender/receiver communication.
triggerPort Annotation	TriggerPortAnn otation	*	aggr	Annotations on this trigger port.

Table A.54: PortPrototype

Class	RPortPrototype			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Components
Note	Component port re	equiring	a certai	in port interface.
Base				Prototype, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, AtpageReferrable, PortPrototype, Referrable
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note
requiredInt erface	PortInterface	1	tref	The interface that this port requires, i.e. the port depends on another port providing the specified interface. Stereotypes: isOfType

Table A.55: RPortPrototype

Class	RTEEvent (abstra	RTEEvent (abstract)				
Package		mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::RTE		
	Events					
Note	Abstract base clas	s for all	RTE-rel	ated events		
Base	ARObject, AbstractEvent, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
disabledM	ModeDeclaratio	*	iref	Reference to the Modes that disable the Event.		
ode	n					
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable		
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=contextPort, contextMode		
				DeclarationGroupPrototype, targetMode		
	Declaration					
startOnEve	RunnableEntity	01	ref	RunnableEntity starts when the corresponding		
nt				RTEEvent occurs.		

Table A.56: RTEEvent



Primitive	Ref				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Primitive Types				
Note	This primitive den xsd.pattern.	otes a n	ame bas	sed reference. For detailed syntax see the	
	• first slash (relative	or absol	ute reference) [optional]	
	Identifier [red	equired]			
	• a sequence	of slas	hes and	Identifiers [optional]	
	This primitive is us	sed by tl	he meta	-model tools to create the references.	
				xml.xsd.pattern=/?[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9 127})*; xml.xsd.type=string	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
base	Identifier	01	attr	This attribute reflects the base to be used for this reference.	
				Tags: xml.attribute=true	
index	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute supports the use case to point on specific elements in an array. This is in particular required if arrays are used to implement particular data objects.	
				Tags: xml.attribute=true	

Table A.57: Ref

[constr_2552] Index attribute is only valid for arrays [The index attribute in references is valid only if the reference target is an ApplicationArrayElement or if the reference target is an ImplementationDataTypeElement owned by an ImplementationDataType/ImplementationDataTypeElement of category ARRAY and has an attribute maxNumberOfElements/arraySize.]()

Class	Referrable (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Generi	cStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable		
Note		Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (while adhering to namespace borders).				
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
shortName	Identifier	1	attr	This specifies an identifying shortName for the object. It needs to be unique within its context and is intended for humans but even more for technical reference. Tags: xml.enforceMinMultiplicity=true; xml.sequenceOffset=-100		



short Fragr	ShortNameFrag ment	*	aggr	This specifies how the Referrable.shortName is composed of several shortNameFragments.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-90

Table A.58: Referrable

Class	RootSwCompos	itionPro	totype			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate					
Note	The RootSwCompositionPrototype represents the top-level-composition of software components within a given System. According to the use case of the System, this may for example be the a more or less complete VFB description, the software of a System Extract or the software of a flat ECU Extract with only atomic SWCs. Therefore the RootSwComposition will only occasionally contain all atomic software components that are used in a complete VFB System. The OEM is primarily					
	the Software Com contains often sub software composi subsystems.	ponent in postantial tion will	into the intellect often co	ality and the interfaces defining the integration of System. The internal structure of such a component rual property of a supplier. Therefore a top-level ruain empty compositions which represent stotypes are fully specified by their		
	SwComponentTyp	oes (incl otypes, S	uding Po SwcInter	ortPrototypes, PortInterfaces, nalBehavior etc.), and their ports are		
Base	ARObject, AtpFea	ture, At _l	pPrototy	pe, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,		
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
calibration Parameter ValueSet	CalibrationPara meterValueSet	*	ref	Used CalibrationParameterValueSet for instance specific initialization of calibration parameters. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=calibrationParameterValueSet		
flatMap	FlatMap	01	ref	The FlatMap used in the scope of this RootSwCompositionPrototype. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=flatMap		
softwareC omposition	CompositionSw ComponentTyp e	1	tref	We assume that there is exactly one top-level composition that includes all Component instances of the system		
				Stereotypes: isOfType		

Table A.59: RootSwCompositionPrototype



Class	RunnableEntity							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior						
Note	AtomicSwCompor RunnableEntities	A RunnableEntity represents the smallest code-fragment that is provided by an AtomicSwComponentType and are executed under control of the RTE. RunnableEntities are for instance set up to respond to data reception or operation invocation on a server.						
Base	ARObject, AtpCla			ire, AtpStructureElement, ExecutableEntity, ble, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note				
argument (ordered)	RunnableEntity Argument	*	aggr	This represents the formal definition of a an argument to a RunnableEntity.				
asynchron ousServer CallResult Point	AsynchronousS erverCallResult Point Boolean	*	aggr	The server call result point admits a runnable to fetch the result of an asynchronous server call. The aggregation of AsynchronousServerCallResultPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of client server PortPrototypes and the variant existence of server call result points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime If the value of this attribute is set to "true" the				
kedConcur rently	Boolean	1	alli	enclosing RunnableEntity can be invoked concurrently (even for one instance of the corresponding AtomicSwComponentType). This implies that it is the responsibility of the implementation of the RunnableEntity to take care of this form of concurrency. Note that the default value of this attribute is set to "false".				
dataReadA ccess	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has implicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The aggregation of dataReadAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of dataReadAccess in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime				



dataReceiv ePointByAr gument	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The result is passed back to the application by means of an argument in the function signature. The aggregation of dataReceivePointByArgument is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver PortPrototype or the variant existence of data receive points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataReceiv ePointByV alue	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The result is passed back to the application by means of the return value. The aggregation of dataReceivePointByValue is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of data receive points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataSendP oint	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit write access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The aggregation of dataSendPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver PortPrototype or the variant existence of data send points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



dataWriteA ccess	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has implicit write access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The aggregation of dataWriteAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of dataWriteAccess in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
externalTri ggeringPoi nt	ExternalTriggeri ngPoint	*	aggr	The aggregation of ExternalTriggeringPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of trigger ports or the variant existence of external triggering points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=externalTriggeringPoint, variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
internalTrig geringPoin t	InternalTriggerin gPoint	*	aggr	The aggregation of InternalTriggeringPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the variant existence of internal triggering points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
modeAcce ssPoint	ModeAccessPoi nt	*	aggr	The runnable has a mode access point. The aggregation of ModeAccessPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of mode ports or the variant existence of mode access points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=modeAccessPoint, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



modeSwitc hPoint	ModeSwitchPoi nt	*	aggr	The runnable has a mode switch point. The aggregation of ModeSwitchPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of mode ports or the variant existence of mode switch points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
parameter Access	ParameterAcce ss	*	aggr	The presence of a ParameterAccess implies that a RunnableEntity needs read only access to a ParameterDataPrototype which may either be local or within a PortPrototype. The aggregation of ParameterAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of parameter ports and component local parameters as well as the variant existence of ParameterAccess (points) in the
				implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
readLocal Variable	VariableAccess	*	aggr	The presence of a readLocalVariable implies that a RunnableEntity needs read access to a VariableDataPrototype in the role of implicitInterRunnableVariable or explicitInterRunnableVariable.
				The aggregation of readLocalVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of implicitInterRunnableVariable and explicitInterRunnableVariable or the variant existence of readLocalVariable (points) in the
				implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



serverCall Point	ServerCallPoint	*	aggr	The RunnableEntity has a ServerCallPoint. The aggregation of ServerCallPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of client server PortPrototypes or the variant existence of server call points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbol	Cldentifier	1	attr	The symbol describing this RunnableEntity's entry point. This is considered the API of the RunnableEntity and is required during the RTE contract phase.
waitPoint	WaitPoint	*	aggr	The WaitPoint associated with the RunnableEntity.
writtenLoc alVariable	VariableAccess	*	aggr	The presence of a writtenLocalVariable implies that a RunnableEntity needs write access to a VariableDataPrototype in the role of implicitInterRunnableVariable or explicitInterRunnableVariable. The aggregation of writtenLocalVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of implicitInterRunnableVariable and explicitInterRunnableVariable or the variant existence of writtenLocalVariable (points) in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table A.60: RunnableEntity

Class	SenderReceiverInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::PortInterface		
Note	A sender/receiver interface declares a number of data elements to be sent and received. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DataInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
dataEleme nt	VariableDataPr ototype	1*	aggr	The data elements of this SenderReceiverInterface.		
invalidation Policy	InvalidationPolic y	*	aggr	InvalidationPolicy for a particular dataElement		

Table A.61: SenderReceiverInterface



Class	SwAddrMethod						
Package	M2::MSR::DataDi	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::AuxillaryObjects					
Note		hese ob	jects co	sing method, e.g. common memory section, to data uld actually live in different modules or components. =SwAddrMethods			
Base				int, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, ble, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note			
memoryAll ocationKey wordPolicy	MemoryAllocati onKeywordPolic yType	01	attr	Enumeration to specify the name pattern of the Memory Allocation Keyword.			
option	Identifier	*	attr	This attribute introduces the ability to specify further intended properties of the MemorySection in with the related objects shall be placed. These properties are handled as to be selected. The intended options are mentioned in the list. In the Memory Mapping configuration, this option list is used to determine an appropriate MemMapAddressingModeSet.			
sectionIniti alizationPo licy	SectionInitializat ionPolicyType	01	attr	Specifies the expected initialization of the variables (inclusive those which are implementing VariableDataPrototypes). Therefore this is an implementation constraint for initialization code of BSW modules (especially RTE) as well as the start-up code which initializes the memory segment to which the AutosarDataPrototypes referring to the SwAddrMethod's are later on mapped. If the attribute is not defined it has the identical semantic as the attribute value "INIT"			
sectionTyp e	MemorySection Type	01	attr	Defines the type of memory sections which can be associated with this addresssing method.			

Table A.62: SwAddrMethod

Class	SwAxisGrouped				
Package	M2::MSR::DataDid	ctionary	::Axis		
Note	An SwAxisGrouped is an axis which is shared between multiple calibration parameters.				
Base	ARObject, SwCal	ormAxis	TypePro	ps	
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
sharedAxis Type	ApplicationPrimi tiveDataType	01	ref	This is the datatype of the calibration parameter providing the shared axis.	



swAxisInd ex	AxisIndexType	01	attr	Describes which axis of the referenced calibration parameter provides the values for the group axis. The index satisfies the following convention: • 0 = value axis. in this case, the interpolation result of the referenced parameter is used as a base point index. • The index should only be specified if the parameter under swCalprm contains more than one axis. It is standard practice for the axis index of parameters with more than one axis, to be set to 1, if data has not been assigned to swAxisIndex.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20
swCalprm Ref	SwCalprmRefPr oxy	1	aggr	This property specifes the calibration parameter which serves as the input axis. In AUTOSAR, the type of the referenced Calibration parameter shall be compatible to the type specified by sharedAxisType. Tags: xml.roleElement=false; xml.roleWrapper
				Element=false; xml.sequenceOffset=30; xml.type Element=false; xml.typeWrapperElement=false

Table A.63: SwAxisGrouped

Class	SwAxisIndividual						
Package	M2::MSR::DataDi	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::Axis					
Note	This meta-class describes an axis integrated into a parameter (field etc.). The integration makes this individual to each parameter. The so-called grouped axis represents the counterpart to this. It is conceived as an independent parameter (see class SwAxisGrouped).						
Base	ARObject, SwCal	ormAxis	TypePro	pps			
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note			
compuMet hod	CompuMethod	01	ref	This is the compuMethod which is expected for the axis. It is used in early stages if the particular input-value is not yet available. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30			
dataConstr	DataConstr	01	ref	Refers to constraints, e.g. for plausibility checks. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=80			
inputVaria bleType	ApplicationPrimi tiveDataType	01	ref	This is the datatype of the input value for the axis. This allows to define e.g. a type of curve, where the input value is finalized at the access point.			
swAxisGen eric	SwAxisGeneric	01	aggr	this specifies the properties of a generic axis if applicable. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=90			



swMaxAxis	Integer	1	O ⁺⁺ r	Maximum number of base points contained in the
Points	meger	1	attr	Maximum number of base points contained in the axis of a map or curve.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=60
swMinAxis Points	Integer	1	attr	Minimum number of base points contained in the axis of a map or curve.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=70
swVari ableRef (ordered)	SwVariableRefP roxy	*	aggr	Refers to input variables of the axis. It is possible to specify more than one variable. Here the following is valid:
				 The variable with the highest priority shall be given first. It is used in the generation of the code and is also displayed first in the application system.
				 All variables referenced shall be of the same physical nature. This is usually detected in that the conversion formulae affected refer back to the same SI-units.
				In AUTOSAR this ensured by the constraint, that the referenced input variables shall use a type compatible to "inputVariableType".
				 This multiple referencing allows a base point distribution for more than one input variable to be used. One example of this are the temperature curves which can depend both on the induction air temperature and the engine temperature.
				These variables can be displayed simultaneously by MCD systems (adjustment systems), enabling operating points to be shown in the curves.
				Tags: xml.roleElement=false; xml.roleWrapper Element=true; xml.sequenceOffset=20; xml.type Element=false; xml.typeWrapperElement=false
unit	Unit	01	ref	This represents the physical unit of the input value of the axis. It is provided to support the case that the particular input variable is not yet known.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40

Table A.64: SwAxisIndividual



Class	SwBaseType				
Package	M2::MSR::AsamH	ldo::Bas	eTypes		
Note	This meta-class represents a base type used within ECU software.				
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=BaseTypes				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, BaseType, Collectable Element, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mul. Kind Note			
_	_	_	_	-	

Table A.65: SwBaseType

Enumeration	SwCalibrationAccessEnum
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::DataDefProperties
Note	Determines the access rights to a data object w.r.t. measurement and calibration.
Literal	Description
notAccessi- ble	The element will not be accessible via MCD tools, i.e. will not appear in the ASAP file.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=0
readOnly	The element will only appear as read-only in an ASAP file. Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=1
readWrite	The element will appear in the ASAP file with both read and write access. Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=2

Table A.66: SwCalibrationAccessEnum

Class	SwCalprmAxis						
Package	M2::MSR::DataDid	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::CalibrationParameter					
Note	This element spec	ifies an	individu	al input parameter axis (abscissa).			
Base	ARObject						
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note			
category	CalprmAxisCate goryEnum	01	attr	This property specifies the category of a particular axis.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30			
baseType	SwBaseType	01	ref	The SwBaseType to be used for the axis. Note that this is not applicable for ApplicationDataTypes. The value shall be ignored.			
				Tags: atp.Status=removed xml.sequenceOffset=110			
displayFor mat	DisplayFormatS tring	01	attr	This property specifies how the axis values shall be displayed e.g. in documents or in measurement and calibration tools.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=100			



swAxisInd ex	AxisIndexType	01	attr	This attribute specifies which axis is specified by the containing SwCalprmAxis. For example in a curve this is usually "1". In a map this is "1" or "2".
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20
swCalibrati onAccess	SwCalibrationA ccessEnum	01	attr	Describes the applicability of parameters and variables.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=90
swCalprm AxisTypeP rops	SwCalprmAxisT ypeProps	1	aggr	specific properties depending on the type of the axis. Tags: xml.roleElement=false; xml.roleWrapper
				Element=false; xml.sequenceOffset=40; xml.type Element=true; xml.typeWrapperElement=false

Table A.67: SwCalprmAxis

Class	SwCalprmAxisSet					
Package	M2::MSR::DataDi	ctionary	::Calibra	tionParameter		
Note	This element specifies the input parameter axes (abscissas) of parameters (and variables, if these are used adaptively).					
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
swCalprm Axis	SwCalprmAxis	*	aggr	One axis belonging to this SwCalprmAxisSet		
		Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.roleWrapper Element=false; xml.sequenceOffset=20; xml.typ Element=false; xml.typeWrapperElement=false				

Table A.68: SwCalprmAxisSet

Class	SwComponentPrototype				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Composition	
Note	Role of a software	compo	nent witl	nin a composition.	
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note	
type	SwComponentT ype	1	tref	Type of the instance.	
				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table A.69: SwComponentPrototype



Class	SwComponentTy	pe (abs	stract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components						
Note	Base class for AUTOSAR software components.							
Base				int, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement,				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note				
consistenc yNeeds	ConsistencyNee ds	*	aggr	This represents the colection of ConsistencyNeeds owned by the enclosing SwComponentType. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime				
port	PortPrototype	*	aggr	The PortPrototypes through which this SwComponentType can communicate. The aggregation of PortPrototype is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of PortPrototypes. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime				
portGroup	PortGroup	*	aggr	A port group being part of this component. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime				
swCompon entDocum entation	SwComponentD ocumentation	01	aggr	This adds a documentation to the SwComponentType. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=swComponentDocumentation, variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=-10				
unitGroup	UnitGroup	*	ref	This allows for the specification of which UnitGroups are relevant in the context of referencing SwComponentType.				

Table A.70: SwComponentType



Class	≪atpVariation	n≫ Sw[DataDefl	Props					
Package	M2::MSR::DataDi			· ·					
Note	This class is a collection of properties relevant for data objects under various aspects. One could consider this class as a "pattern of inheritance by aggregation". The properties can be applied to all objects of all classes in which SwDataDefProps is aggregated.								
	Note that not all of the attributes or associated elements are useful all of the time. Hence, the process definition (e.g. expressed with an OCL or a Document Control Instance MSR-DCI) has the task of implementing limitations.								
	SwDataDefProps	covers	various a	aspects:					
	curve, or a are mappe	map, bud/conve : : This is	ıt also th rted to th	ent for calibration use cases: is it a single value, a ne recordLayouts which specify how such elements ne DataTypes in the programming language (or in expressed by properties like swRecordLayout and					
	swVariable	Accessi	mplPolic	ainly expressed by swImplPolicy, cy, swAddrMethod, swPointerTagetProps, baseType, additionalNativeTypeQualifier					
	Access pol	icy for th	ne MCD	system, mainly expressed by swCalibrationAccess					
	 Semantics of the data element, mainly expressed by compuMethod and/or unit, dataConstr, invalidValue 								
	Code generation policy provided by swRecordLayout								
	Tags: vh.latestBir	ndingTin	ne=code	GenerationTime					
Base	ARObject	N/II	Vin d	Note					
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note					
additionalN ativeType Qualifier	NativeDeclarati onString	01	attr	This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235					
annotation	Annotation	*	aggr	This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.roleWrapper Element=true; xml.sequenceOffset=20; xml.type Element=false; xml.typeWrapperElement=false					
baseType	SwBaseType	01	ref	Base type associated with the containing data object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=50					



compuMet hod	CompuMethod	01	ref	Computation method associated with the semantics of this data object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=180
dataConstr	DataConstr	01	ref	Data constraint for this data object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=190
displayFor mat	DisplayFormatS tring	01	attr	This property describes how a number is to be rendered e.g. in documents or in a measurement and calibration system.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=210
implement ationDataT ype	Implementation DataType	01	ref	This association denotes the ImplementationDataType of a data declaration via its aggregated SwDataDefProps. It is used whenever a data declaration is not directly referring to a base type. Especially
				 redefinition of an ImplementationDataType via a "typedef" to another ImplementationDatatype
				 the target type of a pointer (see SwPointerTargetProps), if it does not refer to a base type directly
				 the data type of an array or record element within an ImplementationDataType, if it does not refer to a base type directly
				 the data type of an SwServiceArg, if it does not refer to a base type directly
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=215
invalidValu e	ValueSpecificati on	01	aggr	Optional value to express invalidity of the actual data element.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=255
stepSize	Float	01	attr	This attribute can be used to define a value which is added to or subtracted from the value of a DataPrototype when using up/down keys while calibrating.
swAddrMet hod	SwAddrMethod	01	ref	Addressing method related to this data object. Via an association to the same SwAddrMethod it can be specified that several DataPrototypes shall be located in the same memory without already specifying the memory section itself.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30



swAlignme nt	AlignmentType	01	attr	The attribute describes the intended alignment of the DataPrototype. If the attribute is not defined the alignment is determined by the swBaseType size and the memoryAllocationKeywordPolicy of the referenced SwAddrMethod. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=33
swBitRepr esentation	SwBitRepresent ation	01	aggr	Description of the binary representation in case of a bit variable. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=60
swCalibrati onAccess	SwCalibrationA ccessEnum	01	attr	Specifies the read or write access by MCD tools for this data object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=70
swCalprm AxisSet	SwCalprmAxisS et	01	aggr	This specifies the properties of the axes in case of a curve or map etc. This is mainly applicable to calibration parameters. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=90
swCompari sonVariabl e	SwVariableRefP roxy	*	aggr	Variables used for comparison in an MCD process. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=170; xml.type Element=false
swDataDe pendency	SwDataDepend ency	01	aggr	Describes how the value of the data object has to be calculated from the value of another data object (by the MCD system). Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=200
swHostVar iable	SwVariableRefP roxy	01	aggr	Contains a reference to a variable which serves as a host-variable for a bit variable. Only applicable to bit objects. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=220; xml.type Element=false
swImplPoli cy	SwImplPolicyEn um	01	attr	Implementation policy for this data object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=230



swIntende dResolutio n	Numerical	01	attr	The purpose of this element is to describe the requested quantization of data objects early on in the design process.
				The resolution ultimately occurs via the conversion formula present (compuMethod), which specifies the transition from the physical world to the standardized world (and vice-versa) (here, "the slope per bit" is present implicitly in the conversion formula).
				In the case of a development phase without a fixed conversion formula, a pre-specification can occur through swIntendedResolution.
				The resolution is specified in the physical domain according to the property "unit".
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=240
swInterpol ationMetho d	Identifier	01	attr	This is a keyword identifying the mathematical method to be applied for interpolation. The keyword needs to be related to the interpolation routine which needs to be invoked.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=250
swlsVirtual	Boolean	01	attr	This element distinguishes virtual objects. Virtual objects do not appear in the memory, their derivation is much more dependent on other objects and hence they shall have a swDataDependency.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=260
swPointerT argetProps	SwPointerTarge tProps	01	aggr	Specifies that the containing data object is a pointer to another data object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=280
swRecordL ayout	SwRecordLayo ut	01	ref	Record layout for this data object.
D ()	8.4 let 11	0 1		Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=290
swRefresh Timing	Multidimensiona ITime	01	aggr	This element specifies the frequency in which the object involved shall be or is called or calculated. This timing can be collected from the task in which write access processes to the variable run. But this cannot be done by the MCD system.
				So this attribute can be used in an early phase to express the desired refresh timing and later on to specify the real refresh timing.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=300



swTextPro ps	SwTextProps	01	aggr	the specific properties if the data object is a text object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=120
swValueBl ockSize	Numerical	01	attr	This represents the size of a Value Block Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=80
unit	Unit	01	ref	Physical unit associated with the semantics of this data object. This attribute applies if no compuMethod is specified. If both units (this as well as via compuMethod) are specified the units shall be compatible. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=350
valueAxisD ataType	ApplicationPrimi tiveDataType	01	ref	The referenced ApplicationPrimitiveDataType represents the primitive data type of the value axis within a compound primitive (e.g. curve, map). It supersedes CompuMethod, Unit, and BaseType. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=355

Table A.71: SwDataDefProps

Enumeration	SwImplPolicyEnum
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::DataDefProperties
Note	Specifies the implementation strategy with respect to consistency mechanisms of variables.
Literal	Description
const	forced implementation such that the running software within the ECU shall not modify it. For example implemented with the "const" modifier in C. This can be applied for parameters (not for those in NVRAM) as well as argument data prototypes.
<i>c</i> 1	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=0
fixed	This data element is fixed. In particular this indicates, that it might also be implemented e.g. as in place data, (#DEFINE).
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=1
measurement Point	The data element is created for measurement purposes only. The data element is never read directly within the ECU software. In contrast to a "standard" data element in an unconnected provide port is, this unconnection is guaranteed for measurementPoint data elements. Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=2
queued	The content of the data element is queued and the data element has 'event' semantics, i.e. data elements are stored in a queue and all data elements are processed in 'first in first out' order. The queuing is intended to be implemented by RTE Generator. This value is not applicable for parameters.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=3



standard	This is applicable for all kinds of data elements. For variable data prototypes the 'last is best' semantics applies. For parameter there is no specific implementation directive.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationValue=4

Table A.72: SwlmplPolicyEnum

Class	SwcImplementat	ion						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcImplementation						
Note	with respect to the	This meta-class represents a specialization of the general Implementation meta-class with respect to the usage in application software. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SwcImplementations						
Base				eElement, Identifiable, Implementation, eableElement, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note				
behavior	SwcInternalBeh avior	1	ref	The internal behavior implemented by this Implementation.				
perInstanc eMemoryS ize	PerInstanceMe morySize	*	aggr	Allows a definition of the size of the per-instance memory for this implementation. The aggregation of PerInstanceMemorySize is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects, in this case PerInstanceMemory. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime				
requiredRT EVendor	String	01	attr	Identify a specific RTE vendor. This information is potentially important at the time of integrating (in particular: linking) the application code with the RTE. The semantics is that (if the association exists) the corresponding code has been created to fit to the vendor-mode RTE provided by this specific vendor. Attempting to integrate the code with another RTE generated in vendor mode is in general not possible.				

Table A.73: SwcImplementation

Class	SwcInternalBeha	SwcInternalBehavior					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior			
Note	aspects of the sof	The SwcInternalBehavior of an AtomicSwComponentType describes the relevant aspects of the software-component with respect to the RTE, i.e. the RunnableEntities and the RTEEvents they respond to.					
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, Internal Behavior, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note			



arTypedPe rInstanceM emory	VariableDataPr ototype	*	aggr	Defines an AUTOSAR typed memory-block that needs to be available for each instance of the SW-component. This is typically only useful if supportsMultipleInstantiation is set to "true" or if the component defines NVRAM access via permanent blocks. The aggregation of arTypedPerInstanceMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software component's implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
event	RTEEvent	*	aggr	This is a RTEEvent specified for the particular SwcInternalBehavior. The aggregation of RTEEvent is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of RTE events. Note: the number of RTE events might vary due to the conditional existence of PortPrototypes using DataReceivedEvents or due to different scheduling needs of algorithms. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
exclusiveA reaPolicy	SwcExclusiveAr eaPolicy	*	aggr	Options how to generate the ExclusiveArea related APIs. When no SwcExclusiveAreaPolicy is specified for an ExclusiveArea the default values apply. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=exclusiveAreaPolicy vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



explicitInte rRunnable Variable	VariableDataPr ototype	*	aggr	Implement state message semantics for establishing communication among runnables of the same component. The aggregation of explicitInterRunnableVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
handleTer minationAn dRestart	HandleTerminat ionAndRestartE num	1	attr	This attribute controls the behavior with respect to stopping and restarting. The corresponding AtomicSwComponentType may either not support stop and restart, or support only stop, or support both stop and restart.
implicitInte rRunnable Variable	VariableDataPr ototype	*	aggr	Implement state message semantics for establishing communication among runnables of the same component. The aggregation of implicitInterRunnableVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
includedDa taTypeSet	IncludedDataTy peSet	*	aggr	The includedDataTypeSet is used by a software component for its implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=includedDataTypeSet
includedM odeDeclar ationGroup Set	IncludedModeD eclarationGroup Set	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the included ModeDeclarationGroups Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=includedModeDeclaration GroupSet



instantiatio nDataDefP rops	InstantiationDat aDefProps	*	aggr	The purpose of this is that within the context of a given SwComponentType some data def properties of individual instantiations can be modified. The aggregation of InstantiationDataDefProps is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of PortPrototypes and component local memories like "perInstanceParameter" or "arTypedPerInstanceMemory". Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=instantiationDataDefProps, variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
perInstanc eMemory	PerInstanceMe mory	*	aggr	Defines a per-instance memory object needed by this software component. The aggregation of PerInstanceMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
perInstanc eParamete r	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Defines parameter(s) or characteristic value(s) that needs to be available for each instance of the software-component. This is typically only useful if supportsMultipleInstantiation is set to "true". The aggregation of perInstanceParameter is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
portAPIOpt ion	PortAPIOption	*	aggr	Options for generating the signature of port-related calls from a runnable to the RTE and vice versa. The aggregation of PortPrototypes is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=portAPIOption, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



				T
runnable	RunnableEntity	*	aggr	This is a RunnableEntity specified for the particular SwcInternalBehavior.
				The aggregation of RunnableEntity is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of RunnableEntities. Note: the number of RunnableEntities might vary due to the conditional existence of PortPrototypes using DataReceivedEvents or due to different scheduling needs of algorithms.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
serviceDep endency	SwcServiceDep endency	*	aggr	Defines the requirements on AUTOSAR Services for a particular item.
				The aggregation of SwcServiceDependency is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports as well as the conditional existence of ServiceNeeds.
				The SwcServiceDependency owned by an SwcInternalBehavior can be located in a different physical file in order to support that SwcServiceDependency might be provided in later development steps or even by different expert domain (e.g OBD expert for Obd related Service Needs) tools. Therefore the aggregation is "atpSplitable".
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
sharedPar ameter	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Defines parameter(s) or characteristic value(s) shared between SwComponentPrototypes of the same SwComponentType The aggregation of sharedParameter is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
supportsM ultipleInsta ntiation	Boolean	1	attr	Indicate whether the corresponding software-component can be multiply instantiated on one ECU. In this case the attribute will result in an appropriate component API on programming language level (with or without instance handle).



variationPo intProxy	VariationPointPr oxy	*	aggr	Proxy of a variation points in the C/C++ implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName

Table A.74: SwcInternalBehavior

Class	System							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate							
Note	The top level element of the System Description. The System description defines five major elements: Topology, Software, Communication, Mapping and Mapping Constraints. The System element directly aggregates the elements describing the Software, Mapping and Mapping Constraints; it contains a reference to an ASAM FIBEX description specifying Communication and Topology. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=Systems							
Base	ARElement, ARO	bject, At	pClassif	rier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Collectable geReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note				
clientIdDefi nitionSet	ClientIdDefinitio nSet	*	ref	Set of Client Identifiers that are used for inter-ECU client-server communication in the System.				
containerl PduHeade rByteOrder	ByteOrderEnum	01	attr	Defines the byteOrder of the header in ContainerIPdus.				
ecuExtract Version	RevisionLabelSt ring	01	attr	Version number of the Ecu Extract.				
fibexEleme nt	FibexElement	*	ref	Reference to ASAM FIBEX elements specifying Communication and Topology.				
				All Fibex Elements used within a System Description shall be referenced from the System Element.				
				atpVariation: In order to describe a product-line, all FibexElements can be optional.				
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild				
j1939Shar edAddress Cluster	J1939SharedAd dressCluster	*	aggr	Collection of J1939Clusters that share a common address space for the routing of messages.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild				



mapping	SystemMapping	*	aggr	Aggregation of all mapping aspects (mapping of SW components to ECUs, mapping of data elements to signals, and mapping constraints). In order to support OEM / Tier 1 interaction and shared development for one common System this aggregation is atpSplitable and atpVariation. The content of SystemMapping can be provided by several parties using different names for the SystemMapping. This element is not required when the System description is used for a network-only use-case. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
pncVector Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Length of the partial networking request release information vector (in bytes).
pncVector Offset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Absolute offset (with respect to the NM-PDU) of the partial networking request release information vector that is defined in bytes as an index starting with 0.
rootSoftwa reComposi tion	RootSwCompos itionPrototype	01	aggr	Aggregation of the root software composition, containing all software components in the System in a hierarchical structure. This element is not required when the System description is used for a network-only use-case. atpVariation: The RootSwCompositionPrototype can vary. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime
systemDoc umentation	Chapter	*	aggr	Possibility to provide additional documentation while defining the System. The System documentation can be composed of several chapters. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime xml.sequenceOffset=-10
systemVer sion	RevisionLabelSt ring	1	attr	Version number of the System Description.

Table A.75: System



Class	TimingEvent	TimingEvent					
Package		M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::RTE					
	Events						
Note	TimingEvent refer TimingEvent	TimingEvent references the RunnableEntity that need to be started in response to the TimingEvent					
Base		ARObject, AbstractEvent, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, RTEEvent, Referrable					
Attribute	Type Mul. Kind Note						
period	TimeValue	1	attr	Period of timing event in seconds. The value of this attribute shall be greater than zero.			

Table A.76: TimingEvent

Class	Unit					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Units					
Note	This is a physical measurement unit. All units that might be defined should stem from SI units. In order to convert one unit into another factor and offset are defined.					
	offset (offsetSiToU	Jnit) are	applied			
	x [{unit}] := offsetSiToUnit [+		siUnit}] * factorSiToUnit [[unit]/{siUnit}] +		
	For the calculation from a unit to SI-unit the reciprocal of the factor (factorSiToUnit) and the negation of the offset (offsetSiToUnit) are applied. y {siUnit} := (x*{unit} - offsetSiToUnit [{unit}]) / (factorSiToUnit [{unit}]/{siUnit}]					
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=Units					
Base	ARElement, AROI PackageableElem			eElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,		
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note		
displayNa me	SingleLanguage UnitNames	01	aggr	This specifies how the unit shall be displayed in documents or in user interfaces of tools. The displayName corresponds to the Unit. Display in an ASAM MCD-2MC file.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20		
factorSiTo Unit	Float	01	attr	This is the factor for the conversion from SI Units to units.		
				The inverse is used for conversion from units to SI Units.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30		
offsetSiTo Unit	Float	01	attr	This is the offset for the conversion from and to siUnits.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40		



physicalDi mension	PhysicalDimens ion	01	ref	This association represents the physical dimension to which the unit belongs to. Note that only values with units of the same physical dimensions might be converted.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=50

Table A.77: Unit

Class	UnitGroup			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamH	do::Unit	S	
Note	This meta-class recategory denotes In this way, e.g. codefined as well as In the same way adifferent countries MilesPerHour cou MeterPerSec wou vehicle speed. Bu "speed".	epresent the unit ountry-specification specification group of by sett ld such ld not be tall of the	es the absystem coecific use unit system of equivating CAT be combined to the mention	bility to specify a logical grouping of units. The that the referenced units are associated to. Init systems (CATEGORY="COUNTRY") can be stems for certain application domains. Alent units, can be defined which are used in EGORY="EQUIV_UNITS". KmPerHour and bined to one group named "vehicle_speed". The unit this group because it is normally not used for ioned units could be combined to one group named ensure the physical compliance of the units. This is sion.
	Tags: atp.recomm			·
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Attribute	Туре	Mul.	Kind	Note
unit	Unit	*	ref	This represents one particular unit in the UnitGroup.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table A.78: UnitGroup

Class	ValueSpecification (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSAF	RTemplates	::Comm	onStructure::Constants			
Note	Base class for object.	Base class for expressions leading to a value which can be used to initialize a data object.					
Base	ARObject	ARObject					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mul. Kind Note					
shortLabel	Identifier	01	attr	This can be used to identify particular value specifications for human readers, for example elements of a record type.			

Table A.79: ValueSpecification



Class	VariableDataPrototype						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	A VariableDataPrototype is used to contain values in an ECU application. This means that most likely a VariableDataPrototype allocates "static" memory on the ECU. In some cases optimization strategies might lead to a situation where the memory allocation can be avoided. In particular, the value of a VariableDataPrototype is likely to change as the ECU on which it is used executes.						
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Attribute	Туре						
initValue	ValueSpecificati on	01	aggr	Specifies initial value(s) of the VariableDataPrototype			

Table A.80: VariableDataPrototype