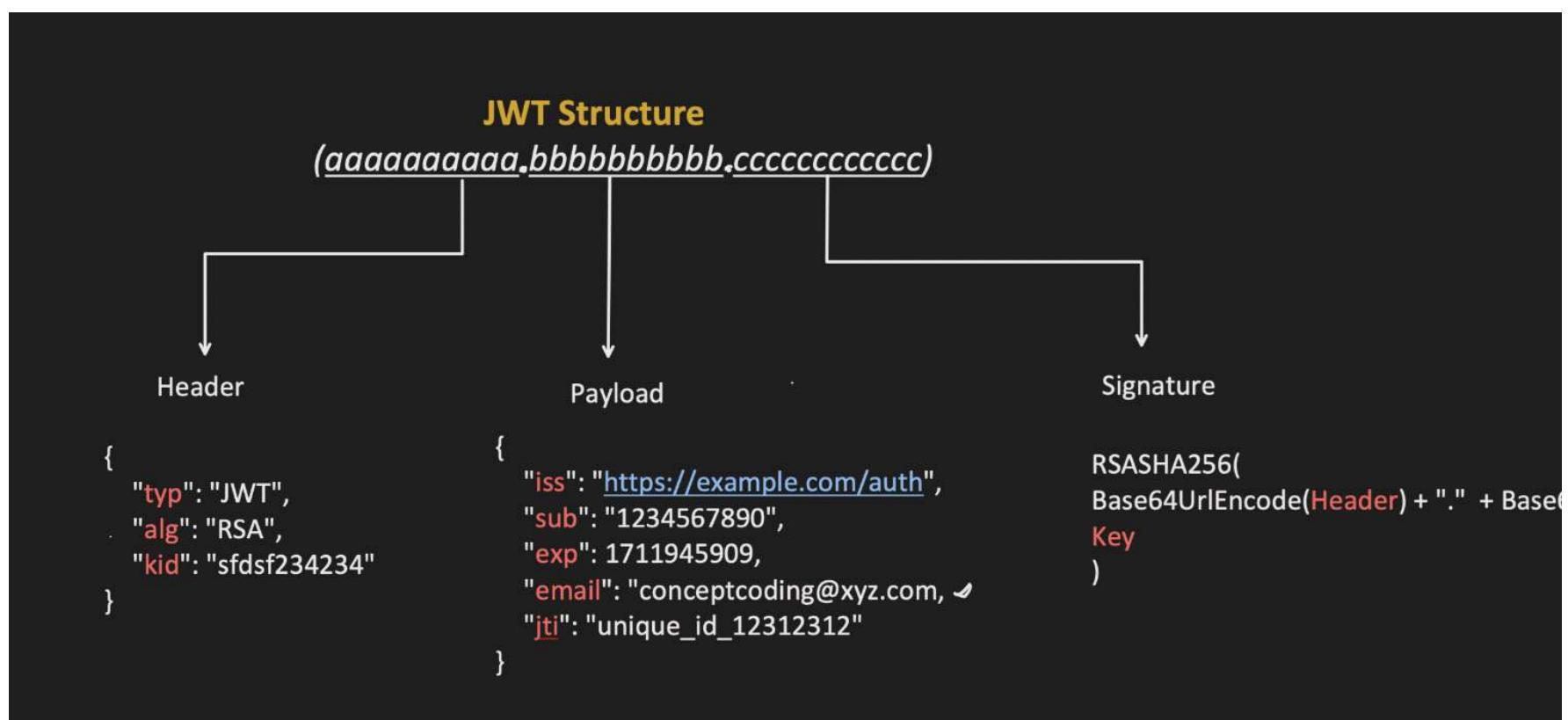
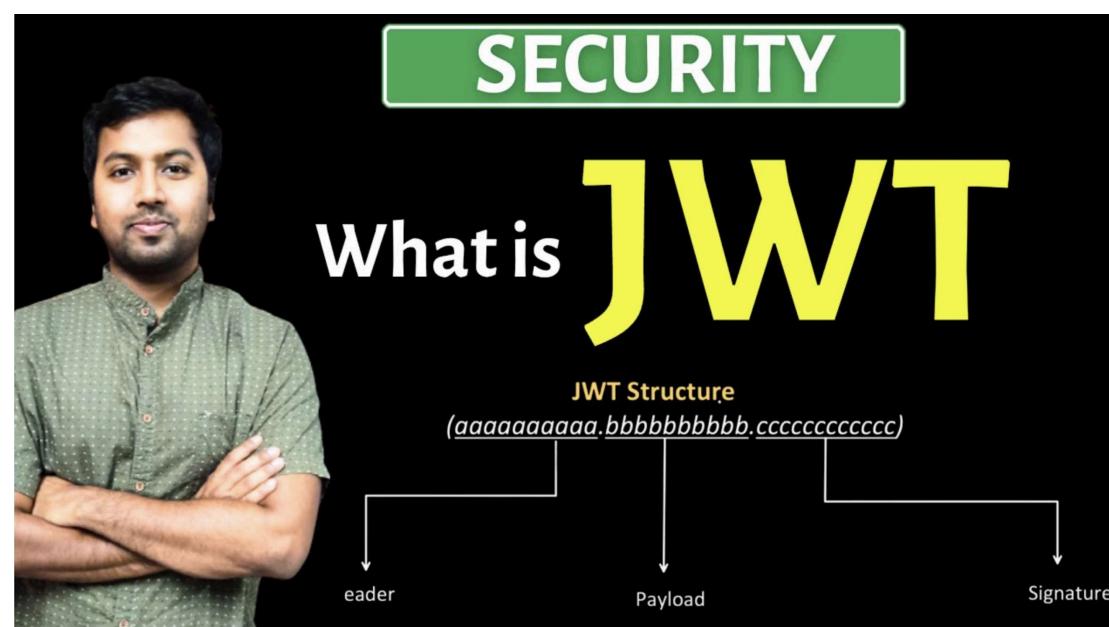


SpringBoot Security - Part5 (JWT Authentication)

Tuesday, 1 April 2025 12:41 PM

JWT(Json Web Token) Authentication

- It's a Stateless Authentication method.
 - Stateless authentication means, server do not maintain the user authentication state (aka session)
- As mentioned in previous video, JWT has 3 parts
 - HEADER.PAYOUT.SIGNATURE



- **Header:** Metadata about the token, including the algorithm used (HMAC, RSA etc.)
- **Payload:** Contains **claims** (user details like userId, role, expiry time)
- **Signature:** Ensures token integrity (prevents tampering).

Any change in payload like role from "user" to "admin" recalculates signature with the original.

Sample token:

eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6Ik.eyJzdWlOilxMjM0NTY3ODkwliwibmFtZSI6Ikpvag4gRG9I.SfIKxwRJSMeKKF2C

Steps we will follow:

1. User Creation

"`/api/user-register`" API

We have to create User (with username, password and Role)

2. Token Generation

"`/generate-token`" API

In this, User will pass its Username and password. If details matched, we will generate JWT token and return the same

3. Token Validation

When User try to access any resource, it will pass back the JWT, we will validate the token. If JWT token is valid, we will Authenticate the user and let the user access the resources.

JWT Authentication implementation in Spring boot:

1st: User Creation (dynamically)

We have already seen its implementation in



```
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api")
public class UserController {

    @Autowired
    UserRegisterEntityService userRegisterEntityService;

    @Autowired
    PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder;

    /*
    using this API to register the user into the system. username, password, role.
    */
    @PostMapping("/user-register")
}
```

```
@Service
public class UserRegister {

    @Autowired
    private UserRegisterB

    @Override
    public UserDetails loadUserByUsername(String username) {
        return userAuthEn
    }

    public UserDetails sa
}
```

```

@CrossOrigin(origins = "http://localhost:3001")
public ResponseEntity<String> register(@RequestBody UserRegisterEntity userRegisterDetails) {
    // Hash the password before saving
    userRegisterDetails.setPassword(passwordEncoder.encode(userRegisterDetails.getPassword()));

    userRegisterEntityService.save(userRegisterDetails);

    return ResponseEntity.ok("User registered successfully!");
}

@GetMapping("/users")
public String getUsersDetails(){
    Authentication authentication = SecurityContextHolder.getContext().getAuthentication();
    return "fetched user details successfully";
}
}

```

```

    return USERAUTHENTICATION;
}
}

```

```

@Repository
public interface UserRepository {
    Optional<User> findUserByUserName(String username);
}

```

```

@Entity
@Table(name = "user_register")
public class UserRegisterEntity implements UserDetails {

    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    private Long id;

    @Column(unique = true, nullable = false)
    private String username;

    @Column(nullable = false)
    private String password;

    private String role;

    public void setPassword(String password) { this.password = password; }

    public String getRole() { return role; }

    public void setRole(String role) { this.role = role; }

    @Override
    public Collection<? extends GrantedAuthority> getAuthorities() {
        return List.of(new SimpleGrantedAuthority(role));
    }

    @Override
    public String getPassword() { return password; }

    @Override
    public String getUsername() { return username; }
}

```

```

@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
public class SecurityConfig {

    @Bean
    public PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder() {
        return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
    }

    @Bean
    public SecurityFilterChain securityFilterChain(HttpSecurity http) {
        http.authorizeHttpRequests()
            .requestMatchers().anyRequest().authenticated()
            .sessionManagement()
            .sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPolicy.STATELESS)
            .csrf(csrf -> csrf.csrfTokenRepository(csrfTokenRepository())
                .applyDefaultsToCSRFToken());
        return http.build();
    }
}

```

POST localhost:8080/api/user-register

Params • Authorization Headers (9) Body • Scripts Settings

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary GraphQL JSON

```

1 {
2     "username" : "sj",
3     "password" : "123",
4     "role" : "ROLE_USER"
5 }

```

Body Cookies (1) Headers (10) Test Results

Raw ▾ Preview Visualize ▾

1 User registered successfully!

Run Run Selected Auto complete Clear

SELECT * FROM USER_REGISTER;

ID	PASSWORD
1	\$2a\$10\$uyRFax7bjDk6OwCrLUb4O.i.l0

(1 row, 2 ms)

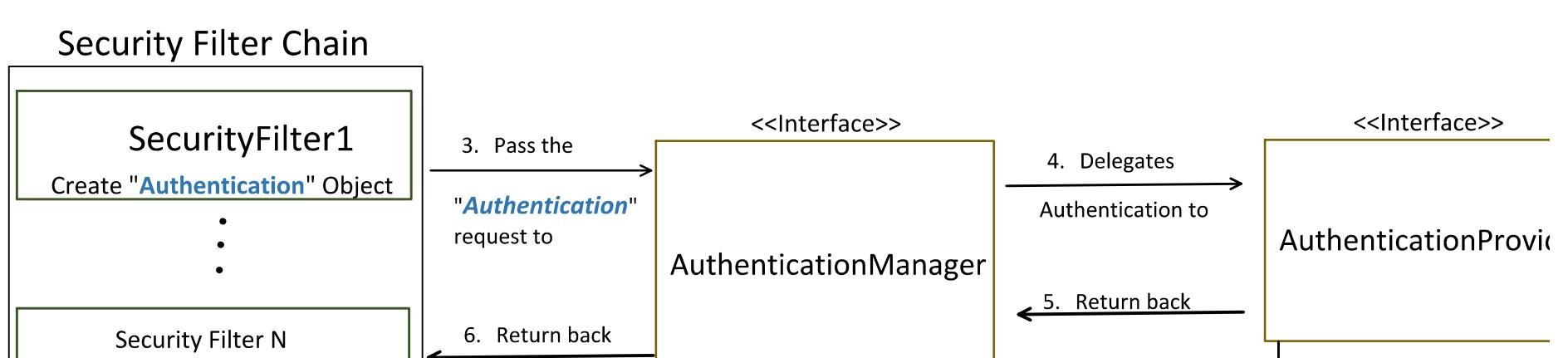
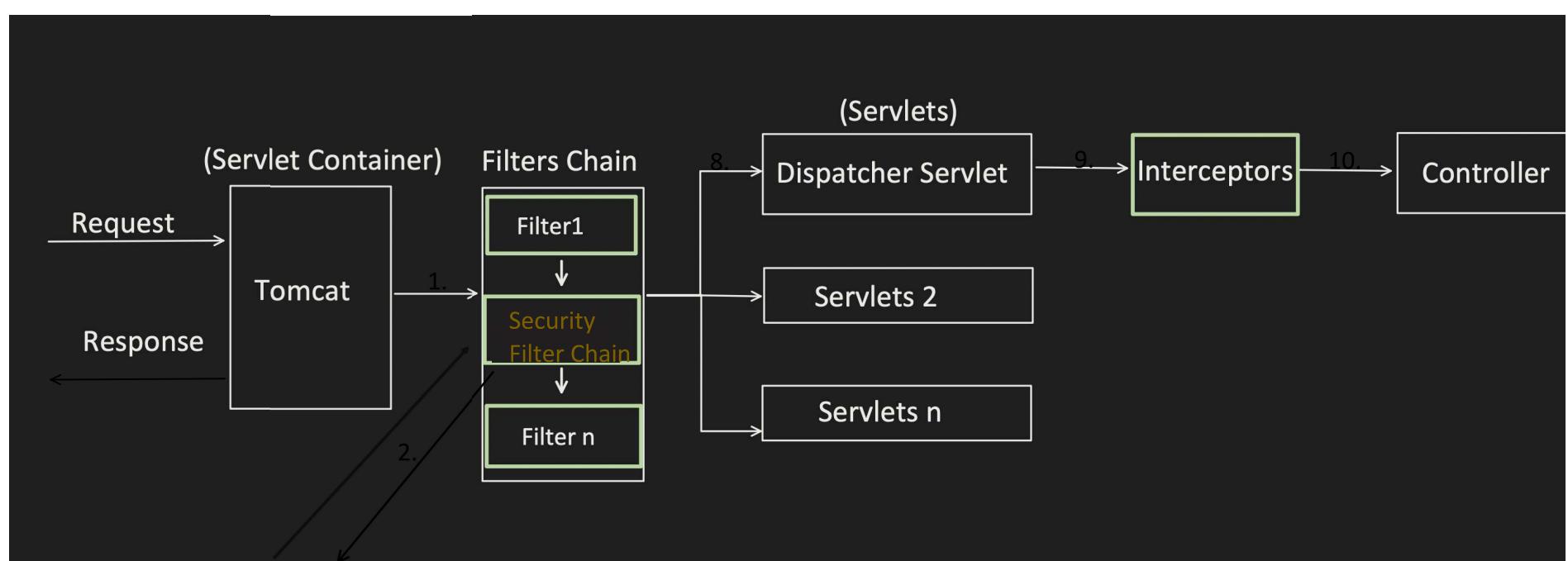
2nd: Token Generation

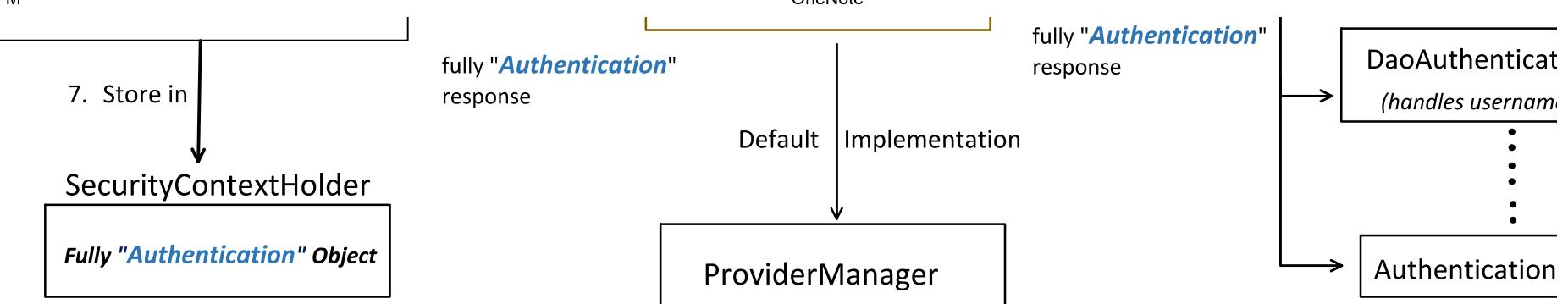
- . Spring boot do not provide any default implementation for JWT Authentication.
 - . Because different application can have different requirement regarding:
 - . Payload (some need to put only username, some need to put Id etc.)
 - . Signing Algorithm (some want RSA, some want HMAC etc.)
 - Token Refreshing Strategy (some might need it, some don't)

Now, the onus comes to engineer to implement the JWT functionality, that's why there is 1 Different engineers, different ways to implement.

But we will try to stick to Security Framework only to implement the JWT functionality.

Quick recap of the Architecture:





Notice one behavior in above flow:

- Security filter creates "*Authentication*" Object, with data coming from request like userna: Session-ID or Token etc. But it does not know, which Authentication Provider can handle
- Authentication Manager has a list of Authentication Provider. It calls Support Method of AuthenticationProvider and pass the "*Authentication*" object and checks, if they can han

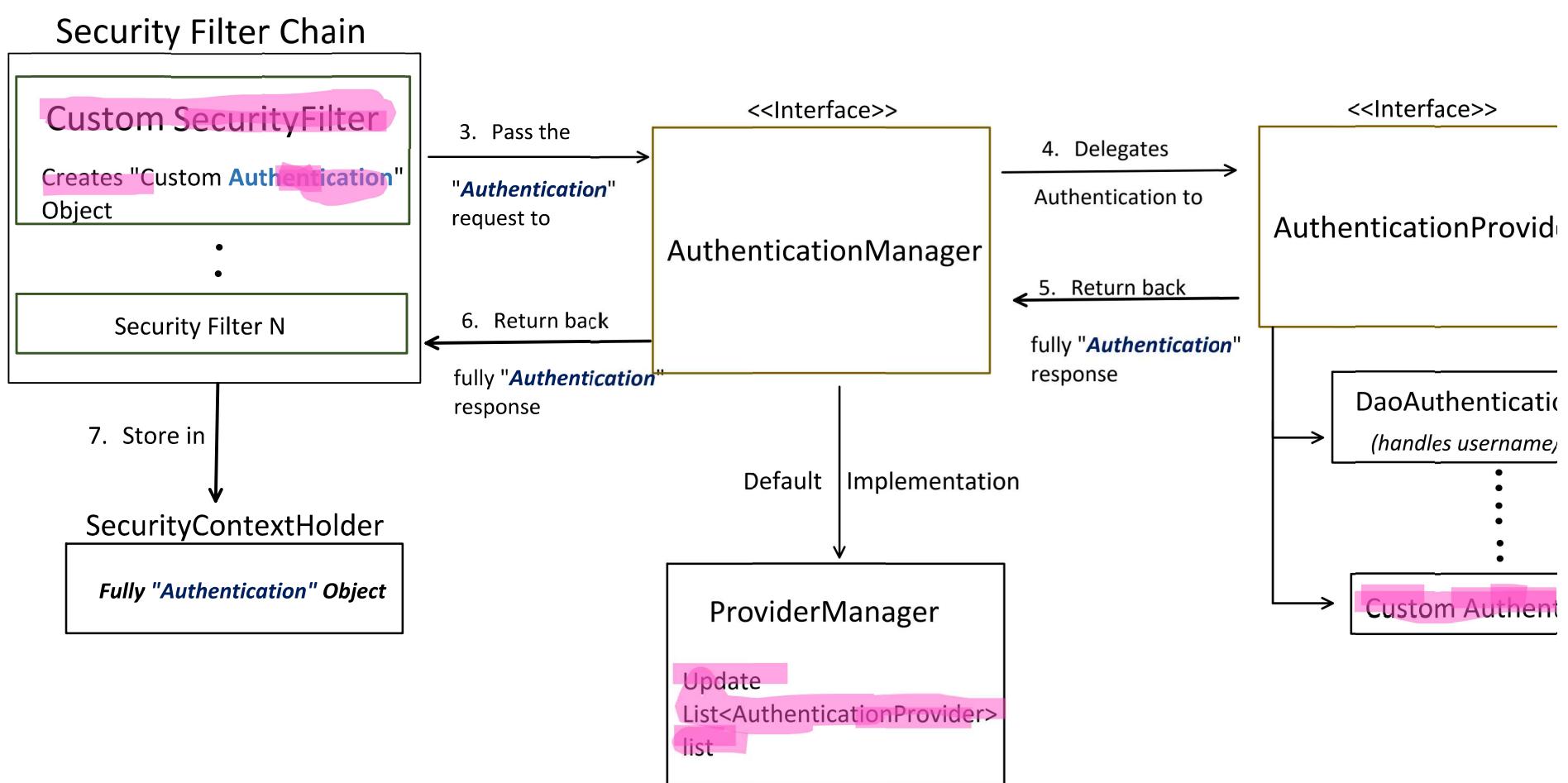
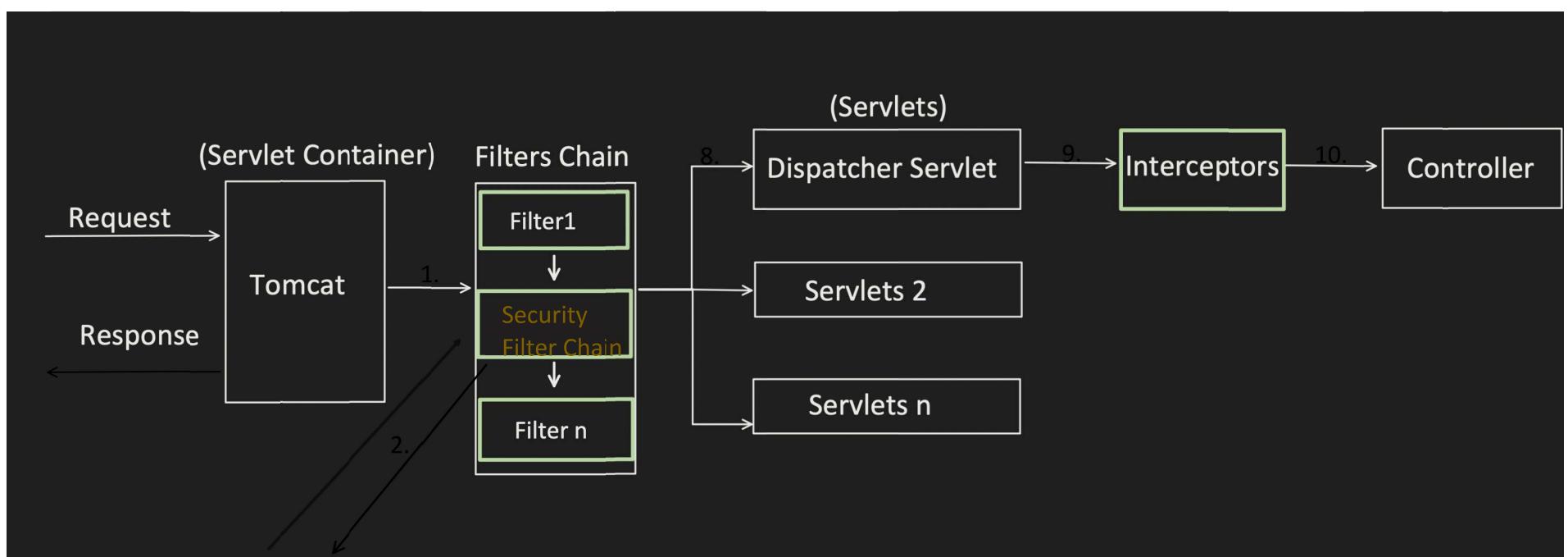
ProviderManager.java (framework code)

```

@Override
public Authentication authenticate(Authentication authentication) throws AuthenticationException {
    Class<? extends Authentication> toTest = authentication.getClass();
    AuthenticationException lastException = null;
    AuthenticationException parentException = null;
    Authentication result = null;
    Authentication parentResult = null;
    int currentPosition = 0;
    int size = this.providers.size();
    for (AuthenticationProvider provider : getProviders()) { → Iterating over the list of Auth
        if (!provider.supports(toTest)) { → Calls "support" method and checks, if given Auth
            continue; can handles the incoming Authentication request
        }
        if (logger.isTraceEnabled()) {
            logger.trace(LogMessage.format("Authenticating request with %s (%d/%d)",
                provider.getClass().getSimpleName(), ++currentPosition, size));
        }
        try {
            result = provider.authenticate(authentication); → If yes, then only it calls its "auth
            if (result != null) {                                ←
                copyDetails(authentication, result);
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
  
```

The provided Java code for `ProviderManager.authenticate` shows the implementation of the authentication process. It iterates over a list of providers, checking each one's support for the current authentication type. If a provider supports it, it attempts to authenticate the request. If successful, it copies details and breaks out of the loop. Annotations and comments explain the purpose of each step: iterating over providers, calling the `supports` method to check if a provider can handle the request, and finally calling the `authenticate` method if supported.

We just need to enhance this functionality for JWT implementation



1. Add our Custom Filter.
2. This Custom Filter creates an object of Custom Authentication Object.
3. Create new Custom Authentication Provider and also update Authentication Manager's "All Custom Authentication Provider" in it.

4. Now Authentication Manager get the custom Authentication Object, it will check all the properties of this object. If our CustomAuthenticationProvider will return true and thus Authentication Manager will pass the user.

Lets, code for Token generation part.

- First, we need to add JWT dependencies.
- In Token Generation part, user passes username/password in request and we have to match them with database password.
- This functionality is similar to DaoAuthenticationProvider, so we will try to use that.
- And if username/password is matched, we have to generate the token.

Pom.xml

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>io.jsonwebtoken</groupId>
    <artifactId>jjwt-api</artifactId>
    <version>0.12.6</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>io.jsonwebtoken</groupId>
    <artifactId>jjwt-impl</artifactId>
    <version>0.12.6</version>
    <scope>runtime</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>io.jsonwebtoken</groupId>
    <artifactId>jjwt-jackson</artifactId> <!-- Required for JSON processing -->
    <version>0.12.6</version>
</dependency>
```

```
public class JWTAuthenticationFilter extends OncePerRequestFilter {

    private final AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;
    private final JWTUtil jwtUtil;

    public JWTAuthenticationFilter(AuthenticationManager authenticationManager, JWTUtil jwtUtil) {
        this.authenticationManager = authenticationManager;
        this.jwtUtil = jwtUtil;
    }

    @Override
    protected void doFilterInternal(HttpServletRequest request,
                                    HttpServletResponse response,
                                    FilterChain filterChain) throws ServletException, IOException {

        if (!request.getServletPath().equals("/generate-token")) {
            filterChain.doFilter(request, response);
            return;
        }
        ObjectMapper objectMapper = new ObjectMapper();
        LoginRequest loginRequest = objectMapper.readValue(request.getInputStream(), LoginRequest.class);
    }
}
```

I am specifically using this Authentication object, so that DaoAuthenticationProvider can handle it.

```
UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken authToken =
    new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(loginRequest.getUsername(), loginRequest.getPassword());

Authentication authResult = authenticationManager.authenticate(authToken);

if (authResult.isAuthenticated()) {
    String token = jwtUtil.generateToken(authResult.getName(), expiryMinutes: 15); //15min
    response.setHeader(s: "Authorization", s1: "Bearer " + token);
}

}
```

```
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
public class SecurityConfig {

    private JWTUtil jwtUtil;
    private UserDetailsService userDetailsService;

    @Autowired
    public SecurityConfig(JWTUtil jwtUtil, UserDetailsService userDetailsService) {
        this.jwtUtil = jwtUtil;
        this.userDetailsService = userDetailsService;
    }

    @Bean
    public DaoAuthenticationProvider daoAuthenticationProvider() {
        DaoAuthenticationProvider provider = new DaoAuthenticationProvider();
        provider.setUserDetailsService(userDetailsService);
        provider.setPasswordEncoder(passwordEncoder());
        return provider;
    }

    @Bean
    public PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder(){
        return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
    }

    @Bean
    public SecurityFilterChain securityFilterChain(HttpSecurity http, AuthenticationManager authenticationManager, JWTUtil jwtUtil) throws Exception {

        // Authentication filter responsible for login
        JWTAuthenticationFilter jwtAuthFilter = new JWTAuthenticationFilter(authenticationManager);

        http.authorizeHttpRequests(auth -> auth
            .requestMatchers(...patterns: "/api/user-register").permitAll()
            .anyRequest().authenticated()
            .sessionManagement(session -> session
                .sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPolicy.STATELESS))
            .csrf(csrf -> csrf.disable())
            .addFilterBefore(jwtAuthFilter, UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.class));
    }

    @Bean
    public AuthenticationManager authenticationManager() {
        return new ProviderManager(Arrays.asList(
            daoAuthenticationProvider()));
    }
}
```

POST | localhost:8080/api/user-register

Params • Authorization Headers (9) **Body** • Scripts Settings

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary

```

1  {
2    "username" : "sj",
3    "password" : "123",
4    "role" : "ROLE_USER"
5 }
```

Body Cookies (1) Headers (10) Test Results

Raw Preview Visualize

1 User registered successfully!

POST | http://localhost:8080/generate-token

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** • Scripts Settings

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary GraphQL **JSON**

```

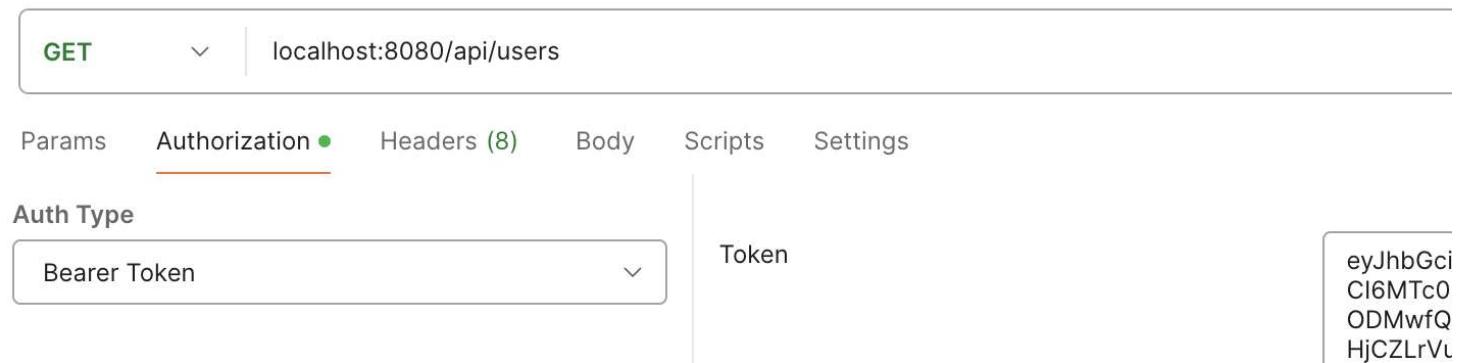
1  {
2    "username" : "sj",
3    "password" : "123"
4 }
```

Body Cookies (1) Headers (10) Test Results

Key	Value
Authorization	Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9eyJzdVAYgpAW6UNTL4nJ6GhFrWPwl1cjK3
X-Content-Type-Options	nosniff

3rd: Token Validation

- . Now, if user try to access any restricted resource. They need to pass the Token in the header.



```
public class JwtValidationFilter extends OncePerRequestFilter {

    private final AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;

    public JwtValidationFilter(AuthenticationManager authenticationManager) {
        this.authenticationManager = authenticationManager;
    }

    @Override
    protected void doFilterInternal(HttpServletRequest request,
                                    HttpServletResponse response,
                                    FilterChain filterChain) throws ServletException, IOException {

        String token = extractJwtFromRequest(request);
        if (token != null) {

            JwtAuthenticationToken authenticationToken = new JwtAuthenticationToken(token);
            Authentication authResult = authenticationManager.authenticate(authenticationToken);
            if(authResult.isAuthenticated()) {
                SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authResult);
            }
        }

        filterChain.doFilter(request, response);
    }

    private String extractJwtFromRequest(HttpServletRequest request) {
        String bearerToken = request.getHeader("Authorization");
        if (bearerToken != null && bearerToken.startsWith("Bearer ")) {
            return bearerToken.substring(7);
        }
        return null;
    }
}
```

```
@Component
public class JWTUtil {

    private static final String SECRET_KEY = "your-secure-secret-key-min-32bytes";
    private static final Key key = Keys.hmacShaKeyFor(SECRET_KEY.getBytes(StandardCharsets.UTF_8));

    // Generate JWT Token
    public String generateToken(String username, long expiryMinutes) {
```

```
public String generateToken(String username, long expiryMinutes) {
    return Jwts.builder()
        .setSubject(username)
        .setIssuedAt(new Date())
        .setExpiration(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis() + expiryMinutes * 60 * 1000)) //in milliseconds
        .signWith(key, SignatureAlgorithm.HS256)
        .compact();
}
```

```
public String validateAndExtractUsername(String token) {
    try {
        return Jwts.parser() JwtParserBuilder
            .setSigningKey(key)
            .build() JwtParser
            .parseClaimsJws(token) Jws<Claims>
            .getBody() Claims
            .getSubject();
    } catch (JwtException e) {
        return null; // Invalid or expired JWT
    }
}
```

POST

localhost:8080/api/user-register

Params • Authorization Headers (9) **Body** • Scripts Settings

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary GraphQL

```

1  {
2    "username" : "sj",
3    "password" : "123",
4    "role" : "ROLE_USER"
5 }
```

Body Cookies (1) Headers (11) Test Results

Raw ▾ Preview Visualize ▾

1 User registered successfully!

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** • Scripts

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw

```

1  {
2    "username" : "sj",
3    "password" : "123"
4 }
```

Body Cookies (1) Headers (11) Test Results

Key

Authorization

GET localhost:8080/api/users

Params Authorization • Headers (8) Body Scripts Settings

Auth Type

Bearer Token

Token

eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1Ni
CI6MTc0Mzc4Njgw
NzA4fQ.U-
w7j5mq6DG34ZtTV
rOSt0VUQ

The authorization header will be automatically generated when you send the request. Learn more about [Bearer Token](#) authorization.

Body Cookies (1) Headers (10) Test Results

Raw ▾ Preview Visualize ▾

1 fetched user details successfully

When tried to add Invalid Token:

GET localhost:8080/api/users

Params Authorization • Headers (8) Body Scripts Settings

Auth Type

Bearer Token

Token

eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJz
CI6MTc0Mzc4NjgwOCwiZ
NzA4fQ.U-
w7j5mq6DG34ZtTWWaOv
rOSt0VUQ-INVALID

The authorization header will be automatically generated when you send the request. Learn more about [Bearer Token](#) authorization.

Body Cookies (1) Headers (10) Test Results

[Raw](#) [Preview](#) [Visualize](#)

1

4th: Refresh Token

- Generally access tokens are short lived.
- Once access token get expired, Refresh token (generally long lived) is used to obtain token, without requiring user to log in again.

```
public class JWTAuthenticationFilter extends OncePerRequestFilter {

    private final AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;
    private final JWTUtil jwtUtil;

    public JWTAuthenticationFilter(AuthenticationManager authenticationManager, JWTUtil jwtUtil) {
        this.authenticationManager = authenticationManager;
        this.jwtUtil = jwtUtil;
    }

    @Override
    protected void doFilterInternal(HttpServletRequest request,
                                    HttpServletResponse response,
                                    FilterChain filterChain) throws ServletException, IOException {

        if (!request.getServletPath().equals("/generate-token")) {
            filterChain.doFilter(request, response);
            return;
        }

        ObjectMapper objectMapper = new ObjectMapper();
        LoginRequest loginRequest = objectMapper.readValue(request.getInputStream(), LoginRequest.class);

        UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken authToken =
            new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(loginRequest.getUsername(), loginRequest.getPassword());
        Authentication authResult = authenticationManager.authenticate(authToken);

        if (authResult.isAuthenticated()) {
            String token = jwtUtil.generateToken(authResult.getName(), expiryMinutes: 15); //15min
            response.setHeader(s: "Authorization", s1: "Bearer " + token);

            String refreshToken = jwtUtil.generateToken(authResult.getName(), expiryMinutes: 7 * 24 * 60); //7day
            // Set Refresh Token in HttpOnly Cookie
            //we can also send it in response body but then client has to store it in local storage or in-memory
            Cookie refreshCookie = new Cookie(name: "refreshToken", refreshToken);
            refreshCookie.setHttpOnly(true); //prevent javascript from accessing it
            refreshCookie.setSecure(true); // sent only over HTTPS
            refreshCookie.setPath("/refresh-token"); // Cookie available only for refresh endpoint
            refreshCookie.setMaxAge(7 * 24 * 60 * 60); // 7 days expiry
            response.addCookie(refreshCookie);
        }
    }
}
```

```
    Response.Redirect("http://www.google.com");
}
}
```

```
public class JwtAuthenticationToken extends AbstractAuthenticationToken {

    private final String token;

    public JwtAuthenticationToken(String token) {
        super(authorities: null);
        this.token = token;
        setAuthenticated(false);
    }

    public String getToken() { return token; }

    @Override
    public Object getCredentials() { return token; }

    @Override
    public Object getPrincipal() { return null; }
}
```

```
@Component
public class JWTUtil {

    private static final String SECRET_KEY = "your-secure-secret-key-min-32bytes";
    private static final Key key = Keys.hmacShaKeyFor(SECRET_KEY.getBytes(StandardCharsets.UTF_8));

    // Generate JWT Token
    public String generateToken(String username, long expiryMinutes) {
        return Jwts.builder()
            .setSubject(username)
            .setIssuedAt(new Date())
            .setExpiration(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis() + expiryMinutes * 60 * 1000)) //in milliseconds
            .signWith(key, SignatureAlgorithm.HS256)
            .compact();
    }

    public String validateAndExtractUsername(String token) {
        try {
            return Jwts.parser() JwtParserBuilder
                .setSigningKey(key)
                .build() JwtParser
                .parseClaimsJws(token) Jws<Claims>
                .getBody() Claims
                .getSubject();
        } catch (JwtException e) {
            return null; // Invalid or expired JWT
        }
    }
}
```

```
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
public class SecurityConfig {

    private JWTUtil jwtUtil;
    private UserDetailsService userDetailsService;

    @Autowired
    public SecurityConfig(JWTUtil jwtUtil, UserDetailsService userDetailsService) {
        this.jwtUtil = jwtUtil;
        this.userDetailsService = userDetailsService;
    }
}
```

```

@Bean
public JWTAuthenticationProvider jwtAuthenticationProvider()
    return new JWTAuthenticationProvider(jwtUtil, userDetailsService);
}

@Bean
public DaoAuthenticationProvider daoAuthenticationProvider()
    DaoAuthenticationProvider provider = new DaoAuthenticationProvider();
    provider.setUserDetailsService(userDetailsService);
    provider.setPasswordEncoder(passwordEncoder());
    return provider;
}

@Bean
public PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder(){
    return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
}

@Bean
public SecurityFilterChain securityFilterChain(HttpSecurity httpSecurity,
    JWTUtil jwtUtil)
{
    // Authentication filter responsible for login
    JWTAuthenticationFilter jwtAuthFilter = new JWTAuthenticationFilter();

    // Validation filter for checking JWT in every request
    JwtValidationFilter jwtValidationFilter = new JwtValidationFilter();

    // refresh filter for checking JWT in every request
    JWTRefreshFilter jwtRefreshFilter = new JWTRefreshFilter();

    http.authorizeHttpRequests(auth -> auth
        .requestMatchers(...patterns: "/api/user-register")
        .anyRequest().authenticated()
        .sessionManagement(session -> session
            .sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPolicy.STATELESS)
            .csrf(csrf -> csrf.disable())
            .addFilterBefore(jwtAuthFilter, UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter)
            .addFilterAfter(jwtValidationFilter, JWTAuthenticationFilter)
            .addFilterAfter(jwtRefreshFilter, JwtValidationFilter));
    return http.build();
}

```

```

@Bean
public AuthenticationManager authenticationManager() {
    return new ProviderManager(Arrays.asList(
        daoAuthenticationProvider(),
        jwtAuthenticationProvider()
    ));
}

```

POST

▼

localhost:8080/api/user-register

POST

▼

http://localhost:8080/generate-token

OneNote

Params • Authorization Headers (9) Body • Scripts Settings

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary GraphQL

```

1 {
2   "username" : "sj",
3   "password" : "123",
4   "role" : "ROLE_USER"
5 }
```

Body Cookies (1) Headers (11) Test Results

Raw ▾ Preview Visualize ▾

1 User registered successfully!

Body Cookies (1) Headers (12) Test Results

Key

Authorization

Set-Cookie

X-Content-Type-Options

GET localhost:8080/refresh-token Send

Params Authorization Headers (7) Body Scripts Settings

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Postman-Token	(i) <calculated when request is sent>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Host	(i) <calculated when request is sent>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	User-Agent	(i) PostmanRuntime/7.43.2	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accept	(i) */*	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accept-Encoding	(i) gzip, deflate, br	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Connection	(i) keep-alive	
	Key	Value	Description

Body Cookies (2) Headers (11) Test Results

200 OK • 9 ms • 444 B •

Name	Value	Domain	Path	Expires	HttpOnly	Secure
refreshToken	eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJzdWliOiJzaiImlhdCI6MTc0Mzc5MDM2NSwiZXhwIjoxNzQ0Mzk1MTY1fQ.jmBkb-21PK8_lkooIY3AD7bz2bS9llv2w_IRREYhLJQ	localhost	/refresh-token	Fri, 11 Apr 2025 1...	true	true

Authorization:

- Works exactly the same as form and basic Authentication.
- AuthorizationFilter gets invokes, which matches the ROLE required for the API

```

@Bean
public SecurityFilterChain securityFilterChain(HttpSecurity http, AuthenticationManager auth
                                                JWTUtil jwtUtil) throws Exception {

    // Authentication filter responsible for login
    JWTAuthenticationFilter jwtAuthFilter = new JWTAuthenticationFilter(authenticationManager);

    // Validation filter for checking JWT in every request
    JwtValidationFilter jwtValidationFilter = new JwtValidationFilter(authenticationManager);

    // refresh filter for checking JWT in every request
    JWTRefreshFilter jwtRefreshFilter = new JWTRefreshFilter(jwtUtil, authenticationManager);

    http.authorizeHttpRequests(auth -> auth
        .requestMatchers( ...patterns: "/api/user-register").permitAll()
        .requestMatchers( ...patterns: "/api/users").hasRole("USER")
        .anyRequest().authenticated()
        .sessionManagement(session -> session
            .sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPolicy.STATELESS))
        .csrf(csrf -> csrf.disable())
        .addFilterBefore(jwtAuthFilter, UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.class) // generate token
        .addFilterAfter(jwtValidationFilter, JWTAuthenticationFilter.class) // validate token
        .addFilterAfter(jwtRefreshFilter, JwtValidationFilter.class); // refresh token if needed
    return http.build();
}

```

POST localhost:8080/api/user-register

Params • Authorization Headers (9) Body • Scripts Settings

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary GraphQL **JSON**

```

1 {
2   "username" : "sj",
3   "password" : "123",
4   "role" : "ROLE_ADMIN"
5 }

```

Body Cookies (1) Headers (11) Test Results

Raw ▾ Preview Visualize ▾

1 User registered successfully!

POST http://localhost:8080/generate-token

Params Authorization Headers (9) Body • Script

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw

```

1 {
2   "username" : "sj",
3   "password" : "123"
4 }

```

Body Cookies (1) Headers (12) Test Results

Key
Authorization
Set-Cookie

As "/api/users" API needs role **ROLE_USER** but user has **ROLE_ADMIN**.

GET localhost:8080/api/users

Params Authorization • Headers (8) Body Scripts Settings

Auth Type

Bearer Token

Token

eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJzdWIiOiJzai...
Ci6MTc0Mzc5MjQwNiwiZXhwIjoxNzQ...
A...
K...
C...
D...
E...
F...
G...
H...
I...
J...
K...
L...
M...
N...
O...
P...
Q...
R...
S...
T...
U...
V...
W...
X...
Y...
Z...
a...
b...
c...
d...
e...
f...
g...
h...
i...
j...
k...
l...
m...
n...
o...
p...
q...
r...
s...
t...
u...
v...
w...
x...
y...
z...

The authorization header will be automatically generated when you send the request. Learn more about [Bearer Token](#) authorization.

Body Cookies (1) Headers (10) Test Results | ↴

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